"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Wednesday; somewhat cooler today; light north winds
Temperature yesterday—Max. 88; min. 70.
For full weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,915. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York. | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

HARDING CUTS SHORT VISIT TO FAR NORTH; GOES BACK TO COAST

Abandons at Last Moment Plan for Ride on Richardson Trail, His Wife Being Worn Out.

VISITS AGRICULTURE SCHOOL

He Is Informed That Fairbanks Institution Is the Furthest North in the World.

FINDS TOWN PROSPEROUS

It Has One Automobile for Every Four Persons and Does Not Bother With Small Change.

Special to The New York Times.

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, July 16.—Just before the time set for the departure of President Harding over Richardson Trail it was announced that he would take a short spin over the trail in an automobile and, returning to Fairbanks, leave on his special train this afternoon for Seward, where he will embark on the transport Henderson. The reason given for abandoning his plans was the danger of the river steamer General Jacobs going aground on the projected Tanana River trip between McCarty and Nenana. The President intends going on the Henderson to Valdez and Cordova. At Cordova he will go by train for a trip over a portion of the Copper River Railroad into another part of the interior before sailing on the Henderson for Sitka.

When the President arrived at Fairbanks at 9 o'clock yesterday evening the sun was blazing over the low hills in the nearby distance. He received a cordial welcome from most of the town's population as he went through the streets at the head of an automobile parade. Before going to bed in the Nordale Hotel in the bright light of midnight, he visited a truck farm on the outskirts of the town, where he was shown that hardy vegetables can be grown in this northern region, and he inspected the new Governmental Agricultural College and School of Mines and the Experiment Station of the Department of Agriculture. He was told that the agriculture institution was further north than any other college in the world.

Fairbanks is proud of its ability to maintain a prosperous community so near the Arctic Circle. One out of every four persons in the town owns an automobile. Small coins are not in circulation here. It costs twenty-five cents for a shoe shine or for a newspaper. Many of the houses are built of logs, some of them of attractive design. The town is situated on a broad flat plateau, different from the country through which the Presidential train passed in its journey into the interior of Alaska.

This morning the President had a chance to rest before the public celebration in his honor. He and the members of his party were entertained at luncheon and the President delivered a speech.

Mrs. Harding Is Worn Out.

At Fairbanks, for the first time since the Presidential party left Washington on June 20, Mrs. Harding did not appear with him in the usual processional progress through the streets. She was greatly fatigued when the Presidential train reached Fairbanks and on the urgent advice of her physicians, Brigadier General Sayer and Lieutenant Commander Boone, went immediately to the Nordale Hotel and retired, having been worn out by the hospitalities of which she has been the recipient.

Governor Bone, who is a former president of the Gridiron Club, Washington, held the furthest north reunion at 12 o'clock last night at the Nenana Club, with eight members of the Gridiron Club who are accompanying President Harding as newspaper correspondents.

The President was yesterday the chief actor in an interesting ceremony which marked the official completion of the government railroad from Seward to Fairbanks, a distance of 471 miles. The ceremony took place at the northern end of the high steel railway bridge over the Tanana River near Nenana. It consisted of the President driving a gold spike into a railroad tie at the bridge.

With Mrs. Harding beside him and surrounded by members of his party and people from Nenana, with a group of Eskimos and Indians viewing the scene from a hillside close by, while a battery of moving picture machines clicked off reels, the President lightly tapped the gold spike twice with a silver sledge hammer. Then Governor Bone quickly withdrew the spike and replaced it with one of ordinary steel, for the gold affair is valuable and the intention is to place it on exhibition in the territorial museum at Juneau. This costly symbol was given by the people of Anchorage to Colonel Frederick Mears, the army builder of the railroad, whose recent transfer from Alaska on the completion of the railroad construction, has caused much surprise in the territory.

President Harding lifted the silver sledge higher for a more substantial blow on the steel spike. He missed it. A second attempt also went wild, the hammer striking the rail of the track. Then with determination in his eye the President took good aim. This time he drove the spike nearly to its head. Another blow finished the job.

A brass band for Nenana then struck up the Star Spangled Banner. Above the notes of the band and the clinking of the movie cameras rose the voice of a movie operator: "A little cheering back there." The crowd shouted and waved

Continued on Page Six.

When women, boys and girls who play in the great outdoors are wearing Stockinettes. With them Knicker Boston Garters are necessary. They are secure, comfortable and prevent shrunken stockings from showing skin. A pair—adv.

WHEN YOU THINK OF WRITING think of Underwood Typewriters. Underwood Typewriter Company, Inc., New York.—adv.

Three Firms Leave Wyoming; Lose in Fight on Lamp Black

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 16.—Formal withdrawal of the Midland Carbon Company, the Occidental Oil and Gas Company, and the Wyoming Dehydrating Company from this State, and the consequent ending of the long fight to legalize the manufacture of carbon black in Wyoming was announced in papers filed with the Secretary of State here today.

The battle has been one of the chief bones of contention in the three past sessions of the Legislature and has aroused the interest of business men and manufacturers throughout the country.

Carbon black, or lamp black, as it also is called, is one of the component parts of automobile tires, printing inks and various other necessities. The process of making it was prohibited in a law passed by the 1919 Legislature; ever since then the three concerns have been waxing a bitter campaign to obtain modification or repeal of that law. The prohibition was on the ground that the process wasted 98 per cent of the natural gas used and that the Wyoming fields were being depleted by means of it.

JOHN M. SIDDALL, DOOMED, WORKED ON

American Magazine Editor, Cancer Victim, Told Further Labor Would Hasten End.

BUT REFUSED TO TAKE REST

Late Builder of Magazine of 2,000,000 Circulation Began His Career as a Reporter.

John McAlpine Siddall, editor of the American Magazine since 1915, died yesterday afternoon at his Summer residence at Ardsley-on-Hudson after a prolonged illness.

Four months ago Mr. Siddall was told by his physicians that he had cancer of the stomach, which might permit him a year of life if he gave up his work and rested completely. The alternative was to continue at the helm of the magazine he had developed and face the prospect of a much earlier death. He made the choice at once and without flinching. To die soon in harness was a better prospect to him than to linger in unfruitful idleness.

His condition was not mentioned at the office and only a few intimate friends knew of the situation. Mr. Siddall did not reveal it by any change in his cheerful manner, by any relaxing of his efforts as the leader of a phenomenally successful organization.

Every month there appears in the American Magazine a half-page editorial entitled "Sid Says." This has always been written by Mr. Siddall and it is looked forward to every month by the readers as a characteristic feature of the magazine. Mr. Siddall, knowing that his writings were drawing to a close, prepared an unusually large number of these editorials in advance, so that for several months to come "Sid Says" will offer its kindly wisdom to the world although "Sid," himself, is gone.

Mr. Siddall spent his youth between college and newspaper offices and applied the fruits of his early labors to his editorial work. As a result the circulation of the American Magazine grew from year to year and just before his death the editor saw it pass the 2,000,000 point. When he first undertook the task of directing the editorial policy of the magazine it had a circulation of less than 400,000 copies a month.

When he was still in the Academy at Oberlin, Ohio, where he was born October 8, 1874, Mr. Siddall resolved that writing should be his life work. When seventeen years old he got his first newspaper position. His job was to collect "personals" for the local paper, for which he received $1 a column.

At the end of the school semester a Cleveland paper offered him $10 a week to gather police news. He accepted, but upon the advice of his mother that he continue his studies he left the paper in September and returned to school. When he was graduated from the preparatory school The Cleveland Plain Dealer offered him a job as reporter. He worked with that paper during the Summer, and the insistence of the city editor to remain permanently fell upon deaf ears. Mr. Siddall's mother pointed out the advantages of a college educa-

Continued on Page Fourteen.

JOHNSON IS ELECTED MINNESOTA SENATOR; LEADS NOW BY 23,122

Farmer-Laborite Has Probably Beaten Preus by About 50,000 Votes.

JUBILANT OVER TRIUMPH

Favors Bonus, Recognition of Soviet, Opposes World Court and Dry Law Change.

NOW GOING BACK TO FARM

Republican Chairman Calls Result a Protest Against the Party in Power.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Tuesday, July 17.—Magnus Johnson, the Farmer-Labor candidate was elected United States Senator from Minnesota yesterday on the face of returns tabulated by The Minneapolis Journal early this morning.

Johnson's lead over Governor J. A. O. Preus (Republican) is mounting on every new tabulation of the returns and will be heavy.

The Farmer-Labor candidate has carried many counties which were counted as safely Republican. He ran much better in Minneapolis (Preus's home city) than had been expected.

In 1,727 of the State's 3,520 precincts Johnson led by 23,122. The figures were: Johnson, 107,502; Preus, 144,470; Carley (Dem.), 13,620.

If the Farmer-Laborite maintains his average lead per precinct he will have about 50,000 plurality in the State.

Preus Admits His Defeat.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 17 (Associated Press).—The election of Magnus Johnson was conceded at a late hour by Governor Preus in a brief statement to the Associated Press.

Governor Preus conceded his defeat after he had been told that 1,100 of the State's 3,520 precincts gave Johnson a lead of more than 18,000.

Governor Preus made only a brief statement, "thanking those who labored so earnestly and unselfishly for my election." He said he might issue a longer statement tomorrow.

Charles R. Adams, Republican State Chairman and manager of the Preus Senatorial campaign, issued this statement:

"The best efforts of Republican workers were unable to overcome the evident feeling of unrest and dissatisfaction with economic conditions, which found its vent in a protest vote against the party in power."

Johnson Full of Glee.

Senator-elect Johnson was jubilant when informed that he had won. His first statement was:

"I beat that fellow. I am United States Senator? What do you think of that?"

Later when he was assured of the election, he discussed his plans in a tentative way. He was not ready to make decided statements on many of the problems which will come before the Congress of which he is to be a member.

"Well," he said, "of course now I'll go back to the farm and help the boys get in the rest of the hay and then finish the harvest and then I'll go out organizing again. You see, we need it.

"I will do this because I believe that the farmers and the workers and the business men can by united action better their conditions."

Asked as to his program, and his plans to represent the people of Minnesota, he said that he would have a statement prepared.

The Senator-elect declared that he was against the World Court and the League of Nations and against any foreign entanglements and he insisted that he did not want to go on record.

"You see," he said, "I will wait until I talk to my colleagues, Brookhart and such, before I decide.

"Recognition of Soviet Russia? Well, I don't want to go on record on that now. Leave Russia out. Between you and me, I am for recognition right away, but I don't want to go off half-cocked.

"Prohibition. Leave that be. We will have to see what to do about that.

Continued on Page Three.

Mussolini Bars Gambling Throughout Italy; Police Will Begin Their Fight on It Aug. 1

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 16.—An indication of the energy of the Mussolini Government is furnished by an official police communication which contrasts with the hesitating and vague language often used hitherto in such communications. The circular has been sent by General Decono, Director General of Police, to all police stations in the kingdom. It reads:

"I have seen some newspapers which express doubts as to the vigorous application of the Ministerial circular prohibiting games of chance of any kind. I also know for a positive fact that one great organizer of such traps for fools has said, smiling ironically, that his shoulders are sufficiently powerful and wide to exert pressure in Rome, and especially on the Ministry of the Interior.

"The disillusionment of all those deluded fools must be complete, and if it is not completed I shall hold police officials and even Prefects responsible. Is that understood?

"From Aug. 1 no games are permitted which savor, either openly or hiddenly, of gambling. I hope that this circular, which is not bureaucratic, though orthodox in its scope, may for that very reason be more clearly understood even by bureaucrats, for whom it holds several points of essential interest."

If the Italian prohibition against gambling is to include the national lotteries it will mean the annual loss to the Government of considerable revenue. The estimated revenue from this source was given for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, as 329,000,000 lire, or, at the present rate of exchange, about $14,212,800.

Buying tickets, or parts of tickets, for the State lotteries is one of the pastimes of the middle and upper classes of Italy and a veritable passion of the poorer people, particularly in Naples and Palermo, where the periodical "drawings" under strict official direction are regarded in the light of fêtes. In nearly all fashionable clubs games of chance are indulged in—the games being those long known at continental gambling places, such as roulette, vingt-et-un, rouge-et-noir, baccarat and the American game of poker.

Among the poorer classes lotto, played by drawing numbered disks from a bag, is indulged in; so is the Italian game of bowls, known as "boccie." The most popular gambling game in all parts of Italy is played without cards or apparatus of any sort. It is called "morra," and is played by two contestants throwing down their hands with a certain number of fingers exposed, the players taking turns in guessing the combined number of exposed fingers and shouting out the number.

ANDERSON DEMANDS INQUIRY ON BANTON

Asks Governor to Act and Promises He Will Produce "Astounding Testimony."

FALSE, SAYS PROSECUTOR

Challenges Accused Dry Leader to Make Good His Charges and Come Out in the Open.

William H. Anderson, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of this State, who is under investigation by the Grand Jury on allegations of larceny, forgery and extortion in connection with his management of the league, announced yesterday that he had made a request to Governor Smith for the designation of Attorney General Carl Sherman, or some other State official, to investigate "astounding testimony" against District Attorney Joab H. Banton.

The announcement was contained in a statement issued by Anderson at his office, 998 Broadway, in which he charged that last Summer, when O. Bertsall Phillips, formerly financial representative of the league, made the charges against Anderson, the prosecutor told Phillips's wife, "If I put Anderson out of business it will make me Governor."

Anderson also announced that he was prepared to show that Banton had refused to prosecute the leader of a wet organization when the prosecutor was "offered direct evidence of an outright crime."

The statement in part follows:

"After having led the District Attorney into a pose of injured innocence and pious protestations that he is on the level in trying to indict me, I am now ready to offer to the Attorney General or any other duly accredited representative of the State appointed for such purpose by Governor Smith in such manner as to give public confidence in the fairness of the proceedings and assurance of a square deal to me, which is all I have ever asked, some of the most astounding testimony ever offered against a public official in New York City.

Says He Can Prove Charge.

"I am prepared with testimony to show that Joab H. Banton, District Attorney of New York County, on the mere statement of the false charges against me, personally promised to put them through with a view to making himself Governor, and said that success in it would make him Governor. I am prepared not only to make good on my charge of rotten politics behind this renewed effort to indict me, but also to show almost unbelievable prostitution of the power of public office, together with falsehood respecting it.

"I had available before Mr. Banton's first effort last January direct testimony on Mr. Banton's own personal statement as to the relation between my indictment and the Governorship for him. But, clear-cut as it was, it did not satisfy me. I have sat tight, believing that the corroboration to clinch it beyond reasonable doubt in the mind of every fair and unprejudiced person would come in due time.

"Having made, as evidence of good faith, this unqualified statement above as to what I am ready to offer, I prefer to develop the interesting but revolting details in the form of questions addressed to Mr. Banton in order to complete the record by adding to his offenses against honor and decency that of falsehood respecting it, supplementing proof of the flat falsehood in which I caught him last week. I want him to deny it in detail before I satisfy the public that I have the goods on him.'

Questions Put To Banton.

"(1) Mr. Banton, is it not true that Phillips's present wife who, like Potter's present wife, was once in the employ of the league, is a member of a family with which you have long been friendly, a member of the same church as yourself and a member of the Sunday School class you taught before you became District Attorney?

"(2) Is it not true, Mr. Banton, that Phillips sent his wife to your office a year or so ago, to get you to use your official power to make me pay him money falsely claimed by him to be due from me, and that she came and gave you his story?

"(3) Is it not true, Mr. Banton, that in matter of substance you said, these are amazing facts. Come over by the window. When I sit in that chair (indicating your desk chair) I am Dis-

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PHONE CALLS DRIVE WIFE TO SUICIDE

Mrs. Nolte of Pittsburgh Suburb Driven Desperate by Charges Against Husband.

WOMAN AND MAN PERSECUTE

Finally Her Health Gives Way and She Takes Poison While Insane.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 16.—"Poison telephone calls" and accusations drove Mrs. Anna Nolte, the 33-year-old wife of Frank Nolte, borough engineer of McKee's Rocks, a suburb, to take her own life. She died Saturday from the effects of bichloride of mercury self-administered, according to a statement made today by Deputy Coroner Spitzer, who investigated the woman's death and the reason for it.

Driven to desperation by calls over the telephone from an unknown man and woman, three and four times a week, who continually asserted that her husband was untrue to her, Mrs. Nolte finally decided to end it all, after her nerves had refused to bear the strain any longer.

According to an affidavit made by Mr. Nolte, the "poison messages" were always received by his wife during his absence from home. Repeated efforts made by Mr. Nolte and the police to locate and identify the man and woman who called up Mrs. Nolte and gave her the scurrilous message concerning her husband, were unavailing and thus far the authorities have been unable to locate the culprits.

Frequently, according to Mr. Nolte, in whom his wife had confided her troubles, the unknown woman would call Mrs. Nolte and declare that the latter's husband was "cheating." These calls would invariably be followed by telephone calls of a man, who told the wife that her husband "was not what a husband should be," and that he was "wasting his time with other women."

After receiving the first call from the woman, Mrs. Nolte paid little attention to the matter, but when the calls and accusations against Mr. Nolte became almost a daily occurrence she consulted him. To assure her that she was the victim of persons who were trying to poison her mind against him, he remained away from home as little as possible and made it a rule to call her over the telephone several times a day and tell her where he was.

Mrs. Nolte, in speaking of the "poison calls" and conversations, declared that she had every faith in her husband and that every accusation made against him had been proved false, but the continued charges made against Mr. Nolte by the unknown man and woman gradually began to undermine her health.

On Friday evening, a short time after Nolte left his home to attend to some business matters, the distracted wife swallowed several bichloride of mercury tablets. Hurried calls brought Nolte to his wife's bedside just before she was taken to the Ohio Valley Hospital, and she informed him that she was sorry she had taken the poison but she could no longer stand the ordeal which she had been passing through for several weeks.

Deputy Coroner Spitzer in his report of the death stated that Mrs. Nolte was temporarily insane when she swallowed the poison.

The Noltes resided at 708 Chartiers Avenue, McKees Rocks, and were prominent in social life there. Nolte is one of the best known engineers in the Ohio Valley.

MURDER AND TORTURE OF MOROS IS CHARGED

Wood Orders Inquiry on a Ship Captain's Story of Cruelty by Constabulary.

MANILA, July 16. (Associated Press).—Charges of the cold-blooded murder and torture of Moros on the Island of Bastlan by members of the Philippine constabulary stationed there were laid today before Governor General Leonard Wood by Ensign Dolpan of the interisland steamship Midget. The Governor has ordered a sweeping investigation.

Captain Dolpan told a story of the murder of an aged, unarmed Moro who had acted as mail carrier at Bastlan. He said that the old man had just delivered the mail to the constabulary barracks when a sergeant shot him down as he turned to leave. Dolpan said that a lieutenant of the constabulary was a witness, but made no protest.

The captain also told of how constabulary troopers tortured Moros by stringing them up by their thumbs and by driving pegs between their toes after their feet had been tightly bound. He added that the domineering behavior of the constabulary was breeding trouble on the Island of Bastlan which threatened to break out in an uprising against the Government.

Continued on Page Four.

WEST SIDE SUBWAY TIED UP 4 HOURS AS TRAIN JUMPS TRACK

Derailment of Bronx Express at 96th Street Demoralizes Service in Evening Rush.

THOUSANDS STIFLE IN CARS

Passengers Finally Allowed to Walk Through Blocks of Stalled Coaches to Exits.

WOMEN FAINT IN CROWDS

Seven Persons Injured, One Fatally, in Collision on Elevated in the Bronx.

The whole Interborough west side subway system was thrown into confusion for two hours at the rush period last night and traffic to the Bronx was tied up completely for nearly four hours when a Bronx express train jumped the track north of Ninety-sixth Street and blocked the line. The accident happened at 6 o'clock and it was not until 9:50 o'clock that service was normal.

Earlier in the day, seven persons were injured, one fatally, when a Ninth Avenue elevated train crashed into the rear of a Jerome Avenue subway train on the elevated tracks just north of Kingsbridge Station, in the Bronx. Slippery rails were blamed for this accident.

The mishap at Ninety-sixth Street, while it caused no casualties, threw the rapid transit system into such confusion as has not been known for a long time. In the long period before officials got control and brought a little order into handling stalled trains, many thousands of passengers suffered severely in the sweltering tunnel. Some who were as long as four hours in making the trip from downtown offices to uptown homes complained bitterly that there seemed to be a lack of organization and lack of consideration on the part of transit employees. There were particularly resentful at the dearth of information during the long, apprehensive wait in the stifling cars. Some asserted that when finally they were released to tumble out of trains at the nearest exits there was no proper effort to assist them to alight and to guide them safely past third rails.

Another phase of criticism that was heard on station platforms and elsewhere was that trains were allowed to operate until they had piled up in such numbers that those in forward cars had to make their way at a snail's pace back through car after car far as many as ten blocks of solid expresses before they were able to reach a station.

No answer could be obtained when efforts were made to communicate with the Interborough main offices last night, nor could President Frank Hedley be reached at his home in Yonkers. It was understood, however, that it was the unusual nature of the derailment, making it necessary to back eight cars of the ten-car train to Ninety-sixth Street, that set in motion a chain of delays and entanglements that were felt from the Battery to the northernmost limits of Manhattan and throughout the Bronx.

Passengers' Escape Remarkable.

That no one was hurt was in itself considered remarkable, for when the rear truck of the forward car leaped the rails 150 yards north of Ninety-sixth Street it first jerked the other truck of that car off the rails and then jolted both trucks off the following car from the tracks. The front car landed with a heavy thud against the side wall of the tunnel.

An emergency stop brought the train to a halt without the passengers suffering more than a severe shaking. One woman fainted, but none was found to be hurt. Passengers told of women fainting at other points along the line where the delay in packed cars was prolonged, but no official report of any having needed medical attention was made public.

The first man to deal with the situation was the despatcher at Ninety-sixth Street. He summoned a wrecking crew of 100 men. Next, learning that several feet of the third rail had been ripped out and that the running rails had been bent and sprung, he ordered the eight cars still standing uncoupled and run back to Ninety-sixth Street, where Manhattan and Bronx traffic divides, so that the wreckers could reach their work.

Meantime word was sent down town to the main offices. But, by the time

Continued on Page Two.

Sues to Prevent the I. W. W. From Operating in California

SACRAMENTO, July 16.—A petition for an injunction restraining the Industrial Workers of the World from functioning in California was filed today in the Superior Court by District Attorney Henderson of Sacramento County.

Permission to enter the suit in the name of the people of California had been granted by Attorney General Webb.

The petition declares that the I. W. W. is organized for the purpose of overthrowing the Government of this country and of the State; that it teaches violence as a means of defeating capitalism; that members are taught that any unlawful act aimed to destroy capital is lawful, and that many I. W. W. members have been coming to California during the last two months for the purpose of terrorizing the lumber, farm and oil industries.

$60,000 FRAUD CASE ENDED WITH SUICIDE

Magistrate Dismisses Action of Waiter Who Alleged Smith Welgand Defrauded Him.

DEAD MAN IS DEFENDED

His Counsel Tells Court That the Complainant Was a "Hot-Footed Speculator."

"The curtain has been rung down in this case," declared Magistrate Charles A. Oberwager in the Tombs Court yesterday when Phillip Wittenberg, counsel for Smith Welgand, the broker, who shot and killed himself at Milford, Conn., Sunday, asked the Court to spread on the record evidence that would clear his late client of charges that he had defrauded Joseph Jacobs, a waiter, out of $60,000 in stock transactions. Welgand was connected with the brokerage firm of W. C. Langley & Co. at 115 Broadway, and his suicide was attributed to the charge lodged against him in the Tombs Court on June 15 last.

"There has been certain evidence about this proceeding that has never been placed before the Court," Wittenberg said.

"We are now dealing with the case of a man who has passed away," replied the Magistrate. "I shall have to dismiss this case."

"This Court was grossly misled when it was told that Welgand traded without authorization from his client and that Jacobs suffered a loss of $60,000, as his lawyer here (referring to Bernard Sandler) has stated. Instead of Little Joe, the complainant, being a poor, stupid waiter, the fact was that Jacobs was a hot-footed speculator on the trail of every tip."

Sandler declared that his client's charges could be substantiated. Wittenberg then told the Magistrate that W. C. Langley and the other members of the firm had submitted a full account of Jacob's transactions with them to the Committee on Trading of the Stock Exchange.

He added that this record showed that the firm had delivered $21,000 in bonds to Jacobs, and the balance of the waiter's money went into a trading account. Up to the time Jacobs transferred this account, the lawyer added, the waiter had securities representing a value of $47,000. Wittenberg further stated that Jacobs gave the firm a specific day on which to sell his securities and that the order was carried out with a loss of $12,000 to the waiter. The books also showed, he said, that over a period of two years Jacobs had a credit of $817.

"In spite of these records," continued Wittenberg, the complainant's lawyer made the statement that the client was mulcted out of $60,000. I want to say here that Mr. Welgand was not that kind of a man. He was an extremely sensitive man. I have had difficulty in getting him to this court, and on each occasion that he did appear he was accompanied by his minister and carried a Testament."

Sandler here interposed with the statement that the former head of a bucket shop in Wall Street was the deacon of a church in New Jersey and required all his office boys to carry small testaments.

Both lawyers had engaged in a heated argument before the proceeding began, during which Wittenberg said that Sandler had made Welgand fearful of cross-examination in the case because of an intimation that he intended to question him about his personal affairs. Wittenberg started to renew this accusation in court, but the Magistrate cut him off with the remark: "The good that men do is interred with their bones, but the evil often lives after them. It is all a very unfortunate proceeding. If the defendant's lawyer wants to make charges against the complainant's lawyer, I suggest that he draw up a complaint and bring a civil suit."

HYLAN ASKS SPECIAL LEGISLATIVE SESSION TO GRANT BUS RIGHTS

Board of Estimate Votes to Appeal to Governor and Republican Assemblymen.

NAMES THE COMMITTEE

Mayor, Hulbert, Riegelmann, Miller and Bruckner Will Go to Albany Today.

SMITH SILENT ON PLEA

Operators Here Plan Association to Continue Lines Under the Law as It Now Exists.

Mayor Hylan took unusual methods yesterday to save, even temporarily, the municipally supervised bus lines in the city, continuation of which was made illegal by the Court of Appeals decision last Friday, and operation of which would have been stopped yesterday if notice of the court's decision had been served.

The Board of Estimate held a special meeting, on call of the Mayor, who hurried back from Saratoga Springs on Sunday, and on motion of the Mayor voted to request Governor Smith to call a special session of the Legislature to try to get through legislation to empower the city to operate a bus system. A special appeal will be made to the five New York City Republican Assemblymen who voted against the Walker-Donohue bill at the last session.

A special committee consisting of Mayor Hylan, Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Borough Presidents Julius Miller of Manhattan, Edward Riegelmann of Brooklyn and Henry Bruckner of the Bronx, will go to Albany to see the Governor today.

The Board directed George P. Nicholson to get in touch with Supreme Court Justice George V. Mullan, whose injunction restraining the operation of the buses was made effective by the Court of Appeals decision, and Louis Marshall, counsel for Edward Schafer, plaintiff in the injunction action, to try to get them to consent to a delay in the operation of the injunction.

Both Justice Mullan and Mr. Marshall were out of town. Mr. Nicholson tried until last evening to get them on the telephone to request them to delay service of a notice of the Court's decision until the city had time to try to get special legislation, but without success. At the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, it was said that Mr. Marshall was the only person who could make a decision on this request.

Harkness Ready To Co-operate.

Transit Commissioner Le Roy T. Harkness repeated the assertion of George McAneny, chairman of the Commission, that the Commission was ready to co-operate immediately with the Board of Estimate if the Board will show a disposition to proceed in accordance with the law and grant franchises.

It will have nothing to do with the Board if it merely tried to play politics.

Mr. Harkness said that counsel of the Commission had advised him that, despite the Mayor's assertion, franchises could be granted to individuals as well as to corporations. The Mayor has insisted that the injunction will compel the issuance of franchises to corporations only, which he declared to be what he "traction crowd" had been fighting for.

While the Mayor and the other city officials were trying to do everything to bring about a delay in the effect of the decision, a group of bus operators were attempting to form an association to continue operation under the law as it exists without waiting for the rather slight hope of a change in the law by the Legislature.

Information of this movement was brought to newspaper reporters by an operator, who requested that his name be withheld from publication, because an operator who attempted to organize a similar movement more than a year ago lost his permit from the Department of Plant and Structures, as revealed by the Transit Commission's investigation of bus operation. This operator said that a preliminary discussion with other operators had convinced him that the great majority of the owners of the 400 buses, whose operation is threatened, would be willing to form a corporation to continue the service, if they could obtain a franchise from the Board of Estimate, and apply for a certificate of convenience and necessity from the Transit Commission.

Bus Operators to Meet.

A meeting of bus operators to discuss this project has been called for this afternoon at the foot of Delancey Street. It was said that a sail probably would be obtained. The movement was said to have been kept rather secret, as the operators fear reprisal on the part of city officials, who, they said, have seemed to prefer a system of revokable permits which permitted them to control what ever patronage entered in the operation of the bus lines.

Interest in the bus situation was shown by the large attendance at the meeting of the Board of Estimate. There were about 150 bus operators present. The meeting was opened by a letter from Mayor Hylan to the Board, giving the reason for the call.

"This special meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment is called for the purpose of devising measures to prevent or relieve the inevitable transit crisis which will result from the stoppage of all surface bus lines in the City of New York pursuant to a recent decision of the Court of Appeals," the Mayor said, "and also to consider the formation of an official request to the Governor to summon the Legislature in extra session in order that legislation may be enacted which will permit the City of New York to provide immediate transportation facilities for the quarter of a million people

Third Bomb Sent to a Woman in Chelsea Explodes When Another Woman Opens Book

CHELSEA, Mass., July 16.—A hand-made bomb exploded last Saturday when Mrs. Sadie Bennett, of this city, opened a package addressed to her sister-in-law, Mrs. Grace Lewis, which was believed to have come through the mails. She was thrown to the floor, her right hand was lacerated, and her left hand and arm were severely burned.

Post Office Inspector Sullivan announced the explosion today and said that it was the third bomb outrage directed at Mrs. Lewis in the last two months.

When the package arrived Mrs. Lewis was not at home and Mrs. Bennett opened the bundle. She found what was apparently a book. She turned a few pages and the explosion resulted. The book itself was shattered and parts of the bomb, including a piece of gas pipe, were hurled in the ceiling and in the wall about a window. Other small parts were found in the yard. The remnants will be turned over to State explosive experts.

The Chelsea police were notified and post office inspectors called. It was then recalled that two previous bombs had been sent to Mrs. Lewis and also that on Aug. 13 last year she was badly beaten by an unidentified man who attacked her with an automobile crankshaft in the Lynn marshes.

Inspector Sullivan said tonight that Mrs. Lewis received through the mails a small cabinet last May. It exploded and her legs were burned severely, as the force of the explosion was directed downward. No arrests resulted from a long investigation.

Two or three weeks later, Inspector Sullivan said, Mrs. Lewis replaced an electric light bulb outside her apartment, but it failed to light. She investigated and found a light explosive had been packed about the filament, but the contact had been broken in the process. Inspectors said this undoubtedly saved her life.

Inspector Sullivan said tonight that whoever made the latest bomb apparently did not wish to kill Mrs. Lewis. Had this been the case, he said, slugs or small particles of steel or iron would have been put inside, so that the missiles would fly to all directions when set off.

One theory advanced here is that Saturday's bomb was sent to Mrs. Lewis by a man in Boston who had once paid attentions to her and whom she had rebuked. It is reported that the Boston police have been asked to find this man, whose name is withheld.

Florida—Tom Sleepers. Daily 8:30 P. M. Miami and St. Petersburg. Manhattan Ry. 242 St. by Broad Street Agency.

A. R. Shattuck in Paris to Trail Gem Thief Who Nearly Slew Him and Wife in Home Here

Determined to run down Henri Bollat, his former butler, who twice robbed him and who, on April 2, 1923, came near causing the death of him and his wife by locking them up in a vault of their home at 19 Washington Square North, Albert R. Shattuck, retired banker, sailed for Paris last week. He will try to spur on the French police in the search of the international criminal.

The fact became known last night, together with the knowledge that detectives of the staff of Inspector John Coughlin, who have been working on the case, succeeded in recovering a $6,000 diamond-studded watch, worth $10,000, part of the proceeds of the first robbery of the Shattuck family by Bollat in 1917. At that time the former butler escaped with $40,000 worth of jewels.

The diamond-studded watch was an heirloom and was the property of Mrs. Shattuck. Detectives of Inspector Coughlin's staff found the watch in the possession of a woman in San Francisco, a former sweetheart of Bollat, who fled to him from this city after the first Shattuck robbery.

This woman, an Italian about 45 years old, is now married to a respectable business man of the San Francisco city. The watch had been given her by Bollat and she readily gave it up to the police.

To personally deliver this watch in person of a surprise to his wife, now in Paris, is one of the reasons it was decided Mr. Shattuck sailed quietly from this city. Another reason is that information came to him recently cause to believe that Bollat may be in Paris or its environs. In Paris, Mr. Shattuck will renew his offer of a reward of $15,000 to any detective bringing about the arrest of Bollat.

This is the second time Mr. Shattuck has sailed for France in connection with his efforts to run down Bollat. He first sailed with his wife shortly after the robbery and returned after unsuccessfully searching for his former butler throughout Europe.

Mrs. Shattuck remained in France, for the reason, it is said, that she still was too unnerved when her husband returned to this country to go back to their Washington Square home.

Mrs. Shattuck has said that she never will be able to rest at ease in the Washington Square mansion so long as Bollat is at large. A friend of the family said last night, she is afraid that she always will suffer from the fear of the former butler coming back and seeing her and her husband through the same ordeal that came near causing four deaths in the last robbery.

Henri Bollat, whose real name is said to be Gabriel Alfonse Maurey, was born in Paris about 35 years ago. With several accomplices he surprised Mr. and Mrs. Shattuck in their home on Sunday, April 2, 1922, and at the point of revolvers forced them into a vault and stripped the house of $75,000 worth of jewels and other valuables.

The cries of the Shattucks were heard later and they were released after they were on the verge of collapse. One of the robbers was captured the same day and another was taken later. Each was given a sixty years' prison term. Another man and boy are still at large.

Architects' Service Bureau Will Complete in One Day Sketch of Home Pictured in Sunday's Times. Monday to Saturday, 9:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sunday, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Architectural Service Bureau of The New York Times, 1 Times Square.

Architectural Number of Home Pattern Book in Sale Today 25 cents.—adv.

whose only means of transportation between their homes and place of business has been the bus service under municipal supervision, which must now be suspended by court order.

The Court of Appeals has denied our application for leave to appeal from the affirmance by the Appellate Division of an injunction granted to Judge Mullan to one Edward Shafer, a banker taxpayer with direct or indirect traction affiliations, restraining the city from appropriating municipal funds for the purchase and operation of municipal motor buses or assisting in or supervising the operation of privately owned buses.

Twenty-five Lines Discontinued.

"As a result of that decision all the emergency bus lines, some twenty-five in number at the present time, providing necessary transit facilities to about 300,000 people daily, must forthwith be discontinued. The emergency bus lines in the Borough of Queens which have been an asset factor in spreading our population, similar lines in the Boroughs of the Bronx and Brooklyn providing needful service, as well as the cross-town bus lines in the Borough of Manhattan, must now stop their essential and convenient operation, thus leaving thousands of people hopelessly stranded.

"Many of the present bus routes have been in operation for at least three years, during which time they have rendered an indispensable transportation service. They were established shortly after the discontinuance of several car lines in the various boroughs and in particular the Borough of Manhattan by Receiver Hedges of the New York Railway Company whose denial of street car service to the people was accomplished by a declaration to 'let them walk.' The New York Tribune captions its article this morning on the bus situation, 'My Bus Plan or All Walk, Shouts Hylan,' a statement which I never made, but which The Tribune with characteristic malignancy ascribes to me.

"The faithless flouting by the traction corporations of their franchise agreements made the installation of emergency bus routes an absolute necessity. In no other way could the comfort, convenience and safety of the traveling public, discommoded by the deprivation of needful transit facilities, have been promptly and effectively subserved.

"The operation of these privately-operated emergency bus lines has at all times been under the careful supervision of the Department of Plant and Structures, and the service has been a prime requisite as the more than 85,000,000 passengers annually carried give ample evidence.

Acknowledgment is made that the privately-operated buses were not ideal and did not represent the best type of construction, but only such equipment as could be pressed into immediate service to meet an emergent situation. When a house is on fire there is no time for polite phrases and when life is at stake first aid measures must be adopted at once. The transportation crisis created by the traction companies necessitated the adoption of heroic measures by the city, and if the buses which were operated did not meet the aesthetic standards of the traction newspapers, which are opposed to any form of municipal operation, they at least met the transit needs of a quarter of a million people daily.

"They not only saved these people from the inconvenience resulting from the traction-created paralysis of their customary transit facilities, but also demonstrated that they could be operated profitably on a five-cent fare along routes abandoned as unprofitable by the surface car lines, and at the same time gave unmistakable evidence of how essential a modernized, system of municipally owned and municipally operated transport is to the daily transport of people who have no other convenient mode of transportation.

Rapp Miller Legislation.

"The evils of the Miller transit legislation, of which the present lamentable situation is a conspicuous outgrowth, might have been remedied if the Republican Assembly at the last session of the Legislature had passed the Walker-Donohue bill known as the New York City Transportation act. That act would have given New York City complete home rule in transit matters, enabling the city to build, plan, acquire, operate and lease for operation transit facilities of all kinds, including motor buses, and empowering the city to supervise and regulate rates, fares and charges. Speaker Machold of the Assembly and Republican Leader Koenig of New York County signed the death warrant of the New York City Transportation act, and the execution was carried out by the Republican Assemblymen, of whom they are the masters. With the exception of some five Republican Assemblymen, three of whom are recorded as not voting, every other Republican member of the Assembly, including Republican Assemblymen Jesse, Kaufman, Steinberg and Ullman from New York County and Republican Assemblyman Clayton of Kings County, voted against the city's transit bill.

"The deliberate refusal of the Republican Assembly to permit the New York City Transportation act to become a law, coupled with the action of the Court of Appeals restraining all emergency bus operation, makes the calling of an extra session of the Legislature an imperative necessity. The situation is this: either the duly elected responsible local officials of the City of New York must be empowered to operate buses through an enactment at special session of the Legislature or the Board of Estimate and Apportionment will be forced to grant these valuable bus franchises to the traction corporations and their friends.

"Let me repeat, that the Legislature does not promptly enact legislation enabling the City of New York to purchase and operate up-to-date, sanitary, commodious, well-lighted, well-heated, well-ventilated, modern buses, the Board of Estimate of this city will have no option but to issue bus franchises to private operating corporations, thus making this modern means of transportation a private enterprise for private profit instead of a municipal enterprise for public service.

Committed to Public Operation.

"The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is unalterably committed to the public operation as well as the public ownership of all transit facilities, and therefore no public operation of such facilities can consistently be considered. The transit corporations, being committed to the excessively profitable policy of private operation at the expense of the patience and pocketbooks of the people, are waiting like hungry vultures to descend upon the bus franchises and receive fat pickings from their tremendous potential money value.

"Having found it impossible to deliver C. O. D. at the taxpayers' doors the obsolete, broken-down surface car lines with a price tag attached of several millions of dollars for the people to pay, the traction manipulators are rejoicing over the outcome of their friend Shafer's injunction suit, for they feel they are to have a Christmas holiday in July and are in a fluster and a flurry to pick from the municipal Christmas tree the tempting bus franchises.

"They are preparing to set again the notorious traction table and to have a feast such as they have had from the surface car lines. They have prepared to repeat with the bus franchises the long, noisome history of traction financing, mismanagement, secret intrigues, barn gainings and backstairs deals, excessive dividends and 'rake-offs' to 'insiders', wasteful distribution of bonuses to their friends and allies, unwarranted issues of stocks and bonds, and the flooding of the honest investing public through aegies of wild speculation, financial legerdemain and Wall Street stock jobbery.

"The traction manipulators know that there is grave doubt whether the small, independent private bus operator could be found in sufficient number to continue under satisfactory conditions on two to six month franchises because of the necessarily large initial financial outlay and the revocable nature of such franchises at the expiration of stated periods; and they know, too, that even if such operators were found, the question of the legality under the existing law of granting franchises to some 400 individuals, not corporations, could at once be raised.

No Dearth of Applicants.

"While it is true that there may be no dearth of applicants for the particularly profitable routes, it is hardly conceivable that there would be a solitary applicant for a franchise to conduct bus service at a five-cent fare in sparsely settled districts or remote parts of boroughs where the financial return would not be commensurate with the capital investment.

"Moreover, six to eight weeks would always before all the preliminaries, including the chimes, archaic practice of securing certificates of convenience and necessity from a state body, could be attended to prior to actual bus operations. What is to become of the people in the meantime? Are they to be forced to walk, as Receiver Hedges so blithely remarked?

"The people of this city are entitled to what they want. They indicated at the last Mayoralty and Gubernatorial elections that they wanted municipal operation as well as municipal ownership of transit facilities. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is prepared to give them what they want. This Board will do so at once if the recalcitrant Republican Assemblymen will pass the New York City Transportation act or permit the enactment of other enabling legislation which will unequivocally sustain the city's inherent right to use city-owned streets for city-owned vehicles in order to serve the transportation needs of the people.

"In view of the existing crisis, it is unthinkable that the Lower House of the Legislature will have the temerity to withhold needed transit legislation. For this reason, the Governor should be petitioned by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to call an extraordinary session of the Legislature at the earliest possible moment under the Constitution, in order that a specific statute may be enacted which will permit the City of New York municipally to own and operate bus lines wherever there is an obvious necessity for such transit facilities.

"Pending the possible reconvening of the Legislature, it is suggested that a committee be appointed by this Board to confer with the Governor and also to confer with Speaker Machold and Floor Leader Adler of the Assembly, with New York Republican County Leader Koenig and the four Assemblymen from New York County, namely, Republican Assemblymen Kaufman, Jesse, Steinberg and Ullman, and with Republican Assemblyman Clayton of Kings County."

Board Adopts Motion.

The Board adopted the Mayor's motion to ask the Governor to call the Legislature in special session unanimously. Controller Charles L. Craig was not present, being represented by Deputy Controller Frank L. Frial.

The Board then adopted the resolution for the appointment of a special committee to confer with the Governor, Speaker H. Edmund Machold, Majority Leader Simon L. Adler and Assemblymen Jesse, Ullman, Kaufman, Steinberg and Clayton. To save the Mayor the embarrassment of naming himself, Mr. Bruckner moved that the Mayor be chairman of the committee. Also on motion of the Mayor, a resolution was adopted to adjourn until Thursday morning to hear the committee's report.

"I would ask the Corporation Counsel," said the Mayor, when his third motion had been passed, "to see Supreme Court Justice Mullan and see if it is not possible to get a delay of thirty days in the execution of his order so that we can get some action from the Legislature in the meantime.

"Certainly, I can do that," said Mr. Nicholson. "But if I ask him to suspend judgment it will have to be with the consent of the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney."

"It is your idea that giving a permit to an individual wouldn't be in accordance with the law, anyway, isn't it?" asked the Mayor.

"Mr. Mayor, is that it wouldn't be," replied Mr. Nicholson. "I don't think the character contemplated that temporary franchises could be given in a situation of this kind.

"I wouldn't like to have the order enforced until after the Legislature meets," the Mayor declared. "I'd like to have the opportunity to continue the buses and get legislation in the meantime. If the buses don't continue, hundreds of thousands of people will be discommoded. The buses have been running three years or more and thirty days won't harm the Court, or harm the plaintiff or anybody else."

City Island Cut Off.

Commissioner Grover Whalen of the Department of Plant and Structure called the Board's attention to the fact that the City Island bus line, which runs from the West Farms subway station to City Island, is seven and a half miles long. Residents of that section have no other means of transportation, asserted Commissioner Whalen.

"Supposing you take that up with the Corporation Counsel," said the Mayor. Mr. Nicholson declared that since the injunction covers all bus routes, he will be unable to segregate one line from the other when he confers with Justice Mullan. He will take up the matter generally, he said.

"You know," said the Mayor with a smile, "we don't want to do anything to get us into contempt."

"If we can get the five Republican Assemblymen in New York, Kaufman, Jesse, Ullman, Steinberg and Clayton of Brooklyn, and one other, either Speaker Machold or Leader Adler to vote with the Democrats, we can get this bus bill put through," said the Mayor earlier in the hearing. "It would be enacted in a few days' time—just as long as it takes to call the Legislature.

"The day after its enactment I would call a special session of this body and ask for an appropriation of $25,000,000 to be invested in new busses, to give the people the opportunity, in this city, to ride in municipal busses at a 5-cent fare.

"This is not a question of politics as the papers have tried to get the people to believe, but to give the people some kind of decent service. I wish I could leave the room tonight, gracefully and go to my home in Brooklyn, and get away from all this responsibility. I speak seriously and plainly with no intention of harming or criticising any one. There is only one honest way of getting a remedy for the situation today. That is through special legislation. And there is no doubt of our getting it, in my mind, if we can get the co-operation of the recalcitrant legislators, who in the past failed to heed the people's wishes."

Schenectady Buses Allowed to Run.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 16.—The temporary injunction, granted by Supreme Court Justice Angell, July 9, restraining the operation of jitney buses, was vacated by County Judge John J. McMullan here today. When the vacating order was issued copies of the injunction had been served on about 180 of more than 1,000 jitney drivers, who have been carrying passengers during the trolley strike.

WON'T CALL WILSON AS MORSE WITNESS

Former President's Physician Advises Against His Appearance —McAdoo to Testify.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—It was decided today that Woodrow Wilson would not be called to testify in the trial of Charles W. Morse and others charged with defrauding the Government. But arrangements were made to call the former President's son-in-law, William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, to the witness stand either tomorrow or Wednesday. Mr. McAdoo arrived here today.

The decision not to have Mr. Wilson take the stand was reached at a conference between Wilton J. Lambert, associate counsel for the defense, and Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, Mr. Wilson's physician, at which Dr. Grayson expressed the opinion that the former President's physical condition made his appearance in court inadvisable.

Mr. Lambert said later that Mr. Wilson's testimony would not be sought in any other form, and that no deposition from him would be taken. Testimony desired from Mr. Wilson, it was added, would not have been of great importance to the defense as it would have dealt chiefly with his observations in the progress of shipbuilding at the Morse yard in Alexandria, Va., in May, 1918, when he visited the plant.

Mr. McAdoo's law firm at one time represented the Alexandria Company of the Morses, and his testimony is expected to deal with his knowledge of the firm's operations, particularly in their relation to the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

The trial entered its thirteenth week today with defense counsel hopeful they could conclude their testimony in another week.

SMITH HESITATES ON SPECIAL SESSION

Leaders Intimate Expense of Such Action May Prevent Granting of Request.

GOVERNOR IN CONFERENCE

Holds Session of Executive Committee to Consider Assembly Candidates.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16.—While Governor Smith so far has declined to say anything to indicate where he stands with regard to the demand by Mayor Hylan and the New York Board of Estimate for an extraordinary session of the Legislature to deal with the situation that has arisen in New York City as a result o fthe recent court decision outlawing bus operations under city supervision, the prevailing opinion in official circles at the capitol tonight is that the extra session will be called if Mr. Hylan and his colleagues on the board can show that there is pressing need for it.

That arguments of a most convincing character will be required if the Governor is to be prevailed upon seems certain. There are serious objections in the Governor's mind to the proposal. These would have to be overcome by Mayor Hylan and his friends.

A special session of the Legislature would involve considerable added expense to the taxpayers, for one thing, and in the second place the Governor will have to be shown that the situation cannot be met by the Mayor linking his personal pride and prejudices long enough to see what can be accomplished through co-operation between the city authorities and the Transit Commission.

Persons who profess to know something about Governor Smith's processes of reasoning do not believe that the call for an extraordinary session will go out until the city authorities have exhausted all other means of achieving their purposes, and as yet, as far as is known here, not even an attempt has been made to reach an understanding with the Transit Commission with a view to insuring continued operation of the city's buses.

Important Political Angle.

Friends and advisers of Governor Smith are not likely to overlook the fact that there is an important political angle to the situation, and considerations of a political character with a distinct bearing on Mayor Hylan's demand are likely to be brought to the Governor's attention, if this has not already been done.

One member of Governor Smith's official household in discussing the situation guardedly tonight with friends intimated the line of reasoning that would be followed in advancing arguments of that character.

Refusal of Governor Smith to call an extraordinary session after the action of the Board of Estimate might lead to differences between the Mayor and the Governor which would seriously disturb harmonious relations within the party, never more essential than they are now on the eve of an Assembly campaign in which the Democrats will make a more serious attempt than ever to gain control of that branch of the Legislature in order to enable the Governor to carry through his legislative program and pile up political prestige for himself in time for the national conventions next year.

Expect Strong Opposition.

Compliance with the demand of Mayor Hylan, on the other hand, as some of the Governor's friends see it, might bring another opportunity to "put the Republicans in a hole," inasmuch as the Republican Assembly, if consistent, undoubtedly would turn down any demand by the New York authorities for legislation which in effect would involve a grant of power to own and municipally operate traction lines without first going to the Transit Commission for a certificate of necessity and convenience.

Because of the failure of the New York City transit legislation that was before the regular session of the Legislature was largely responsible for the deadlock that resulted in defeat of that bill and the rest of the public utility legislation that has been introduced by the Democrats. There is said to be little reason to believe that the Republican leaders have changed their minds on this important point since the regular session of the Legislature was adjourned.

Governor Smith tonight before going into the secret conference of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee declined to say anything with regard to the action of the Board of Estimate on the ground that as yet no demand had been made on him to summon the lawmaking body.

While it is understood that the matter was not discussed at the meeting of the Executive Committee tonight, the demand for an extra session by Mayor Hylan seemed to overshadow in importance in the minds of the Democratic leaders who assembled for the conference, the purpose for which that meeting was called. What they had on the subject seemed to indicate that they had given much thought to the political effect of Governor Smith's prospective action in the Assembly fights this Fall.

Smith Central Figure.

Governor Smith himself, it was learned tonight, was chiefly instrumental in calling the Democratic chieftains together. He was the central figure at the gathering, which was held behind closed doors in Parlor D at the Hotel Teneyck. At his suggestion Chairman Herbert C. Pell of the Democratic State Committee, who was an ex-officio member of the Executive Committee, was authorized to appoint a large committee to go into every Assembly District in the State as the agent of the State committee to insure the designation of Democratic candidates for the Assembly of the highest type and in thorough harmony with the Democratic program as defined in the party platform adopted last year at the Syracuse convention which nominated Governor Smith.

The discussion of campaign plans was most informal and the set speeches were made. The prevailing opinion among the leaders was that the cities up-State without exception afforded good battle ground for the Democrats and that in the Republican districts in the cities party lines were crumbling as a result of opposition on the part of a large number of Republican voters to the stand their party had taken in the Legislature against the Governor's measures providing for municipal ownership and operation and control by municipalities of all public utility operations within their own boundaries, as well as against the Democratic proposal for the repeal of the Mullan-Gage State Prohibition Enforcement act. A concentration of the Democratic fight in the cities was urged by many of the leaders, who expressed the belief that enough gains could be made in such localities to swing control of the next Assembly to the Democrats.

Meeting to Be Before Aug. 21.

The meeting is being held at this early date because designators for the Assembly must be filed by Aug. 21 so that only a little more than a month remains for the selection of delegates and the circulation of petitions giving them a place on the primary ballot. Governor Smith strongly urged the importance of selecting men of the very highest type who not only could win but give a good account of themselves in the next legislature if elected.

The meeting of the Democratic State Committee which is to be held in the near future in all probability will be deferred until after the Assembly candidates have been designated. It is likely also that the latter will be invited to attend the meeting at which it is expected Governor Smith will make a keynote speech and a declaration of principles.

When the conference broke up at 11:30 tonight, Chairman Pell of the Democratic State Committee said that another meeting of the Executive Committee would be held after the designations had been made and the meeting of the full State Committee which the candidates would be invited to attend, he said, probably would be held late in September. At that meeting the State Committee will nominate party candidates for the Court of Appeals as well.

"We discussed the coming Assembly campaign," said Governor Smith.

Chairman Pell was authorized to name an advisory committee to assist in the selection for candidates for the Assembly. Our experience this year showed us that the splendid party platform and program we adopted at Syracuse was not worth the paper it was written on, because the Republicans were able to block it in the Assembly. We will try to elect a Democratic Assembly this year. The meeting was called for the purpose of discussing ways and means to that end. We made satisfactory progress, and will meet again."

"Will the party promulgate a new State platform this year?" the Governor was asked.

"I think so," said the Governor.

"Does that mean that you will adopt a platform this year different from last year's platform?"

"It does not necessarily mean that at all," Governor Smith replied.

Will See Bus Committee.

The committee to be appointed will pay special attention to the situation in some of the districts up-State where the Republicans won narrow victories in the Assembly elections last year, owing largely to the fact that the Democratic leaders in those localities did not put forth the proper effort, feeling that the odds against them were too big. It was pointed out that the change of approximately 1,000 votes in a few close districts would have given the Democrats control of the present Assembly.

Governor Smith said after the conference that he had been requested to receive a committee from the Board of Estimate tomorrow to discuss the bus situation, and that he had told the Mayor to send the committee along. He added that until he had talked the situation over with that body he could say nothing with regard to what action he would take.

Those who attended the conference tonight included besides Governor Smith George R. Vanname, Secretary to the Governor; James A. Parson, Public Service Commissioner and former legal adviser Governor Smith; Democratic State Chairman Herbert C. Pell, Robert S. Powers, Secretary of the State Committee, and Edward E. Perkins of Dutchess, its treasurer; ex-Lieutenant Governor Thomas F. Conway, Charles E. Treman of Tompkins, Lieutenant Governor George R. Lunn, Marlan H. Rippey of Monroe, William H. Kelley of Onondaga and Edward J. O'Connell, Chairman of the Democratic City Committee, who attended as proxy for Erwin Corning, the Democratic leader of Albany County.

JOHNSON'S MANAGER SEES HARDING IN 1924

Ex-Senator Flint Starts Speculation That Johnson Will Not Oppose the President.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—Widespread interest has been stirred in political circles by the announcement of former Senator Frank P. Flint, manager in Southern California of Senator Hiram Johnson's Senatorial campaign last year, that the renomination of President Harding was necessary for the welfare of the country, thus eliminating by inference Senator Johnson as a contender for the Presidential nomination of the Republican Party in 1924.

The forcasting this statement of ex-Senator Flint, the San Francisco Chronicle, which supported Johnson in his last campaign, will say editorially tomorrow:

"Sentiment favoring the re-election of President Harding apparently is becoming more pronounced all over the country.

"The movement in California had its inception in Los Angeles at a dinner recently tendered to Republican National Committeeman H. H. Cracker, and attended by some sixty men and women prominent in political affairs of the State.

"At this dinner the most significant political note was sounded by Frank Flint, former United States Senator for California and one of the few men in political life who have refused to stand for re-election. Flint, who has a remarkable following in the southern part of the State, electrified the political forces there by coming out flat-footed for Harding.

"This announcement assumes real significance in view of the fact that Flint has been recognized as one of the strongest supporters of the political principles of the United States Senator Hiram Johnson. In the last Senatorial fight Flint was, admittedly, the most active and effective supporter of Hiram Johnson in Southern California. Flint was chairman of the California delegation pledged to Johnson in the last National Republican Convention.

"The immediate effect of Flint's pronouncement in favor of Harding was that the dinner guests arose and widely applauded his words. A statement of this character coming from a man so closely allied to Senator Johnson, and so thoroughly in sympathy with his aspirations, inevitably had the effect all over the State of setting the politicians to speculating. It was, of course, looked upon as a tantamount to a statement by Flint that Senator Johnson would not seek the Presidential nomination.

"It is, of course, a well-known political precept that a man who seeks nomination by a politically convention must have the support of the delegation from his States. The natural inference drawn from Flint's statement is that Senator Johnson will not be a candidate and will not oppose the renomination of President Harding."

PRESSMEN ACCEPT DOWLING DECISION

Will Hold a Special Meeting to Discuss Resolution Regarding a New Agreement.

New York Web Pressmen's Union 25 at a regular meeting held last night in Beethoven Hall, Fifth Street, voted to abide by the decision of Justice Victor L. Dowling, the fifth member of a joint standing committee of the Publishers' Association and the union, in six cases submitted to him. Judge Dowling decided in favor of the publishers in four cases submitted by them and against the union in two cases submitted by the union.

About 500 members were present and because of the relatively small attendance it was decided to hold a meeting on Sunday or Monday to consider a special resolution presented, the indefinitiveness as to date being caused by the necessity of obtaining a larger hall.

The special resolution expresses the desire of the union committee to reach, through conciliation, an agreement with the publishers to take the place of the present agreement, asks the publishers to begin immediately negotiations for this agreement to succeed the Manton award, and expresses willingness to submit to the union's International Executive Board all disputed points, the Board to determine whether or not such points shall be left to arbitration.

RADIO TOOTHPICKS ORDER.

Japanese Dealers Send to Maine Probably the First Order by Air.

Special to The New York Times.

STRONG, Me., July 16.—The management of the toothpick factory here has just filled what is believed to be the first foreign radio order ever received in this country. The factory here shipped a carload of toothpicks to Japan on orders received by radio.

Following the wireless order came a letter of credit on a bank in Oklahoma. This letter provided for a second carload of toothpicks, which are to be sent to Japan some time in September.

ELEVATED CRASH HURTS 7, 1 FATALLY

Ninth and Jerome Avenue Trains In Collision at Foot of Incline in Bronx.

WOODEN CAR TELESCOPED

Motorman Crushed at Post and Six Passengers Injured—Inquiry Under Way.

Seven men were injured, one probably fatally, yesterday morning at 7:03 o'clock in a collision between a Ninth Avenue elevated railroad train and a Jerome Avenue subway train on the Jerome Avenue elevated structure about 100 feet north of the Kingsbridge Station, the Bronx. The elevated train, consisting of seven wooden cars and carrying many passengers, had started south on the first run made over the southbound tracks since last Saturday afternoon.

From the Mosholu Parkway station, the first station south of the terminus of the Jerome Avenue line at Woodlawn, there is a long decline at the foot of which is a sharp curve, four blocks north of the Kingsbridge station. The elevated train gained momentum as it sped down the incline.

Just around the curve there was standing on the southbound tracks a ten-car subway train. The motorman of the elevated train apparently did not know that the subway train was there until he was within a train's length of it. He applied the brakes, as investigation later disclosed, but on account of rails made slippery by the early morning rain the train did not come to a stop in time to avoid a collision.

The forward car of the elevated train was telescoped by the rear end of the steel subway coach.

Motorman Sticks to Post.

Joseph Higgins of 1,119 Woodycrest Avenue, the Bronx, motorman of the elevated train, stuck to his post, although he must have realized he could not avoid a collision. He still was unconscious when chopped from the wreckage by firemen and police and taken to Fordham Hospital, where it was said there were slight chances of his recovery. Assistant District Attorney Albert Henderson of the Bronx, with a stenographer and witnesses, waited most of the morning at the hospital in the hope of getting a statement from Higgins, but was advised by the surgeons that he might never be able to make one.

Later in the day the police announced that they were searching for a switchman, whose duty, they understood, was to get the subway train ready for its southward run. Inspection of the motorman's cab disclosed that the controller handle was in place, and from that they concluded that the motorman or switchman must have entered the booth preparatory to moving the train. It is not customary, the police explained, for motormen to leave controller handles in the booths.

Others injured in the crash were:

Austin, Philip, 55, of 26 East 135th Street, lacerated face and hands treated at Fordham Hospital and sent home.

Dunn, Robert, 29, of 419 East 153d Street, guard on the elevated train, lacerations and contusions treated at Fordham Hospital and sent home.

Train Conductor Injured.

Duffy, Patrick, 50, of 125 East 238th Street, the Bronx, conductor of the elevated train, treated at Fordham Hospital for lacerations and contusions and sent home.

Klein, Charles, 68, of 45 Grand Avenue, Yonkers, laceration of the leg; treated at Fordham Hospital and sent home.

Melander, John, 62, of 14 Hitchcock Place, Yonkers, an engineer, face cuts and possible internal injuries; sent to Fordham Hospital.

Schlegel, Benjamin, 29 Seminary Avenue, Yonkers, lacerations and contusions of the body and face; treated at Fordham Hospital and sent home.

The crash of the trains was heard for blocks. The police of the Kingsbridge station were the first to reach the scene. In the meantime calls for the police had been sent to the Morrisania, Webster Avenue and Bathgate Avenue stations. Calls for ambulances were sent to Fordham, Lebanon and Lincoln Hospitals and five responded.

William Quinn, Assistant Superintendent of the Manhattan Division of the Interborough, explained that the southbound tracks at the place of the accident had not been used since 7:11 o'clock Saturday evening. Because of light traffic a shuttle service is operated over the northbound tracks from the 167th Street station to Woodlawn.

Signal Set for Clear Track.

The first block signal north of the scene of the wreck was about ten feet from the rear end of the elevated train. An investigation showed it was set for a clear track.

According to Mr. Quinn, the elevated train was scheduled to leave the Woodlawn terminus at 6:59 A. M. It should have reached the Kingsbridge station four and a half minutes later, or at 7:03:30. The subway train should have started its run from the Kingsbridge station at 7 o'clock, or on a headway of three and a half minutes.

Chief Engineer Robert Ridgeway and Engineer M. Latey of the Transit Commission hurried to the scene and began an investigation. They directed that the brakes and the trucks of the elevated train be taken to the car barns of the Interborough so they could examine them for defects in the control unit.

Commissioner LeRoy T. Harkness, when asked what information concerning the accident had been gathered by the commission, said:

"So far telephone reports have not been sufficient to issue a report on the accident. I understand the motorman had at least 500 feet clear track ahead of him. It was raining at the time and he said the car skidded. If he had seen the other train it seems that he could have stopped his train before hitting it, if the brakes were all right."

ENGINE BREAKS DOWN; COMMUTERS DELAYED

Axle Tilts Drive Wheels Off Rail Near Patchogue—In Accident July 7.

Special to The New York Times.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., July 16.—When train 41 of the Long Island Railroad was approaching this station tonight the rear axle of the locomotive broke and tilted one of the big drive wheels from the rail. The wheel was kept from falling to the ground by the supporting strength of the driving rod.

An examination of the axle, it was said, disclosed that half of the broken surface was rusty. The engineer said he felt something give when he was 200 feet or more from the station. He managed to stop the train, which consisted of seven cars, loaded with commuters to Long Island points, in half that distance. This locomotive, which is known as No. 1, was in an accident July 7 at Oakdale, L. I., at a crossing, where a boy, James Daly, was killed, and the driver of a truck, William Schults, was injured.

The train continued on with a new locomotive, after a short delay in traffic, by switching around the disabled engine, which a wrecking crew is preparing to move.

PERSHING TELLS GIRLS TO MARRY GUARDSMEN

He Would Have Them Accept Only Suitors Who Have Been Volunteers.

MT. GRETNA, Pa., July 16.—General Pershing wound up a swift day of inspection of Summer training camps here today with a review, held during a pouring thunder shower, of two brigades of Pennsylvania National Guard Troops. Earlier in the day 5,000 men at Camp Meade, Md., passed before him, and tonight he was on his way back to his starting point at Washington to prepare for a five weeks' tour that will carry him to the Pacific Coast and into every important Summer training camp in the country, to see for himself what progress has been made during the year with the new national defense policy.

At Camp Meade, in a short talk which followed the review of reserve officers' training corps and civilian military training camp units interlaced with the regulars, General Pershing told the boys in service kits, grouped around him on the hillside, that America must never again be caught in the condition of "shameful unpreparedness" in which it found itself in 1917. It rested with the young men of the country who volunteered for such service as that given at the Summer camps, he added, to see that the nation always maintained a "reasonable degree of readiness."

"Who would have thought ten years ago that we would have lived to see the greatest war in history?" General Pershing said. "Who knows what another ten years may bring to us?"

The young men clustered before him, the General declared, were of the same blood and stock as the finest of the fighting divisions that served overseas.

"And our finest," he added, "were better than the best among the Allies' armies or among our opponents."

General Pershing said he hoped the day would come when every American girl would demand that the man who sought her in marriage should be one who had served his time as a volunteer, willing to face every duty of American citizenship.

"I am going to say a word in the ear of our American girls for that purpose," he added.

Both here and at Camp Meade he told those who accompanied him that he had been deeply impressed by the showing made by the young men. At Camp Meade he told the men he hoped they would join the National Guard when the O. M. T. course was finished, and that some day he hoped to see training camp clubs formed in every community.

CITY BUS WRECKED BY FIRE, 4 INJURED

Gasoline Explodes When Ignited by Short Circuit as Tank Is Being Filled.

2 WOMEN HURT BY JUMPING

Chauffeur and a Passenger Burned When Trying to Extinguish the Blaze.

The chauffeur and three passengers on a municipally operated bus of the City Island line were burned or bruised last night when the gasoline tank exploded from a short circuit while it was being filled at Beach and City Island Avenues, in the Bronx. The flame sprayed the only exit from the vehicle beside the chauffeur's seat and in endeavoring to extinguish it, Bernard Montague, 21 years old, the chauffeur, of 125 Charles Street, was badly burned about the face and body. He was taken to Fordham Hospital.

Five passengers in the bus, including two women, became excited when they realized that their only means of escape had been shut off by the blaze. When a rubber coat was thrown over the motor, momentarily holding the blaze from the exit, the five passengers jumped to the street. Mrs. Catherine Egan, 45 years old, of 62 Lyon Avenue, tripped and fell on her head and shoulders on the pavement. She received injuries which later were attended by Dr. Leo, of Fordham Hospital.

Mrs. Mary Crudden, 40 years old, of 203 East 162d Street, the Bronx, also was hurt when she fell as she leaped from the vehicle. She also was attended by Dr. Leo. James Moran, 21 years old, of 64 Lampton Place, the Bronx, was injured about the body when he jumped from the bus and his hands were burned when he tried to extinguish the blaze on the chauffeur's clothes. He refused to go to the hospital.

The bus, which was owned by the New York Transportation Company and was being operated under the supervision of the Department of Plant and Structures, left the City Island terminal about 9:30 and was on its way to the West Farms end of the line when the gasoline gave out. The chauffeur stopped at Booche's garage and had just inserted the gas hose in the tank when the explosion occurred. Policeman Lenahan turned in an alarm after summoning the ambulance. Before the firemen extinguished the blaze the bus was a wreck.

3D VICTIM OF JULY 4 DIES.

Two More Bayonne Boys Near Death From Lockjaw.

Fourth of July blank cartridge pistols claimed their third victim in Bayonne, N. J., yesterday. Two others, whose deaths are feared momentarily, are in the hospital there.

Leo W. Burke, 11 years old, of 6 St. Andrew's Terrace, died in St. Francis Hospital. Lockjaw set in Saturday from a toxic affection in his hands, which developed from powder burns.

The boy is said to have bought a blank cartridge pistol on the third of July, but it was taken away from him and destroyed by his mother. On July 5 he returned home with an injured hand, which he admitted had been hurt while shooting another pistol.

The two boys, also in St. Francis Hospital, who are believed to be dying of tetanus, are John Gancare of 6 Meadow Street and Francis Gallagher of 21 West Fourteenth Street, both Bayonne.

800 HEAR MISSIONARIES.

Conference Begins Second Week of Religious Gathering at Stony Brook

STONY BROOK, L. I., July 16.—The second week of the religious gathering, which is being attended by delegates from all over the world, opened today with a conference on "Victorious Life," under the leadership of Charles G. Trumbell, editor of The Sunday School Times, of Philadelphia. The meeting will conclude with services on next Sunday night in the auditorium of the Stony Brook Assembly, a Presbyterian Church body.

About 800 young men and women, many of them missionaries from foreign countries, were present when the session opened today. The conference, which is said to be one of the largest held this year, will be addressed by the Rev. Dr. W. H. Griffith Thomas, of Toronto, Canada; Mrs. J. Hardy Borton, formerly of India; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harkness of London, Eng., the Rev. L. L. Legters, of South America, and others.

WEST SIDE SUBWAY TIED UP FOUR HOURS

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

the full force of the situation had been grasped and the machinery of dealing with it set in motion, the snout headway of rush-hour service had resulted. In express trains being stalled every little way from the Battery to Ninety-sixth Street.

While the rear end of the stalled train was backing down the northbound track it was necessary to halt all the express trains that a moment before had been speeding behind it. Thus in a twinkling stop signals were flashing back through block after block. So far local service was not interrupted, but so many express trains were stalled and it was evident that it would take so long to open the line, that it was decided to switch all express trains to local tracks.

Congestion at Express Stations.

That necessitated halting all local trains headed north, whether they were bound for the Bronx or for Manhattan, while expresses crawled to the nearest switchovers and took local tracks. At Times Square, for example, the shift resulted in delay, during which passengers waiting for local trains found themselves jammed in crowds that taxed the platforms almost beyond capacity. Congestion there was not relieved until platform men in megaphones began shouting that all those whose destination was the Bronx should take the shuttle trains to Grand Central Terminal and use the Lexington Avenue line from there. Acting on that advice the abnormal crowds slowly melted away.

At the Seventy-second Street express station conditions were similar. Everything came to a stop, or else moved at a slow and limping gait while express trains were being shifted to the local tracks. All expressed passengers, whether or not they had been headed originally for the Bronx, were sent over the Broadway tracks and the hordes of passengers for Bronx points had to find other means of reaching their homes.

At both Seventy-second and Ninety-sixth Streets taxicab drivers were quick to note the long queues waiting admission to the subway stations and hundreds of them backed along the curbs and solicited fares. Any exhausted men and women made their way at last to the fresh air after having been in stalled trains for protracted periods, they took advantage of this emergency service and sped away. The Broadway surface cars, too, aided in relieving the congestion, many Bronxites riding to 125th Street and taking Willis Avenue cars to their home borough.

The municipal bus service running east from Broadway at Ninety-sixth Street was augmented as soon as word of the slowup spread and some relief was afforded thus. Fifth Avenue buses, too, already taxed by Summer travel, were loaded to capacity, inside seats being as much in demand as they ordinarily are in Winter months.

Things got badly snarled before they began to get better and a number of passengers reported astonishing periods consumed in a subway trip that ordinarily takes but a half hour or so. Some passengers who should have reached Dyckman Street station on the Broadway side before 7 o'clock did not eat their belated dinners until long after 9 o'clock. One woman who appeared on the Seventy-ninth Street station platform after 8 o'clock said she had been since 5:50 getting from the Park Place station.

Even worse was the lot of Edward H. Hall, whose office is at 154 Nassau Street and who lives in West End Avenue between Ninety-fourth and Ninety-fifth Streets. Mr. Hall said that it took him from 5:15 to 7:40 to get to Seventy-ninth Street and that the Interborough's handling of the situation in his opinion was "disgraceful." No effort was made to relieve passengers, he said, either by shifting them what was wrong or by halting trains opposite local stations, shutting off power from the third rail and allowing them to leave. Mr. Hall said that he saw a number of women faint and that others suffered extreme discomfort as crowds in the cars surged first toward one end of the train, then toward the other, vainly seeking better air, or some means of exit.

Climb Out of Windows.

The express train on which he rode, said Mr. Hall, got near Ninety-sixth Street and came to another of an endless series of halts. By then passengers were so worn and uneasy that some, defying the guards and the menace of the third rail, opened windows and climbed to the tracks.

It was at this stage of things that Interborough officials ordered the series of expresses stalled all along the line to consolidate so that the cars would afford a safe means of exit to the nearest station. Mr. Hall's train backed until it touched the one following. Then passengers were directed to make their way to Seventy-ninth Street. It was a long and tedious process, passengers in each car passing those together and slowly working southward as the cars behind emptied.

At Seventy-ninth Street, Mr. Hall said, there appeared to be no effort to release the prisoners. Finally some one opened a side door and hundreds tumbled to the tracks.

"I asked a guard if the power was on in the local third rail which we had to cross," Mr. Hall said. "He told me it was, or else only the emergency lights would be burning in a local

ALLIES AND TURKS REACH AGREEMENT

All the Vexing Problems Are Settled at Night Session of Lausanne Conference.

VICTORY FOR AMERICANS

Allies Drop Insistence on Preferential Concession Right Opposed by Minister Grew.

COMPROMISE ON WARSHIPS

Turks to Let Allies Keep Three Each in Straits Till Convention Is Ratified.

LAUSANNE, July 16 (Associated Press).—An agreement was reached late tonight on all the outstanding difficulties on the Near East conference, and nothing remains in the way of the signing of peace.

Ismet Pasha, head of the Turkish delegation, and the allied delegates discussed for several hours this afternoon the questions of concessions and evacuation by foreign troops of Turkish soil, and when at 11 o'clock the sessions were resumed, the atmosphere was electrical, recalling the night of Feb. 4, when Lord Curzon, in accordance with his ultimatum, departed for London and the first peace conference collapsed.

The delegates representing the great powers prepared bravely to encounter the Turks when they met for the second time today. One of them summarized the situation in this remark:

"Little by little, by terrible tenacity, these Turks get more out of us, and now they have reopened things we dreamed were already settled. We will try to end it tonight, but who can tell?"

American insistence upon the open door and equal opportunity won the victory. After a struggle the Allies agreed to keep confirmation of the Turkish Petroleum Company's concessions out of the treaty and drop the request for preferential rights in future Turkish concessions.

A complete accord was reached on all the questions at issue, and an official meeting will be held Wednesday to confirm and approve the agreement. A date for the signing of the compact also will be arranged. The date of signing probably will be about a week hence.

The American position also was upheld by Turkey's refusal to extend preferential contract rights in the future to the British Vickers-Armstrong Company and the French General Railroad Exploitation Company. This subject also will be kept out of the treaty, but the Turkish Government will notify these companies that during a period of five years, in case Turkey needs foreign capital or industrial help, they will always be permitted to participate in bidding for contracts.

Ismet Pasha looked worn and weary; for the past twenty-four hours he has been pulled this way and that by Joseph C. Grew, the American representative, and the allied delegates, the former insisting that he keep the Turkish Petroleum Company concession out of the treaty and the latter resisting any change. Mr. Grew conferred with Ismet seven separate times in two days, urging him to resist confirming the great oil contract in the treaty.

With reference to the evacuation of foreign warships, Turkey agreed that Britain, France and Italy might each station one cruiser and two destroyers in the Bosporus until the ratification of the Straits Convention, on the understanding that the privilege must come to an end in December, 1923.

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LONDON, July 16.—It was stated in the House of Commons this afternoon by Premier Baldwin that the cost of the occupation of Constantinople and the adjacent area since the armistice had been £29,115,000 (roughly $133,929,000).

Fear of Revolution in Crete Stirs Paris.

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PARIS, July 16.—The concentration of the whole Greek fleet in Cretan waters and the departure of Colonel Plastiras, the virtual dictator from Athens for Crete last night have caused acute anxiety in the French Foreign Office today.

Official information from the French Minister in Athens to the Paris Government says the revolutionary movement in Crete—suspected to be of Angora origin—has reached a grave stage. The entire Greek fleet was ordered there last week under the pretext of naval manoeuvres, but the Quai d'Orsay's information declares that it also transported a force of infantry.

Popular opinion credits Admiral Hadjikiriakos with the intention of proclaiming a republic in Crete. Athens was in a state of considerable excitement yesterday, particularly after Colonel Plastiras precipitate departure.

The anxiety here is based on the fear that the large Turkish population of Crete will seize on the pretext of proclaiming a republic, thus embroiling Greece and Turkey again in military adventures at a moment when peace is practically completed at Lausanne.

French officials intimate that the Allies will act promptly and in unity by a diplomatic note to the Greek and Turkish Governments if the situation is not cleared up quickly.

WON'T RELEASE GREEK CREDIT OF $33,000,000

Washington Also Persists in Refusal of Recognition—Loan Depends on Greek Bankers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The hopes of the Greek Government for raising a loan of $30,000,000 or more to relieve the million refugees within its boundaries now rest with the banks of Greece, according to an official announcement made today. The American Government after giving the matter careful consideration has determined that for the time being there can be no recognition for the present régime in Athens, and the proposal to turn over to Greece the $33,000,000 formerly deposited to its credit in the United States Treasury has also been unfavorably considered.

The financial committee of the League of Nations has suggested that the Greek banks come forward and arrange for any loans which may be necessary, in view of the withdrawal of the American Red Cross from Greece. This recommendation is made in response to the request of the Greek Government to obtain the approval by the League of Nations of a loan of £10,000,000, to be floated under the auspices of the League or a few of the chief powers of the League.

It is possible that recognition of the Greek Government will follow soon after the signing of the peace treaty, although in some quarters it is suggested that the allied Governments will insist on withholding recognition until an election has been held in Greece. This election was originally set for February, but has been postponed from time to time and the date is still indefinite. The United States has in a general way followed the course of the allied Governments in withholding recognition.

WORLD COURT TO RULE ON POLISH MINORITIES

League Council Presents a New Case Based on the Rights Claimed for Germans.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16.—It is learned from an authoritative source that a new case has been presented to the World Court by the League of Nations Council concerning Article IV. of the Versailles Treaty, which relates to the question of minorities. The points to be decided are stated thus:

"The question concerning the situation of the people mentioned resulting from Poland's application of Article IV. of the treaty as between the principal allied and associated powers and Poland: Does it come within the sphere of competence of the League, according to the terms of the treaty? Second, if replied to affirmatively, does Article IV. of the treaty refer to the domicile of the parents at the time of the birth of an individual, or does it refer to the domicile of the parents at the time the treaty came into force?"

This advisory opinion has been asked in accordance with a resolution of the League Council, dated July 7 last. Once again the Court will be confronted with the question of minorities and the difficulties arising out of ceded territory. In this particular case Germans are endeavoring to prove themselves Polish Nationals under the minorities clause, whereas the Polish Government maintains that they are German Nationals.

The advisory opinion on the question of Eastern Karelia and Soviet Russia is expected to be delivered July 23 at a public session.

PLEDGES AMERICAN AID IN ENGLISH DANGER

Major Solbert Says Our Boys Will Help Those Attacked—Haig Urges Armament.

LONDON, July 16 (Associated Press).—Major Oscar N. Solbert, military attaché of the American Embassy, in an address tonight at a dinner held in connection with the first conference of the British Empire Service League, said that former service men in the United States would do their utmost to promote still better friendship between the English-speaking peoples.

If danger threatened in any part of the English-speaking world, he said, the boys of America would rally to help those attacked.

The Prince of Wales presided. Field Marshal Haig and other prominent persons were present. Earl Haig, referring to the presence of the American delegates, said that the United States and Great Britain had the same ideals.

The Prince of Wales also spoke.

"Let us not forget," the Prince said, "that in one sense of the word we can never really be ex-service men. In peace or in war every one of us owes service to his fellow men as long as he has the strength to give it."

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LONDON, July 16.—"No unarmed nation can keep either the respect or the friendship of its neighbors," said Earl Haig today, at the first convention of the British Empire Service League. Earl Haig exposed the weakness of Great Britain at the beginning of the war and the huge losses due to lack of proper training.

He said that after the first battle of Ypres the First Battalion of the Queen's Regiment had only fifty men left, and the First Royal North Lancashires thirty-five men and one officer, and that in ten days the Cameron Highlanders lost thirty-eight officers and 1,000 men.

"All battalions were in a like case," continued Earl Haig. "We had no reserves, and if we had fallen back a few miles the Channel ports would have been lost. I had some thirty medium and heavy guns with my corps to withstand the bombardment of 240 German heavies.

"In 1914 the empire was not organized, even in skeleton, for a war of defence."

LONDON-PRAGUE AIR SERVICE

Likely to Be Established When Czech Mission Reaches England.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PRAGUE, July 16.—A regular air service between London and Prague is now on the point of being established. Czechoslovak delegates have left Prague for London to conclude with the British Government an agreement for one year, which it is hoped will be replaced by a permanent agreement covering a term of years. The temporary agreement is necessary owing to the British Government's decision to form a national company for the operation of commercial air lines.

Although under the temporary convention it is probable that the regular service will operate only as far as Prague, a continuation to Budapest is predicted and provided for. Special provision is made for the manufacture in Czechoslovakia of machines of the same type as those employed in the London-Hague service. Later airplane motors on British models will also be manufactured under license.

Although the line will run for short distances over Czechoslovakian territory, the Prague Government will pay almost half the subsidy, besides providing hangars, meteorological service, etc.

VICTOR D'ALOIA FINED.

Newark Prosecutor Convicted of Abusing Policemen.

Victor D'Aloia, Assistant Prosecutor of Essex County, who conducted the State's case in the recent poison murder trials of Mrs. Mary Fanny Creighton, was fined $10 for disorderly conduct by Recorder William Kinsey in Irvington, N. J., yesterday. He pleaded not guilty. The Irvington police declared that D'Aloia abused them in Irvington Centre on June 9 when he was asked to show his motor vehicle registration card. They said D'Aloia had been driving recklessly.

Mr. D'Aloia denied the charge and said that the steering apparatus of his car was out of order and declared that he would appeal.

BRITISH RUHR NOTE WILL GO TO HUGHES

Baldwin Tells Commons of Purpose—McKenna Confers With Premier on Note.

NO LIGHT YET ON ITS TERMS

Paris Now Says Poincare's Speech Was Not Meant as Reply to Baldwin.

LONDON, July 16 (Associated Press).—Premier Baldwin, in the House of Commons today, cleared up two interesting points, namely, that the British note to Germany will be communicated to Washington, and that no recent communications over reparations had been exchanged between England and the United States.

The diplomatic talks were resumed in London today, Lord Curzon, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, seeing both the Italian and French Ambassadors. The Prime Minister has a penitude of advisers in his delicate task of drafting a reply to Germany, the British Ambassadors to France, Germany, the United States and Japan being in London at the present moment.

The press teems with suggestions as to what the draft note will contain, but the Government maintains the utmost secrecy on this point, and it is exceedingly probable that such secrecy will be continued until the allied powers have had the opportunity of perusing the draft.

The close association of Reginald McKenna with Mr. Baldwin in preparing the draft—the two spent the week-end together at Chequers Court—seems to indicate that a plan aiming at a joint settlement of reparation and inter-allied debts may have an important place in the discussions.

Insistence in Paris dispatches today on the fact that Premier Poincaré's speech was prepared before the British Prime Minister's pronouncement was believed is regarded here as significant, as proving the desire of the French not to embarrass London needlessly in the discussions.

Paris Sees Scant Hope of Accord.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 16.—The prospects of an agreement between London and Paris on the reparations note of Germany do not seem bright from this side of the Channel. Of course, definite predictions about the fate in Paris of the British draft note cannot be made while the draft is still in preparation, but if it provides for an international investigation of Germany's capacity for payment and for an immediate conference with the Germans, as indicated from London, its rejection by M. Poincaré is regarded as certain.

As France sees it, an international inquiry means simply reducing France's claims without compensation, and an immediate conference with Germany means surrender of the French position. Germany must admit the defeat of Ruhr resistence before negotiations.

The French say investigation by a body in which incidentally they would be outvoted, could only establish what Germany can pay nothing now, and that they know that without expert advice on the subject. It is impossible for any one, experts included, to tell what Germany, bankrupt today, can pay two years from now. Therefore M. Poincaré sees nothing in the inquiry proposal.

As for backing down on cessation of Ruhr resistence, he holds that this would give the Germans a chance to cry victory, which France cannot afford to permit.

The reparations issue, as it appears to observers here, has become veiled about with a cloud of suspicion, for which neither London or Paris can claim total credit or discredit. London believes France has other motives than collecting from Germany, and Paris believes England is seeking to rob France of the fruits of the Ruhr victory which Paris sees coming.

Practically every newspaper in the French capital for the last week has been accusing England of getting back to her old Continental policy of ruling by dividing the nations of Europe. It is recalled every day that England played the game first of one and then of another nation on the Continent, depending on their relative strength and England's peculiar interests.

The Temps tells us that from the day the Kaiser said Germany's future was on the sea, England played France's game, and now that the German danger no longer exists and France is becoming predominant in Europe, England turns to Germany's aid until Germany gets strong enough to get off France again.

It is not conducive to a settlement of the reparations issue on its merits that this feeling exists, but it does exist, and it is fanned most strongly by those newspapers with the reputation of taking their guidance direct from the Quai d'Orsay. The Matin and Temps, both of which are justly credited with speaking often M. Poincaré's mind, see in England's latest reparations moves a hurried effort to cheat France for the benefit of Germany.

Poincaré's Address Not a Reply.

PARIS, July 16 (Associated Press).—Premier Poincaré's address at Senlis yesterday was a mere reiteration of the French Government's policy, and was not intended as a reply to the recent reparations speech of Prime Minister Baldwin of Great Britain, it was explained in official circles here today.

The entire address, with the exception of a few paragraphs, was written before the British Premier spoke, it was stated.

It is considered in official circles, it was added, that the situation between Great Britain and France up to the time the promised British note is received will be exactly the same as that obtaining since last January.

Rome Has Story of Conference Plans.

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ROME, July 16.—According to information received from reliable sources, Italy and Great Britain have completed plans to call an international conference to discuss the reparations problem in Rome to come to some sort of a definite arrangement.

France, of course, will be invited, but if she refuses to participate the conference will be held without her. It is understood that the United States already has been consulted and has agreed to participate, if not officially, in the capacity of a friendly adviser. The names of former President Taft and J. P. Morgan are mentioned in Rome as possible American delegates.

It is stated that Premier Mussolini and Prime Minister Baldwin have been in continuous communication during the last few days and that the conference may be called before the week is out.

Signor Mussolini intimated in his speech to the chamber last night that the international situation created by the occupation of the Ruhr was holding the whole world in the deepest anxiety, and he declared that Italy was doing its best to bring about relief.

PROTESTS TO CUNO ON CURB OF EXCHANGE

Import and Export Trade Warns Chancellor That Dire Disaster Will Result.

BY CYRIL BROWN

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 16.—The executive bureau of the Boerse today registered reactions indicating greatly increased internal political and economic fears. The rapidly increasing cost of living conjures up the very real spectre of disorders and food riots. Wages are being boosted almost liberally, particularly by the State to it employes, as a temporary palliative, but sooner or later limit must be reached and then, it is argued, real trouble will come.

But there is still another trouble angle. The arbitrary restrictions on the foreign exchange market by the Government have dealt a heavy blow to legitimate commerce, trade and industry. Unable to obtain needed foreign exchange, many industries, for instance, are unable to cover their requirements for imported raw materials and English and American coal. They are forced, or soon will be forced, to throttle down production, but at the same time, for very urgent internal political reasons, they cannot cut down the number of employes and workers. The result is that many industries are staggering under an increasingly crushing burden of mounting unproductive costs. Here again "How much longer?" is the pertinent question.

The National Association of German Import and Export Trade today sent a pessimistic telegram of protest to Chancellor Cuno against the sharpened foreign exchange control which, it says, is tantamount to strangulation.

"The effect is catastrophal for Germany's economy," it says. "The gravest disturbance proceeds this time from the paralyzing of import business. The negligible allotment of foreign exchange has practically killed importations. In the matter of food imports such a shortage is already felt that prices for goods purchasable with paper marks are rising vertiginously and must mount even beyond the world market prices. Prices for grain, hides and wool have already soared above the world market prices.

"Furthermore, the throttling of imports leads to unproductiveness, increasing unemployment and dying export trade. Foreign exchange restrictions undermine all remnant of credit and when all credit is shaken to its foundations it will necessarily bury Germany's economy all along the line."

GERMAN MONEY PRESSES WORK 24 HOURS A DAY

Forty-One Plants Printing 17,563,819,142 Marks' Worth of Notes Every Hour.

BERLIN, July 16 (Associated Press).—Forty-one German printing plants, working day and night, disgorged 17,563,819,142 marks' worth of fresh paper money every hour during the first week in July, according to figures available today. The total paper currency circulation on July 7 was 20,241,782,908,000 marks, an increase of 2,950,721,616,000 over June 30. The aluminum coinage in circulation increased in the same period from 1,000,000,000 marks to 20,300,000,000.

The printers are working three shifts, covering the entire twenty-four hours every day in the week. It is unofficially stated that no note under the face value of 1,000 marks will be printed in the future, as it costs more than the note itself actually is worth to print any of the smaller denominations. The production of a 100-mark note costs many times its face value, and a 500-mark note is worth no more than the paper used.

A curio collector is said to be paying from five to ten times the face value of certain old 100-mark and 1,000-mark notes, declaring those printed from copper plates are the only ones acceptable abroad, and the later ones, printed from type, are refused because they are too easily counterfeited. This is discredited in some quarters on the belief that counterfeiters would lose money by producing false notes of such low denominations.

All the notes now are being printed from type, in order to increase the output of the presses. The federal printing plant alone is able to issue 14,400,000 different notes daily, while only one-tenth of this quantity would be possible if copper plates were used. Furthermore, it takes six months to prepare one copper plate. Even the new millionmark notes are not considered, as issued shortly will be printed from type.

According to Montag Morgen, a new Berlin weekly, a publishing house, which is one of the plants of Hugo Stinnes, has a monopoly on the printing of currency under the control of the Reichsbank. This firm sublets contracts to some thirty other printers.

Aside from the unusual increases in paper and aluminum money circulation, there is an increase of 2,506,029,156,000 in discounted Treasury bills, which on July 7 totaled nearly 22,000,000,000,000 marks. The Reichsbank gold deposits abroad showed a decrease of 10,000,000 marks. These deposits now total 130,032,000 marks.

MARTIAL LAW IN RUHR CITY.

Bochum Is Punished for Explosion in Automobile Depot.

BOCHUM, July 16 (Associated Press).—A stage of siege was again proclaimed here today, in consequence of a severe explosion Sunday in the huge depot at Weitmar, near here, where thousands of confiscated automobiles are parked. The cause of the explosion is not known, but in German quarters the opinion is expressed that it probably was due to spontaneous combustion owing to the excessive heat.

Bochum has been completely cut off from the surrounding country and severe punitive measures have been instituted.

Krupp Mills Idle, Lacking Coal.

ESSEN, July 16 (Associated Press).—Several of the leading departments of the great Krupp Works have been ranked idle by reason of the fact that the French occupation forces recently seized all the coal on the premises. Following the confiscation of the surplus stock of coal a fortnight ago, the largest steel mill was forced to shut down. Lately the troops also have taken stores of coal held for immediate operating purposes, causing the closing down of two foundries and the tire-rolling mill.

JOHNSON IS ELECTED MINNESOTA SENATOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

"Soldiers' bonus! Well, I am going to work for a bonus, and for the expenses to be paid by excess profits, but it might be that we will have to put part of it on taxes."

F. A. Pike, manager of the Johnson campaign, issued the following statement:

"The election of Magnus Johnson has been accomplished by the United Farmer-Labor Party of Minnesota with the aid of tens of thousands of independent voters.

"I believe the victory of Mr. Johnson shows a further disintegration of the old party organizations and an increasing tendency to a complete political re-alignment in this State.

"The result sends a real representative former to the United States Senate, where, I am confident, his record will satisfy his constituents.

"The responsibility of the Farmer-Labor Party in Minnesota, as a pioneer in political reconstruction is increased, for it is now apparent that the voters of the State are looking to it for leadership in sane economic reform."

Ideal weather helped to attract many to the polls but also slowed up the vote in rural communities, where haying and other harvesting activities were occupying the attention of the farmers. Many farmers went to the polls just before closing time.

Nearly every one of the eighty-seven counties reported that the vote would run from 80 to 90 per cent. of normal. There are 800,000 eligible voters in the State.

In the general election last Fall, Minnesota chose as United States Senator Dr. Henrik Shipstead, Farmer-Laborite, giving him 524,272 votes as compared to 241,853 for Senator Frank B. Kellogg, Republican.

Competing in the Gubernatorial race in the same election, Governor Preus defeated Magnus Johnson 209,706 votes to 200,478, with the candidates bearing the same party affiliations they did yesterday. Preus supporters say the Johnson vote was carried through by the Shipstead showing. Johnson adherents say that the Farmer-Laborites made no fight for the Governorship, concentrating on the Senatorial race.

Probably the oldest person to cast a ballot today was "Grandma" Shequen, who was among the early voters in the village of Balatin. Mrs. Shequen recently passed her 100th birthday.

PRO-SOCIALIST PLAN FAILS IN COMMONS

Snowden's Motion Denouncing Capitalism Beaten by Vote of 368 to 121.

LLOYD GEORGE WINS A POINT

He Warns Government of Perils of Discontent and Gets Promise of an Investigation.

LONDON, July 16 (Associated Press).—The motion on Socialism introduced in the House of Commons by Philip Snowden was defeated today, 368 to 121. The only result of the debate was the practical acceptance by the Government of ex-Premier Lloyd George's proposal to appoint a committee to investigate the present discontent.

Mr. Snowden's motion denounced the capitalist system as a failure and proposed that legislation be directed toward its gradual suppression by an industrial and social order based on public ownership and democratic control of the instruments of production and distribution. Mr. Snowden is a member of the Independent Labor Party.

The debate proved rather a humdrum discussion, traversing well-worn paths. John Robert Clynes, labor leader, argued that it was capitalism which was on the defensive, not socialism. There was little wonder, he said, that the Government became desperate when it saw that at the last general election, although the Labor candidates had not concealed their detestation of capitalism, they had obtained four votes to every five obtained by the Government candidates.

Mr. Lloyd George, in opposing Mr. Snowden's motion, hearing on the capitalistic system, public ownership and democratic control, argued that a small country like Great Britain, almost entirely dependent upon foreign trade, was the worst possible country in which to try the experiment of socialism, because England's case was unlike that of Russia, which possessed gigantic natural resources. In England, he said, an experiment, if it failed, would be an irretrievable error.

He warned the Government against the illusion of supposing that even a settlement of the Ruhr difficulty would remove many of the existing evils arising from capitalism, and declared that unless the Government took steps to redress those evils the working people would be driven to rush into dangerous experiments such as the Labor Party was now advocating.

Lieut. Col. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, replying for the Government, infused a little humor by remarking that under the Socialist State they would need not only a Postmaster General, but a butcher general, a baker general, a grocer general and similar officials. He declared that socialism would destroy all incentive and initiative to efficiency, but agreed that capitalism was not perfect, and that it was Parliament's function to restrain, and, if necessary, guide the activities of capitalism. He promised consideration of Lloyd George's proposal that the Government appoint a committee to inquire into the present causes of discontent.

Ramsay MacDonald, leader of the Opposition, in supporting the motion, said that not a single speaker in the debate had defended capitalism. He asserted that socialism was a higher form of public untility than capitalism and would involve but little bureaucracy. The great problem of the day was to increase production, and that was impossible until the soul of the worker was enlisted, which capitalism could not do.

PENNIMAN IS NAMED TO HEAD PENNSYLVANIA

Provost Is Nominated by University Trustees to Be Its First President.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Provost Josiah H. Penniman was nominated for the Presidency of the University of Pennsylvania today by the Board of Trustees. The nomination is tantamount to election, but, because the statutes of the university provide that selection of officers must be made a month before their election, final action will not be taken by the trustees until their next meeting in September.

The trustees said they had selected Dr. Penniman "in consideration of the unusual talents he has displayed, both in an administrative and an educational capacity, first as Acting Provost and then as Provost." The board requested Dr. Penniman to continue to act as Provost until his successor is chosen. He also was appointed a member of the committee of trustees which will select a new Provost.

As President, Dr. Penniman will be the chief executive and administrative officer of the university in all its departments, the Provost's duties being confined chiefly to educational affairs. Dr. Penniman has been connected with the institution many years. He was elected Provost about a year ago.

The office of President of the university was created about two years ago but had never been filled. Major Gen. Leonard Wood was elected to the office, but after several extended leaves of absence he finally declined in order to accept the appointment as Governor General of the Philippine Islands.

FLORENCE GANG SACKS CHURCH PARTY OFFICES

Youths Are Checked by Fascisti —Mussolini Orders Arrests, Expressing Regret.

FLORENCE, Italy, July 16 (Associated Press).—A group of youths, after ringing the bells of several churches to call the people together and shouting "Long live Mussolini," "Long live the Fascimo," "Down with parliamentarism" and "Down with the Catholics," invaded and destroyed the Catholic Party headquarters here today. Thousands of copies of Catholic newspapers were burned by the demonstrators.

The Fascisti authorities rushed to the scene to put down the demonstration, which, it was declared, was not approved by their leaders. The Fascisti Colonel Tamaurini expressed the belief that the demonstration was organized by non-Fascisti elements. He found one of the Fascisti among the demonstrators and clubbed him so severely that he had to be taken to a hospital.

In the afternoon there was another demonstration, during which the crowd again cheered Mussolini. There were shouts of "Down with Parliament." The Mayor delivered a speech in which he praised the patriotic feeling of the people but condemned unnecessary violence. Later the Mayor, visited Cardinal Mistrangelo, the Archbishop of Florence, and expressed his regret for the attack on Catholic headquarters.

Signor Mussolini has telegraphed to the authorities ordering the immediate arrest of those responsible for the attack on the Catholic headquarters. "The Fascimo," the telegram read in part, "has offered too many proofs of its profound respect for the Catholic faith to have its flag stained by such a deplorable action."

A Socialist Deputy was recognized at the station as he was about to take a train for Milan and was hissed and then clubbed.

AMERICA WAS NOT TOLD OF THE SINGAPORE BASE

Commons Is Informed That It Did Not Come Within Scope of the Washington Conference.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 16.—First Lord of the Admiralty Amery was bombarded with questions in the House of Commons today about the projected Singapore base by G. Lambert and Captain W. Benn. Answering their first questions Amery said:

"It was clearly understood by all the delegations at the Washington conference that we were retaining full freedom of action as regards Singapore. There was no discussion of particular arrangements we or any of the other powers concerned had in contemplation at naval bases or stations outside the zone explicitly defined in the agreement. The proposal for a Singapore naval base was first approved by the Cabinet in June, 1921."

Lambert then asked:

"Was this decision by the Government in 1921 to construct this base conveyed to the Allies and the friends with whom we were making the treaty at Washington in 1922?"

Amery replied:

"My answer covers the point. Singapore has always been a naval and military station. Particular details of extra facilities which we were going to establish there were not communicated, and there was no reason why they should have been."

Captain W. Benn then asked:

"Would it be correct to say that while we were putting our hand to the document which purported to maintain the status quo we kept this card up our sleeve?"

This was greeted by loud ministerial cries of "Oh!" and "Sir!"

A. Shirley Benn asked if it were not a fact that Americans and other people at the Washington Conference were just as fully boated regarding the British intentions in connection with Singapore as any Englishman. This brought ministerial cheers.

Amery said he most emphatically repudiated the gross libel contained in Captain Benn's question.

Lambert next asked:

"Was this decision of ours communicated to our allies and friends at Washington?"

Whereupon Sir B. Falle inquired:

"Is there any object in making trouble between ourselves and the United States?"

Amery in a further reply said:

"The position is perfectly clear. The agreement at Washington was for the limitation in number of capital ships and for maintenance of the status quo as regard to bases within a very carefully defined area. There is no kind of limitation placed on any of the powers to building of other types of ships or to improvement of dockyards in other parts of the world. No communication was made by any of the powers in respect of their intentions outside the limits of the treaty."

Lambert, still unsatisfied, asked:

"Then it is the case that this decision was not communicated to the conference?"

Amery retorted:

"I have said so three times."

SPANISH GOVERNOR WINS TRIUMPH AS MATADOR

But the Hero of a Valencia Bullfight Faces Inquiry by Minister of the Interior.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, July 16.—In the Chamber of Deputies today a Deputy informed the Minister of the Interior that the Civil Governor of Valencia, the chief city of the province of that name, recently took part in a bullfight in which he acted as a matador under the pseudonym of "the Lad of Cripland." He killed his bull with such skill that the spectators gave him an ear of the bull and carried him on their shoulders to his house.

The Deputy asked the Minister if he thought this conduct was compatible with the dignity of the administrative post held by the Civil Governor. There was much hilarity in the Chamber over the question and the Minister promised to investigate the case.

AUNT GIVES LIFE IN VAIN FOR CHILD

Fatally Hurt in Trying to Save American Girl Run Down by English Bus.

BERWICK, England, July 16.—Margaret Marshall, 5-year-old daughter of Mrs. Robert Marshall of Buffalo, N. Y., was knocked down and killed Saturday by a big sight-seeing motor car, and her aunt died from injuries received in trying to save the child.

Mrs. Marshall, her sister-in-law and the little girl started across the road, but when the two adults had reached the middle of the thoroughfare they noticed that the child was not with them. They reached the other side, and the little girl ran to join them just as the bus came along.

The mother shouted to the child to stop, but she continued to advance, and the aunt ran to rescue her. Both were hit by the car, and the child died almost immediately.

FEAR OUR CHINESE POLICY.

Observers in Peking Worried by Hint of Opposition to Other Powers.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 16.—A Peking dispatch to the London Times says:

"An unfortunate impression has been made here by the publication of a telegram from Washington containing an announcement claimed to have come from an authoritative source, that the United States has endeavored to blockade the attempt of other powers to force an extension of foreign control in China.

"This message contains several passages implying that the Powers sought to stampede America into joining them in forcing a measure of administrative control upon China in consequence of the Lincheng Railway outrage, and it credits the President of the United States with the statement that the kidnapping affair was a questionable pretext for such action and that the United States intended to adhere to the pledges given at Washington.

"The Chinese naturally deduce from a communication of this kind that one of the Powers principally affected by the Lincheng incident does not take the affront seriously and is not supporting the other Powers in the note which is being prepared for presentation to China, demanding reparation and guarantees for the future, and it encourages them in the expectation that they can bluff the Powers into dropping the case altogether.

"The American Legation here has no information suggesting that the telegram correctly indicates the attitude of the American Government. All the legations, in fact, appear to believe that the American Government has been sympathetically considering the proposals under discussion with a view to common action by all the powers interested."

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GEDDES REPORTS ON DRY LAW HERE

Its Effect on After-War Recovery Is Impossible to Estimate, Envoy Tells London.

RECOUNTS RIVAL CLAIMS

Smuggling and Moonshining Are Extensive, but Rural Parts Are Fairly Dry, He Says.

LONDON, July 16.—The Government today published an official paper embodying a memorandum by Sir Auckland Geddes, the Ambassador at Washington, on the effects of prohibition in the United States. Reporting the claims made in America of economic benefits, increased wages, heavier savings bank deposits, &c., the memorandum says:

"So many other factors have contributed to restore economic conditions since the war that it is almost impossible to form any estimate of the extent to which prohibition has contributed to this recovery or otherwise."

Sir Auckland says prohibition, on the whole, has been effective in the rural districts and in the smaller towns throughout the country, but has been less effective on the Eastern seaboard and in the vicinity of the Great Lakes, where powerful organizations of liquor smugglers have succeeded in effecting a regular traffic in imported intoxicants.

Large quantities of home-made liquor also have been brewed, the memorandum sets forth, but it has proved to be poisonous in many cases, and the practice is reported to be on the decrease.

Referring to economic effects, the memorandum says that since the adoption of prohibition a marked increase, which is computed at 40 per cent., has taken place in the amount of savings bank deposits.

The supporters of prohibition in the United States, it adds, claim that the average wage earner now has considerably more money to spend on the education of his children, on furnishing his home, and on dress, sports and amusements.

According to the Association against the Prohibition Amendment, many Americans who formerly drank little or nothing now conform, says the memorandum, to the "fashionable habit" at social gatherings of carrying small pocket flasks of home brew or imported spirits.

In a letter to Lord Curzon, the Foreign Secretary, accompanying his memorandum, which is dated June 29, the Ambassador alludes to the difficulty of obtaining reliable statistics and the inevitable divergence between the figures furnished respectively by the supporters and opponents of prohibition. He explains that his memorandum is based on statistics supplied by the opposing section as well as by the Federal prohibition authorities.

The memorandum opens with details as to the existing prohibition legislation and includes a number of tables under the headings "Consumption of Intoxicating Liquors," "Arrests for Drunkenness," "Deaths from Alcoholism" and "The Effect on Crime," as furnished respectively by the Anti-Saloon League, the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment and the Federal prohibition unit of the Treasury Department.

Apart from these tables and reports, the memorandum is exceedingly brief and includes virtually no expression of opinion.

WILL ASK CONGRESS FOR 12-MILE LIMIT

Senator Sterling Says He Will Seek Action Unless Hughes Negotiates a Treaty.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Congress is powerless, in the opinion of Senator Sterling, Republican, of South Dakota, one of the dry leaders in the Senate, to lift the ban on the carrying of liquor on foreign ships within American territorial waters, but it has ample authority to give Government craft the right to search and seize liquor runners twelve miles from shore.

Senator Sterling announced today that he would revive his bill to establish a twelve-mile prohibition enforcement limit at the next session if the State Department meantime does not negotiate a treaty to that end with maritime powers. At the same time, however, he expressed the opinion that no relief can be extended through legislation amending the prohibition enforcement laws to foreign shipping companies forbidden by the recent Supreme Court decision to bring liquors within the American three-mile limit.

"The Supreme Court based its decision on the constitutional amendment itself, and not on any act of Congress to enforce it," Senator Sterling declared. "The only avenue open to change or in any way to modify the sweep of the decision must therefore be by the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. In my judgment, any such action is of such a remote contingency that it need not be considered. It is a situation which we cannot affect by legislation."

The South Dakota Senator predicted that an attempt would be made to put through a law prohibiting American vessels from having intoxicating liquors aboard while on the high seas.

DOCTORS OPPOSE DRY LIMIT

They Indorse Judge Bourquin's Decision, Pussy Declares.

CHICAGO, July 16.—The recent decision of Federal Judge Bourquin, at Helena, Mont., holding unconstitutional that portion of the Volstead act limiting the quantity of alcoholic liquor that may be prescribed by a physician, is "absolutely correct" and will have the endorsement of the American medical profession, according to a statement made by Dr. William Allen Pusey, president of the American Medical Association, here today.

"Medicine is a science," said Dr. Pusey, "and if alcohol is a medicine it is as illogical for a law-making body to say how it shall be used as for such a body to attempt to regulate the use of quinine or any other medicine. I believe that the Montana decision is very important, and that the body of the American medical profession, regardless of years or any personal sentiment, will agree with Judge Bourquin's holding.

J. L. LAWR HELD IN SEATTLE.

New Yorker Is Accused of Violating Michigan Blue Sky Law.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, July 16.—J. L. Lawr, Vice President and General Manager of the Bankers Endorsement Company, 141 Broadway, New York, is under arrest at Seattle on a warrant charging violation of the Michigan Blue Sky law, according to information received from the Pacific Coast city today by the Detroit police. A warrant for the arrest of Edward F. Gulligan, Secretary and Treasurer of the company, on the same charge, has been issued.

James Quinn and Charles Isaacs, detectives in charge of an investigation of the operations of Lawr and Gulligan here, said today that while a complete check has not been possible, it seems likely that investments in the New York company by Detroiters will total $100,000. The warrants charge Lawr and Gulligan sold stock of the Bankers' Endorsement Company which had not been approved by the Michigan Securities Commission.

According to the police, investors were told the Bankers' Endorsement Company was formed to insure banks against the death of borrowers before loans were paid. Lawr plans to fight extradition, according to the Seattle police.

SUES OIL PROMOTER.

Mrs. Jane D. Lenz Seeks Divorce—He Says He Already Has One.

Supreme Court Justice Mullan granted $50 a week alimony yesterday to Mrs. Jane D. Lenz in a suit against Charles E. V. Lenz, an oil promoter, for divorce. She asked for $200 a week and for $5,000 counsel fees for her attorney, Max D. Steuer, but the Court awarded only $250 counsel fee. Mr. Lenz declared that he is "down and out because drilling operations in Texas failed."

Mrs. Lenz names Elizabeth Letcher, with whom she alleges her husband lived as his wife at the Plaza Hotel and elsewhere. Lenz alleges that he divorced the plaintiff on Dec. 8 last in Union County, Arkansas, and married Miss Letcher, who, he says, paid for their honeymoon to Florida during the Winter. Mrs. Lenz contends that the divorce her husband got from her is not binding here. She declared that she lived with Lenz at the rate of $20,000 a year, and that he got $25,000 commissions on one oil promotion, but he denied it.

HONOR BISHOP OSTENFELD.

Farewell Dinner for Head of Lutheran Church in Denmark.

The Right Rev. Harold Ostenfeld, Primas of Denmark and Bishop of the Diocese of Shaelland and his wife, who live in Copenhagen, were guests of honor last evening at a farewell dinner in the Hotel Astor. They sail for home tomorrow.

The hosts were the executives of the National Lutheran Council and the United Lutheran Church in America. The toastmaster was the Rev. Dr. Frederick H. Knubel, President of the United Lutheran Church of America. There were speeches by the Rev. Dr. John A. Moorehead, executive director of the National Lutheran Church; the Rev. Dr. the G. G. Scherer, its secretary, and the Rev. Dr. Frederick Lynch, General Secretary of the Church Peace Society.

The Bishop told of his pride in the work of the Lutheran Church, of which he is the highest officer in Denmark.

RIOT SQUAD TO GO TO CAMP.

Police Will Test New Machine Guns and Tear Gas Bombs.

Five hundred members of the police riot squad, men picked for physical prowess, will go next month to Tannersville, N. Y., where they will have two weeks' training at the city's expense.

The squad will be taken to camp in two quotas of 250 men each. Companies A and B will leave on Aug. 3 and Companies C and D will follow in two weeks. The men will be trained in the use of the new Thompson sub-machine guns, which can shoot 100 bullets in six seconds.

The new tear gas bombs will be tested as to their effectiveness in handling mobs. Some of the policemen will be asked to volunteer to undergo the effects of the gas.

Offers Roosevelt Museum Site.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 16.—At its meeting tonight the Albany Common Council adopted unanimously a resolution presenting to New York State Sheridan Park as a site for a Roosevelt Memorial Museum. It is expected that the Roosevelt Commission will confer soon with Governor Smith regarding the question of a permanent site and that the Governor's views in the matter will carry much weight.

ANDERSON DEMANDS INQUIRY ON BANTON

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

trict Attorney, but over here I am not, and you are talk more freely."

"(4) Did you not, Mr. Banton, also say to Mrs. Phillips in material substance, 'tell Berlman I will go to bat for him, and then, after a little reflection, presumably leaving out over the top of the city prison, further say 'If I put Anderson out of business it will make me Governor?'

"(5) Is it not true, Mr. Banton, that you, in the location which you said divested you of your District Attorneyship, were a eager candidate in substance promised without hearing my side of the case that you, after you got back into your chair and became District Attorney again, would railroad this proposition, and

"(6) Is it not true, Mr. Banton, that after Phillips had in writing released the league and any person employed by it from all claims whatsoever including these claims which are the backbone of your revived case, thereby establishing Phillips's own admission that there was no merit in these claims, you still insisted that he go through with it?

"7. Mr. Banton, Mr. Pecora, your chief assistant, said explicitly that he had urged to quit, but that you persuaded him to stay. Was the inducement a promise to appoint him District Attorney after you became Governor, provided he put this job across for you?

Promises More Statements.

"Further, in the supplemental statements to be given out from time to time, I shall indicate a little more of what I am prepared to show the Attorney General, or the Governor's investigator, about Mr. Banton's refusal to prosecute the leader of a vast organization when he was offered direct evidence of outright crime, although he has spent tens of thousands of dollars of the taxpayers' money and an enormous amount of time while real criminals were going unwhipped of justice to find, if not manufacture a crime to hang on the leader of the dry forces. And some other things.

"I shall, of course, refuse to give Mr. Banton a chance to juggle with the testimony, smother the charges and intimidate the witnesses by whom I expect to show these things that will prove his scandalous disregard for the rudiments of common decency, if not gross malfeasance in office.

"Therefore, I have today dispatched to Governor Smith by registered mail a formal communication which I shall give to the press at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, praying that he appoint the Attorney General, or somebody else, to give an open hearing of what I have to offer and expect to ask for such action in the premises as he may consider wise.

"Further, since it is possible that a man capable of doing what I am prepared to show Mr. Banton has done, may not realize the impropriety of his proceeding further either personally or by any of his assistants in the effort to get before the grand jury late returning an indictment against me, or since it is possible that, realizing the impropriety, he may still try to drive ahead, believing that to be his only possible hope of breaking the force of what I have to say, I am requesting the Governor that he will problems pose to consider the advisability of summarily removing Mr. Banton and any and all of his staff from further charge of this particular proceeding.

"I am pointing out to the Governor that I thus hereby now publicly, freely and cheerfully absolve him from the slightest complicity in the grinding of this particular personal axe of Mr. Banton's, or of any responsibility for this despicable plot, but that after my offer to prove these things he cannot allow this matter to go further against me without sharing the responsibility."

Banton Challenges Anderson.

When District Attorney Banton had read Anderson's letter he said:

"This stuff is about as true as Anderson's letter of Dec. 29, when he said that Raymond Fosdick and I were conspiring against him. I had met Mr. Fosdick casually a year before at a dinner in the City Club. I remembered him because I had known of him as Commissioner of Accounts in the Mitchel administration.

"I challenge Anderson to give me the name of any man whom I refused to prosecute. The statement that I refused to prosecute the leader of a vast organization is an absolutely unqualified falsehood. I can't imagine what is in this man Anderson's mind. If I were guilty of failing to prosecute anybody on proper evidence, I would be guilty of malfeasance in office and the Governor should remove me.

"It is just such dirty insinuations as these that make public office in New York the most disagreeable thing in the world. I won't let Anderson or anybody else get away with such stuff as this. He has to prove that statement. I'll get him some way to prove that. He's got to come out in the open.

"This whole thing makes me think of a cuttlefish muddying the waters to hide its own presence. I challenge Anderson to present any such evidence to the Governor. He knows, and everybody else knows, it is an absolute slander and a falsehood. Anderson seeks to have the Governor stop me from presenting the case against him to the Grand Jury. That's the whole thing. He wants the Governor to supersede me in the handling of this investigation. That's what he is trying to say. He wants this present Grand Jury inquiry halted when it is about completed.

"This is the most disgusting pit of stuff I have ever seen in my life. It is true that I have known Mrs. Phillips for many years. That is the only truthful statement Anderson has made in this thing. I knew her father, the late Rev. Joseph S. Clever, who for many years was pastor of the Central Church of the Disciples of Christ, 143 West Eighty-first Street, of which I was a member. Her name was Abby Clever.

Tells of Talk With Woman.

"Mrs. Phillips did call on me at my office regarding her husband's complaint against Anderson, about three weeks before the Democratic State Convention at Syracuse last year. She called after her husband had formally filed his complaint. The conversation we had wasn't like that quoted by Anderson in his statement. On the contrary, I told Mrs. Phillips that I would not press the complaint against Anderson at that time because I felt that any public official who uses his office for his own political advantage is too contemptible for the notice of decent people. I also told her that if Phillips were to press the complaint at that time it would look like a bid on my part for the Democratic convention's recognition. I would not do anything that would have that appearance.

"I did say to Mrs. Phillips that if I should ever have the complaint against Anderson before the convention, and he should be indicted, it might stampede the convention for me for Governor. That is the reason I refused to proceed with the prosecution at that time.

"Anderson's statement in his fifth question is without the slightest foundation. I don't know of any position that would divest me of my District Attorneyship. His question is amusing. Nothing of the kind ever happened. I have not railroaded anybody, and will not permit anybody to be railroaded while I am District Attorney. If the Grand Jury returns an indictment against Anderson he will receive a fair trial at my hands.

"I did not insist that Phillips go on with this case. When he first came to me with his charges I told him to think them over carefully and then determine if he wished to go on with the prosecution. He came back later, said he wanted to proceed with the case and I introduced him to Mr. Pecora.

"Answering Anderson's seventh question, I will say that it is true that Mr. Pecora had an advantageous offer to go into private practice about Jan. 1 of this year and that I asked him to continue a while longer in my office. The Anderson case had nothing to do with my request. Furthermore, at that time another election was two years off.

"One of the amusing things in Anderson's statement is his talk about my becoming Governor. I don't think it is in the book of fate that I will ever sit in the Governor's chair. At least, I have no ambition for the position. My present inclination is that I have had enough of public office. You pay too big a price for the return it gives. Your motives are always questioned. If you don't prosecute, some powerful influence has been kept from it, and if you do, some powerful influence has compelled you to act.

"There is no power strong enough to make me prosecute a man I think is innocent. Nor is there any power great enough to prevent me from prosecuting a man I think is guilty."

Told Anderson of Delay.

The prosecutor then referred to an exchange of letters between Anderson and himself last September, in which, Mr. Banton said, he informed the league superintendent that he had held up the presentation of Phillips's complaint to the Grand Jury because he did not want to have it appear that he was doing so for effect in the forthcoming election. He said that Anderson's letter in reply, which he would make public with other correspondence from the dry leader today, complimented him for his action.

"I held up the prosecution in this case until after election so that it would not appear that the matter had the slightest tinge of politics," the prosecutor said. "And what is more, not a single leader of any political party ever spoke to me about this matter. Several curious persons have asked me at gatherings and other places about how the case was coming on, but that was all."

The Grand Jury was expected to renew its investigation today.

Governor Hears Received Letter.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16.—Governor Smith said he had not received a letter from Superintendent William H. Anderson of the Anti-Saloon League, asking for an investigation of District Attorney Banton's office and charging that the present Grand Jury proceedings were the result of a conspiracy to discredit him.

"Any comment to make on it?" the Governor was asked.

"No, not a comment," said the Governor, with a smile.

'IZZY' AND 'MOE' GO FISHING ON SUNDAY

Make Two Raids and Seize Large Quantity of Liquor on Long Island.

CHINESE RECORD BROKEN

First of Race to Face Charge of Intoxication Here Is Sent to Jail.

Dressed as fishermen, "Izzy" Einstein and "Moe" Smith visited the Silver Wave Hotel at Freeport, L. I., Sunday and made arrangements to take out a boat with full equipment for fishing. This included a quantity of whisky, which they charge Otto St. George, proprietor of the hotel, sold them. They arrested St. George and seized a considerable quantity of whisky, wine, champagne and beer in the place.

The two agents then called at the Sea Breeze Hotel and fishing station at Freeport, and after buying liquor they arrested John Werzinger, the bartender, and left a summons for the proprietor, Herman F. Marachner. They were held yesterday by United States Commissioner Hennessey in Brooklyn in $1,000 bail each on charges of violating the Volstead act.

Agents from the office of Joseph B. Green, in charge of Federal prohibition enforcement in Brooklyn, visited North Beach, Astoria and several places on Flushing Bay, making twelve arrests.

For the first time in the history of the Essex Market Court a Chinese charged with intoxication was examined and sentenced to five days in jail yesterday. Essex Market is the oldest police court in Manhattan, having been in operation more than a century. The authenticity of the record was vouched for by Clerk Arthur Codding.

Ching Song, 38 years old, of 44 Allen Street, was arrested by Patrolman Ricco Spota of the Clinton Street Station, who on Sunday night chanced to be on Allen Street. A big chair shattered on the sidewalk at his feet, he said, and he jumped to one side in time to dodge a sofa. This was followed by a shower of dishes, pots, pans and kettles. Spota looked up and saw a piano coming through one of the front windows of Song's apartment. He went up the steps several at a time and saved the piano, he said.

The Piccadilly Restaurant at 121 West Forty-fifth Street, was raided by Federal agents, who went there with a search warrant Sunday and found a dozen bottles of liquor. They arrested John Sterba, a waiter, and Edward Sheehan, the manager.

Detectives from the office of the Essex County Prosecutor and local police early yesterday raided the Palais Royal, a fashionable dancehall at 825 Frelinghuysen Avenue, Newark, arresting eleven women and twenty-nine men, including William Catlino, the proprietor, who was held in $1,000 bail. The others were held in $500 bail each.

DIES IN FLAMING OIL.

Driver of Truck, Struck by Train, Is Pinned In Seat—Passengers Endangered.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., July 16.—Martie Victory, driver of a gasoline truck, was burned to death today by flaming gasoline after the truck had been struck by an express train at a grade crossing near the Reading Railway station.

Firemen had a struggle to keep the flames from destroying the train and spreading to near-by buildings. The engineer, his clothing ablaze, leaped from his cab after bringing the train to a halt and passengers were forced to jump across burning pools of oil to get out.

The locomotive caught the truck, which had a capacity of 700 gallons, square in the middle and carried it down the track for 200 feet, pouring gasoline out as the wreckage was dragged along. Victory, pinned in the driver's seat, was burned beyond recognition.

Inoculate Against Measles.

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PARIS, July 15.—A successful inoculation against measles was announced and explained at the French Academy of Sciences this evening by Dr. Roux of the Pasteur Institute. The inoculation of infants has been successful over a period of a year of experiments, quietly performed by Pasteur Institute specialists. The Academy acclaimed the discovery, which is declared most important against infant mortality.

1,774 TO SAIL HERE ON LEVIATHAN TODAY

Inquiry on Liner's Liquor Promised in Commons—25 Desertion Cases Adjourned.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 16.—The Leviathan starts tomorrow on her first homeward trip. Considering that the tide of travel is still eastward, the officials of the United States Lines are well satisfied with the bookings. They expect to carry about 350 first-class, 120 second-class and 704 third-class passengers.

Among those sailing in the Leviathan are Vincent Astor, Senator Hiram Johnson, Albert D. Lasker, the retiring Chairman of the Shipping Board; F. W. Gibbs, who reconditioned the Leviathan; Mark Sullivan, Admiral Long and Jascha Heifetz, the violinist.

Officials of the steamship company, asked how much liquor would be aboard the liner, merely smiled and suggested that inquiries had better be addressed to the passengers.

Ronald McNeill, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying in Commons to Sir W. Davison, said that he had no information as to the allegation that the Leviathan had in breach of the American Municipal law, contracted in Great Britain to take on board large stores of spirituous liquors for consumption on the return journey to the United States so that she would not be handicapped in competing for passengers with British ships; but that he would make inquiries on that point.

It would not, however, be a breach of American Municipal law, so far as he was aware, for an American ship to carry spirituous liquor obtained in England, for consumption on the high seas.

SOUTHAMPTON, July 16 (Associated Press).—The cases against more than a score of the crew of the American steamship Leviathan, summoned in Police Court today on charges of deserting other ships, were adjourned sine die. No decisions was reached as to the method of dealing with them.

The men were accused of deserting the Ecrevaguia, Aquitania, Olympic, Mauretania, Megantic, Homeric and other vessels.

Fireman Courtney, alleged to have deserted the Aquitania, proved that he had never been on the ship.

The prosecuting solicitor said the proceedings were not instituted to embarrass the United States Lines, but with a view to vindicating the rights of British shipping companies to maintain discipline aboard their own vessels.

The Cunard Line has lost 900 men by desertions in four months and the White Star 500 men.

DEFIES STRIKE INJUNCTION.

Union Chief Says Daugherty Aligns Administration Against Labor.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 16.—The permanent injunction granted in Chicago last week against the shopmen will have no effect, in the opinion of D. B. Robertson, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. In a formal statement, taking issue with Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty's claim that the injunction would prevent "extensive strikes tying up interstate commerce," Mr. Robertson said today:

"There is no law prohibiting railroad employes from peacefully withdrawing from service and engaging in a legal strike.

"Mr. Daugherty also says that no strike can be conducted with violence or vandalism under the injunction. We have never conducted a strike with violence and vandalism, nor shall we.

"A statement made by the Attorney General in filing application for the temporary injunction indicated beyond all doubt that, in addition to the matter of law enforcement, the Administration, or at least the Department of Justice, has aligned itself on the side of the railroads in an effort to assist in establishing the 'open shop.'"

Mr. Daugherty's statement is looked upon as solidifying the sentiment of brotherhood members against the present Administration's attitude toward labor.

A conference is to be held in New York late this month, Mr. Robertson said, to perfect a political organization in that State. It was stated that Warren S. Stone, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, will attend.

The railroad labor workers have been busy in Minnesota in favor of Magnus Johnson, the Farmer-Labor candidate, against Governor Preus, according to Mr. Robertson.

BRICKLAYERS AGREE TO FINISH SCHOOLS

Union Pledges Itself to Furnish Necessary Men Following Appeal by the Mayor.

LEADERS SIGN UP FOR WORK

A. J. Fogarty Among Those Who Accept Proposal of Member to Take Job.

The Bricklayers' Union of Greater New York pledged itself last night to furnish the bricklayers needed to finish the new school buildings on which construction has come to a standstill because of a shortage of workmen. They gave their promise at a mass-meeting of bricklayers at the 71st Regiment Armory, arranged by William J. Flynn, Public Works Commissioner of the Bronx and Chairman of Mayor Hylan's Committee on School Construction, so that Mayor Hylan might have an opportunity to appeal to the bricklayers to work on school buildings as a matter of public duty.

The Mayor attacked the traction companies, told how the city planned to spend $35,000,000 for buses if the Legislature would approve, assailed the newspapers that criticised his administration, blamed "the Rockefeller-Gary crowd," also "Wall Street bankers" for the school building shortage and, finally, made a brief appeal to the bricklayers to help finish the schools under way. He said he could appeal to them because they were sympathetic, and in that respect unlike the powerful men of finance who thought only of making money.

Commissioner Flynn told the men that it was the city which, with its $12 agreement, representing a $2 a day increase, had forced the bricklayers' wage scale up generally, but he reminded the union men that the city signed the $12 agreement only after the union representatives had agreed to furnish the men needed on the schools.

"Yes, I told them the union would furnish the men when we signed that agreement," said A. J. Fogarty, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Bricklayers' Union of Greater New York. "We haven't furnished the men yet, and I've been put in the position of one who must say, I'll have to take it back. I'm here tonight as one who comes on a pass unless you furnish the men that are needed to finish those schools."

One of the members of the union arose and suggested that he knew a way to get the signatures of the 350 men needed on the public schools.

Let the Chairman of the union sign his name to go to work, and let the chairmen of the five different locals sign their names, and all the members of the Executive Committee of the union, and when they have agreed to go to work on the school buildings, then the union will follow suit," he said.

"Here goes, boys," shouted Mr. Fogarty as he put his signature to the list of those promising to help rush the school jobs.

Every other union representative present signed the pledge and when the total of the officials and members was counted it was 58.

Mayor Hylan charged that "the Rockefeller-Gary interests" and "the Wall Street crowd" had foisted the "pay as you go" system over on the people, and that the statute was amended following a request to the Governor by the Mayor and the Board of Education, so that the city was enabled to build schools with funds derived from issuance of long-term bonds.

"If we had not appealed to Governor Smith to amend that pay as you go law you wouldn't have had a bricklayer laying bricks on a public school in New York City today," said the Mayor.

PLUMBERS' HELPERS STRIKE

New York Central Grants Pay Rise to 20,000 in Shops.

In an effort to get a uniform wage scale of $6 a day from the Master Plumbers' Association, 300 members of the recently organized United Plumbers' Helpers Union of Greater New York went on strike yesterday. The strikers, who have been receiving from $5.40 to $4.80 a day, established headquarters at 228 East Eighty-sixth Street.

An increase of 3 cents an hour for all mechanics, helpers and apprentices in the shops affected, effective as of July 1, 1923, was granted yesterday to approximately 30,000 men by the New York Central Railroad Company, concluding negotiations between railroad officials and representatives of System Federation No. 108.

LAST N. C. O. OF BALAKLAVA.

Troop Sergeant Major Still Lives at 92—One of the "600."

LONDON, July 16.—Only one non-commissioned officer of the "Noble Six Hundred" of the famous charge of the Light Brigade is now living, and he has reached the advanced age of 92.

He is Edwin Hughes, Troop Sergeant Major of the 13th Hussars, and is the only person now receiving aid from the Balaklava Fund, which was organized shortly after the Crimean War to support the widows and children of the non-commissioned officers and to provide old-age pensions for the officers.

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DUVEEN ANSWERS SUIT OVER STATUE

Declares He Still Believes That "Virgin and Child" Is Not Genuine.

DENIES ATTACKING DEMOTTE

First Suspicion of Authenticity of Art Work Raised by Plaintiff, He Asserts.

An answer was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Sir Joseph Duveen, head of Duveen Brothers, Fifth Avenue art dealers, in the suit brought against him by George Joseph DeMotte for $500,000 damages, on the ground of alleged false statements made by Sir Joseph to Theodore Hetzler, President of the Fifth Avenue Bank and others concerning the authenticity of the "Virgin and Child," as a Champlevé enamel bronze figure dating from the thirteenth century and purporting to have been made at Limoges.

The answer filed by Stanchfield and Levy alleges that the statements made for which the suit was brought were true, and asserts that Sir Joseph Duveen still believes that the "Virgin and Child" now held by the estate of Michael Dreicer, the Fifth Avenue jeweler, is not genuine. He contends that some of the statements as he made were caused by the efforts of DeMotte himself to induce Sir Joseph to change his opinion given to Mr. Hetzler, who was interested because the Fifth Avenue Bank is executor under Mr. Dreicer's will. He also asserts that the suspicion of Mr. Hetzler was first aroused by a letter he received from DeMotte.

Sir Joseph alleges in his answer that after the suit was brought against him by Mr. DeMotte he received a letter from Mr. Hetzler, on May 15 last, in which Mr. Hetzler denied that any of the statements made to him by Sir Joseph were derogatory to DeMotte personally. Mr. Hetzler wrote that when his bank began to investigate the enamel, he was anxious to obtain expert opinion on the "Virgin and Child" as a work of art. He states that he went to Sir Joseph as "one of the most qualified to give advice." Mr. Hetzler wrote further:

Considered DeMotte Honest.

"At first you hesitated to express your judgment, but at our earnest solicitation and after making an examination, you told us that you did not regard the 'Virgin and Child' as a Champlevé enamel from Limoges of the thirteenth century. In all conversations, you always said to us that you considered Mr. DeMotte an honest man, but believed that in this case he had been imposed upon, and you never made any remarks to us reflecting on Mr. DeMotte's character or integrity."

Sir Joseph asserts as a separate defense that in February, 1921, Mr. DeMotte sold the enamel in question to Michael Dreicer, who died July 24 of that year. In about January, 1922, Mr. Metzler, who was in charge of the estate, received information which led him to believe that the enamel was not genuine. Sir Joseph alleges that this information came from a letter written by DeMotte to A. Lindon, Mr. Dreicer's representative at Brussels. This letter refers to a telephone conversation between Lindon and Mr. DeMotte, and refers to an attack on one Manheim, to whom Mr. DeMotte wrote, he had spoken concerning the statue, and wrote that Manheim was "an expert notoriously known for his lack of knowledge."

The DeMotte letter referred to stated that Mr. Lindon should inquire of a number of men he mentioned including Migeon and Vasselot, curators of the Louvre Museum and three merchants, Jacques Seligmann, Stora and Edouard Larcade. DeMotte also referred Lindon to the director of the National Galleries in London and the curator of the South Kensington Museum. The De Motte letter concluded:

"I will also add that if the statue should prove false, I oblige myself in an absolute manner to pay to Driecer the sum of one half million francs as indemnity."

Sir Joseph's answer states further that M. Larcade referred to had already told a representative of Mr. Hetzler that he thought the "Virgin and Child" was not genuine. The answer asserts that Sir Joseph has been in the art business for thirty-five years, has studied all the great art objects in European galleries, and considers himself qualified to say whether an art object is genuine or not. He states that his opinion remains the same as when it was first given in January, 1922, and "he still believes it is a modern thing."

The complaint in Mr. De Motte's suit was amended, after it was originally filed, to include allegations of damage due to the fact that on the day the suit was made public Sir Joseph gave out a statement in which he discussed the "Virgin and Child." In his answer Sir Joseph contends that DeMotte's attorneys had made public a copy of the complaint and that the newspapers were authorized by the plaintiff to make the publications of which complaint is made in the amended answer.

DISCUSS RECENT DROP OF OUR FARM EXPORTS

Experts' Commission Report to Hoover on the Trend of European Purchases.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—In view of the controversy over the possible decline in the export of wheat and other foodstuffs to Europe, a preliminary report, made public today by the Department of Commerce, on exports of farm products to Europe, was received with interest. The report was the work of a board of experts named by the Secretary.

Among other things it shows that the industrial sections of Europe, which are the great market for our products, took a relatively larger proportion of these commodities in recent years than it did before the war, but indicates, in all cases except France, also a decrease in 1922 as compared with 1921.

Statistics of exports to Great Britain, Germany, France, Netherlands, Italy and Belgium show that, whereas for the five years before the war exports of agricultural products to these countries formed 66 per cent. of all domestic merchandise exported, the farm products in 1922 composed 72 per cent. of the exports. The percentage in 1921 was 77 per cent.

The value of agricultural products exported in five prewar years averaged $601,000,000. In 1920, a year of inflated prices, the total was $2,340,000,000. It shrank to $1,469,000,000 in 1921 and to $1,297,000,000 in 1922.

How Exports Were Distributed.

"During the prewar years," says the report, "agricultural products formed 60 per cent. of our total exports to the United Kingdom, 67 per cent. to Germany, 68 per cent¼ to Italy, 62 per cent. to France, 58 per cent. to Belgium and 46 per cent. to the Netherlands, or a total to the six countries equal to 66 per cent. of all domestic exports. With the exception of France, each of these countries shows a much higher relative proportion of agricultural products to total exports during the last three years.

"Thus, in 1921, agricultural exports formed 73 per cent. of our total exports to the United Kingdom. In 1922 this proportion fell to 70 per cent., or approximately the prewar level. In the case of Germany agricultural products formed 84 per cent. of the total in 1921, and 78 per cent. in 1922, compared with 67 per cent. before the war.

"Of our exports to the Netherlands, 81 per cent. were agricultural products in 1921 and 78 per cent. in 1922, whereas, before the war, our exports to the Netherlands were made up of agricultural products to the extent of only 46 per cent.

"Likewise in the figures for Italy 82 per cent. of the total exports in 1921 were agricultural products and 79 per cent. in 1922, compared with 68 per cent. before the war.

"Belgium took 77 per cent. of her imports from us in the form of agricultural products in 1921 and 68 per cent. in 1922, compared with 68 per cent. before the war.

"The figures for the total to these six countries show a significant increase in the proportion of agricultural exports to the total in the last two years. In 1921 agricultural products formed 77 per cent. of all exports to these six countries, and in 1922 the percentage dropped to 72, compared with 66 per cent. prewar."

LEPER IN CAPITAL ON HIS 4TH ESCAPE

John R. Early, Over Whom Medical Men Disputed for Years, Visits Old Haunts.

TOURS HALF THE COUNTRY

And Then Calls on Health Authorities, Who Order Him Back to Louisiana Home.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—John Early, the leper, is in Washington again.

After spending thirty-six hours in the city, unknown to any one, he walked into the offices of the Health Department this afternoon and asked to see his "old friend," Dr. William C. Fowler.

That official was at luncheon when Chief Clerk Cole telephoned him that Early was waiting to see him.

Although John has made a practice of coming back to the national capital at intervals since he first became a Health Department patient fifteen years ago, Dr. Fowler was surprised when he learned Early had returned a fourth time.

After chatting over old times with the Health Officer, Early was taken to the District Quarantine Station out on the Eastern Branch, not far from the little house in which he lived as a charge of the District Government more than a decade ago.

Within a few moments after he had made John comfortable at the Quarantine Station, Dr. Fowler took the initial steps with the Public Health Service to have the man taken back to the National Leprosy Sanitarium at Carville, La., from which he departed on a jaunt around the country on June 27.

According to Dr. Fowler, Early arrived in Washington from the West late Saturday night and obtained a room at a downtown hotel. His presence in the city did not become known until he sauntered into the Health Office this afternoon.

Dr. Fowler said he asked Early where he had been since he left the leprosarium three weeks ago, and Early replied that he had visited Chattanooga, Tenn.; Asheville, N. C.; his old tome in Tyron, N. C.; Chicago and Milwaukee, and back to Chicago before heading for Washington.

Although 15 years have passed since Early first came to the attention of the District authorities as a sufferer from leprosy, Dr. Fowler said this afternoon that the man looks better today than when he saw him last.

When Early's case first gained public attention some New York physicians expressed the belief that he did not have leprosy at all, but was suffering from a skin disease contracted in Southern pulp mills.

Doctors Divided on His Case.

John R. Early, formerly an American soldier, who was supposed to have contracted leprosy while in the army in the Philippines during the Spanish-American war, first came into prominence in 1908, when he was quarantined by the Washington health authorities for more than a year.

His case attracted the attention of Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley of the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, who interested himself in the unfortunate man and had him brought to New York and placed in a hospital here. Dr. Bulkley, after a thorough examination, declared that there was no justification for the charge that the man had leprosy. Early underwent an examination at that time by medical men, and declared that he suffered from nothing more than ash tree poisoning.

As a result of Dr. Bulkley's efforts in his behalf Early was declared not to be a leper and soon after established a home in Brooklyn with his wife. When, some time later, Dr. G. Armauer Hansen, a noted Norwegian physician who had examined a specimen of Early's skin, announced that he had found the bacillus of leprosy, Early's troubles began anew. Neighbors started an agitation that became so pronounced that Early and his wife moved to a small town in Connecticut.

When Early went back to Washington one day to draw back pay due him as a soldier, he was again taken in charge by the Washington authorities, but was finally permitted to come to New York for a second examination. He made the trip in a freight car. Dr. Bulkley again went to his aid and defended the man when his case came up for debate before the Society of Medical Jurisprudence in this city. A report that he was afflicted with the dread disease was rejected.

Early did not figure in the news again until February, 1915, when he was discovered to be living on a small ranch near Tacoma, Wash. It was stated that the county physician had investigated his case and that the authorities had decided to help him. He was quarantined on a small farm and was said to be living apart from his family. At that time he received a pension of $30 a month from the Government.

In 1914 Early escaped from a leper colony near Tacoma and turned up in Washington again, where he was living at a fashionable hotel under an assumed name. Again he was taken into custody by the health authorities and there were more examinations. For several years he was confined in a detention house on the outskirts of the city, but once more disappeared. A few days later he was located at the home of his brother, James Early, a shoemaker of Tryon, N. C. He remained at the place for some time, but eventually disappeared again.

MACHINE GUNS ENTER CATTLE DIPPING WAR

Federal Troops Guarding Tick Cure Vats in South Kill One of Dynamiters.

JACKSON, Miss., July 16.—Armed with machine guns and rifles, a Federal force has "dug in" in Amite County, where a "cattle dipping war" is in progress, according to reports reaching here.

Henry Pruick was shot and killed by officers when it was alleged he was attempting to blow up a dipping vat with dynamite.

Forty-eight vats have been blown up near Liberty during the last few weeks by unidentified persons.

Dr. Wilbur McPherson, agent with the Bureau of Animal Industry, announced today machine guns had been mounted to protect the remaining vats. The officers in charge have orders to protect life and property, he said.

Cattle dipping is a Federal requirement in fever-tick infested areas. Many stockmen refuse to dip their cattle, declaring some cattle are hurt while being bathed, cows are separated from their young, some swallow the solution and become sick and there is the expense and trouble of rounding up the cattle for the frequent plunges.

Stockmen refusing to obey the regulation are arrested and fined. Vat dynamiting is a frequent occurrence in the quarantined areas of the South.

Serbians Killed in Munitions Blast.

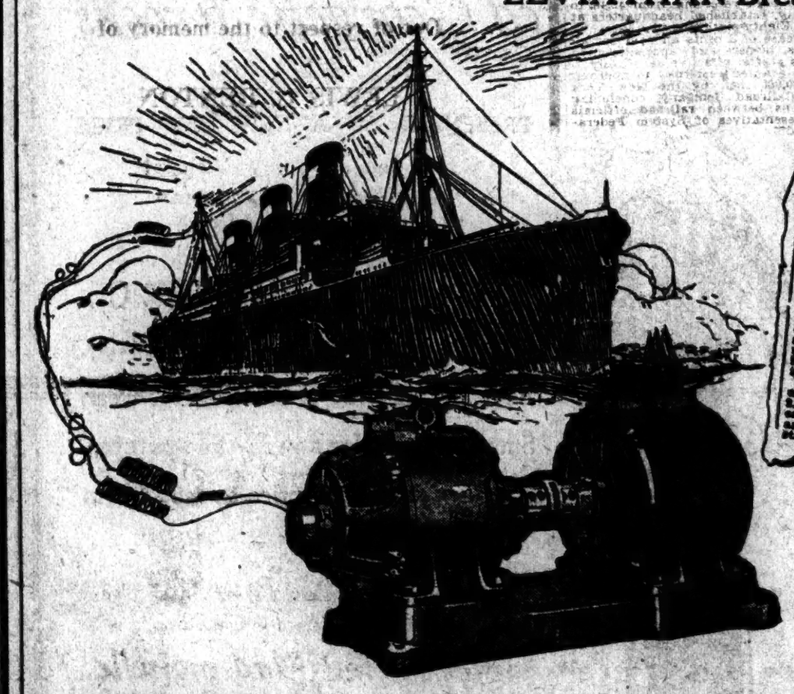
BELGRADE, July 16.—A number of persons are reported to have been killed and others injured, and considerable damage was caused to buildings through the explosion yesterday of a large depot of artillery ammunition at Kraguyvatz, sixty miles southeast of Belgrade. The disaster is believed to have been due to spontaneous combustion.

Steal $1,500 From Bank Vault.

Special to The New York Times.

MANASQUAN, N. J., July 16.—A $1,500 robbery was discovered this morning when John Hulsart, the cashier, entered the Manasquan National Bank. Some time Sunday night robbers had entered the storage vault by breaking a wired window. The money had been left for safe keeping over Sunday by several local stores.

LEVIATHAN Breaks 3 Radio Records



BROKE 3 RADIO RECORDS.

Leviathan Sent 18,000 Words Daily —Published Stories 1,000 Miles Away.

"The ship not only broke all previous wartime communication marks by transmitting 18,000 words a day to land from the shore, but managed to keep in constant touch with land radio stations 1,000 to 1,500 miles away, more the announcement. By means of the Navy's special transmitter on the Leviathan, which is designed to send messages on four different wave lengths by means of an automatic operating by means of an automatic wave-changing switch, it was possible to receive two different messages at the same time, one on each of two antennae—two for sending and two for receiving.

"The newly developed transmitter is said to be the most powerful ever placed on any vessel. Messages sent from the Leviathan are designed to be received by stations equipped with the latest receiving apparatus, which permits distant stations to receive messages at the rate of 200 words a minute. Messages from the Leviathan's antennae are sent out by the world wave—2,000 meters. The highest and the most powerful transmitting apparatus are used for the intermediate and for distant stations.

(New York Times, July 11, 1923)

CROCKER-WHEELER Motor Generator set for Radio Communication

LEVIATHAN—World's Greatest Steamship

Establishes Epoch Making Records Through

CROCKER-WHEELER Electrical Machinery

IT was no small compliment to the Crocker-Wheeler Company—the designers and creators of America's first commercial motors—that among the world's manufacturers of high-class electrical apparatus they were selected for the important work of building the electrical machines for the operation of the Leviathan's radio apparatus. Upon the successful and continuous operation of these machines depend not only the comfort and convenience of the passengers and crew but, in time of emergency, their very lives.

The extensive use of Crocker-Wheeler electrical machinery in the largest and most modernly equipped war vessels of the United States Navy and in America's leading industrial plants and the continuous and dependable performance of this apparatus under all conditions of service was, no doubt, the governing factor in the selection of this company to manufacture the electrical machinery required to operate the radio equipment on the world's greatest steamship.

Crocker-Wheeler experienced design and skilled craftsmanship, coupled with only the highest grade materials, are available to all America's industrial requirements for electric motors, generators, or motor-generators in standard or special types.

CROCKER-WHEELER COMPANY

Manufacturers of

Electric Motors, Generators and Motor Generators for Every Industrial and Commercial Use

Main Office and Works; AMPERE, N. J.

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, San Francisco, Birmingham, New Haven

Foreign Distributors: International Western Electric Company

Broadway Saks & Company At 34th Street

Offer the Following Suggestions On How To Be Comfortable Though Fashionable in the Very Hottest Weather

Fashion Prescribed Chiffon for Summer

And the reclining lady above followed the prescription by choosing this gossamer gown printed with glorified palm leaves in green, blue and orange on a ground of white. No sleeves—just a cool wisp of lace at each shoulder.

FOURTH FLOOR 45.00

It's Cool in the Shade

This charming parasol—from Japan—is now our full-fledged and fashionable fellow-citizen and may be seen any sunny Summer day shading our fairest frocks. Of oiled paper that will not be ruined by a shower.

1.00 1.50 2.50 3.00

STREET FLOOR

Briefest of Bathing Suits

After all, can there be anything smarter than this plain, well-tailored, one-piece suit of fine, black wool jersey—with a white belt and striped rubber bathing cap?

This suit boasts one unique feature—selvage hems. You can imagine how superior they are to the ordinary kind!

Suit 5.95

Belt 50c.

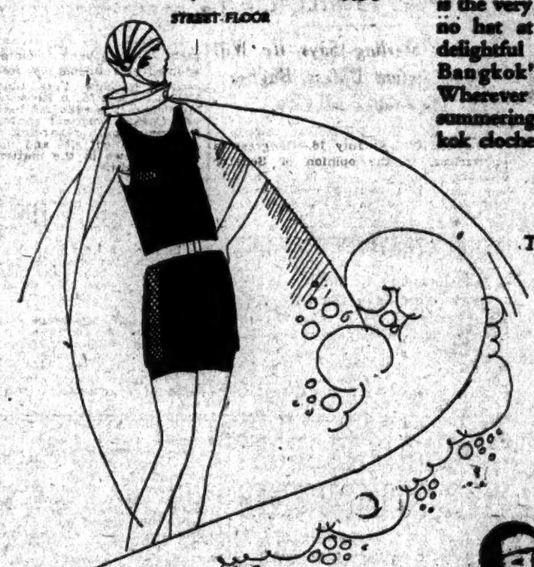
Cap 1.00

FOURTH FLOOR

The Day is as Cool as the Ankle

Therefore, wear sheer hose—the sheerer, the cooler! For a very warm day we recommend our 48 gauge, imported silk stockings, French clocked. They come in all manner of cool shades, and are reinforced for durability. A Pair 6.50

STREET FLOOR

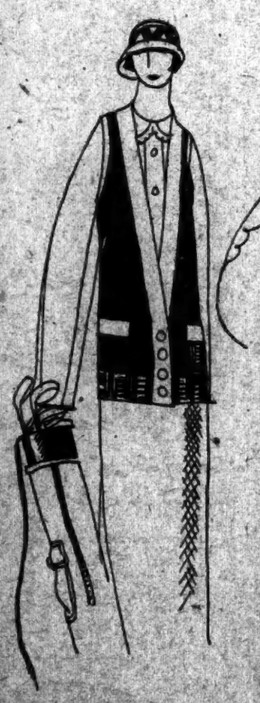


As Light as a Bangkok

Wearing a hat of Bangkok straw is the very next thing to wearing no hat at all—but the most delightful fact about it is that Bangkok's very fashionable! Wherever smart New York is summering, you will see this Bangkok cloche.

10.00

THIRD FLOOR



Keep Cool on the Green!

After studying the problem from every possible angle, we conclude that the coolest possible golf clothes consist of a light sport blouse and skirt, with this feather weight sleeveless sweater of fibre silk, a cool green—if becoming—or almost any color.

6.95

THIRD FLOOR

And at the Dance

Perfectly obvious—the value of keeping cool on such an occasion! And perfectly simple if one wears light chiffon. This dance frock arrives in the charming and unusual combination of Alice blue chiffon and soft gray lace over a pale pink slip.

35.00

SECOND FLOOR

Culver Plan

"For we that live to please must please to live." Samuel Johnson.

Under the Culver Plan we produce co-operative apartment houses to exactly meet your taste, requirements and pocketbook.

"Culver for cooperation."

Descriptive Booklet A on Request

JOINT-OWNERSHIP CONSTRUCTION CO. Incorporated

FREDERIC CULVER, President
342 MADISON AVE. NEW YORK.
Telephone MURRAY HILL 2190

Tappé
12 West 40

DRESSES
COATS
SUITS

Drastically Reduced for the First Time This Season

New apparel in the smartest modes. Tappe quality. Models for every occasion. Unusual Values.

DRESSES

formerly $25 and $35	Now	12.75
formerly $40 and $45	Now	17.50
formerly $50 and $60	Now	25.00
formerly $75 to $100	Now	45.00
formerly $100 to $150	Now	60.00
formerly $200 to $250	Now	125.00

SUITS

formerly up to $50	Now	25.00
formerly up to $75	Now	35.00
formerly up to $95	Now	50.00

COATS
$35 to $100
formerly $60 to $225

HATS · GOWNS

Refreshment Sets from $15.00 to $100.00

AN OVINGTON refreshment set comes pretty close to being an ideal gift. The only trouble is that after buying it, if you're the least bit selfish, —you'll be more apt to keep it than you are to give it away.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH ST.

SHOPPERS' COLUMN

Furniture

QUALITY FURNITURE
DIRECT FROM FACTORY DISTRIBUTERS
Odd pieces for every nook and corner. Suites for every room and every home. Wicker furniture for porch and sun parlor. At prices you cannot duplicate elsewhere. Catalog J mailed on request.
WESTERN FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS
320 Lexington Avenue
Between 33rd and 34th Sts.

Furs

Furs—Retail at Wholesale Prices.
44-inch Latest Model HUDSON SEAL COAT $275
Remodelling, Repairing, Expert Workmanship
CHAS. MOEWITZ, 21 West 30th. Est. 1862

Gowns

REBUILDER OF GOWNS
Creations made from your out-of-fashion frocks. Perfect workmanship. Prices reasonable.
ATALANTA HOMES, LTD.
37 West 46th St. Bryant 1441

Hats

All These Dainty Little Hand-Blocked FRENCH FELT HATS ARE $5 each, in all the best colors, at NAT BRENDER, 19 West 34th St.

FOR SALE.

Businesses are offered for sale every day in the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times—hotels, garages, restaurants and many other lines. Bank and business references required.—Advt.

MANILA CABINET OUT IN ROW ON GAMING

Mayor Fernandez Also Quits After Wood Reinstates Conley, Secret Service Raider.

CHARGES OF BRIBERY FAIL

Official Is Acquitted for the Third Time After Prosecution by Natives.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MANILA, July 16.—The Philippine Cabinet has resigned.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

MANILA, July 16.—Ramon Fernandez, Mayor of Manila, who was appointed by Governor General Leonard Wood, resigned today. The secretaries of all the Philippine departments have signed letters of resignation, according to Jaime C. Deveyra, Philippine Resident Commissioner at Washington, who is now here.

General Wood and a number of the Filipino members of the Government have been at odds for some time, the latter asserting that the Governor has been taking to himself too much authority.

The present crisis came to a head last Friday night. At that time Jose P. Laurel, Secretary of the Interior, resigned when General Wood reinstated Ray Conley, Chief of the Secret Service, who had been accused of bribery, despite the recommendation of Mr. Laurel.

Flurry Followed War on Gaming.

Aside from Secretary of the Interior Laurel the Administrative Department of the Governor General at Manila consists of the Vice Governor and Secretary of Public Instruction, Eugenio Gilmore; Commerce and Communication, Dioisio Janosalem; Justice, Florentino Torres, and Finance, Alberto.

Ray Conley's activities as the head of the Manila gambling squad brought him in conflict with local Filipino interests, and charges of bribery were brought against him. These charges were principally preferred by Mayor Fernandez and Manuel Quezon, President of the Philippine Senate.

Conley was twice tried and twice the charges were dismissed. When he was indicted for a third time through the efforts of Attorney General Villareal Governor General Wood ordered the Secretary of the Interior, J. P. Laurel, to reinstate him if he should be found innocent.

It is understood that this action was taken by General Wood after the Chief of Police, John Green, had conducted an investigation which was alleged to show that the charges were a "frame-up" by the gambling elements, which wanted Conley removed, as he had been successful in raiding their places. When, therefore, on July 7 Conley was acquitted for a third time, Laurel, obeying the orders of General Wood, reinstated him, although Quezon, according to an interview with him published in El Debate, had ordered him not to do so.

After the last acquittal Laurel and Fernandez filed new charges. Then Laurel resigned. The resignations of the other prosecutors, which have now taken place, were expected.

DUKE ESCAPES SENTENCE.

Judge Discharges Leinster, Who Violated British Bankruptcy Law.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 16.—The Duke of Leinster, who was found guilty of obtaining credit without disclosing the fact that he was an undischarged bankrupt, was brought up for judgment at the Old Bailey today. The recorder bound him over in his own recognizances in £250, and he was discharged.

When he was found guilty at the last session of the court, bail was refused the Duke pending today's decision, and he was lodged in Brixton Jail. The Recorder when sending him to prison said that he had to suffer no indignity. The radical papers suggested that the prisoner owed this recommendation to the fact that he was a Duke. The Recorder today remarked that the treatment meted out to the Duke was exactly the same as that of hundreds of others in similar cases. "We try everybody alike in these courts," he said. "Your offense was more an error of judgment than anything else. I treated you without fear or favor, as I treat everybody else."

LARKIN STARTS NEW STRIKE

He Is Believed to Be Behind Walkout on Irish Docks.

DUBLIN, July 16.—A strike on the docks of Irish Free State ports was begun today.

James Larkin, the Irish labor leader, recently deported from the United States, apparently is directing the operations of the striking element.

STARVING OUT MAYOR IN MEXICALI SIEGE

Police Ignore Reported Liberation Order From Obregon—Keep City Hall Cordon.

MEXICALI, Lower California, July 16.—Mayor Juan Loera and 14 political supporters remained barricaded in a room of the Mexicali City Hall today, having been there since Saturday night when a shooting affray at the building resulted in the death of three men and the wounding of several others, including Loera.

According to an official in the office of Governor Lugo, a telegram was received today from President Obregon at Mexico City, directing that the besieged men be permitted to leave the City Hall unmolested. The police, who are the besiegers, declared they had not been informed of such a message and until they got official notice, would continue to keep their lines about the City Hall. They refused today to permit food to be passed into the prisoners.

Frank Stevens, a rancher, was killed by lightning on his ranch on Hardscrabble Creek, near Florence, when he tried to rescue cattle caught in the flood waters.

DIVORCE IN FRANCE IS NOW DECLINING

Persons Engaged in Commerce Form Bulk of Those Seeking to Break Bonds.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 16.—Divorce in France is on the decline. Whereas demands for divorce increased from 10,000 in 1913 to 35,000 in 1920, they decreased by 1,000 in 1921 and by slightly more in 1922.

Statistics have been compiled from the 1911 figures showing that twenty persons in 10,000 engaged in commerce seek divorce, whereas only twelve workmen and three agriculturists in 10,000 wish to break their marital bonds.

It is also shown that the first year of married life is not the hardest. Only 4 per cent. of divorce demands come from couples married less than a year, while 33 per cent. come from persons married from one to five years, and 30 per cent. from persons married from five to ten years.

The big cities are the divorce centres, the Department of the Seine, in which is Paris, furnishing 30 per cent. of the demands. The Department of Lozère, in the Alps, furnished only two applications, or one per 65,000 inhabitants.

AIR MAIL TRAIN IN ENGLAND.

Can Fly 24 Hours Without a Halt—Mails Sorted on Board.

LONDON, June 29 (Associated Press).—A "flying mail train" is the latest type of airplane to be developed in England.

In the plane's mail chamber, says The Daily Chronicle's aeronautical expert, sorters will be able to carry on their work just as they might in a railway mail train. It will have a radius of 2,000 miles and will be able to stay in the air 24 hours without alighting. The crew in charge will be provided with regular sleeping quarters on board. They will, in fact, work in shifts while in the air, some sleeping while others are on duty in the control chamber.

If necessary, when flying at night or immersed in fog or cloud, the crew will be able to bring into play mechanisms which will endow the craft with the power of automatic self-balance. The machine will virtually fly itself, and all the helmsman will have to do will be to keep it on a compass course by means of the rudder.

DEPORTS IRISH AGITATORS.

Australia Puts O'Flanagan and O'Kelly on Ships for England.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

SYDNEY, July 16.—Two representatives of the Irish Republic, Fathers Michael O'Flanagan and John J. (Sean) O'Kelly, were deported today.

The Australian Government had agreed to their voluntary departure provided they signed a bond to leave at an early date and not to continue their propaganda. While they stated verbally that they would leave, they refused to sign any form of bond. In the meantime they were kept in jail at Sydney, from whence they were removed today and placed on board the Mongolia for England. Federal officials will escort them as far as Freemantle, the last Australian port.

It was originally intended to deport the two men via America, but it is understood that difficulty with American officials prevented passage on an American vessel. The transfer to the Mongolia was accomplished secretly, only a handful of sympathizers being at the wharf.

HARDING CUTS SHORT VISIT TO FAR NORTH

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

hats and handkerchiefs, thus furnishing the proper setting for the reel production of the scene.

Colonel James G. Steese, Chairman of the Government railroad, opened the ceremonies at the bridge by reading the history of the railroad construction. He was followed by Secretary Work who referred to the occasion as a happy incident of the President's travels and paid tribute to Colonel Mears.

President Harding in a speech paid tribute to those "who contributed of their genius and courage." Of Colonel Mears he spoke as "the outstanding genius of it all." Admitting he opposed the Alaska railroad project when first proposed, he expressed satisfaction that the Government had carried the scheme to completion. In concluding he said:

"In my humble judgment the qualities of pioneers in co-operation with those of transportation will do more to work out the development of this wonderland than anything which the great Government of the United States can do."

On yesterday's journey northward to Fairbanks the train stopped at the entrance to McKinley National Park to allow the President to greet the chief ranger and Superintendent, Harry Karstens, the man who climbed to the top of Mount McKinley's icy slopes ten years ago.

Rivalry Between Factions.

Secretary Work and Secretary Hoover left the Presidential party at Fairbanks to return to Anchorage and Seward for the purpose of holding hearings on Alaskan problems. It is apparent that considerable feeling has been aroused in this section of the territory over certain conditions. John Ballain of Seward is reported to make charges to Secretary Work that the Government is building up Anchorage at Seward's expense, with hints or charges that this is in accord with the interests of the Guggenheims in their control of the Copper River Road.

The seaport of the Copper River railroad is Cordova and an effort will be made at the hearings to show that in the alleged favoring of Anchorage where the Government Railroad and Road Commission and other Governmental agencies have headquarters the Government is preventing the building up of Seward. Government officials contradict this contention. They say the selection of Anchorage was dictated by the judgment that it is the best railroad centre.

Ballian was formerly interested in the Northern Alaska Railroad, which ran north from Seward toward Anchorage. This was purchased by the Guggenheim interests and sold to the Government as the nucleus of the Government railroad recently completed to Fairbanks.

Evidence is at hand everywhere in this northern region that the rivalry between the different sections is intense. Allegations of questionable practices are heard. A Fairbanks newspaper charges Canadian railroad interests with attempting to prevent tourist traffic over the United States Government railroad. These charges are the outgrowth of the fact that before the railroad was built to Fairbanks, the Canadian Pacific Railroad carried tourists to Skagway, thence across White Pass to Yukon and that the Canadian Railroad is now doing everything to prevent tourists taking this portion of the route because it would enable them to return by way of the United States Railroad.

Feeling of the character described and other considerations play a large part in causing the Washington Administration to put into effect a plan already described in previous despatches to give a greater measure of authority to Governor Bone and the Federal officials resident in Alaska to enable them to decide important questions without reference to Washington.

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, July 16 (Associated Press).—"This is the greatest day in the history of Fairbanks," said Mayor Marquam, as he introduced the President to a waiting crowd here before he left.

The President answered by pledging "my official and personal interests in the solution of Alaska's problems."

He qualified this with the declaration that while he was sure the territory would come into the fullest development, its citizens should not think that the Government could bring this about for them.

Whatever the Government may do," he added, "after all I would rather trust Alaska's development to your sons and daughters. I have every confidence they will work out your problems with whatever help the Government may give."

The President said that he had become a real "sourdough." (A name given to Alaskans of long residence.) He declared that he was entitled to the designation because he was the first President to visit the territory.

Mr. Harding said that there was an impression among people of the States, even those who were well read, that Alaska was the home of adventurous and wild men and some times roughnecks. This idea, he continued, had been driven from his mind. He said that he had learned that Alaska was "a homeland of America, with unconquerable childhood strength."

Why We Should Be Useful To You as a Bank

NO. 1.

Today banking and business go much together.

Our banking officials include not only men familiar with strictly banking problems, but men who have made a success of our great mortgage and title business.

The clients who wish to consult us on their business problems meet the men responsible for our growth from a $1,000,000. company to a $21,000,000. company.

We think we can be helpful to you and would be glad to have your deposit account.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

Capital $10,000,000. Surplus $11,000,000.

176 Broadway, New York

196 Montague St., Brooklyn.
271 West 125th St., New York.
370 East 149th St., New York.
90 Bay St., St. George, S. I.
175 Remsen St., Brooklyn.
160-08 Jamaica Ave., Jamaica.
Bridge Plaza North, L. I. City.
Mineola, Long Island.

Gidding
56th Street FIFTH AVENUE 57th Street

IMPORTANT SUMMER SALES

Street & Afternoon Gowns
Formerly $95 to $195 ..... $50--$65--$85

Dance & Dinner Dresses
Formerly $125 to $225 ..... $50--$75
Wonderful Values. Included are several imports.

Summer Evening Wraps
Formerly to $225 ..... $55--$85
Including several original French Models.

Day Coats & Capes
Formerly to $150 ..... $45--$65
Many suitable for Autumn.

Two & Three-Piece Suits
Formerly $125 to $225 .... $45--$75--$95

Hats Formerly to $40 ..... $10--$15

Wm. Davies & Co.
389 Fifth Ave. Cor. 36th Street

Closing Out Charming Summer FROCKS
At Less Than Cost
10.00

Formerly up to $25

EXQUISITE models for Afternoon, Street and Vacation. All the smart Summer fabrics.

Closing Out
200 Spring Suits
17.75

Distinctive 2 and 3-piece models. Formerly up to $100.

"Barney Google"

is the song that everybody sings and the fox-trot that everybody dances.

In their mirth-compelling style, Jones and Hare make the song a real winner on a Columbia Record (A-3870). And you can be sure The Georgians are first under the wire in their unique rendition of the fox-trot (A-3902).

At Columbia Dealers

75c

Columbia New Process Records

Salesman of High Class Furniture

versed in period styles and all branches of interior decoration, is required by an old established interior decorating firm with a most exclusive clientele

Must have good appearance, tact, and ability to interest prospective clients. State age, experience, and salary desired. A permanent position with good opportunities is offered to the right man.

This advertisement is placed by an advertising agency, which will return, confidentially, any applications that may be received from salesmen now employed by the house we represent

Address, P-384 Times

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Young People's Store—Fourth Floor

SPECIAL JULY VALUES

Girls' Summer Dresses
Reduced to $2.95 and $3.95

For immediate clearance, dresses of voile, dotted Swiss, dimity, organdy and tissue gingham, trimmed with tucks, piping, frills or embroidery. Sizes 6 to 12 years, but not in every style.

Boys' Wash Suits, Reduced to $1.65

Our regular stocks in Oliver Twist and middy styles. Khaki and other good wash fabrics. Blue, grey and tan. 3 to 8 years.

Boys' Bathing Suits
Reduced to $2.95
One- two-piece and skirt models in navy, oxford and heather mixtures, with colored trimmings 6 to 18 years.

Girls' Bathing Suits
Reduced to $2.95 and $4.95
Clearance of entire stock. All the wanted colors, plain or with stripes. 6 to 16 years.

Three-Quarter Socks
For Boys and Girls
29c—Silk lisle, full fashioned.
39c—Cotton, with novelty tops.
65c—Fibre silk, three-quarter and some short socks. Variety of colors and designs.
Sizes not complete in all styles.

Shoes and Sandals
For Boys, Girls and Infants
$2.50—Broken lot of barefoot sandals and play oxfords in brown only. Also a few white one-strap sandals 8½ to 2.
$1.50—Infants' barefoot sandals in patent leather, tan or white calfskin. 2½ to 8.

BEST & CO. 372 FIFTH AVE.

Smart Women are Choosing Embroidered Georgette Frocks

PRESENTED AT A NEW LOW PRICE

19.50

Cool enough for the warmest day.
Dark enough for practical street wear.
Smart enough for any daytime purpose.
And low enough in price to make them a clothes investment.

Three models, (one sleeveless)—in navy blue georgette, embroidered in white dots.

WOMEN'S SIZES
THIRD FLOOR

PARIS Best & Co. LONDON

Washable Doeskin Slip-on Gloves

CROSS LONDON

$2.85

Finest quality white English doeskin.

The World's Greatest Leather Stores
401 Fifth Ave.—New York—526 Bway
Boston—145 Tremont Street
London—89 Regent Street

THE RIGHT POSITION

Many competent women are wondering why they are never promoted to higher positions. They look everywhere for the reasons except into their own aptitude for the position they hold; they do not realize they are the "square peg in the round hole." The Merton Institute has achieved its success by analyzing those causes and indicating the right vocation for thousands of business women and men, and it can assist you to find yours. Banks, industrial corporations, selling organizations &c., employ and endorse the Merton Analytic Method. Call in person for full particulars. Open for consultation Saturday P. M.

MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.

For Live Air in the Office, Home, Store and Shop

G-E Fans

Royal-Eastern Electrical Supply Co.
114-116 West 27th St. N.Y. City

Phone Watkins 0112 for cool breezes

BRANCHES BROOKLYN L.I.CITY JAMAICA

LEAGUE ASKS FACTS ON GAS IN WARFARE

First Hint Comes in Appointment of Prof. Zanetti of Columbia to Aid Investigation.

MAY PERMIT USE IN BATTLE

Experts Say Employment of Chemistry by Armies Is More Humane Than Old Methods.

E. Enrique Zanetti, member of the American Chemical Society and assistant professor of chemistry in Columbia University, has been appointed to a committee of the League of Nations which will investigate the whole question of chemical warfare.

Associated with Professor Zanetti, who is now in England on leave of absence from Columbia during the next academic year, will be a group of chemists representing other countries, among whom will be Sir William Jackson Pope of Cambridge University, England, and Professor Charles Moureu of the University of Paris.

Inquiry among members of the American Chemical Society and members of the Columbia Faculty, developed that the selection as American representative of Professor Zanetti was the first intimation that the League had entered upon an exhaustive study of the uses of chemistry in war.

Col. Raymond F. Bacon, chief of the Technical Division of the Chemical Warfare Service, A. E. F., said last night that the aim of the League was to make a thorough investigation, the results to be embodied in a report by the committee, which is expected to make recommendations as to the continuance of chemical warfare, determining specially the types of this kind of warfare which civilized countries should sanction or discard.

Chemists who were interviewed predicted that the committee would advise in favor of continuing chemical warfare. Restrictions, they said, would undoubtedly be urged. There was general agreement that the use of poison gas against undefended cities should be banned.

The committee's report, it was thought, will stress the advantage of employing chemistry against uniformed troops in battle as more humane and less dangerous than the old methods. The World War showed, it was said, that fewer men were killed through chemistry, and that the proportion of recoveries among the wounded was far greater than through the old type of warfare.

For example, according to Col. Bacon, if the total casualties through chemistry of a given battle should be 40,000, of whom 1,000 were killed, nine-tenths of the 39,000 put out of action would recover in a year. Using old methods of warfare, 10,000 of the 40,000 would have been killed. Of the remaining 30,000, 6,000 would die from wounds, 12,000 would be maimed for life, and 12,000 would recover in about a year.

Col. Bacon and other chemists emphasized that chemical warfare places the advantage with the most educated nation. Chemical warfare is now receiving the keen interest of American chemists. On the authority of the American Chemical Society, it was stated recently that in the development of this type of warfare America is being outdone by other nations, particularly England, France, Germany and even Belgium.

Professor Zanetti is a graduate of Harvard in the class of 1906. He spent three years in Argentina in the service of the Argentine Government. During the war he was in the Chemical Warfare Service and was decorated by the Governments of the United States, Great Britain, France and Italy.

Professor Zanetti has been elected Chairman of the Division of Chemistry and Chemical Technology of the National Research Council for 1922-1924, succeeding Dr. E. W. Washburn. Both Professor Zanetti and Dr. Washburn were delegated to attend the meeting in London of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry, of which the Division of Chemistry of the National Research Council is the American representative. Professor Zanetti will assume the Chairmanship of the Division on Sept. 1.

SAYS HERRICK PLOTTED BIG LIBEL SUIT COUP

Wanted Miss Chrane to Wed Secretly So as to Trap Newspapers, She Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Charges that Manuel Herrick, former Representative from Oklahoma, framed a scheme to mulct newspapers by libel suits were made today in the District Supreme Court by Miss Ethelyn Chrane, his former secretary, whom he sued for $50,000 damages for failure to keep her promise to marry him.

Miss Chrane, through her counsel, Andrew Y. Bradley, informs the court that Herrick proposed to her in June, 1922, that they be married secretly. The marriage was not to be announced, Miss Chrane says, until such time as would be appropriate to file suits for libel against newspapers that had commented upon his conduct while not knowing he was married.

Miss Chrane states that she would not enter into such a scheme and refused to marry Herrick. Then, she alleges, Herrick displayed a sort of temper which had been unknown to her. He threatened her with personal violence, she adds, and also threatened some of her relatives.

The young woman admits that she did promise to marry Herrick, but objected to the secret marriage and its consequences. She declares that after she promised to marry him he exhibited traits objectionable to her and she could no longer endure him.

Herrick's first attempt to sue newspapers for libel ended abruptly when the suits were thrown out of court for a lack of jurisdiction over the defendant publishers. He sued The New York World and The Daily Oklahoman for $100,000 damages each for alleged defamatory articles concerning his home life in Oklahoma.

BLAMES CAR STRIKE ON DIRECTORS' SPLIT

Industrial Commissioner Reports on Schenectady Traction Deadlock.

URGES PUBLIC SHARE RULE

Asks Laws to Enable Its Representation on Board and to Delay Walkouts.

ALBANY, July 16.—In a report issued today on the public inquiry into the Schenectady Street Railway Company's strike, State Industrial Commissioner Bernard L. Shientag made the following recommendations to minimise the danger of traction strikes:

Representation of the public on the directorates of street railways.

Legislation that will give the people most vitally interested greater voice in the control and regulation of their public utilities.

Legislation that will delay strikes on such lines until an impartial tribunal has made a public investigation and endeavored to settle the dispute.

The report states that such strikes in a little more than two years have cost traction companies in Buffalo, Albany, Troy and Schenectady upwards of $10,000,000 in addition to the loss to the public, and reviews these controversies as the basis of the recommendations made.

Commenting on the Schenectady strike, the commission blames absentee directorship and a sharp conflict among the directors of the railway for the deadlock of the past two months.

The inquiry ascertained that the Schenectady Company is jointly owned by the New York Central and the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Companies, each of the owners having six representatives on the Board of Directors.

It was also brought out that the New York Central group on the directorship favors recognition of the union, the chief demand of the strikers, while the Delaware & Hudson representatives are opposed to the union and will deal only with the men as individuals. A joint management directs representatives of the company, Harry E. Weatherwax, representative of the D. & H. interests, being President, while James F. Hamilton, New York Central representative, is Vice President.

The Directors of the Schenectady Railway Company, none of whom are residents of Schenectady, showed a surprising lack of knowledge of conditions leading up to the strike and of the situations as now exists, says Commissioner Shientag, who continues:

"The attitude of the Delaware & Hudson interests in the Schenectady Railway Company strike is a complete denial of the right of collective bargaining. As the situation has developed, it is no longer a question of entering into a written contract with the union, but the question is presented as to whether or not the union shall be destroyed.

"The present attitude of the management of the company is that there is no strike—that the strike is over. Anybody in the streets of Schenectady will testify to the contrary.

"The New York Central Railroad, through its Directors represented on the board of the Schenectady Company, has taken a progressive stand on some of the questions involved in this strike. Declarations alone, however, will bring no results to a suffering public. That there is a conflict of views in the Board of Directors of the Schenectady Railroad Company can afford but little satisfaction to the people of Schenectady.

"The Department of Labor has taken every step to bring about an adjustment of this strike. It is still in close touch with the situation and through its Bureau of Mediation will continue to do everything in its power to bring about a settlement."

CUBAN SCAVENGERS STRIKE.

Troops Used to Replace Those of Havana, With Little Success.

HAVANA, July 16.—Sanitary conditions in Havana are little improved, notwithstanding the fact that 500 convicts, guarded by 350 State troops, are engaged in an effort to clear the streets of garbage. Unless early action is had the city's health will be imperiled within the next few days. Some attempts have been made to burn the garbage along the sidewalks, with little success.

Scavengers and garbage men are on strike for pay increase, the rate they have been working for brings $2 for both day and night work. The city's garbage is loaded on barges and dumped into the Gulf, ten miles off shore, two large barges being employed constantly in the work.

JAPAN CUTS NAVAL FORCES.

Liberal Allowances Bring Officers' Resignations Freely—1800 Go This Month.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

TOKIO, July 16.—The Navy Department announces that in pursuance of its policy of gradually reducing personnel, it will release 1,800 officers of various grades during the coming month.

The department is having no trouble obtaining officers' resignations, which are coming in in excess of the number required. This is the result of liberal discharge allowances and bonuses.

The service also is getting less popular. Applicants for admission to the Naval Academy are below the quota desired, while heretofore they have been much in excess.

Stray Shot Misses Woman by Inches.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 16.—A stray rifle shot from the woods in Upper New Rochelle nearly struck Mrs. Frederick K. Ebel in the foot as she was practicing golf with her husband yesterday on the lawn of their home here, at 241 Elk Avenue, Forest Heights. The bullet plowed up the turf within inches of her. The police searched the woods, but found no one with a weapon.

KIRSCHBAUM CLOTHES *for Discriminating Men*

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d STREET (*Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue*) WEST 43d STREET

Commencing Today—

A Sale Of 700 Suits *for* Men

At a price, which in many instances, is actually less than wholesale cost.

—Suits specially purchased from the KIRSCHBAUM Shops.

—Suits taken from our own regular stock.

now $27.50

Immediate action is advised since quick depletion is anticipated at this extraordinary low price.

Worsteds, Unfinished Worsteds, Serges, Pencil Stripes, Cheviots.

All this season's smart models for Men and Young Men.

Regulars — Stouts — Shorts — Longs

Going Abroad?

Steamer Rugs—from Scotland and England, wool and cashmere. Plain colors and plaids. $10 to $42.50.

Steamer Rug Roll—of plaid waterproof duck. Straps and handle. $7.50 to $17.50.

Electric Traveling Outfit—curler, iron, stove, cord and case, $7.95.

Hat Trunk—for 6 to 10 hats; square, fibre covered. 24 to 32 inches. $22.50 to $55.

Shoe Trunk—holds 12 to 15 pairs of shoes, $37.50.

Wardrobe Suitcases—flat, durable, tray with 3 hangers, will stand erect. $35.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Leather Book Covers—with handles so that the book may be tarried or hung on a chair, $5.

FIFTH FLOOR

Trunks, $37.50

Full size wardrobe trunks with 12 hangers, 4 or 5 drawers, shoe pockets and safety locking bar. The lift top facilitates unpacking.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Wicker Serving Stands Reduced

Space for 2 mixers, 12 glasses, large pitcher or sandwich tray. The ice compartment in the center is lined with galvanized iron. Light green or black, $25.

Water Sets, $2

A pitcher and six glasses of light cut glass. Will be attractive on porch or in living room for lemonade or iced tea.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Portable Victrolas $50

Carried like a suitcase

SEVENTH FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Special Purchase of 9 x 12

Chenille Rugs

$77.50

A recent fortunate purchase enables us to quote this remarkably low price. The chenille has a deep, soft pile and the colors are attractive, particularly for bedrooms. Greys, blues, taupe and rose with plain centers and floral borders. Other prices and sizes:—

4½ feet x 7½ feet, $26.75

6 feet x 9 feet, $39.50

8¼ feet x 10½ feet, $69.50

FIFTH FLOOR

Values in Household Linens

Table Linens—All fine Irish linen double damask, beautiful designs, cloths 2 x 2 yards, $7.50; 2 x 2¼ yards, $9.50. Napkins, 22 x 22 inches, dozen, $9.75.

Bed Linens—Pure linen sheets and cases. Single size sheets, $15 pair. Three-quarter size sheets, $18.50. Double size sheets, $20. Pillow cases, 22½ x 36 inches, pair, $3.95.

Huck Towels—All pure linen, hemmed or hemstitched ends, dozen, $6. Guest size, dozen, $4.75.

Tea Towels—Pure Irish linen, large size, hemmed, red checker design, dozen, $3.50.

SECOND FLOOR

Summer Pottery

Charming shapes and colors in Haeger pottery bowls, vases, flower baskets and jardinieres for fresh garden flowers. A smooth glaze and clear lovely colors distinguish this pottery. Jade green, buttercup yellow and black. Also, lustre pottery in blue and gold, blue and copper, yellow and orange.

FIFTH FLOOR

Printed Bed Spreads

Specially Priced

Cool and refreshing for summer bedrooms and sleeping porches. Made in England and Holland. Summery colors and designs.

Single Size, $6.95 to $10.50

Double Size, $7.95 to $13.50

SECOND FLOOR

Clearances of

Fabrics—Curtains

Fabrics—Quantities of remnants of tapestry, damask, velour, sunfast silks, cretonnes and curtain materials—lengths from 1 to 5 yards.

Curtains—1 to 3 pairs of curtains in lace, Swiss, voile and net.

Also, several assortments at greatly reduced prices, large enough in quantity to decorate an entire home.

FIFTH FLOOR

Wrought Iron Veranda Lamp $5.50

Light weight, easy to move from porch to living room, arm may be adjusted to any height. The parchment shade has a colored band and is 12 inches in diameter.

FIFTH FLOOR

Restful Vacation Days

Enjoy the news in moments of relaxation. Keep informed of what is going on at home and elsewhere by subscribing for The New York Times. It will follow you wherever you go.

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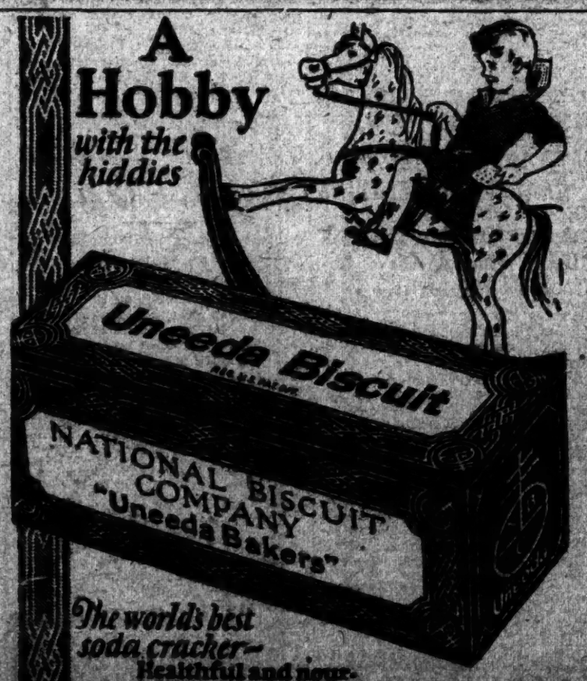

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The quickest men need it most!

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The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

Madison Avenue and Forty-Fifth Street

Saratoga or The Sea

Southampton or Saratoga, Newport or French Lick—off to the waters, at the seaside or at the spa!

Binoculars, ducks and flannels, sport frocks and dashing hats for the races.

Bottles and flasks for cooling drinks—motor restaurants and luggage—timing watches and cameras.

And the inevitable golf bag, well filled with Abercrombie & Fitch clubs for morning play—with a Ma Jung set for the evening.

Speedboat and Surf—Camping and Fishing

All those helpmates of sport which bring the breezes to your vacation.

Yachting clothes for men and women, bathing and swimming suits; surf boards, aquaplanes, beach balls, water bicycles and motor scooters for the boardwalk.

Camp clothes, tents, camp furnishings, and most complete assortment in this country of bass and salmon tackle and tackle for surf and deep-sea fishing.

Motor camping outfits in compact form, furnishing every comfort for cross-country trekking.

Canoes, canoe furnishings, fishing boats and outboard motors.

For Polo Players and City and Country Riders

Polo breeches for men and women, of white duck and gabardine.

Polo shirts, caps, helmets, colors and mallets.

Maxwell's London-made riding boots and spurs.

Lightest weight riding clothes for city and country use, of the accepted materials for men and women.

Write for Booklets Showing Travel Conveniences and Women's Summer Clothes

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

EZRA H. FITCH, President

Madison Avenue and 45th Street, New York

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

BROWNE IS WILLING TO TEST NEW LEASE

Tells Untermyer Association Is Ready to Take Each "Iron-clad" Clause to Court.

FINDS NO HOUSING LACK

Says There May Be Rents Tenants Don't Want to Pay, but Can Well Afford.

Stewart Browne, President of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, defended its "iron-clad lease" yesterday in a letter to Samuel Untermyer, who has accepted the invitation of the Federation of Tenants' Associations to lead the legal attack upon it. Mr. Browne declared that Bernard S. Deutsch, counsel for the association, would carry each clause of the lease to the Court of Appeals if Mr. Untermyer or any one else desired to test it.

"You have done me the honor of criticising the United's lease and incidentally calling me names, which does not add any strength to your criticism and in no way detracts from me," Mr. Browne said. "May I remind you that we are the only realty organization that from 1918 up to date stood for the rent laws (except the Rosenman bill) and refused to spend one cent to defeat the rent laws, either in the courts or elsewhere, and also for the building of tax-exempt laws? I individually have been continually abused by housing landlords for the stand we have taken."

Defends Pro-Rata Increase.

Mr. Browne replied to Mr. Untermyer on each clause of the lease that had been attacked. He said in part:

"Clause 2. A tenant under a lease which provides that apartment shall be occupied for private family only, and which prohibits subletting or taking roomers and boarders, quietly but surely, without the landlord's knowledge or consent, accumulates roomers and boarders, to often five times and over the number in the family for which the apartment was leased. Under the rent laws neither the subtenant nor the roomers or boarders can be dispossessed, and the only remedy is to cancel the lease, which is worse than a remedy. The United's lease provides the only possible penalty for the above, and that is a prorata increase in rent, due to increased occupancy (excepting increase due to births in tenant's family).

"Clause 3—Provides for the tenant keeping his apartment clean and in good repair, and that he will comply with the Federal, State and municipal rules and regulations, at his own expense. Can you show me one lease in New York City in the last thirty years that provided that the landlord must do these things? There is no law that can compel a landlord to make repairs unless he has agreed to do so. I may be wrong in my percentage, but I believe that 50 per cent. of the housing leases in New York City provide that the tenant shall do all these things.

"Clause 4—Is there anything unfair or illegal in it? The principle point in it is the tenant shall pay increased fire insurance rate if his occupancy increases the rate. Is that unfair? That has been in almost every lease in New York City for thirty years.

Teachers Offend, He Says.

"Clause 7. You criticise this clause, and I admit possibly with reason, not knowing what the conditions are. The landlord serves one or more tenants with dispossess for non-payment of agreed upon rent, or may serve tenants with a notice for increase of rent. The rent laws prohibit these tenants being dispossessed, and they are determined to get even with their landlord, and this tendency does not apply only to immigrants from Southern or Eastern Europe, but some of the worst cases are native-born Americans, of more than two descents and some of them in the city service and some of them school teachers.

"Ten or twanty of the women of the tenants' families, with their own or borrowed children to create sympathy, appear in the Magistrate's Court and claim that the landlord has not been furnishing heat or hot water for several days or for certain hours in the day. I have no doubt in many cases truthfully, but I am certain in many cases, falsely. I have been at the trials and know what happens. As a rule not one of them is sworn. The Magistrate believes the tenants against the helpless landlord or his janitor or superintendent as they are only one against ten or twenty, and he holds the landlord in $100, $200, $300 or $500 cash bail. The landlord has not provided himself with cash and is yanked by a court attendant, 'Come this way.' A check is refused. He is introduced to and locked up in a cell until he can get bail, and I have been told of one or two cases where the landlord was not permitted to telephone. Is this justice?

Finds No Housing Shortage.

"To overcome these conditions we provide that the landlord is not required to furnish elevator, heat or hot water service and we also contract him out of the penal law. That does not mean that the landlord will not supply heat, hot water and elevator service, but it is an offset to the false statements that are made by tenants. I admit that there are circumstances under which it might be unfair, but I am satisfied it is legal and the courts will uphold it."

Mr. Browne defended the other clauses in the lease by declaring that they were similar to lease provisions which had been in effect for years or were for the necessary protection of the landlord. He contended that no tenant, whose rent was not increased, who vacated an apartment and rented another in the same neighborhood, was under the rent laws.

"There is no emergency so far as he is concerned," Dr. Browne said. "How it can be claimed that there is an emergency in housing when there are thousands of vacant apartments on the upper west side, Washington Heights, Bronx, Kings and Queens, I cannot understand." There may be a shortage in cold water tenements renting from $3 to $7 per month per room, but there is no other shortage in housing in New York City. There may be at rents that the tenants do not want to pay but can well afford to pay."

NATHAN HIRSCH QUITS REALTY ASSOCIATION

Resigns in Protest to 'Iron Clad' Lease, Which He Says Is Against Public Policy.

Nathan Hirsch, formerly Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, resigned yesterday from the United Real Estate Owners' Association as a protest against its "ironclad lease," which Samuel Untermyer has agreed to fight in the courts as counsel for the Federation of Tenants' Associations. In a letter to Stewart Browne, president of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, Mr. Hirsch said:

"Please accept my resignation as a member of the United Real Estate Owners' Association. My reason for withdrawing my support from your organization is that the so-called ironclad lease which you have devised, and which you ask the members of your association to use, does not meet with my approval because it is against public policy; it is non-progressive; it will surely aggravate an already serious situation.

"When I was Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering I laid down a rule which had as its essence fairness to the landlord and fairness to the tenant. This was approved by the city at large and it surely had your approval because under date of November 12, 1919, you wrote me a letter in which you said:

"'The day is gone forever when "Shylocks"—whether capitalists, laborites, landlords or tenants—can exact the last drop of blood from the community simply because they have the legal power to do so.'

"It was only because I thought that you adhered to these principles that I continued to contribute to your association. A lease such as you insist that the landlords use is, in my judgment, a step backward and reminds me of the laws existing hundreds of years ago when the Lord of the Manor in England had certain legal rights, the nature of which newspapers of today would hesitate to discuss.

"I am not commenting on the legality or illegality of your lease, but I can only see harm in waving a red flag before thousands of already harassed and infuriated tenants.

"It is about time that the eternal talk about 'rights' be subordinated to the word 'duty.' The landlord has duties to the tenant and the tenant has duties to the landlord, and these can be exacted by either voluntary or compulsory arbitration."

FLOODS INUNDATE COLORADO TOWNS

Portland and Florence Under Water—Railroads Washed Out—Communcation Cut.

PUEBLO, Col., July 16.—Five feet of water was reported tonight at Portland, a cement manufacturing community eight miles east of Florence, but all communication with the town is cut off and the extent of the damage cannot be ascertained.

Florence, twenty-eight miles west of here, is reported to be flooded, with two feet of water rushing through the streets.

Several bridges of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad were washed away and the western lines blocked.

About two-thirds of Florence was flooded with water, which got into the first floors of the residences. In some places houses were undermined.

Four creeks pass through Florence. The flood came without any warning about 5 o'clock.

REPORTS TOWN AFIRE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Radio From a Ship in Portland Canal Says It Heard Explosions at Anyox, a Smelting Centre.

SEATTLE, July 16.—A radio message from the steamship Grisco, in the Portland Canal, picked up by the Seattle Harbor Radio Station this afternoon, stated that Anyox, a smelting town in Northern British Columbia, was on fire and that the vessel had heard several sounds resembling explosions.

Only meagre details were received from the Grisco, which stated that it had endeavored to draw closer to the town to investigate.

The harbor radio station here stated that the Grisco's wireless and the local station had broadcast the news with a view to obtaining further details of the fire. Vancouver and Victoria, particularly, were asked to investigate.

CUTS SUMS DUE H. C. PIERCE

Master's Report Puts Bank's Obligations at $3,918 in St. Louis Suit.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 16.—The National Bank of Commerce's obligation to H. Clay Pierce, New York capitalist, as found by Special Master J. S. Jamison in a report submitted to the District Court here, Friday, will amount to $3,918.31, though Mr. Pierce received judgment to the amount of $1,067,446. The Associated Press was informed today by officials of the bank.

According to the Special Master's report, it was pointed out by the bank officials, the judgment was to be paid as follows: $750,000 in 5 per cent. bonds of the now defunct Tennessee Railway Company and the rest in cash.

In view of the fact that the bonds today are virtually worthless, the bank officials say, and in view of $300,000 that had not been paid by Mr. Pierce, the bank's indebtedness to Mr. Pierce actually amounted to $3,918.31.

The litigation was the outcome of a loan of $700,000 made by the bank on notes of the Tennessee Construction Company, secured by $750,000 of Tennessee Central Railway bonds and $250,000 of Nashville Terminal Association bonds. Mr. Pierce was one of the guarantors for the payment of the interest. The bank sued Mr. Pierce several years ago and obtained judgment for $700,000, of which Mr. Pierce paid $400,000, the bank officials stated.

BULLARD PRAISES GUARD.

Reviews Fifty-Seventh Brigade at Camp Silzer—Two More Parades.

SEAGIRT, N. J., July 16.—"The State National Guard has not reached the height of its achievement, and it is higher than ever in the estimation of the regular army men," declared Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard to officers of the Fifty-seventh Brigade following his review of the troops at Camp Silzer tonight.

Major Gen. Bullard arrived this evening with Colonel Raymond Sheldon and Lieut. Col. Higginson. The guests and officers of the National Guard in camp were dinner guests tonight of the brigade field officers.

Colonel Winfield S. Price of Camden, commander of the 114th Infantry, which began a two weeks' encampment here today, is acting as brigadier commander in the absence of Brig. Gen. Quincy A. Gilmore, who was called away Saturday because of the death of his father.

The review today was the first of three dress parades to be held this week. The second will take place tomorrow and the third on Friday.

HARDING TO BE GUEST HERE

Accepts Hylan's Invitation to Visit New York on Return From West.

Grover A. Whalen, Vice Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Reception to Distinguished Guests, announced yesterday that President Harding had accepted the invitation of Mayor Hylan to visit New York and be the city's guest on his return to Washington in August. Walter F. Brown of Toledo, who is at the Biltmore, came here as the President's representative and accepted the Mayor's invitation on behalf of President Harding.

The President probably will make an address in the stadium of the College of the City of New York. The program, to be announced later, will be in charge of the Mayor's committee. The President will be in the city for only a day.

Staten Island Linemen Strike.

Electrical construction work on Staten Island was halted somewhat yesterday as a result of a hundred linemen employed by the Richmond Light and Railroad Company refusing to return to their jobs. The men informed officials of the company at St. George that they would remain out until one of their fellow-workers who was dismissed last Saturday had been re-employed.

Magnolia Paris

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST

July Clearance Sale

HAND BAGS

This collection of bags is unlimited in variety of styles and shapes, for dress, sports and utility wear, made of Brocade, Flat and printed Crepe, striped Moire, Mocco and leather in Black, Navy, Brown, Red, Beige and Grey. Values to 19.50, to close out

5.50

D. M. Fleming & Co., Inc.

THE ENGLISH SHOP

10 EAST 44th ST., NEAR 5th Ave.

Final Clearance Sale!

400 Custom Built Suits

Topcoats and Overcoats

Formerly $45.00 to $65.00

$34.50

Made up of Imported Fabrics, Irish and Scotch Tweeds, English Suitings and Blue Unfinished Worsteds. Included are 3 and 4 button Sack Suits, 4 and 3 piece Golf and Norfolk Suits. Also Straight back Golf Models

Open Saturday till 6 P. M.

Poison Ivy

UNTIL you have used Zonite for ivy poisoning you will never know how quickly infections of this sort can be overcome.

Zonite is non-poisonous and non-irritating. It has greater germ killing power than pure carbolic acid and has more than seventy-five times the germ killing power of peroxide.

Zonite NON-POISONOUS

Special Event

THE SEMI-ANNUAL REDUCTION Includes

ALL BROGUE AND LIGHT WEIGHT PATTERNS

Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design.

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The Johnston & Murphy Shoe

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6 in.	$5.00	$4.50
8 in.	12.00	7.50
9 in.	17.00	14.00
12 in.	23.00	17.50

REVOLVING TYPE

9 in.	23.00	17.50
12 in.	30.00	22.50
16 in.	35.00	25.00

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Author of *"Food and Flavor"*

GIRTH CONTROL

With Menus. $1.75

Reduce scientifically—yet eat what you please

Harper & Brothers, Publishers

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS

Semi-Annual Sale of

Men's and Young Men's

Hand-Tailored Suits

Suits that were $45 to $50 *Reduced to* $34.00

Suits that were $50 to $60 *Reduced to* $44.00

Suits that were $60 to $75 *Reduced to* $54.00

First Time Reduced

Involves our regular stock, and is not to be confused with the left-overs in ordinary sales. Fresh, new suits right out of the wardrobes—counterparts of those that sold at higher prices regularly—suits whose quality we stand sponsor for just as much at reduced prices as at former prices.

Small Charge for Alterations But Seldom Needed

Semi-Annual Sale of

Men's Low Shoes

Bannister Shoes were $12-$14 . *Reduced to* $10.50

Gothdale Shoes that were $10 . *Reduced to* $8.50

Franklin Shoes that were $8 . *Reduced to* $6.50

First Time Reduced

Regular stock—well-rounded selections as to models, leathers and sizes—reduced for the first time this season from prices that have set the pace for fine shoe values all season long.

Semi-Annual Sale of

Men's Furnishings

First Time Reduced

Strictly a sale of regular stock—complete selections because we keep them that way—never reduced before; but so liberally reduced now as to make up for it!

MEN'S SHIRTS

White Oxford Shirts, collar attached, Regularly 3.50 *Reduced to* $2.50

Silk and Silk Mixture Shirts, Regularly 7.50 and 8.00 *Reduced to* $5.00

Madras Shirts, Regularly 3.00 *Reduced to* $2.25

Madras Shirts, Regularly 3.50 and 4.00 *Reduced to* $2.85

MEN'S TIES

Silk Ties, Regularly 1.00 *Reduced to* 55c

Silk Ties, Regularly 1.50 and 2.00 *Reduced to* 95c

MEN'S GOLF JACKETS AND BATHING SUITS

Golf Jackets, Regularly 16.50 and 18.00 *Reduced to* $9.00

Pure Worsted Bathing Suits, Regularly 5.00 *Reduced to* $3.75

MEN'S ROBES AND PAJAMAS

Jap Cotton Crepe Robes, Regularly 3.85 *Reduced to* $3.00

Pajamas, Regularly 7.50 *Reduced to* $5.00

MEN'S STRAW HATS

Straw Hats, Regularly 2.50 *Reduced to* $1.85

Straw Hats, Regularly 4.00 *Reduced to* $2.75

Straw Hats, Regularly 5.00 and 6.00 *Reduced to* $4.25

Straw Hats, Regularly 7.00 *Reduced to* $4.85

MEN'S SOCKS

Silk Socks, Regularly 1.85 to 2.50 *Reduced to* $1.45

French Lisle Socks, Regularly 3.50 to 4.00 *Reduced to* $2.70

English Wool Golf Hose, Regularly 4.00 to 5.00 *Reduced to* $2.95

English Wool Golf Hose, Regularly 6.00 to 8.50 *Reduced to* $4.45

Franklin Simon & Co. Fifth Avenue

Phone Fitz Roy 6900

Men's Shops—West 38th and 37th Streets—Street Level

GOURAUD ACCLAIMED BY CHICAGO TROOPS

Veterans and Others Respond Heartily to Plea That France Get Just Reparation.

'GO TO BERLIN IF NECESSARY'

J. M. Dickinson, Ex-War Secretary, Evokes a Demonstration in Urging Determination.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Recollections of Armistice Day five years ago were reawakened in the greeting which Chicago accorded today to General Henri Joseph Gouraud, Commander of the Fourth French Army, which included American soldiers, and hero of the Champagne campaign.

General Gouraud's visit, coming on the fifth anniversary of the opening of the last German drive against Paris, was the occasion for the greatest demonstration since the visit here two years ago of Marshal Foch. The General left tonight for Appleton, Wis., smiling and happy but somewhat worn after a strenuous day.

At a dinner given in his honor by the Chicago Council of Foreign Relations a wildly cheering crowd responded to the declaration of Jacob M. Dickinson, former Secretary of War, that France should have just indemnity from Germany, even if it involved marching into Berlin. The demonstration lasted ten minutes.

"Five years ago today the Germans started their last offensive against Paris," General Gouraud, speaking through an interpreter, said in his address at the dinner. "Friendship between France and America was cemented by contact on the battlefields at that time. It is now necessary that that friendship be preserved to keep the peace, just as necessary as it was in the time of victory."

General Gouraud was met by a special reception committee consisting of former Secretary Dickinson and members of the 149th Field Artillery, whose guest he was at a reception. Here he presented the Cross of the Legion of Honor to Private Louis D. Holmes, the first man of the artillery wounded.

After receiving a silver loving cup presented to him by a private of the 149th in behalf of the officers and enlisted men, General Gouraud was taken on a sightseeing tour. He next attended the dinner given by the Council of Foreign Relations.

Tonight he was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Colonel and Mrs. Noble Brandon Judah, after which three other military awards were presented by him at a reception in which veterans of all branches of the service participated. General Abel Davis received the decoration of the Legion of Honor and two posthumous awards of the Medaille Militaire were made to relatives of Corporal Spencer Dumarest and Sergeant Andrew C. Campbell.

BISHOP MANNING BARS AMPLIFIER FROM ALTAR

"Communicants Should Know Their Service," He Declares—Rest of Cathedral Equipped.

Bishop William T. Manning has ordered removed from the high altar of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine a receiver for a system of amplifiers.

"Nothing of a worldly nature should be in this sacred place," he said. "Besides, communicants should know their service by heart and it should not be necessary for them to hear the words of the celebrant."

The altar receiver was a part of a system recently installed at a cost of $9,000. There are nine amplifiers throughout the cathedral and now even the choir and clergy can hear every word of the sermon. The Bishop, himself, seated on his throne, can "listen in."

No objection to the amplifier system as a whole was made by the Bishop. He merely held that the placing of a receiver on the altar was carrying "modernism" a bit too far.

SAYS SHE 'LOANED' BABE.

Mrs. Pollan Denies Letting Her Sister Adopt Little Girl.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 16.—Mrs. Lois Pollan, wife of Captain Clinton Pollan, U. S. A., concluded today her testimony in habeas corpus proceedings brought to obtain custody of her five-year-old daughter, June, now in the possession of her sister, Mrs. Elsie Shosted.

The mother reiterated in her cross-examination that Frank Melton, an American soldier reported missing in France during the World War, was the father of the child, and that the little one was "loaned" to her sister immediately after its birth.

Both before and after the birth, Mrs. Pollan said, Mrs. Shosted, who was then Mrs. Earl Shanholtzer, wanted to adopt the child, but the mother refused to agree. She said she wanted to take the child to her sister after it was born and Shanholtzer dissuaded her from doing so because she was not financially or physically able to care for it.

Mrs. Pollan denied Mrs. Shosted's statement that Mr. Shanholtzer was the child's father.

MITCHEL SERVICE THURSDAY

Memorial for Late Mayor to Be Held in Woodlawn.

Memorial service for John Purroy Mitchel will be held Thursday afternoon, the anniversary of his death, at Woodlawn Cemetery. The late Mayor's former commissioners will attend in a body and will be addressed by former Controller William A. Prendergast, now Public Service Commissioner, Mr. Mitchel's mother, Mrs. James Mitchel, and his widow will attend. A bugler from the Brooklyn Navy Yard will sound taps.

After the service the former commissioners will go to the Larchmont Yacht Club to view a painting of the late Mayor which is to be hung in the City Hall.

Boy Sleep Walker Hurt in Fall.

While apparently walking in his sleep, Franklin Pierce, 12 years old, fell early yesterday morning from the second story of the apartment building at 815 Haven Avenue, the Bronx. Tenants on the first floor heard the body strike the paving in an areaway and called Policeman Ahearn, of the West 177th Street Station, who summoned an ambulance from Columbus Hospital. The boy's condition was described at the hospital as serious.

Margalo Gillmore to Be Operated On

Margalo Gillmore, the actress, will be operated on for appendicitis this morning at Post-Graduate Hospital. The operation will be performed by Dr. John F. Erdman.

Miss Gillmore, who has been appearing at the Garrick Theatre in "The Devil's Disciple," was taken ill late Sunday night. Her rôle in "The Devil's Disciple" was played last night by Selma Robb.

AMERICAN CITIZEN JAILED IN LITHUANIA

Henry Rudnick, Imprisoned for Trying to Rescue Parents in Russia, Tells of Hardships.

Harry Rudnick of 146 Broome Street, Newark, told yesterday, for the first time for publication, of the harrowing experience which befell him when he sought to get into Russia by way of Lithuania, to rescue his aged parents. Because of some technical defect in his visas, Mr. Rudnick, an American citizen armed with a passport, was thrown into jail in Kovno, the capital of Lithuania, and kept there for eleven months. At one time he was taken to what he supposed to be a court, put through proceedings which he did not understand, and fined 100 marks of his rapidly dwindling capital. He expected that after he had been mulcted, he would be released.

But it was not until many months later and after his appeals to the American Consul had failed to effect his release that he was freed. According to advices reaching New York yesterday, which led to inquiry of Mr. Rudnick himself, J. Marcus, Chief of the Joint Distribution Committee, learned of Rudnick's plight and interceded with the authorities. After some delay he was freed and put into a hospital, being ill from his long incarceration.

Mr. Rudnick, who is in the automobile repair business in Newark, said that he was so exhausted and observed by what he had been through that he had abandoned hope of reaching his father and mother at Ekaterarineuve. Rather than use all the money with which he had hoped to aid them, he worked his way back to New York on a boat, reaching here last April. When he was interviewed last night, he was reading a letter from a relative which informed him that his father, his sister and two other relatives had died of starvation. The letter did not mention his mother and he did not know what had befallen her.

BIG GAIN IN LIFE INSURANCE.

Forty Companies Report $727,000,000 in New Policies Last Month.

Life insurance purchasing showed a gain of 31 per cent. in June over the same month last year, according to a report to the United States Department of Commerce by the Association of Life Insurance Presidents.

The report shows that $727,000,000 of new life insurance was issued by forty leading companies last month, as against $553,000,000 by the same companies in June, 1922.

The new life insurance issued by these companies for the first six months of 1923 amounted to $3,922,010,000, as against $3,169,000,000 in the same period last year.

BANDITS USE MORPHINE.

Attempt to "Dope" Kansas City Clerk Before Robbing Store.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 16.—Soon after 10 o'clock today two bandits having the appearance of drug addicts attempted to render R. W. Tucker, a clerk in the Feltman & Curme shoe store, helpless by "shooting" morphine into his arm. When the needle broke the bandits rushed to the cash register, obtained $500 and escaped.

Mr. Tucker was cut severely on the arm by the bandits when, on his failure to roll up his sleeve at their command, the bandits slashed the needle five times into his arm.

SHOT PLAYING UKELELE.

Bullet From Shore Hits Girl on River Boat in the Leg.

TRENTON, N. J., July 16.—Miss Ray Meltzer, 16 years old, is recovering today from a bullet wound in the right leg, received yesterday on a Delaware River steamer bound for Philadelphia. The girl was strumming a ukelele when the bullet, fired, according to State Troopers, from the Pennsylvania shore, struck her.

At the Jefferson Hospital in Philadelphia a .22-calibre bullet was removed from her leg. She was brought home by companions.

Hot Weather Relief

For Sunburn—Soak the burned surface with Dioxogen and water, equal parts. Gives quick relief and hastens healing.

For Bites and Stings—Dioxogen applied full strength promptly counteracts the poison and relieves pain.

For Cuts and Scratches—Dioxogen should always be on hand for treatment of accidental wounds. A preventive of infection.

As a Deodorant—Body odors may be prevented by the application of Dioxogen diluted in water. A refreshing lotion.

Dioxogen

kills germs with Oxygen

SAKS & COMPANY

Direct Especial Attention To Their Extensive Assortment of

Collar-Attached

Shirts *for* Men

NOWHERE will a man find cool, comfort-giving, collar-attached shirts in such an endless variety as that afforded by Saks & Company. In addition to variety, we offer you the inestimable advantages of our standard tailoring—the best that can be put into shirts at any price. In collar-attached styles we feature:

White Oxford Shirts	2.50
Balloon Cloth Shirts	3.50
Aero Cloth Shirts, in white or tan	3.50
White Linen Shirts	4.95
Fancy Madras Shirts	3.50
Striped Percale Shirts	2.50
Cotton Pongee Shirts	2.50

Collar sizes, 13¾ to 18 *Sleeve measurements, 32 to 36*

STREET FLOOR

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

You might pay more but you wouldn't be cooler

FOR the man who must consider carefully the amount of money he spends for his summer suits—and who doesn't?—Palm Beach Suits are comparatively low in price. Yet the man who is accustomed to paying more for his summer suits than the cost of even the highest-priced Palm Beach Suit, buys Palm Beach because it keeps him cool, comfortable, and well-dressed.

A Palm Beach holds its shape

Palm Beach Cloth, of which all genuine Palm Beach Suits are made, holds its shape. Under the humid heat of summer, Palm Beach stays crisp, cool, and shapely. Aside from all the other advantages of Palm Beach Cloth, this one feature alone makes it the most practical fabric for summer suits.

Cleaning makes a Palm Beach look like new

For the man whose business is extraordinarily hard on clothing, Palm Beach is especially fitted. It will stand soap-and-water cleaning. Most men prefer to have their dark Palm Beach Suits dry-cleaned. This is better for suits that undergo only ordinary wear, as Palm Beach Cloth is smooth and hard-finished. Cleaning removes every particle of dirt, leaving the cloth as good-looking as when new.

This is the label that identifies the genuine cloth

Correct for every sort of wear

Palm Beach Suits are both economical and practical, because they can be worn everywhere and anywhere. Some summer fabrics are for business wear, others are for sports wear alone. Some fabrics are correct only in the daytime, and still others are worn only in the evening. Palm Beach Suits are in faultless taste for business or recreation—morning, afternoon, and evening. They are worn everywhere, from the Halls of Congress to the summer dances.

Prices do vary

Palm Beach Suits vary in price—the difference in price depending upon the amount and quality of tailoring put into them. Every suit of genuine Palm Beach Cloth bears the registered Palm Beach label. This label is for your protection. Look for it.

Golf knickers and sport clothes made of Palm Beach Cloth are cool and good-looking—practical and durable.

THE PALM BEACH MILLS—GOODALL WORSTED CO.
Selling Agent: A. Rohaut, 229 Fourth Avenue, New York

PALM BEACH SUITS

at all Good Clothing Stores

At last—

More leisure hours for the woman who does her own cooking!

KOOK-RITE ELECTRIC STOVES

Cook the dinner by themselves

ALL you need do is prepare and place the food in the stove, set the timeter and take it out again all deliciously cooked when you return from the shopping tour or matinee.

See the Cooking Demonstrations

at any of our showrooms or write for a descriptive folder of this new and wonderful, moderately priced electric stove.

Attachable to any ordinary convenience outlet or lighting socket

The United Electric Shops

OF THE UNITED ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

130 East 15th Street (Fifth Floor)

59th Street and Broadway 145th Street and Broadway

FULLER MUST CLEAR MYSTERY OF PAPERS

Court Will Not Free Brokers of Contempt Charge Until Full Explanation Is Given.

ANOTHER DOCUMENT GONE

Counsel Says He Can't Find Fallon Affidavit—To Ask Subpoena for Eidlitz.

The return of what is believed to be only part of the missing papers, failure to produce which led to their imprisonment by Judge Henry W. Goddard of the United States District Court for contempt, will not in itself be sufficient to bring about the release of Edward M. Fuller and William Frank McGee from the Ludlow Street Jail.

It was learned yesterday that Judge Goddard, to whom a bundle of papers was returned by a Western Union messenger on July 9, would not be likely to release Fuller and McGee, even if the missing papers had all been returned, without a complete explanation of where the papers had been and why neither Fuller nor McGee would say anything about the missing papers at the time he committed them for contempt.

So far as Judge Goddard knows officially and so far as it appears on the record, exact trace of the papers seems to have been lost some time after they were delivered at the law office of William J. Fallon and Eugene McGee, at that time counsel for Fuller and William F. McGee in criminal proceedings against them by Hays, St. John & Moore, the two brokers' bankruptcy attorneys.

William J. Fallon, subsequently indicted on a charge of bribing a juror in a mail fraud case, submitted an affidavit at the time Fuller and McGee were committed for contempt, declaring that the papers had been delivered to them. This statement was subsequently modified by another affidavit filed by his partner, Eugene McGee, who said he had given Fallon this information and then learned that Fuller and William F. McGee had not recovered the papers.

There was some confusion yesterday about a second affidavit made by Fallon, modifying his first affidavit. Charles H. Griffiths, who with his partner, Harold A. Content, succeeded Fallon and Eugene McGee, as counsel for Fuller and William F. McGee, said that he had been unable to find this second Fallon affidavit, although there was a record that Fallon had referred to it in remarks before the Court. Eugene McGee, Fallon's partner, insisted that Fallon had filed the affidavit and that it would be found in the records of the court.

Would Question Eidlitz.

Mr. Griffiths said he would try to have a subpoena served upon Ernest Eidlitz, who was the discharged employe referred to by Fallon when the latter asserted that his indictment was a "frame-up," to compel his appearance before Judge Goddard tomorrow, when he will move for the discharge of Fuller and William F. McGee from their imprisonment for contempt. Mr. Griffiths said he had been unable to locate Eidlitz. He added that he would like to question him concerning his assertion in an affidavit regarding the disappearance of the papers from the law office of Joseph Shalleck, which adjoins the offices of Fallon & McGee in the Knickerbocker Building at Broadway and Forty-second Street.

Eidlitz asserted in his affidavit that the papers were taken by a man named Neugast, whose first name he said he did not know. Mr. Griffiths said he would like to learn more from Eidlitz about Neugast, how he knew his name and what he was doing in Shalleck's office, which is really in the same suite as that occupied by Fallon & McGee.

Mr. Griffiths said that his clients, Fuller and William F. McGee, were not charging that the papers disappeared while supposedly in the custody of Fallon and Eugene McGee, then their attorneys, and that they had no knowledge where the papers were during this period. Mr. Griffiths did indicate that he would like to check up on Eidlitz's story of the disappearance. He added that it was hardly likely that Neugast, unless he was known in the Fallon-McGee-Shalleck offices, would be permitted to enter and take away a batch of important papers.

Mr. Griffiths added that he had talked with Mr. Shalleck over the telephone and that the latter had assured him that he knew absolutely nothing about the papers.

Judge Goddard, who is on vacation in the sense that he has his court assignment, had not checked up on the papers that were left on his "doorstep," presumably at the instigation of the man who telephoned Mr. Content that he was well disposed toward Fuller and McGee."

There was said to be excellent reason for the belief that there were important papers missing from the documents returned. Mr. Griffiths said he knew nothing about the matter as he had not seen the papers and knew nothing about it except from the telephone messages to Mr. Content and to Fuller.

The papers that were not returned were said to include some of the correspondence relating to the transactions of Fuller & Co. through Braid & Vogel with F. E. Link, who was the complainant against Fuller and McGee in the indictments found in the State courts.

Mr. Griffiths will make his motion for the discharge of Fuller and McGee before Judge Goddard tomorrow afternoon. It was learned yesterday that Judge Goddard has not received any formal notice of Mr. Griffiths intention to make such a motion, but set tomorrow afternoon as a time when he would see Mr. Griffiths, when the latter told him last week that he wanted to bring a matter before him and asked him to set a time.

It was also learned that Judge Goddard's action in postponing Fuller's examination before Harold F. Coffin, referee in bankruptcy, was in view of expected developments in the contempt matter, although, of course, it was not known at that time that the papers, or some of them, would be returned. It was learned that great efforts had been made by the Federal authorities to locate the missing papers. In addition to the search warrants issued by Judge Augustus N. Hand, Judge Goddard also has issued several search warrants. It was conjectured that the activity of the search conducted by the Federal agents might have some bearing on the return of the papers at this time.

There is little speculation, even on the part of counsel for Fuller and McGee, that Judge Goddard will release them from the contempt charge at once. Francis L. Kohlman and Carl J. Austin, attorneys for the trustee of Fuller & Co., will oppose their release until the bankruptcy proceedings are completed. Even if they should be discharged from Ludlow Street Jail on the contempt charge they would be re-arrested immediately on Judge Louis Fitzhenry's bench warrant directing them to plead to a mail fraud indictment, brought in connection with their alleged transactions through the bankrupt brokerage firm of Fuller & Co.

Fallon and McGee each drew a unique sentence of eleven months, with time off for good behavior, imposed by Judge Charles G. Knott of the Court of General Sessions, after they had pleaded guilty to bucketing orders of customers. The sentence will not begin to run until they are freed of the contempt charge.

EX-EMPEROR FLEES AS EUNUCHS REBEL

Hsuan Tung Escapes From the Forbidden City in Peking—Eunuchs Driven Out Later.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PEKING, July 16.—Fearing a plot to kill and loot in the Forbidden City, former Emperor Pu Yi, otherwise known as Hsuan Tung, fled from the city Sunday afternoon, and is remaining tonight at the palace of his late father, Prince Chun, a mile from the Forbidden City. The Emperor fled alone, this being the first time that he has been outside the Forbidden City. He told Court officials that he would not return until the conspirators were driven out.

The trouble was due to a rising by eunuchs because of the dismissal of a number of them from the Emperor's service for theft, following a fire which destroyed a part of the Forbidden City. The eunuchs, numbering in excess of 100, demanded the restoration of their comrades, on penalty of destroying the Emperor and his palace.

The Emperor fled in the rain. All the eunuchs were driven from the Forbidden City today, taking refuge on a coal hill. The imperial police are preventing their return.

MURDER CLUE IN CHURCH.

Frederick (Md.) Pastor Says Trustees Hold Facts on Woman's Death.

Special to The New York Times.

FREDERICK, Md., July 16.—States Attorney Anders is at work on clues in the death of Mrs. Grace S. Kepner, declared by the Coroner's Jury to be murder. Hearing that trustees of the Presbyterian Church attended by Mrs. Kepner, who was murdered on June 18, had some information regarding the case that was being withheld, Attorney Anders said this afternoon he would force them to talk.

The Rev. J. T. Gaehr, pastor of the church, said the trustees were in possession of information in connection with the case which "would startle Frederick," the information, however, was closely guarded.

Previously the Rev. Mr. Gaehr had said that the unsigned letter, supposedly written last February by Mrs. Kepner, in which she referred to a sister as a "thorn in the flesh," and called her husband "a kind, conscientious man," did not read like the original copy that had been in his hands for months. He had lent this letter to Kepner, he said, and now wanted it back. Unless it was forthcoming, he said, the church trustees would tell what they know.

"If the trustees refuse to talk," Mr. Anders said, "I intend to take them into court and break the seal on their lips."

Search was instituted today by Prosecutor Anders and Sheriff Jones for a Maxim silencer which, it is alleged, was purchased on June 16, two days before the murder. This action followed a conference today between Mr. Anders and Chief Judge Hammond Urner and Associate Judge Glenn H. Worthington, during which Mr. Anders formally asked for a recall of the Grand Jury as a result of the verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

"I am prepared to go ahead," Anders said. "The person who is suspected will not leave town, I am sure. We can get him whenever we want him."

CHAIN BARBER ARRESTED.

Woman Accuses S. Joseph Florentine in Stock Deal.

Charged with suspicion of grand larceny in connection with a deal involving the sale of stocks in barber shops, S. Joseph Florentine, 40 years old, of 422 Avenue J, Brooklyn, President of the United Barber Shops of America, with offices at 63-65 Wall Street, was held yesterday by Magistrate Silberman in West Side Court in $15,000 bail for examination July 25.

The complainant, Miss Mary Chambers of 127 West Ninetieth Street, daughter of the late Dr. Arthur Chambers of Kingston, N. Y., alleged that in March, 1922, she gave Florentine $23,000 worth of railroad securities and $5,000 in cash, for which she received a chattel mortgage on the Herald Square Barber Shop. The mortgage was to mature in March, this year. In September, she alleged, she offered to return the mortgage to Florentine, demanding that he return her securities and money. He refused to do this, she alleged. She said she had also purchased 2,000 shares of barber shop stock from Florentine at $5 a share.

Besides the Herald Square Barber Shop Florentine's company is said to operate shops in the Hotel Claridge, at Fifth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, and in Brooklyn.

DROWNED AT MILFORD.

John J. Finn of Staten Island Library Had Just Begun Vacation.

Special to The New York Times.

MILFORD, Conn., July 16.—John J. Finn Jr., aged 17, employed in the Public Library at Staten Island and whose father is an employe of the New York City Water Department, was drowned off Silver Beach in Milford this afternoon. His body has not been recovered.

In company with two other boys, Mathew Reilly and George Evans of West New Brighton, he came to Milford Saturday for a two weeks' vacation. They went rowing this afternoon and Finn jumped into the water up to his arms and began wading, when he stepped into a hole off the sandbar.

Reilly jumped in after him and succeeded in grabbing his hair, but Finn kicked himself loose and Reilly was obliged to drop him to save his own life. In the excitement Evans lost the oars and was unable to render assistance.

BROKER HELD FOR TRIAL.

S. Homer Federman Arrested on an Indictment for Bucketing.

S. Homer Federman, 36 years old, a broker, of 814 Hunt Avenue, the Bronx, who formerly had an office at 63 Wall Street, was released in $5,000 bail pending trial by Judge McIntyre in General Sessions yesterday. Federman is charged with bucketing the order of a client. He was arrested yesterday forenoon by Detective Sergeant John Cunniff of the District Attorney's office on a bench warrant issued when an indictment was returned against him last February.

Ernest C. Summer of 750 Ostrom Avenue, Syracuse, N. Y., according to the indictment, alleged that on Aug. 10, 1922, he gave Federman $2,500 with which to purchase 2,000 shares of stock. Federman, he asserted, failed to deliver the stock or return the money. His counsel said that Federman would plead not guilty.

HARVEY TO RESUME POST.

Will Return to London Soon, State Department Officials Say.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—George Harvey, Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, who had been on leave in this country for several weeks, will return to his post at London in a few weeks, it was said today at the State Department.

Ever since the Amerossador canceled his sailing on the Leviathan on July 4, there have been reports that he might not return to London, but in response to inquiries today it was said definitely that he would do so.

Blazer Jackets

sound the approved note of color in fashions for men

Very dashing is the effect created by these sparkling blazer jackets when worn with flannel trousers or knickers—whether the center of one's activities is the tennis court, the golf links, or the country club veranda for tea and talk. They come in plain or norfolk models—

in orange and blue, in blue and white, in blue and red; in white and navy.

Very Moderately Priced

At 16.50 and 18.50

FIFTH FLOOR

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

The Summer Sale of a Dependable Specialist

Flint's Fine Furniture

Upholstered Chairs—$68

Sold individually or in suites

IN SELECTING upholstered furniture, where your eye can't judge the inner workings, the best thing to do is to rely upon the reputation of a dependable specialist. Flint & Horner sell upholstered chairs which are of the same high-grade workmanship as the all-wood pieces. The chair, shown above, has reversible down-filled cushions and was an excellent value before the sale at $102. It now sells for $68. Davenport to match $136.

During the sale all furniture is offered at discounts of 10% to 50%

FLINT & HORNER CO., Inc.
20-26 West 36th Street
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

Solve Your Oct. 1st Problem Now

Select your apartment now and save yourself the annoyance and trouble and waste of time of a last minute search for a suitable home.

Visit Jackson Heights today. Compare the new garden apartments with anything anywhere in New York City.

Jackson Heights

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes
5, 6 and 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths

Jackson Heights residents are now enjoying
Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, etc.

Terms—Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms—Social and Business References Required

The Queensboro Corporation Manhattan Office 50 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7637

Jackson Heights Office, 25th St. & Polk Ave.

VISIT JACKSON HEIGHTS TO-DAY

Broadway B. R. T. Subway from any Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza.

Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

By Motor, 59th St. via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

Apartments Open for Inspection Until 8 P.M.

Vacation on the Famous Circle Tours

TAKE the famous Lehigh Valley "Circle Tour"—and your fondest dreams of a perfect vacation will be more than realized.

Over a thousand miles of ever-changing scenes of pastoral loveliness; of wild woodland beauty; of swiftly-running rivers through long reaches of verdant valley; over towering mountains and on to the very edge of thundering NIAGARA. Thence by steamer across Lake Ontario and up, mile after mile, the glorious St. Lawrence, past the Thousand Islands to Montreal.

Crowded as it is with pleasurable scenes, the trip is only half over. More of fascinating interest is yet to be unfolded to the gaze of the enchanted vacationist—but space does not permit its telling here. It is all told in detail, however, in an illustrated folder, a copy of which will be mailed to you on receipt of coupon below.

Such a trip can be made in a week, or lengthened into a month or more—all on a single ticket—and at a cost for the *round trip, from New York, as low as $42.22!* Fill in and mail the coupon TODAY.

Lehigh Valley trains use PENNSYLVANIA STATION, 7th Ave. and 32nd St.

Lehigh Valley Railroad

The Route of the Black Diamond

N. W. PRINGLE, General Pass. Agent
Lehigh Valley Railroad, 143 Liberty St., N.Y.

Please mail me, without obligation on my part, a copy of the folder on "Circle Tours" issued by the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Scenic Line of the East

"What's under the wrapper?"

I OFTEN open a La Palina as the cigar shown above has been opened, to demonstrate the reasons for its superiority. Leaf upon leaf, the delicate fine imported tobacco lies in almost perfect uniformity. You picture instantly the care with which it has been selected and arranged in each cigar. And scarcely is the wrapper slit before you smell the rich aroma of the special combination of tobaccos used in La Palina.

Then, if you look closely you will see that the leaves are placed so that from end to end there is an even distribution of the leaf tips. And because these tips contain the very cream of all the fragrance of tobacco, you understand why each La Palina is as sweet a smoke when you discard it as when it first was lit.

I know that few men will find the time or take the trouble to examine a La Palina in this way. But the superiority of this cigar does not have to be seen to be appreciated. You enjoy all its good qualities every time you smoke a La Palina.

Samuel Paley
President

CONGRESS CIGAR COMPANY
Philadelphia

Excellentes - - - 10c Blunt - - - 2 for 25c
Senator - - - 2 for 25c Magnolia - - - - 15c
Perfecto Grande, 3 for 50c

Also numerous other popular shapes and sizes.

LA PALINA

IT'S JAVA WRAPPED

CIGAR

N. Y. Branch, 132 West 43d St.
Bryant 4746 & Bryant 8746
Schwarz & Gruss, Newark, Distributor

Keep a fresh box in your office humidor and also in your humidor at home.

400,000 O. D. Blankets 32,507 Pair Gym Shoes

Two items of resale value for progressive merchants

DON'T forget the big War Department Auction at the Quartermaster Supply Depot, Chicago, Illinois, July 26th. Included in this sale there will be offered 400,000 reclaimed O. D. Army Blankets. These blankets are located at the Quartermaster Supply Depot, Columbus, Ohio.

The 32,507 pairs of gym shoes are all new. The uppers and outer soles are made from a fine grade of white leather. Insides are of leather welt with taped tops. They are of various sizes and widths. All shoes are located at the Quartermaster General Intermediate Depot, Ft. Mason, San Francisco, Calif.

Samples of both blankets and shoes may be inspected at the Chicago Depot any time prior to sale.

This sale will be well worth your attending, for many other items of interest, such as khaki duck, brown twill, brown denim, thread, buttons, hair brushes, cotton webbing, coats, hats, shirts, melton, mittens, etc., will be offered.

For complete catalog of sale, write to Quartermaster Supply Officer, General Intermediate Depot, 1819 West Pershing Road, Chicago, Illinois.

Remember! Both items to be sold at Chicago. Auction July 26th.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

WAR DEPARTMENT

DICTATION to the Ediphone takes you out of the shadow of the clock. You are free to telephone at any time. Why not Ediphone too, when *you* are ready, without a care for office routine?

This is the very season when Ediphone help will appeal to you most. It is so simple and easy to use, there is not one good reason for delaying its adoption in your office.

Leave the shadow of the clock today.

Telephone Canal 5670

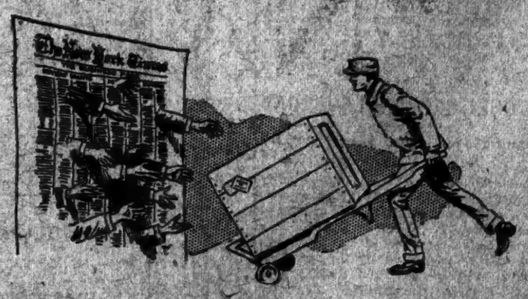
EDWIN C. BARNES & BROS.

412 Broadway New York

THE NEW EDISON

Ediphone

Newark Office, 207 Market St. Telephone Market 8053



Profitable Sales *and* Prompt Delivery

Thousands of dollars worth of merchandise, including women's dresses, coats, sweaters, materials, laces, furs and suits, are bought and sold daily through the Business Page of The New York Times. Quick sales are consummated and prompt delivery effected when a merchant in urgent need of a specific line inserts his announcement under "Buyers' Wants." Slow-moving stock is turned over at a profit when the "Offerings to Buyers" columns are used to describe the goods for which a market is desired.

Rate for each classification—15 cents a word

BUSINESS PAGE

The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000

July 23 - August 3
1923

National Merchandise Fair

The Buyers' Department Store

CONTACT

CONTACT between those who have something to offer and those who have wants is bound to mean an exchange. You sellers of goods can make many contacts with buyers at the Fair and contacts are what you need. No matter how good your goods, how will those who have no contact with you know?

"Inner sunshine warms not only the heart of the owner, but all who come in *contact* with it."
—*J. T. Fields*

This Salesman Now Stops at South Manchester

THE Sales Manager of a certain manufacturing concern had traveled New England for years but never stopped off at South Manchester, Conn. Why? Because as he had never sold a bill of goods to anyone in that town, he had written it down as "dead."

But last August his house had a booth at the NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR. This Sales Manager was in charge. Up came a buyer from the largest store in South Manchester, interestedly looked over his line and promptly placed an order for $900. She later sent in another South Manchester buyer who bought $300 worth more. When the Fair was over this sales manager said that he expected his house to draw steady returns for years to come from it.

South Manchester will serve as a name for any one of a thousand towns where you ought to have a business contact. When your salesmen say, "I spent 33 nights on a sleeper," or, "It's a fair territory but full of long jumps"—both these expressions indicate that they have written down the moderate-sized "between" town as dead because of no market. But the market is very likely there just the same—as it was in South Manchester. What is needed is a CONTACT.

The NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR gives you Manufacturers and Sellers an opportunity to find and revive these markets by putting you in touch with merchants and buyers from "between" towns and thereby frequently establishes relations that result in SALES where there were no sales before.

The Purpose of the National Merchandise Fair

To establish new selling and buying contacts and to develop an educational influence by making more lines of merchandise better known to *Professional Buyers.*

To stimulate the initiative and vision of the manufacturer and to encourage the *buyer* in the selection and purchase of merchandise of more highly developed selling power with the broader view of stabilizing and increasing the consumption of goods by the consumer throughout the country and abroad.

How Many More Buyers Would You Like to Know?

ONE? A dozen? A thousand? Do you seek to enlarge your avenues of business—your contacts? Or do you sit back and merely hope for the best?

The business that stands still is passed by as its competitors progress. And progress is so keenly fought for in these days of sharp competition that the firm that would keep its spark of life glowing must reach forward. Hesitation, self-satisfied delay, aloofness in this matter of seeking a widened influence with the nation's buyers, through the medium of the Fair, are only too likely to be repaid in the counterfeit coin of cooled friendships, lost accounts and vanished prestige.

We can conceive of no manufacturer, no wholesaler who can afford to regard the possible loss of a single buyer as something of little moment. We can imagine none to whom the addition of one buying friendship could fail to ring like true gold.

Yet some hold back—while scores continue to engage their booths—while competitors do not falter in reaching out to widened opportunities.

If *you* have faltered, do not flivver. Act today and you still have time.

To You in the Silk and Piece Goods Industries

WHAT is wrong in your fields? Why are you behind all other lines in the general merchandise field? You are none so strong that you might not gain in power, none so popular that you might not gain in favor with the 50,000 or so merchants and buyers already expected at the Fair, by greeting them at your booths and mingling with them at the Fair's Recreation Day at Long Beach, July 28th. An event that if you are not in the Fair you cannot attend. There are still some booths. You are expected.

THE WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT STORE

JUST as the department store idea is a truly economic one for the convenience of the consuming public and for its operators, so the Fair is a big logical step forward in modernizing the field of wholesale trading.

A huge, wholesale department store, arranged for the country's retail buyers—that is the net of the NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR. Sell your line in the department store way.

The Buyer who Makes It Pay
—HIS NAME IS LEGION

And he says—

"The National Merchandise Fair? Sure I'm going! Couldn't keep me away from that. I went last year, and, although it was brand new, I liked it. I think it's a great idea. It brings merchandise lines together so that a buyer can make comparison before buying.

"In my line, for example, forty different concerns exhibited at the first Fair. I never saw so much merchandise before on my trip to market. To get around to scattered salesrooms and see half a dozen lines was as much as I ever could do before.

"I tell you I learned things at the Fair last year! I talked with a whole lot of exhibitors and got their ideas, and I never got education so easily and cheaply before. They told me what they thought of market conditions, and I checked up one man's ideas against another's, and then drew my own conclusions. I found this so valuable that I took an entire afternoon and did nothing but talk with the exhibitors, and I didn't stick entirely to the exhibitors in my own line either.

"And I met a whole lot of buyers from all over the country that I had never met before and had an interesting time comparing notes with them.

"Did I buy anything? I should say I did. Bought some of the nicest stuff our store has ever handled, and I repeated on some of it after the Fair. I found I had discovered three new merchandise resources that it pays me to do business with. That alone was worth while, wasn't it?

"First thing, when I got back to the store, Mr. Anderson—that's my owner—asked me had I been to the Fair, and what did I think of it? You see he's a member of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, and he was anxious to check up on the Fair and see if it was really worth while. When I told him what I thought of it, he said, 'Jamieson, I am sorry I didn't go down with you. If I hadn't had so much confidence in your good sense, I would have gone; but I know from what you tell me that the Fair is the coming thing. The idea is economically right. The only question I have raised in my own mind was whether the buyers could be brought to realize that it is to their interest to co-operate in making the Fair successful. What you tell me gives me confidence—because I know there are lots of fellows just like you who have their eyes open to their own advantage. They will know how to value the Fair and they will make it go.

"I am going to the Fair with bells on, and six other buyers from our store are going too, and (this is confidential) when we get back the store is going to put on a NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR WEEK. We are going to play it up strong in our advertising and windows and show all the new merchandise we bought at the Fair—a new sort of fall opening. I'm for the Fair strong, but you have got to know how to use it.

"Oh, yes, I've heard about Jones. He's a buyer from my town. Kind of old-fashioned. He just breezed through the Fair, and told his boss that he didn't get much out of it. *That was his best it seems.*"

LET YOUR SALESMEN FROLIC WITH THE BUYERS
Make your Reservations Now for the Long Beach Recreation Day, July 28

SECOND

"NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR"

By permission of
The National Merchandise Fair, Inc.

July 23—August 3—1923

"Where Every Buy is a Real Buy and Where Every Real Buyer Buys"

For Professional Retail Buyers Only
Public Not Admitted

The booths at the FAIR are of three types—open, semi-open and inclosed. Garment Division booths are of closed type only. Every day the selection of booths becomes correspondingly limited. If you have certain display effects in mind or if you are set on a certain strategic position, do not delay. Reserve the space you need TODAY

Garment Division
Under the auspices of
THE NATIONAL GARMENT RETAILERS' ASSOCIATION
165th Regiment Armory
[Old 69th Regiment]
Lexington Avenue and 25th Street
New York City
For information communicate with
Garment Division
358 Fifth Avenue
New York City
Telephone Fitzroy 6286

National Merchandise Fair
Under the auspices of
THE NATIONAL RETAIL DRY GOODS ASSOCIATION
at
Grand Central Palace
New York City
For information communicate with the
National Merchandise Fair
200 Fifth Avenue
New York City
Telephone Gramercy 5733

There is Just Enough Time Remaining for You to Secure Your Booth If You Hustle, and be Ready to Meet the Army of Buyers on Arrival

WEEKS A WITNESS AT WARD INQUIRY

Former Prosecutor Spends Most of Day With Westchester Grand Jury.

JOHN MUNDIA IS HEARD

Officers Fail to Serve Subpoenas on Women in Ward Party at Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 16.—The Westchester County extraordinary Grand Jury investigating the Ward case began its third week's work today. Former District Attorney Frederick E. Weeks and John Mundia, who recently declared in the Tombs, New York City, that he knew something about the Ward case, were examined.

Mr. Weeks, now Mayor of White Plains, entered the witness room early in the day and remained until the sitting was nearly finished. He had charge of the first prosecution of the case against Walter S. Ward for the slaying of Clarence Peters, ex-marine, before the first Grand Jury here, a year ago.

The Grand Jury will continue its work tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 16.—Walter S. Ward, his brother, Ralph Ward, their wives and mother checked out of the Hotel Chelsea today, after an unsuccessful attempt by two New York detectives to serve the women with subpoenas for their appearance Wednesday before the extraordinary Grand Jury at White Plains. The Wards later left by motor without leaving forwarding addresses.

Walter and Ralph Ward prevented the service of the subpoenas by the detectives, who had been sent here by the District Attorney of Westchester County to learn if the women would willingly accept service, it being recognized that the papers would have no binding effect if served in New Jersey. The detectives waited in front of the hotel, and when the Ward car appeared they approached it. Seeing the papers in one of the men's hands, Walter S. Ward and his brother stepped between the detectives and the women and told the latter to run for the elevator. They held the detectives while the women rushed to the lift and were carried upstairs. A few hours later the Ward party departed.

All the family will enjoy this Stop-over

Salt Lake City

VARIETY! —that's the secret of the charm of this glorious playground in the towering Rockies.

Motoring through the cool shadows of mountain gorges, you arrive at beautiful mountain resorts which provide numerous pleasures. On the big porches you enjoy in comfort the full beauty of the mountains. Horses and burros are provided—what keen delight for the children!

Hiking, horseback riding, fishing, dancing and golf—choose the pleasure you enjoy most, for all are here for you.

Then in the evening, when breezes are chill, campfires spring up through the canyon and a merry, friendly group gathers round. There's health, happiness and no end of new things for all the family to do here in this wonder playground!

Salt Lake City is growing—in 1920 its population was 118,110. Greater Salt Lake City, including its suburbs, now has a total population of 141,649.

Every big railroad to the west either reaches Salt Lake City or can route you via Salt Lake City—going or returning—without trouble or extra expense. Ask for the Salt Lake City 10-day stopover when you buy your ticket.

Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

A beautiful 40-page booklet of photographs telling the story of Salt Lake City and Utah mailed free on request. Other free booklets on "Agriculture and Livestock," "Industries" and "Mining." Address Dept. 163 Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club, Salt Lake City, Utah.

(Drawing Based on a 17th Century Print in the Metropolitan Museum, New York)

Now—you can get the finest Ricoro Cigars ever imported!

Presidente size, 15c
Box of 25—$3.75

THIS is a vintage year—a golden year—in the La Plata district! Never in the history of Porto Rico has the soil yielded such tobacco as in the Ricoros now coming in weekly shipments to United Cigar Stores.

Every lover of truly fine Porto Rican tobacco should try these cigars—should experience for himself the richness—the bouquet—the mellow tropic charm—of this vintage crop.

Luckily for you, there is no advance in the prices of the *vintage* Ricoro. And besides this—Ricoro is imported from Porto Rico duty free, *so you save the difference.*

'Discover' the *vintage* Ricoro—*today!*

Cabinet size, 3 for 25c
Box of 50—$3.75

Ricoro

Ricoro comes in 10 regular sizes, *2 for 15c up to 15c*

LITTLE CIGARS

Ricoro Operas . . . *Package of 10, 13c—2 packages, 25*
Ricoro Infantas . . . . . *Package of 10, 20c*
Little Ricoro . . . . . *Package of 5, 15c*

Panetela size, 2 for 15c
Box of 50—$3.75

Corona size, 10c
Box of 50—$4.50

Sold only where you see the sign—

UNITED CIGAR STORES

Cigars always FRESH—full natural aroma

Mail Orders Filled—Address United Cigar Stores Co., Flatiron Building, 5th Avenue and 23d Street, New York City.

"YOU know, Experience is a great teacher. But his lessons are pretty expensive sometimes. I remember a case in point some months ago. Friend of mine had just got a new sedan. So, one Sunday, with our families, we made it a party of two cars for a trip into the country.

"Tom was about a hundred feet ahead of me, and we were both rolling comfortably along. I noticed a bend in the road a little ways ahead, and as Tom got up to it, a good sized roadster appeared coming toward us, hitting about 50 per, and taking the curve wide, which headed him straight for Tom's sedan.

"Tom pulled over as far as he could and the roadster straightened out just in time to miss his scared family by inches. The chap did the gentlemanly thing—stopped and came back to apologize. And from the scared look in his face, I think he learned his lesson—that taking curves that way may cost two or three lives any day in the week."

SOCONY
GASOLINE & MOTOR OIL

Uniform Quality
Best Results

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK
26 Broadway

Wanath's Library and Bookshops

The first successful venture of its kind in America. Many libraries, large and small, have been started, but failed because they did not supply

The Book You Want When You Want It

referring to any new and popular book, WANATH'S LIBRARY HAS BEEN AND IS DOING THIS, and the copies you receive are fresh, clean and pleasant to handle.

You are not limited to fiction—Miscellaneous books of all kinds are on the shelves and in circulation to meet the demand.

You do not have to wait—place your order in advance and the book will be waiting when you call.

Before you purchase
LATE FICTION
Look over the books taken from our library and sold in all our branches at
60c each, 2 for $1.00

BRANCHES

18 Broadway & 65 Nassau St., 17 E. 59th St., 31 W. 60th, Grand Central Terminal, Terminal 34; Bldg. (opp. Grd. Central). Broadway at 70th, 96th, 100th & 125th Sts. Mad. Av. at 41st, 42d, 60th, 72d Sts. 121 West 57th, Bechtel Building. Bloomingdale's (59th St. & 3d Ave.)
BROOKLYN—504 Flatbush Avenue, 365-4 Nostrand Ave. (Cor. Park Pl.) Hotel St. George, Clark St. Subway. 1414 Kings Highway (cor. Brighton 2).

Newark: 971 Broad Street.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Phone Gramercy 1770 or mail postal and Representative will call promptly
BARTON PRESS 56 W. 24th St. NEW YORK

Hot weather nonsense

There is a good deal of unnecessary nonsense talked and written about woolen suits and hot weather.

Wool in the right weight, color, texture, cut and fit makes just as comfortable a summer suit as any other material you can wear.

Let us show you how light and cool and trim a good summer suit *ought* to be.

Ready to Wear, $75 *Made to Measure, $125*

D'Andrea Brothers Inc.
MEN'S TAILORS
587 Fifth Avenue at Forty-seventh

Poor American Indians

The United States Government spends $15,000,000 a year on our native Indians; but Americans cannot feel proud of the picture painted of them in July Current History Magazine by Frances A. Blanchard, who knows the Indians intimately.

In the July issue Sidney Webb, Member of Parliament, tells of the rise to power of the British Labor Party.

Anthony Clyne writes of the personality and the rulership of King Alfonso of Spain.

A. J. Toynbee tells some home truths about Near East Atrocities.

Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks describes the dawn of a new era in Europe.

A score of equally famous writers and authorities treat national and international subjects, both American and foreign, with simple clarity.

July
CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

On news stands 25 cents a copy; $3.00 a year.

Published monthly by
The New York Times Co.
Times Square, New York.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

502 Chicago Tribune Towns

EACH CIRCLE on the map represents one of the 502 towns. Refer by number to the table of towns listed below

COMPARISON of The Chicago Sunday Tribune circulation with circulation of leading national weekly in 502 towns of 1,000 or more population where Sunday Tribune reaches at least one out of every five families

NOT ONLY in Illinois, but also in Indiana, and in Iowa, and in Michigan, and in Wisconsin, is The Chicago Tribune an institution of commanding importance. For three generations, The Chicago Tribune has been a leavening influence over a wide area, keeping even the smallest communities in close touch with world events, encouraging independent thinking and destroying provincialism.

Herewith is a list of 502 towns of 1,000 or more population in each of which The Tribune reaches at least 20% of the families and in some of which it reaches 80% of the families. These towns, therefore, are ones in which Tribune advertising can be successfully merchandised to local dealers.

Get out your sales maps and you will find that these are among your most productive markets—*or should be*. Are you giving your goods in these towns the advertising pressure justified by sales possibilities? If not, ask a Tribune man to call and discuss with you the use of Tribune advertising (exceedingly economical) and Tribune merchandising plans (exceedingly practical) to build your sales.

ILLINOIS

		Pop. Families	Cir. Leading Natl. Weekly	Sun. Trib. Cir.	Sun. Trib. Coverage
1	Abingdon	541	101	278	50%
2	Aledo	449	98	280	85%
3	Alexis	350			
4	Amboy	1,000	43	257	91%
5	Anna	904	79	195	32%
6	Antioch	307		195	76%
7	Arcola	1,000	65	190	53%
8	Arlington Heights	378		245	83%
9	Arthur	450	21	250	86%
10	Ashland	350		120	60%
11	Assumption	774	45	63	23%
12	Astoria	776	45	85	30%
13	Atlanta	1,000	143	150	44%
14	Augusta	317	28	60	53%
15	Aurora	7,853	1,833	4,482	81%
16	Avon	400		200	100%
17	Batavia	1,000	134	435	80%
18	Bartlettown	1,000	199	362	90%
19	Bartonville	1,000	161	305	76%
20	Bellevue	1,000	57	205	82%
21	Benson	350		114	49%
22	Bensenville	238		114	48%
23	Benton	1,400	152	1,430	85%
24	Berwyn	1,500	38	47	24%
25	Blandinsville	1,000	36	150	54%
26	Bloomington	1,182	1,437	1,437	77%
27	Bridgeport	2,732	152	1,437	83%
28	Brocton	1,000	41	163	67%
29	Bradford	1,000		160	37%
30	Braidwood	1,000	17	71	37%
31	Breese	1,000	41	150	60%
32	Brookfield	1,000	36	150	77%
33	Bushnell	1,000	76	430	70%
34	Byron	1,000		80	32%
35	Cairo	13,000	1,000	6,500	72%
36	Calumet City	1,000		640	76%
37	Cambridge	1,000		80	32%
38	Canton	6,000	1,100	5,400	81%
39	Carbondale	4,000	1,877	2,415	81%
40	Carlinville	1,000	371	1,135	74%
41	Carmi	1,000	150	750	75%
42	Carrollton	1,000		400	80%
43	Carthage	1,000	1,441	2,886	116%
44	Casey	1,000	152	1,430	85%
45	Centralia	6,000	1,000	4,000	80%
46	Centreville	1,000	240	631	84%
47	Chatsworth	1,000		71	36%
48	Chenoa	1,000	41	163	67%
49	Chicago	577,000	77,010	427,000	74%
50	Chillicothe	1,000	370	1,751	44%
51	Christopher	1,000		161	64%
52	Clinton	1,000		160	64%
53	Coal City	1,000		80	32%
54	Colchester	1,000		160	64%
55	Collinsville	3,000	1,177	5,400	90%
56	Colona	1,000		640	76%
57	Columbia	1,000	1,877	2,415	81%
58	Cornell	1,000		80	32%
59	Crystal Lake	1,000	41	163	67%
60	Danville	16,000	1,195	7,195	72%
61	Decatur	15,000	1,877	2,415	81%
62	Dekalb	3,000	1,441	2,886	116%
63	Delavan	1,000	152	1,430	85%
64	Dixon	6,000	1,000	4,000	80%
65	Downers Grove	1,000		80	32%
66	Du Quoin	3,000	1,141	4,000	80%
67	Dwight	1,000		160	64%
68	Earlville	1,000	152	1,003	85%
69	East Moline	3,000		80	32%
70	Edwardsville	1,000	41	163	67%

ILLINOIS (Cont'd)

		Pop. Families	Cir. Leading Natl. Weekly	Sun. Trib. Cir.	Sun. Trib. Coverage
71	Farmington	526	42	210	40%
*	Forest Pk.	2,163		1,851	86%
72	Forreston	1,000		80	32%
73	Freeport	3,834	706	2,867	75%
74	Fulton	1,000	52	191	53%
75	Galena	1,000	196	605	71%
76	Galesburg	4,767	675	4,000	84%
77	Galva	1,000	21	320	64%
78	Genoa	1,000	35	133	42%
79	Geneva	1,000	124	440	44%
80	Geneseo	1,000	98	300	60%
81	Gibson	1,000	99	300	60%
82	Gilman	1,000	57	183	63%
83	Gladstone	1,000		160	64%
84	Glen Ellyn	1,000	108	350	201%
*	Glencoe	1,000	150	777	116%
85	Granville	1,000	29	120	44%
86	Grand Lake	1,000		160	64%
87	Granville	1,000	24	64	16%
88	Greenup	1,000	42	85	20%
89	Hamilton	1,000		160	64%
*	Harvey	1,000	108	1,000	80%
90	Harvard	1,000	132	270	48%
91	Harrisburg	1,000	181	600	40%
92	Havana	1,000	148	318	64%
93	Henry	1,000	31	105	84%
94	Herrin	2,107	132	400	30%
95	Highwood	1,000	41	163	67%
96	Highland Pk	1,000	250	1,186	90%
97	Hinsdale	1,000	259	1,030	146%
98	Homer	1,000		160	64%
*	Homewood	1,000	23	201	80%
*	Hubbard Woods	1,000		441	148%
99	Hoopeston	1,000	152	521	80%
*	Hubbard Woods	513		441	148%
100	Jacksonville	3,143	1,000	1,428	47%
101	Jerseyville	1,000	41	163	67%
102	Joliet	13,000	1,000	4,000	80%
103	Kankakee	3,824	403	2,000	26%
*	Kenilworth	1,000	47	170	113%
104	Kewanee	3,000	1,000	4,000	80%
105	La Grange	1,000	440	1,760	176%
*	La Grange Park	1,000		1,760	176%
106	Lake Forest	1,000		640	76%
107	La Salle	2,610	313	1,320	51%
108	Lanark	1,000		160	64%
*	Lawrenceville	1,018	183	249	24%
*	Lemont	1,000		241	96%
109	Lena	1,000	152	521	80%
110	Leroy	1,000	77	244	37%
111	Lexington	1,000	77	244	37%
112	Libertyville	1,000	67	370	85%
113	Lincoln	2,376	300	1,000	80%
114	Lockport	1,000	41	163	67%
115	Lombard	1,000	41	163	67%
116	Macomb	1,000	228	760	80%
117	Manteno	1,000		160	64%
118	Marengo	1,000	41	163	67%
119	Marion	1,000	203	800	80%
120	Marseilles	1,000		160	64%
121	Maywood	1,000	203	800	80%
122	Mendota	1,000	152	1,003	85%
123	Metropolis	1,000	77	244	37%
124	Moline	6,140	1,141	4,000	80%
125	Monmouth	1,000	152	1,003	85%
126	Monticello	1,000	61	318	70%
127	Morris	1,000	132	740	80%
128	Morton	1,000	14	70	28%
*	Morton Park	600		275	153%
129	Morrison	1,000	41	163	67%
130	Morton	1,000		160	64%
131	Mt. Carmel	1,421	151	316	71%
132	Mt. Carroll	1,421	151	316	71%

ILLINOIS (Cont'd)

		Pop. Families	Cir. Leading Natl. Weekly	Sun. Trib. Cir.	Sun. Trib. Coverage
133	Mt. Morris	250	48	131	52%
134	Mt. Pulaski	1,000	50	200	52%
135	Mt. Sterling	1,000	100	105	84%
136	Naperville	1,000	119	195	51%
137	Nashville	1,000	58	90	31%
138	Newman	1,000	45	95	38%
139	Newton	1,000	41	163	67%
*	Niles	1,000		290	116%
140	Normal	1,000	131	500	20%
141	Oakland	1,000	152	1,003	85%
*	Oak Park	7,000	982	10,200	128%
142	Oblong	1,000	41	65	20%
143	Odell	1,000	43	125	47%
144	Olney	1,000	57	183	63%
145	Omega	1,000	33	162	63%
146	Oregon	1,000	91	225	57%
147	Ottawa	2,163	400	1,700	81%
148	Palatine	1,000	41	163	67%
149	Park Ridge	1,000	203	378	81%
150	Pawnee	1,000	146	448	62%
*	Park Ridge	1,000	64	480	130%
151	Oblong	1,000	41	65	20%
152	Odell	1,000	43	125	47%
153	Olney	1,000	57	183	63%
154	Omega	1,000	33	162	63%
155	Oregon	1,000	91	225	57%
156	Ottawa	2,163	400	1,700	81%
157	Pana	1,000	205	378	81%
158	Paxton	1,000	146	448	62%
159	Paris	1,000	152	1,003	85%
160	Pecatonica	1,000	34	70	32%
161	Pekin	1,000	41	163	67%
162	Peoria	15,000	3,366	8,000	80%
163	Peoria	15,234	3,366	8,000	80%
164	Peru	1,000	80	960	48%
165	Petersburg	1,000	41	163	67%
166	Pittsfield	1,000	107	125	30%
167	Plainfield	1,000	42	143	52%
168	Plano	1,000	41	163	67%
169	Pontiac	1,000	203	800	80%
170	Polo	1,000	91	241	60%
171	Prophetstown	1,000	82	101	38%
172	Princeton	1,000	152	1,003	85%
173	Quincy	1,000	1,171	2,125	80%
174	Ransom	1,000	41	163	67%
175	Riverside	1,000	152	1,003	85%
176	Roanoke	1,000	77	244	37%
177	Rochelle	1,000	203	800	80%
178	Rock Falls	1,000	152	1,003	85%
179	Rockford	13,000	2,691	6,171	47%
180	Rock Island	7,035	1,203	4,800	68%
181	Roseville	1,000	41	163	67%
182	Rushville	1,000	55	150	30%
183	Rushville	1,000	152	1,003	85%
184	St. Anne	1,000	41	163	67%
185	St. Charles	1,000	152	1,003	85%
186	Salem	1,000	203	800	80%
187	Sandwich	1,000	41	163	67%
188	Saunemin	1,000	145	565	80%
189	Sandwich	1,000		160	64%
190	Shelbyville	1,000	146	448	62%
191	Sheldon	1,000	152	1,003	85%
192	Springfield	11,000	2,734	4,000	80%
193	Spring Val.	1,000	32	128	51%
194	Sterling	1,000	386	1,000	80%
195	Stockton	1,000	55	170	68%
196	Streator	2,000	1,000	3,000	75%
197	Sullivan	1,000	111	318	64%
198	Swansea	1,000	41	163	67%
199	Taylorville	1,000	152	1,003	85%
200	Tilton	1,000	41	163	67%
201	Toulon	1,000	57	183	63%
202	Tuscola	1,000	203	800	80%
203	Urbana	2,040	382	1,320	97%
204	Warren	1,000	91	101	36%
205	Washington	1,000	41	163	67%
206	Watseka	1,000	152	1,003	85%
207	Wenona	1,000	41	163	67%
208	Villa Grove	1,000	40	100	40%
209	Villa Park	1,000		80	32%
210	Virginia	1,000	44	200	80%
211	Virginia	1,000		160	64%
212	Waukegan	3,840	512	3,000	94%
213	Wenona	1,000	41	163	67%
214	Westmont	1,000	152	740	80%
215	W. Frankfort	1,000	133	370	52%
216	Wheaton	1,000		160	64%
*	West Springfield	1,000	60	1,000	116%
217	Wheaton	1,000	241	800	102%
218	Williamson	1,000	45	184	64%

ILLINOIS (Cont'd)

		Pop. Families	Cir. Leading Natl. Weekly	Sun. Trib. Cir.	Sun. Trib. Coverage
*	Wilmette	1,563	277	2,174	125%
219	Winfield	200		40	20%
220	Woodstock	1,336	616	1,380	104%
221	Wyoming	1,105	153	460	42%
222	Yorkville	275	42	105	38%
		256		111	80%

INDIANA

223	Albion	228	41	55	24%
224	Angola	530	101	140	26%
225	Argos	272	44	80	30%
226	Atlanta	238	110	235	98%
227	Auburn	804	110	235	29%
228	Bluffton	1,075	110	300	28%
229	Bourbon	252	29	70	30%
230	Bremen	417	58	120	29%
231	Chesterton	321	35	200	62%
232	Columbia C.	709	134	358	51%
233	Crawfordsv'le	2,028	600	1,500	74%
234	Crown Point	454	94	253	56%
235	Delphi	417	117	131	31%
236	Elkhart	4,855	854	2,735	57%
237	Elwood	1,163	276	400	34%
238	Fowler	298	74	153	52%
239	Frankfort	2,317	434	700	30%
240	Garrett	1,050	270	1,000	95%
241	Gary	11,075	2,000	5,000	45%
242	Goodland	238	48	100	84%
243	Goshen	1,909	231	1,000	52%
244	Hammond	4,000	734	4,000	100%
245	Hibbard	310		125	40%
246	Huntington	2,300	691	920	40%
247	Kendallville	1,055	217	1,175	89%
248	Kentland	317	73	115	36%
249	Knox	515	97	145	28%
250	Kokomo	8,000	1,000	3,000	38%
251	Lafayette	2,401	1,000	3,000	125%
252	La Grange	302	74	100	33%
253	La Porte	3,000	613	1,841	61%
254	Lagonier	407	87	150	37%
255	Logansport	4,328	743	1,049	24%
256	Lowell	1,738	77	118	41%
257	Marion	4,740	822	1,410	30%
258	Mich. City	1,081	277	1,012	93%
259	Mishawaka	2,078	500	745	36%
260	Monroe	207	51	75	36%
261	Monticello	507	83	170	33%
262	Morocco	218	41	80	36%
263	Paoli	650	97	163	25%
264	Peru	2,000	500	1,000	50%
265	North Judson	309	74	110	35%
266	Rensselaer	542	74	175	32%
267	Rochester	1,513	463	1,000	66%
268	Rockport	1,000	160	320	32%
269	Rolling Prairie	200	41	80	40%
270	Roseland	317	73	115	36%
271	Remington	298	49	97	33%
272	Remmel	238	48	100	42%
273	Rochester	744	185	410	55%
274	South Bend	14,100	2,035	6,745	48%
275	Whiting	1,000	50	50	5%
276	Syracuse	334	74	200	60%
277	Tipton	1,000	110	300	30%
278	Valparaiso	1,300	463	1,027	79%
279	Vincennes	3,432	653	841	24%
280	Wabash	2,000	400	1,000	50%
281	Walkerton	1,000	97	200	20%
282	Warsaw	1,000	210	600	60%
283	Whiting	1,023	105	675	67%
284	Williamsport	1,000	83	150	15%
285	Winamac	337	68	106	31%

IOWA

286	Albia	1,013	204	363	23%
287	Alpha	1,000		80	8%
288	Ames	1,214	277	373	37%
289	Anamosa	1,000	110	140	28%
290	Bella Plaine	1,000		160	32%
291	Bellevue	1,000		80	16%
292	Burlington	4,811	630	1,850	38%
293	Calmar	1,000		160	32%
294	Cedar Falls	1,393	300	1,175	84%
295	Cedar Rapids	3,113	2,031	4,715	151%
296	Centerville	1,000	110	140	14%
297	Clarion	565	99	125	22%
298	Clear Lake	831	99	100	12%
299	Clinton	4,000	1,000	3,000	75%
300	Creston	1,607	410	410	26%
301	Columbus Jt.	300		94	32%
302	Davenport	11,346	2,221	6,818	60%
303	Decorah	1,000	187	371	37%
304	DeWitt	970	47	100	43%
305	Dysersville	357	58	101	28%
306	Dubuque	7,857	1,500	3,000	38%
307	Fairfield	1,189	241	380	32%
308	Ft. Madison	2,413	358	835	34%
309	Fort Dodge	3,868	777	845	22%
310	Hampton	1,000	170	200	20%
311	Independence	732	170	291	40%
312	Iowa City	2,250	800	1,773	79%
313	Iowa Falls	1,000	170	200	20%
314	Keokuk	2,884	773	1,486	52%
315	La Porte City	969	52	85	20%
316	Manchester	1,000	98	200	40%
317	McGregor	623	99	200	32%
318	Maquoketa	775	105	275	35%
319	Marshalltown	3,140	801	1,179	37%
320	Marcella	1,000		160	32%
321	Mason City	4,017	887	1,210	30%
322	Mt. Pleasant	797	148	325	41%
323	Mt. Vernon	1,000	98	160	32%
324	Monona	210	41	80	38%
325	Monticello	451	110	140	31%
326	Muscatine	3,511	863	1,971	56%
327	New Hampton	500	98	160	32%
328	New London	1,000	98	160	32%
329	Oelwein	1,401	185	530	38%
330	Oneida	200		77	38%
331	Osage	1,000	170	170	17%
332	Oskaloosa	1,453	329	400	27%
333	Ottumwa	4,901	783	2,020	41%
334	Parkersburg	907	115	410	45%
335	Perryville	1,401	1,000	1,000	71%
336	Red Oak	1,110	247	241	22%
337	Reinbeck	283	60	60	21%
338	Ricerville	200		80	40%
339	Rumber	302	40	80	26%
340	State Center	900	71	90	10%
341	Tama	1,000	75	131	26%
342	Tipton	1,000	170	170	17%
343	Toledo	921	75	75	8%
344	Vinton	1,000	75	75	8%
345	Union	200		40	20%
346	Wapello	1,000	185	240	24%
347	Waterloo	7,240	1,501	2,300	32%
348	Waukon	1,000	170	170	17%
349	Waverley	1,000	80	200	20%
350	Washington	930	237	370	39%
351	W. Liberty	307	80	100	32%
352	Wilton	228	82	42	20%

MICHIGAN

353	Allegan	727	183	150	20%
354	Bangor	1,340	248	150	70%
355	Battle Creek	7,233	1,921	1,585	22%
356	Benton Hbr	2,440	670	1,775	72%
357	Bronson	251	41	53	21%
358	Buchanan	434	180	253	57%
359	Berrien Spgs.	200		53	11%
360	Cassopolis	348	61	81	23%
361	Coldwater	1,623	323	340	63%
362	Constantine	255	53	53	21%
363	Crystal Falls	679	63	150	22%
364	Decatur	654	148	148	23%
365	Dowagiac	1,000	201	371	37%
366	Escanaba	3,631	540	1,435	40%
367	Gladstone	981	76	185	20%
368	Grand Haven	1,440	267	267	19%
369	Hancock	1,505	325	453	30%
370	Hartford	372	67	100	27%
371	Hillsdale	1,081	247	343	32%
372	Holland	1,654	416	468	28%
373	Houghton	998	168	407	41%
374	Ishpeming	2,100	182	777	37%
375	Iron Mount'n	1,600	251	251	16%
376	Iron River	850	131	251	30%
377	Ironwood	3,848	332	562	15%
378	Kalamazoo	7,810	2,454	1,200	15%
379	Lawton	413	98	200	48%
380	Marquette	2,344	513	897	38%
381	Menominee	1,781	225	651	36%
382	Muskegon	5,370	1,353	2,207	41%
383	Negaunee	1,464	90	410	28%
384	Niles	1,492	424	642	43%
385	Petoskey	1,110	152	521	47%
386	Saginaw	11,710	1,500	4,000	34%
387	Sault Ste. Marie	2,370	867	2,370	100%
388	Spring Lake	200		57	28%
389	St. Joseph	1,450	1,344	1,450	100%
390	South Haven	856	153	192	22%
391	Sturgis	1,450	201	316	22%
392	Three Oaks	373	63	93	25%
393	Three Rivers	1,042	298	285	27%
394	Tekonsha	200		57	28%
395	Waterville	215	50	80	37%
396	Whitehall	246	82	68	27%

WISCONSIN

397	Adkins	1,080	278	423	39%
398	Appleton	1,012	334	1,700	168%
399	Baraboo	1,107	220	435	39%
400	Beaver Dam	1,585	119	305	20%
401	Beloit	1,357	387	2,370	70%
402	Big Rapids				
	Falls	396	73	73	22%
403	Brodhead	530	60	60	11%
404	Burlington	729	100	200	27%
405	Chetek	231	61	63	27%
406	Chippewa				
	Falls	1,626	352	430	26%
407	Clinton	200		75	38%
408	Clintonville	655	72	142	22%
409	Columbus	479	74	95	20%
410	Darlington	360	74	75	20%
411	Delavan	653	103	257	39%
412	Docksville	279	61	173	62%
413	Eau Claire	8,178	844	1,278	16%
414	Edgerton	638	97	260	41%
415	Elkhorn	898	122	198	22%
416	Elroy	345	43	120	35%
417	Evansville	442	98	170	38%
418	Fort Atkinson	933	228	312	33%
419	Fond du Lac	4,032	868	1,800	45%
420	Green Bay	6,103	1,172	3,000	49%
421	Hillsboro	200		51	25%
422	Harlor	634	43	134	21%
423	Janesville	2,000	1,000	2,000	100%
424	Jefferson	1,012	98	153	15%
425	Kenosha	8,000	2,000	3,000	38%
426	Kilbourne	1,000		160	64%
427	La Crosse	6,072	1,057	4,211	69%
428	Lancaster	1,178	110	183	16%
429	La Grange	1,000	100	160	32%
430	Lake Mills	631	98	160	25%
431	Ladi	1,211	98	160	13%
432	Manitowoc	3,518	420	1,000	57%
433	Madison	7,976	2,804	5,000	63%
434	Marinette	2,700	410	1,000	37%
435	Marshfield	1,055	248	410	39%
436	Medford	1,218	98	195	16%
437	Menasha	1,214	1,000	2,000	165%
438	Mineral Pt.	514	80	135	26%
439	Monroe	892	110	183	21%
440	Mt. Horeb	724	98	160	22%
441	Neenah	1,434	280	340	24%
442	New Lisbon	1,000		160	32%
443	Oconomowoc	696	134	160	23%
444	Oshkosh	6,633	1,136	3,307	50%
445	Owen	1,000		160	32%
446	Park Falls	506	80	160	32%
447	Plymouth	637	82	142	22%
448	Platteville	971	150	183	19%
449	Portage	1,110	152	800	72%
450	Prairie du Chien	707	98	241	34%
451	Racine	11,710	1,500	4,000	34%
452	Randolph	297	49	49	16%
453	Reedsburg	593	80	160	30%
454	Richland Center	683	215	183	27%
455	Ripon	798	78	183	23%
456	Rhinelander	1,331	100	200	15%
457	Sharon	345		80	23%
458	Sparta	6,191	117	2,100	34%
459	Stevens Pt.	1,878	1,000	1,000	53%
460	Stoughton	1,000	152	1,003	85%
461	Tomah	601	87	183	30%
462	Tomahawk	600	80	183	31%
463	Walworth	637		160	25%
464	Waupaca	1,732	144	310	18%
465	Wausau	3,732	801	1,113	30%
466	Watertown	1,434	1,000	1,000	70%
467	Waukesha	2,512	1,000	1,000	40%
468	Whitewater	843	183	183	22%
469	Wisconsin Rapids	1,445	229	645	45%

*Cook County towns not spotted on map. Total, 31 towns.

**Towns in which circulation of Leading National Weekly exceeds that of Tribune. Total 25 towns.

TOTALS

	No. of Towns	Pop. Families	Circulation Leading National Weekly	Sunday Tribune Circulation	Sunday Tribune Coverage
Cook County	31	621,884	82,410	427,000	77.3%
Balance of Chicago Territory	471	681,263	118,844	304,276	48.1%
Totals	502	1,303,147	201,254	731,276	60.5%

The Chicago Tribune

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336 BRITISH BARRED AS QUOTA EXPIRES

Allotment Is Exhausted by Flow Over Border While Baltic Is at Sea.

RECORD BAN SINCE 1921

Curran Had Urged Line to Land Second Cabin Passengers at Halifax.

Three hundred and thirty-five second-class passengers who arrived yesterday morning on the liner Baltic were notified that the British immigration quota for July had been exhausted, and that they could not land. Many of the newcomers were Scotch shipyard workers. This is the largest number of immigrants refused admission at one time since December, 1921, when 1,000 Hungarians who arrived too late for the quota were admitted by special act of Congress.

Immigration Commissioner Henry H. Curran plans to confer with W. W. Husband, Commissioner General of Immigration, who will be in New York today, in an effort to prevent a similar situation in the future.

Commissioner Curran, in conference with Joseph Mayper, representative of the Transatlantic Passenger Conferences yesterday, hit upon a plan whereby vessels sailing from foreign ports might be notified in advance of quota conditions, and thus make provisions for immigrants en route to America accordingly.

Now, Commissioner Curran pointed out, immigrants might sail from abroad with every assurance that they would reach New York before the quota was exhausted, yet a sudden influx at the Canadian border might be started, and before the ship reached port the quota would be exhausted.

Officials Were Uninformed.

Although the Baltic sailed from Liverpool on July 7, local immigration officials did not know until last Saturday that the vessel had 524 British immigrants aboard. As soon as Commissioner Curran was notified, he advised the White Star Line that the British quota was almost exhausted and suggested that the Baltic proceed to Halifax, to drop the immigrants there. The Commissioner pointed out that they could then wait until the new quota became effective on Aug. 1.

The July quota of 15,468 immigrants was practically exhausted at noon last Saturday. A small allotment was made by Washington for rebates, however, and under this allotment nearly 200 immigrants on the Baltic were permitted to land. Three first-cabin and 186 steerage passengers were selected.

Owing to the crowded condition of Ellis Island, the steamship company was asked to keep the immigrants aboard the Baltic for a day. They will be sent to Ellis Island this morning.

Officials of the White Star Line expressed the opinion last night that all of the second-class passengers eventually would be permitted to land. Apparently they expect Washington to let down the bars, as was done with the 1,000 Hungarians in 1919. Should the Government refuse, however, the line officials said the immigrants would be transferred to some point in Canada and held until the new quota became effective.

Finds Many Sad Cases.

As soon as the Baltic docked yesterday, Commissioner Curran communicated with E. J. Henning, First Assistant Secretary of Labor at Washington, and acquainted him with the circumstances. Mr. Henning insisted that the law must be carried out.

"Almost every case of this kind that has come to my attention has been heart-rending," said Commissioner Curran yesterday. "These immigrants sail from Europe in the best of faith and through no fault of their own, but simply because of a sudden rush across the Canadian border, they are refused admittance and sent back.

"I had one case where a mother over 40 years old came here from Italy to live with her two sons. Both boys were well able to take care of her and both had fought as soldiers with the American army in France. But the quota was filled and she was forced to go back. That's wrong, and that's what makes this job in the Immigration Service a hard one.

"When Commissioner General Husband arrives tomorrow I am going to confer with him. I am going to see if we can't hold a session with representatives of all steamship lines and arrange so that emigrants sailing from any part in the world will know that if they are otherwise O.K. they can come in when they get here.

"I have already broached my plan to several steamship men and they approve it. I believe that if Washington could get indirect touch with the steamship lines abroad so that each ship would know the status of quotas before it sailed, and so that Washington would know just what ships were coming and how many immigrants they carried, a repetition of the Baltic affair would be impossible. A step could then be put to the border rush when it became evident that with the ships on the high seas the quota already was filled.

"I think it is a challenge to human intelligence if the execution of the quota law cannot be so carried out so as to avoid having a single human being come to the end of his rope, and then having him go all the way back simply because we were not sufficiently acquainted with the situation beforehand to let him know just what the could expect."

38 COMING AS GREEKS RAISE QUOTA PROBLEM

New List Changes Nationality and Dodecanese May Be Turks or Italians.

Eighty-eight immigrants who left home as Greeks may arrive in the United States as Turks or Italians. All are inhabitants of the twelve islands in the Aegean Sea, and known as the Dodecanese. The job of unraveling this international tangle will be one of the many confronting Commissioner General of Immigration W. W. Husband when he arrives in New York today.

Commissioner Henry W. Curran at Ellis Island had just finished a telephone conversation with Washington relative to the 336 immigrants in excess of the British quota, who arrived on the Baltic, which he ordered excluded, when a wireless message from the Captain of the Italian steamship Presidente Wilson. The message said that the vessel was on her way to bring eighty-eight immigrants from the Dodecanese Islands and asked that the ship be notified before reaching the Azores whether the quota was exhausted.

"Dodecanese," mused the Commissioner. "Where is that?"

"Must be the home of the dodo bird," suggested Assistant Commissioner Leslie. "Let's see a map."

But nowhere on Ellis Island was a map to be found showing the location of the islands.

Finally there was remembered that a Dodecanesian had landed at Ellis Island several years ago, and dusty records were hauled out. It was learned that during the war with Turkey in 1912 the Italians had occupied the islands as a base and that immigration records for 1907 listed the Dodecanese allotment with the Greek. Beginning July 1, 1923, however, the immigration records included the Dodecanese with "Other Asia," the allotment for which is nineteen per month.

"That meant," said Commissioner Curran, "that when they left home they were Greeks as far as we are concerned, but when they arrive here they will have become Turks. And yet, to all intents and purposes, the islands still belong to Italy.

"In other words, if these eighty-eight immigrants succeed in landing here as they left home, Greeks, they will be admitted provided they are able to pass the tests. But if their nationality has changed enroute, and they are considered as Turks, sixty-nine Dodecanesians, or whatever you call them, are going back to Dodecanesia. That's one I'm leaving for Commissioner Husband to fathom. It's too deep for me."

DELAYS LINER AN HOUR FIGHTING VACCINATION

American Declares He Has Been Inoculated Sixteen Times, Twice While in the Army.

The Royal Mail line Orca arrived yesterday afternoon from Cherbourg, Southhampton and Hamburg with 264 passengers and mails and was held an extra hour at Quarantine because Charles T. Rowley of San Francisco, who was a passenger in the third class, with his wife, declined to be vaccinated. This caused an argument with Public Health Officer C. S. Hudson, in which W. G. Silvester, the ship's surgeon, took part and said that Rowley had declined to be vaccinated at Southampton but had promised to do so when the Orca was at sea. Later he went back on his word, the surgeon said.

Rowley told Dr. Hudson that he was an American had been vaccinated sixteen times, twice in the army, which he thought was enough. Finally the man and his wife and their baggage were taken off the Orca and sent to Hoffman Island for observation.

William Leslie Kerby, a mining engineer, arrived from Johannesburg, South Africa, to visit his brother who lives in New York. He said that the old gold mines on the Rand are becoming exhausted. Business conditions, however, were improving when he left.

Mrs. Alice Williamson, writer of automobile stories, also arrived on the Orca and expects to remain for two or more months.

300 BRITONS ENTER BOSTON.

Passengers on the President Polk Win Race to Get Within July Quota.

BOSTON, July 16.—Nearly 300 British subjects who were passengers on the steamship President Polk of the United States Line when that vessel sped across the Atlantic in race against time, learned today that they had won the ocean marathon and might be admitted to this country under the British quota for July. The steamship put in here yesterday hoping to land her passengers ahead of others making for New York on other vessels.

The British arrivals were examined today and practically were admitted. Immigration authorities had believed that the President Polk had arrived too late and that the British quota for July was exhausted.

NEGRO TO BE PROSECUTOR.

Edge Says Assemblyman Randolph Will Be Asst. U. S. Attorney.

The appointment of Assemblyman Oliver Randolph, negro lawyer, of 164 Market Street, Newark, to be an Assistant United States District Attorney for New Jersey, headquarters at Newark, will be made within a few days, according to an announcement yesterday by United States Senator Walter E. Edge in a letter to Jesse B. Salmon, Chairman of the Essex Republican County Committee. The other assistant in the Newark office is Walter D. Ripley of West Orange.

"I know," said Senator Edge in the letter to Salmon, "you will be pleased to learn that I have been able to put Assemblyman Randolph over. He will be named in a few days an Assistant District Attorney for New Jersey, with headquarters in Newark. This gives the Essex organization two Assistant United States District Attorneys, and what is more, a most substantial recognition of our colored citizens."

Randolph was born at Shell Sound, Miss., in 1882, and was graduated from Wiley University, Marshall, Texas, and from the law school of Howard University at Washington, D. C. He was admitted to the bar in New Jersey in 1914. His father was a lawyer and served in the Mississippi Legislature. Oliver's brother, Joseph A. Randolph, is President of Clarin University at Orangeburg, S. C.

FAILS TO IDENTIFY CHILD.

Head of Employment Bureau Visits Mary Marlborough.

Miss E. F. Leteiser, head of the employment bureau of the Guild of the Infant Saviour, 105 East Twenty-second Street, was unable yesterday to identify the month-old baby, abandoned at the Marlborough Hotel on Saturday, as the child of Marie Schultz, who disappeared last Thursday after the Guild had obtained employment for her with a family on Long Island. Miss Leteiser went to Bellevue Hospital yesterday, where the baby was taken, in an effort to identify it.

The child, which was named Mary Marlborough by employes of the hotel was brought there last Friday by a man and woman who registered as Mr. and Mrs. H. Williams, of Baltimore. They left the hotel Saturday, abandoning the child in their room.

The Schultz daughter was born three months ago in the Kings County Hospital. When the mother left that institution, employment was found for her by the Guild. Her employer left her with the child in Pennsylvania Station on Thursday, while he transacted some business. When he returned, she and the child were gone. It is said that at the hospital Miss Schultz had mentioned an Alfred Williams as a friend.

OPENS HOME FOR DISABLED.

Government Establishes Hospital at Saddle River, N. J.

Special to The New York Times.

SUFFERN, N. Y., July 16.—The United States Government has established a rest farm at the town of Saddle River, N. J., for disabled soldiers suffering from heart trouble or effects of gas.

Recreation work and study has been planned for the twenty-five disabled soldiers now at the farm. Entertainments will be given each month.

Recruit for Service to China.

Recruiting to fill vacancies in the Thirteenth Infantry stationed at Tientsin, China, was started yesterday in the metropolitan district. The regiment has been stationed in China under the international agreement since the Boxer uprising, and has always been kept at full strength.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Frank Craven will act the leading role in the new Smith-Mapes comedy "The Streak," when that play is tried out in Atlantic City two weeks hence. He will tour again in "The First Year" during the regular season.

Leon Gordon will have the leading role in "Help Yourself," a play by Katharine Browning Miller, soon to be produced.

Charles Waldron took over the leading role in "The Fool" last night, succeeding Harry Bowne, during the latter's vacation.

"Children of the Moon," by Martin A. Flavin, will be produced in White Plains on July 24 by Jacob A. Weiser. The cast will include Louis Calvert, Henrietta Crosman, Florence Johns and Paul Golden.

"Two Fellows and a Girl" was cast last night in Stamford, preparatory to its premiere at the Vanderbilt Theatre Thursday night.

Clara Thompson, well-known as a singer, will appear in "Artists and Models," which opens at a road and that immigration officials for 1907 listed the Dodecanese

TRAVEL TO EUROPE CONTINUES HEAVY

Berengaria Sails Today With Many New Yorkers on Passenger List.

HANNOVER ALSO LEAVES

Mother Superior Cecilia of Richwood, W. Va., Among Those on Board.

The tide of travel continues heavy for this season of the year toward Europe. Some of the passengers leaving today for Cherbourg and Southampton on the Cunarder Berengaria are Mrs. Stephen Peil, Dr. J. Eastman Sheehan, who goes to London, Paris and Milan to lecture on plastic surgery; E. Francis Hyde; Jacob Fishman, managing editor of The Jewish Morning Journal; Leon Lipsky, Chairman of the Zionist Association of America; Dr. N. Sirkin and S. Abel, Chairman of the Jewish World National Fund.

Other passengers included Martin Sternberg, Ludolf Rosenbein and Kurt Sobernheim, German bankers; Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cassidy, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Keller, Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. McCurdy, Commodore and Mrs. Laurence Heap, the Most Rev. Germanos Thyatira, Archbishop of Austria and Central Europe; T. H. Seydel, Mme. Gypsie Carmichael, Juan Paz, Mrs. Jean Mitchell, Mrs. Elizabeth Gilbert, Dr. Gustave Archambault, S. Morimura, Dr. Felding L. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. E. Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Johnson and Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Farrell.

Mrs. Toby Callor, Mrs. Harry Collins, E. J. Oberlaender, Mr. and Mrs. William Hofstra, George N. Allen, James R. Coe, Raymond Basset, Jules Gorfenkle, William Townsend Pfeiffer, Miss Mathilda L. Pillot, Miss G. Kerr, G. A. Gaston, Miss Notta A. Thompson, Mrs. W. B. Cogswell, the Misses E. and F. B. Browing, M. M. Axelrod, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Sargent, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cowperthwaite, George H. Barr, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Kramer, Mr. and Mrs. Victor de Ysaac, Julius Dukas, Miss L. Cotilo, Miss I. Allen, Mrs. Jan Bolsseavain, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Kirshner, W. B. Carmichael, Mr. and Mrs. A. Greenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Mambuck, Mrs. Charlotte B. Keppler, John G. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Solomon, Miss Cecilia Mary Cowan, Dr. Joseph Cohen, C. Monroe Smith, Miss Laura Charlton, Miss Margaret A. Charlton, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Silverman, H. V. Allien, A. J. Micklem, E. B. Moreton, E. C. Roberts, E. H. Titus, Mrs. M. C. Throop, Miss C. Oschilli, James Shorn, William Savanagh, the Misses Cavanagh, Miss Genevieve Murphy, G. O. Schaeller Jr., John A. Coe, W. A. Becker, W. G. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Wheelock, Mr. and Mrs. Max Hyman.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Harold Grove, Francesco Cavollotti, Tosio Petricciones, George Acheson, F. V. Rader, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Robbins, Herbert Richards, Mrs. L. Rowton, Leon Rosen, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. S. White, Miss Evelyn White, A. Robinson, E. de Amorrin Lees, Fred W. Roloff, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Kenington, Mme. Elnille des Ballets, Miss Colla Wallace, Richard Hellner, Mrs. H. O. de Bower, Arthur M. Anderson, Mme. Maude Sastley, Michael De May, Norman Schlebel, Arthur Davis, Dr. Emanuel M. Baruch, Frank E. Koebel, Miss C. Montgomery, V. D. Drury, Mr. and Mrs. William Worschauer, Dr. and Mrs. A. S. Howe, Irving D. Gord, Mrs. S. Stauch, M. Kotzin and Mr. and Mrs. Walker Whiteside.

Among the passengers sailing on the steamship Hannover of the North German Lloyd, leaving New York today, are:

The Rev. Mother Superioress Cecilia of Richwood, W. Va.; the Rev. Edward J. Auweiler, the Rev. John Caysah, the Right Rev. P. Dicks, the Rev. Aegidius Imbach.

Adolph Berliner, Miss Fanny Fitsler, T. H. Garry, Fred Gary, R. Geldmacher, Miss Clara Hechtel, Frank W. Lenz, Mrs. K. Maier, Fr. W. Mueller, John Neubecker, Gustav A. Numrich, Mrs. Numrich, Mrs. Marie Rank, Herman Rueck, Mrs. Wilhelmina Schroeder, Frank Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. Boris Stern, Mrs. Betty Tate and Sigmund Weiser.

PLEAD FOR MARCUS GARVEY

Negro Mass Meetings Appeal to White Press of Country.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—A united protest from many negroes throughout the country against the recent conviction in New York of Marcus Garvey, head of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, was voiced today in scores of telegrams addressed to the Washington office of the Associated Press.

Each of the messages represented sentiments said to have been expressed at a negro mass meeting yesterday. They came from nearly every State and were identic except for the number of persons reported as in attendance at each local meeting.

"We, loyal negro citizens of the United States," said each message, "at mass meeting assembled, beg to register with our white citizens through you, our protest against the injustice that has been done to Marcus Garvey, President General of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, his frame-up conviction in New York, and denial of bail pending appeal.

"We sincerely hope that the white press of our great country will turn on the searchlight of justice and thereby maintain the honor and glory of our fair institutions of justice."

Various protests have been made to the White House and Department of Justice, but the department has announced that no action will be taken which will interfere with the handling of the case by the district court.

FISH CAUSES MAN'S DEATH.

Tugging at Line, It Wakes Sleeper, Who Overturns His Boat.

DETROIT, July 16.—"Drowned by a fish" has been written by local authorities opposite the name of Lawrence Wimberley, aged 37, who met death yesterday afternoon in the St. Clair River.

Wimberly, accompanied by George B. Horrell, rowed to the middle of the stream, dropped a fishing line overboard and went to sleep. A fish swallowed the bait and began tugging at the line, which Wimberly had tied to his arm. Awakening, Wimberly upset the boat and was thrown into the water. The line became wrapped about his arms so that he could not swim and he was drowned while his companion was swimming to shore.

The fish had escaped when Wimberly's body was recovered.

MAC NEILL ESTATE TO BE TAXED $125,000

Colorado Official Says He Will Strike Items Aggregating $1,757,000 From Liabilities Listed

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 16.—Winton Ault of the Colorado State Inheritance Tax Department has announced that he will strike from the list of liabilities in the estate of Charles M. MacNeill items aggregating $1,757,000 and collect $125,000 tax.

Mr. MacNeill, who died on March 17, was an official in the Utah, Chino and Ray copper companies. His New York residence was at 15 East Ninety-first Street.

In his will Mr. MacNeill appointed as executor the Empire Trust Company and its President, Leroy Baldwin, of New York City. The will was filed for probate on April 3. The estate was scheduled tentatively as worth more than a million and a half. Its appraised valuation approximated three or more times that amount.

The objectionable items in the liabilities list in the schedule, according to Mr. Ault, are a $1,000,000 suit brought against the estate by the Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railway Company, $582,000 in bonds of the Garden City Company, endorsed by Mr. MacNeill, and $176,000 listed as administrative expense.

Bequests amounting to $300,000 were distributed among friends and relatives. The remainder of the estate was left to his wife, formerly Marion Parsons Irwin of New York City.

Le Roy W. Baldwin, President of the Empire Trust Company, and executor of the will of Charles M. MacNeill, said yesterday that the report of the estate filed with the Inheritance Tax Department in Colorado showed that at the time of his death Mr. MacNeill possessed $2,591,266 in real and personal property. Approximately $1,780,000 in liabilities of the estate was listed. The net value of the estate was given as $584,000.

"The liabilities listed are actual liabilities," Mr. Baldwin said yesterday. "I do not see how there can be any dispute on that point."

John W. Ridgeway, Mr. MacNeill's former secretary, explained in detail the three principal items listed as liabilities.

"The first," he said, "is a suit for $1,000,000, brought by the receiver of the Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railroad against the estate of Mr. MacNeill. As the suit is still pending it is obviously still a possible liability.

"Next there is an amount of $575,000 representing bonds of the Garden City Company, a sugar concern operating in Kansas. These bonds were guaranteed and endorsed by Mr. MacNeil, and on the strength of Mr. MacNeill's signature the company obtained loans from local banks. Next is $176,000 as the administrative expenses of the estate. As the estate has not been settled, this sum may be even higher, and, of course, must be reckoned as a liability."

SAY SUBWAY NEEDS NEW EXPRESS STOP

Experts Tell Transit Board Conversion of Thirty-Third Street Station Would Ease Rush.

Transit conditions would be improved by converting the Thirty-third Street local station on the Interborough's East Side subway into an express station, several experts testified yesterday before the Transit Commission. The commission some time ago announced its intention of converting the station, but the step is opposed by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company on the ground that it would add to traffic congestion.

Daniel L. Turner, Consulting Engineer of the commission, basing testimony on traffic counts, said the conversion would materially reduce congestion at Grand Central station in the same way that establishment of an express stop at the Pennsylvania Station had reduced congestion at Times Square. Mr. Turner said observations showed that 80 per cent. more passengers transferred at Grand Central than at Times Square and the station stops at Grand Central were generally twice as long as at Times Square.

He expressed belief that running time could be cut down by establishment of an express station at Thirty-third Street and that the convenience and comfort of the public would be better served.

Aaron A. Raisman, designing engineer of the commission, estimated cost of conversion at $1,250,000, and said five years would be needed in which to make the change. John Fox, of the Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade, advocated the change. The hearing will end on Friday.

MRS. BERGDOLL SAILS TODAY

Will Go to Europe to Visit Her Fugitive Son.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll was busy packing at her home today for her trip to Switzerland and Germany, where she will visit her fugitive son, Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, draft evader. She sails tomorrow from Hoboken on the Bremen, having obtained passports from the State Department at Washington.

Mrs. Bergdoll visited her farm at Broomall, Delaware County, today. Erwin Bergdoll, her other son, recently released after serving a term at Fort Leavenworth Disciplinary Barracks for draft evasion, will look after the farm and financial affairs while his mother is gone.

'TANCRED' ACTED IN LONDON

Diana Bourbon Scores in an Adaptation of Disraeli's Novel.

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LONDON, July 17.—"Tancred," Edith Millbank's adaptation of Disraeli's novel, was produced at the Kingsway Theatre last night. The critics agree that it is not great, but an artificial play, and offers little acting opportunities. The American actress, Diana Bourbon, played the rôle of Queen Astarte and received praise for a piece of acting which came very close, as one critic says, to galvanizing the character into life.

Boy Robber Gets Ten-Year Term.

Thomas J. Carroll, 19, who attempted to hold up three ticket agents in elevated railway stations in Richmond Hill in one night, was sentenced yesterday to ten years in Sing Sing by Judge Burt J. Humphrey in Queens County Court.

JOHN B. SIDDALL, DOOMED, WORKED ON

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tion, and in the Fall he entered Oberlin College. During his Summer vacations from college he did newspaper work.

In 1898 Mr. Siddall received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy from Oberlin and the same year he entered Harvard, to which he had won a scholarship. In June of the following year he was graduated from Harvard with an A. B. degree.

The evening of his graduation saw him on a train for Cleveland, where he resumed his reportorial work on The Plain Dealer. In a short time he was made assistant city editor, but left in 1901 to become associate editor of The Chautauquan Magazine. The following year he gave up this position and became Secretary of the Cleveland public schools system, where he remained until 1904.

The same year Mr. Siddall came to New York as a member of the editorial staff of McClure's Magazine, and he became associate editor of the American Magazine in 1906. In 1915 he was appointed editor-in-chief.

Many readers of the American Magazine knew its editor only through his monthly editorial, "Sid Says." In 1917 the Century Company published a book containing a number of Mr. Siddall's articles. It, too, was called "Sid Says."

Oberlin College awarded him the honorary degree of Master of Arts last June. He was prevented, through illness, from journeying to his alma mater for the degree, but received it "in absentia."

Mr. Siddall is survived by his widow, Jean Harriet Joiner Siddall of Polo, Ill., whom he married Nov. 22, 1904. He was a member of the University, Harvard and Ardsley Clubs. Interment will be in Oberlin, and the funeral has not yet been set.

RUN DOWN BY AUTO, BROKER'S SON DIES

Pierre Smith, 3 Years Old, Hit While on Shopping Trip With His Mother in Islip.

TWO INJURED AT CROSSING

One Is a Brakeman, Who Is Riding on Cowcatcher—Other Accidents.

Pierre Smith, three-year-old son of Reginald D. Smith, a commission merchant, with an office at 91 Wall Street, and who lives at 543 West 111th Street, was fatally injured yesterday when he was knocked down by an automobile in Islip, L. I. Half an hour before the boy with his mother had left their Summer home at Bayberry Point, on the outskirts of Islip, to visit the stores in the village.

When his mother came out of a store with him and started toward her car Pierre darted between two cars parked at the curb and in front of another automobile operated by William Cooper of Brookville. Mrs. Smith started to run after him, but the boy was knocked down by Cooper's car before she could reach him. Joseph Frasca placed the boy in Mrs. Smith's car and hurried him to Dr. King's hospital at Bay Shore, where he died a few minutes after his arrival.

Two men were seriously injured last evening when an automobile was struck by a train at the Hayville, (N. J.) crossing of the New Jersey Central Railroad. John Kennedy, 26 years old, of Winslow, who was driving the car, received a fractured skull and internal injuries. He was removed to the Cooper Hospital at Camden. James H. Elmer, 24 years old, a brakeman, who was standing on the cowcatcher of the locomotive, received fractures of the legs and internal injuries when the wreckage of the automobile struck him. He was removed to the West New Jersey Hospital, Camden.

As Joseph Sude, 5 years old, of 339 Palisade Avenue, Cliffside, N. J., was about to board a trolley car at 42 Newark Avenue, Jersey City, he was knocked down by an automobile operated by Frank Boyd of 220 North Seventh Street, Brooklyn, and it is feared he has a fracture of the skull. The boy was removed to the City Hospital, Boyd is locked up.

Miss Jennie Williams, 18 years old, a school teacher, of 21 Wall Street, Newark, and who was a member of the Newark Amateur Thespian Society, was seriously injured in New Bedford, N. J., when the automobile in which she was riding struck a tree. Mathew Piche of Newark, who was driving the car, received minor hurts.

Piche and the girl were hurrying to the camp of the Pioneer Girls of Newark at Mantoloking, near Spring Lake, to participate in a performance by the society, when the accident happened.

Henry Gusplson, 20 years old, of Atlantic Avenue and Old South Road, Richmond Hill, Queens, received internal injuries and a possible fracture of the skull when an automobile struck the motorcycle he was riding at Haw Tree Creek Road and Rockaway Boulevard, Richmond Hill. He was removed to the Mary Immaculate Hospital at Jamaica. The automobile was operated by John Schillinger of 100 Van Sicklen Street, Brooklyn.

Luthria Dudwing, 12 years old, of 9,213 Eighty-eighth Avenue, Richmond Hill, was removed to the same hospital with internal injuries and a fracture of the right ankle, received when she was knocked down by a car operated by Mrs. John U. Blessington of 1,108 Beverly Road, Brooklyn, at Woodhaven and Jamaica Avenues, Richmond Hill.

In a collision between two automobiles last night at Livonia and Hopkinson Avenues, Brooklyn, six occupants of one car were injured, one of them seriously. Leo Mandelson, 35 years old, of 430 Saratoga Avenue, who was driving the car, suffered internal injuries. Samuel Wasserman, 50 years old, of 1,158 Eastern Parkway; Henry Wasserman of 460 Dumont Avenue, Frank Wilson of 251 Powell Street, Jacob Osperoff of 399 Riverdale Avenue and Charles Siroch of 414 Livonia Avenue suffered minor hurts. The first three were removed to the Brownsville Hospital and the others to the East New York Hospital. Louis Stein of 262 Dumont Avenue, operator of the other car, was not injured.

When an automobile truck, crowded with men and women on their way home from Coney Island, struck an electric light pole at Neptune Avenue and Twenty-second Street last night, Frank Salerno, 41 years old, of 38 Bay Thirty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, one of the occupants, received a fractured skull and internal injuries and was removed unconscious, to the Coney Island Hospital. Leon Gallo, 28 years old, of 782 Grand Street, Manhattan, and his 8-year-old son Gasper received injuries about the head and body and were removed to the hospital.

Tony Rasiano of 193 Scholes Street, Brooklyn, was driving the truck. He said that he tried to avoid striking a car in front of him and his car struck the pole. All the occupants were thrown out, Salerno landed on his head on the curb.

THREE DIE WHEN TRUCK SKIDS INTO A TRAIN

Driver and Owner Are Killed Instantly—Latter's Daughter Succumbs in Hospital.

MILFORD, N. H., July 16.—Miss Mary Cheever of Keene, N. H., died at a Nashua hospital this afternoon, the third victim of a grade crossing accident here, in which her father, Harry W. Cheever, and Earl Wilfred Moore of Lynn, Mass., lost their lives. The three were riding in a five-ton truck, which skidded into the path of a Boston & Maine passenger train here today.

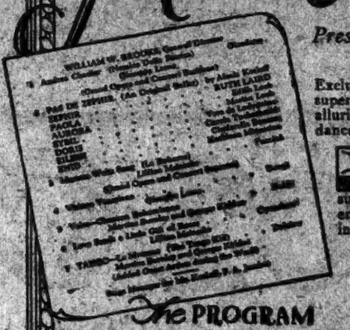
The truck, on a regular trip from Keene to Boston, was not loaded. Train and truck reached the crossing at the same time, but owing to the slippery condition of the roadway the brakes of the truck failed to hold and it slid across the rails.

Jilted, Sues Driver for $50,000.

The highest estimate of the value of a chauffeur's love ever made in the Supreme Court here was stated to be $50,000 in a suit filed by Frances Cohen, of 151 Norfolk Street, against Jack Wachter yesterday. She alleged that after plans for the wedding were completed, Wachter's brother, Irving, wouldn't let him get the license. Wachter, arrested on a civil order obtained by Miss Cohen, was taken to Ludlow Street jail because he couldn't furnish bond.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

JARDIN de NICE



Presenting a varied program.

Exclusive artists offer superior entertainment and alluring music attracts dance lovers.

IN the congenial atmosphere of Hotel Majestic all are assured entertaining and enjoyable summer evenings.

No cover charge.

Phone 1900 Columbus for Table Reservations Daily at 7:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M.

The PROGRAM

HOTEL MAJESTIC

Fronting Central Park at Seventy-Second Street.

Copeland Townsend.

New Emerson Hotel

"Comfort Without Extravagance"

166 West 75th Street

Quiet — Homelike — Refined

Every Room with Private Bath

AMERICAN PLAN (Including Meals)		EUROPEAN PLAN (Without Meals)	
Single Rooms		Single Rooms	
$5 Day and up, $30 Week and up		$4 Day and up, $21 Week and up	
Double Rooms		Double Rooms	
$10 Day and up, $50 Week and up		$5 Day and up, $25 Week and up	
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath		Parlor, Bedroom and Bath	
$12 Day and up, $60 Week and up		$6 Day and up, $35 Week and up	
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms and Bath		Parlor, 2 Bedrooms and Bath	
$14 Day and up, $90 Week and up		$8 Day and up, $49 Week and up	

Accommodations by Day, Week, Month or Year

The solution of how and where to live with minimum of comfort at a minimum of cost. Your inspection is cordially invited

Under personal direction of L. MARSHALL THOMPSON

HOTEL THERESA

In The Heart of Harlem

Easily accessible to all parts of the city. Trolley and 5th avenue Bus line at door. Elevated and subway stations one block distant. Station of N. Y. C. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. near by.

300 OUTSIDE ROOMS MODERATE RATES

Family and Transient

RESTAURANT

(At top of building)

Table d'Hote—a la Carte

Club Breakfast.

7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts. Telephone 7600 Morningside

R. F. LEUBE, Manager.

Do You Know The Hotel ST. GEORGE

Clark and Henry Sts.

BROOKLYN'S LARGEST HOTEL

Only 4 Minutes from Wall Street 15 to Times Sq.

Interborough (7th Ave.) Subway Station in building

Summer Rates

Leases now being made for Autumn

Cuisine of the Best

Hotel Bretton Hall

BROADWAY

85th to 86th St., N. Y. City

Between Central Park & Riverside Drive. SUBWAY STATION at 86th ST. COR. ELEVATED STATION—2 Blocks 86th St. Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Within Ten Minutes of All Shops and Theatres.

Furnished and Unfurnished Suites For Permanent and Transient Residence 2, 3, 4 & 6 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths may be leased on a yearly basis at a substantial saving.

During Summer months 500 rooms with private bath at special Summer rates.

Restaurant of Highest Standard.

HOTEL ASHTON

93d St. at Madison Ave.

Here one finds a home where individual attention cheerfully expended, the rooms are charming and homelike, the service personal, an air of interest being shown for the guest's every comfort, immobile in a perfect location, Running Water in Each Room, Private Baths with Tub and Shower, Single Rooms, Parlor Suites, Bedrooms and Baths, Kitchenettes, Dining Service, Restaurant. Leases for a season or year. Also a few rooms and suites for transient guests. Rates reasonable. Can be leased on yearly basis or substantial savings.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE

Lexington Ave. at 30th St.

Phone Lexington 8670

For Gentlewomen Exclusively

Nowhere excelled in comfort and attentiveness. Carefully planned to please the good taste of modern woman. Accessible and quiet. Personal inspection invited.

Without bath, $10.00 per week. With bath, $18.00 per week up.

European Plan.

Generous Discounts to Permanent Guests on American Plan.

Hotel Weylin

A Refined Residential Hotel

Unexcelled Appointments, Service, Cuisine, Location

All Outside Rooms

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED SUITES FOR FALL OCCUPANCY

Special Summer Rates

Madison Avenue at 54th

HOFBRAU

FAMOUS RESTAURANT

QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA

BROADWAY at 49th ST.

Delicious Shore Dinner $2.00

HOTEL Manhattan Square

86 to 88 West 77th Street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

Now Leasing for Fall

Hotel Newton

Swept by breezes from the Hudson River. Cool. Clear Air.

2528 Broadway

Bet. 94th and 95th Sts.

Subway Express Station at 96th St.

Cavanagh's

258-260 WEST 23D ST.

RESTAURANT AND GRILL

BANQUET ROOMS

Special Sunday Dinner, $1.75-2 to 8 P. M.

HOTEL WEBSTER

Forty West Forty-fifth Street Next door to the Harvard Club

Special Summer Rates

2 and 3 room Apartments

Leases are now being made for Fall occupancy.

Visitors from out of town will find the Webster inviting and convenient.

JOHN P. TOLSON.

Hotel COLONIAL

211 West 81st Street Northeast Corner of 81st St. & Columbus Ave.

N. Y. PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

LEWISOHN STADIUM, Amph. Ave. & 138 St.

WILLEM VAN HOOGSTRATEN.....Conductor

TO-NIGHT at 8:30 Wagner—Weber R. Strauss—Tchaikowsky

PRICES, $2c, 50c, $1.00

STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND The Funny Place SURF and POOL BATHING

LUNA SWIMMING POOL CONEY ISLAND PEYSER'S BAND FREE CIRCUS

CHILDREN WITH PARENTS FREE WEEK DAYS

JULY 23 MECCA TEMPLE SHRINERS' DAY

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK

Open West 125th St. Ferry. Many Free Attractions Daily Water Sport Features 2 o'clock.

COLUMBIA Burlesque, 47th & B'way. Twice Daily 1:15 & 7:15. Prices FOLLIES OF THE DAY 50c-$2.20 EXTRA

THE FOOL

JUDGE BEN B. LINDSEY, the famous "children's judge" of Denver, writes of

"I DON'T KNOW OF ANY PLAY THAT IS DOING MORE, NOT ONLY IN FURNISHING ENTERTAINMENT BUT IN STIMULATING THOUGHT."

TIMES SQ. THEATRE W. 42d St. 341ST TIME Nights 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.

THE PASSING SHOW

GREATEST ENTERTAINMENT IN THE HISTORY OF THE STAGE!

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. MATINEE TODAY Best Seats $2.00

COOLEST AND MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN THE WORLD

6th CAPACITY MONTH The Show that made "BAMBALINA"

CASINO Th. B'y at 39 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30 THE SEASON'S TRIUMPH Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit WILDFLOWER with EDITH DAY

SELWYN Thea., West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30 HELEN OF TROY NEW YORK "THE PERFECT MUSICAL COMEDY."—Herald

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30 ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS Abie's Irish Rose THE PLAY THAT PUT IT IN NUMBER 2

Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15 SAM H. HARRIS presents JEANNE EAGELS IN "RAIN" Direction of John C. Wilson

TAYLOR HOLMES in H. B. WARNER in YOU and I with Lucile Watson

BELMONT W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 The Season's Laughing Hit "NOT SO FAST"

GARRICK Thea., 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30 BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

BOOTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 JOHN GOLD

CUBS HOLD GIANTS TO AN EVEN BREAK

Champions Unable to Hit Kaufmann and Drop the First Game by 7 to 4.

BENTLEY CAPTURES SECOND

Sensational Catch by Young Helps Big Southpaw to Win, 3-1—New Honor for Jennings.

Still looking slightly haggard and shopworn, as if the strain of being world's champions was telling on them, the Giants could get only an even break with the Cubs yesterday, this constituting a moral victory for the Cubs and a moral defeat for the Giants. In the first game the champs couldn't hit Tony Kaufmann and lost, 7 to 4; in the second game the Cubs couldn't tamper with Jack Bentley and lost, 3 to 1. And there you were.

No mistake about it, the Giants have lost their sparkle. Even in the second encounter they hastened just as fast as they had to to win. Some of the pitching was good and some bad, but whether good or bad the Giants looked the same—their attack uncertain and faltering, the fielding lacking dash and sureness.

Still, it was a mighty proud day for Hughey Jennings. Between the two games of the double-header, a detachment of New Rochelle citizens trooped solemnly to the plate and with remarkably little speechmaking, considering the grand opportunities, gave Hughey a nice, new, shiny police badge. This gives Hughey the right to pinch anybody who will be willing to let Hughey pinch him. On getting the present Hugh blushed so furiously that for a few minutes the freckles were practically invisible.

It was explained that the gift was made because Jennings lives in New Rochelle, where he had an excellent opportunity to become acquainted with the work of the Police Department and did it a good turn recently at a benefit.

Keith's boy band was also on the job with the latest snappy productions in jazz, and all in all it was quite a festive occasion. The only trimming overlooked was a double victory for the Giants.

More sure-footedness and better relief pitching in the first game, and this happy circumstance might easily have come to pass. But Kaufmann was too certain of himself and the Giants weren't certain enough, and there you had a combination which spelled ruin.

Grantham Gets Homer.

Grantham's homer into the right-field stand off Jack Scott in the first inning gave the Killefer Kids a one-run start, but the Giants matched it in the second. Stengel got aboard when Grantham fumbled. Kelly walked and Jackson filled the bases by dropping a Texas Leaguer in centre. The beat Snyder could summon was a fly to left which scored Stengel. McQuillan flied out and Young rolled out, with Dame Opportunity knocking loudly.

It went along this way until the fifth, when the Cubs scored two more. Jackson got to first on a grounder—a happy beginning. Then Elliott sacrificed and Kaufmann fanned, but Statz knocked a double to left, bringing in Heathcote. Hollocher was passed and George Grantham's single to Statz chased in—all this with two out.

But Kaufmann passed Groh in the same inning, and on an out and Meusel's single to centre Heinie scored. Then, in the seventh, Heathcote failed to fumble and everyone, O'Connell of bat for Scott, who had been doing well, with only five hits against him. But the strategy went askew, as it sometimes does, for O'Connell struck out, as he sometimes does, and Virgil Barnes, who followed Scott, was a total failure and let in enough runs to win.

Getting back to the seventh, after O'Connell had swung the clubs Young hit an easy roller to Grantham, and Grant picked a neat field goal from the 32-yard line. The ball bobbed over to first, just landed it near the foot line. While all this was going on Young had made third and rushed in on Groh's sacrifice lift to Statz, tying the score.

Barnes, understudying in the eighth, showed signs of the later doom that was to overtake him by being presented for doubles by O'Farrell and Kelleher—the latter's third two-bagger—netting the Cubs a run and putting them ahead. Still, it looked none too good for the Chicagoans, for Meusel started the Giants' half with a long triple to left centre and Stengel walked, stealing second also.

It was a gilt-edged opening, but what pitching that Kaufmann fellow did do! He made Kelly lift an anaemic fly to right, and he fanned Jackson and Snyder—one, two, three, and all hard swings.

Then Barnes collapsed completely, and in the Chicago ninth Kaufmann, Statz and Hollocher united in a single which Grantham's double for three runs, and the game was all over, although in their half the Giants did score once on Young's safe bunt, Groh's double and Statz's out.

Bentley in Forum.

Jack Bentley and Victor Keen were the pitchers in the second part of the pastime, and the Giants, taking an early lead, held it to the finish. Like Kaufmann in the first game, Bentley allowed only seven hits and was in masterful form.

Nevertheless, it Ross Young hadn't made one of the best catches of the season, Bentley might have been badly mangled before he got through. With one out and O'Farrell on third and Kelleher on first in the sixth, Hack Miller, the strong man, put his shoulders behind a fly that started toward the right field barrier away out by the scoreboard. While everybody held their breath Young sprinted back and, as the ball came down, leaped high in the air, with back against the wall, bumped his head, fell down to the grass—and then came up with the ball in his glove.

A game-saving catch, for O'Farrell and Kelleher would have scored and Miller would have been in a position to do the same. As it was, only O'Farrell came across, and that was the lone Chicago run.

The Giants got their tally in the opening inning when Young walked and Groh singled to left, both moving up on Frisch's out to Grantham. Meusel fanned, but Stengel rapped a hard one off Kelleher's shins at third. Kelleher recovered the ball and tagged Groh out alluring into the bag, but Uncle Charley Moran ruled that Young had slid over the plate before the out was made.

Keen was the unluckiest of pitchers in the second. With two out he walked Harry Gowdy and Bentley tapped a slow one at Kelleher. Although slightly hurried in his throw, the third baseman had no business throwing the ball past first base, and that was just what he did. While the entire Chicago outfit was hotly pursuing the ball, Gowdy rumbled home.

The third run was the easiest of all. After Groh had singled in the fifth and had then been doubled up on Frisch's hot shot liner to Hollocher, Irish Meusel up and pummeled a home run into the lower section of right field.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Statz,cf	4	2	2	5	0		Young,rf	5	2	2	1	0	
Hollocher,ss	4	1	1	2	2		Groh,3b	2	1	1	2	1	
Granth'm,2b	5	1	3	0	3		Frisch,2b	5	0	0	2	6	
O'Farrell,c	4	1	1	7	0		Meusel,lf	5	0	2	3	1	
Kelleher,3b	5	0	3	1	0		Stengel,cf	3	1	0	4	0	
Callaghan,lf	4	0	0	1	0		Kelly,1b	3	0	0	9	0	
Heathcote,rf	3	1	0	2	0		Jackson,ss	4	0	2	0	2	
Elliott,1b	3	0	0	6	0		Snyder,c	3	0	0	7	2	
Kaufman,p	4	1	1	0	2		Scott,p	3	0	0	0	0	
							aO'Connell	1	0	0	0	0	
							Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							bBentley	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	36	7	11	27	7		Total	33	4	7	27	12	

a Batted for Scott in seventh.
b Batted for Barnes in ninth.

Errors—Chicago 2, (Grantham, Heathcote); New York 2 (Frisch, Jackson).

Two-base hits—Kelleher (3), Jackson, Statz, Young, O'Farrell, Grantham, Groh. Three-base hit—Meusel. Home run—Grantham. Stolen bases—Heathcote (2), Stengel. Sacrifices—Elliott, Snyder, Groh. Double play—Meusel and Frisch. Left on bases—New York 9, Chicago 7. Bases on balls—Off Scott 4, Kaufmann 5. Struck out—By Scott 1, Barnes 1, Kaufmann 5. Hits—Off Scott 5 in 7 innings, Barnes 6 in 2. Wild pitches—Scott. Losing pitcher—Barnes. Umpires—Hart, Moran and Westervelt. Time of game—2:13.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	CHICAGO (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Young,rf	2	1	0	5	0		Statz,cf	3	0	2	3	0	
Groh,3b	4	0	2	0	4		Hollocher,ss	3	0	0	2	4	
Frisch,2b	4	0	0	2	4		Grantham,2b	4	0	1	4	2	
Meusel,lf	4	1	2	2	0		Parkinson,p	1	0	0	0	1	
Stengel,cf	4	0	1	1	0		Kelleher,3b	3	0	1	1	1	
Kelly,1b	4	0	0	9	1		Miller,lf	3	0	0	4	1	
Jackson,ss	3	0	0	2	0		Vogt,rf	4	0	1	2	0	
Gowdy,c	2	1	1	7	0		Elliott,1b	3	0	0	11	0	
Bentley,p	3	0	1	0	1		Keen,p	2	0	0	0	0	
							aAdams	1	0	0	0	0	
							Cheeves,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							bHartnett	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	30	3	7	27	10		Total	31	1	7	34	8	

a Batted for Keen in seventh.
b Batted for Cheeves in ninth.

Error—New York, O; Chicago-1 (Kelleher). New York.....1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3 Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Statz. Home run—Meusel. Sacrifice—Miller. Double plays—Groh, Frisch and Kelley; Hollocher and Elliott; Miller and Elliott. Left on bases—New York 5, Chicago 7. Bases on balls—Off Bentley 5, Keen 2, Cheeves 1. Struck out—By Bentley 5, Keen 1. Hits—Off Keen 7 in 6 innings, Cheeves 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Bentley (Hollocher). Losing pitcher—Keen. Umpires—Moran, Westervelt and Hart. Time of game—1:43.

CARDS GET 22 HITS, TROUNCE PHILS, 13-7

Seven Runs in Second Inning Clinch Game—Homers for Smith and Flack.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—The St. Louis Cardinals pounced on Glasner for seven runs in the second inning today, defeating Philadelphia by a score of 13 to 7.

Haines pitched good ball, keeping the Phillies' hits scattered, while the Cards collected 22 safe blows, including home runs by Smith and Flack.

The scores:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Flack,rf	5	2	4	1	3	0	Mokan,lf	5	3	3	2	1	
Smith,lf	5	2	2	3	0	0	Lee,rf	5	0	1	6	1	0
Bottomley,1b	5	1	2	9	0	0	Walker,cf	4	2	2	2	0	0
Frisch,2b	5	2	2	2	6	1	Wilson,2b	5	0	1	2	3	0
Bottweiler,3b	5	1	2	1	1	2	Sand,ss	4	0	1	0	1	2
Lavan,1b	1	0	0	0	1	0	Henline,c	4	0	0	1	0	1
Gelbert,c	4	0	1	5	2	0	Wilson,c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blades,3b	0	0	0	0	1	0	Holke,1b	4	0	0	5	0	0
Mueller,cf	5	0	1	2	0	0	Lord,3b	4	0	1	0	1	0
Ainsmith,c	3	1	1	3	0	0	Glasner,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
McCurdy,c	1	0	0	1	0	0	Mitchel	1	0	0	0	0	0
Toney,ss,2b	5	2	2	2	5	0	Head,p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Haines,p	5	2	3	0	2	0	bWristone	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	45	13	22	27	14		Total	37	7	10	27	7	

a Batted for Glasner in second.
b Batted for Head in ninth.

Errors—St. Louis 1 (Toporcer); Philadelphia 1 (Leach).

St. Louis	1	7	0	0	2	1	0	0	2—13
Philadelphia	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3— 7

Two-base hit—Mokan. Home runs—Smith, Flack. Stolen bases—Smith, Sacrifice—Bottomley. Double plays—Glasner, Sand and Holke, Sand and Holke. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off Haines 4, Glasner 2, Head 1. Struck out—By Haines 4, Head 1. Hits—Off Glasner, 5 in 2 innings; Head, 14 in 7. Hit by pitcher—By Glasner (Smith). Losing pitcher—Glasner. Umpires—O'Day and McCormick. Time of game—2:15.

ATHLETICS TRIUMPH, 4-3.

Win Third Straight Game of Series Over White Sox.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Ted Blankenship's passes, coupled with an error by McClellan, enabled the Philadelphia Athletics to defeat the Chicago White Sox by a score of 4 to 3 today behind great pitching by Harris. It was the Athletics'2 tlhr straight victory of the series over the local team.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	CHICAGO (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Matthews,cf	5	0	1	3	0	0	Hooper,rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Galloway,ss	4	0	0	2	2	0	McClellan,ss	4	0	2	2	4	0
Walker,lf	3	0	0	2	0	0	Kamm,3b	4	0	1	2	4	0
Hauser,1b	3	1	0	9	1	0	Falk,lf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Miller,rf	4	0	1	2	0	0	Mostil,cf	3	0	1	4	0	0
Perkins,c	4	0	1	7	0	0	Risley,1b	3	0	1	8	1	0
Hale,2b	4	0	1	2	3	0	Schalk,c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Dykes,ss	3	1	1	2	3	0	Rosenb'g,2b	3	0	1	1	0	0
Harris,p	2	1	0	2	T.	Bl'nship	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
							Leverette,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	5	27	12		Total	31	3	7	27	12	

Error—Philadelphia 0, Chicago 1 (McClellan).

Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Falk, Miller, Schalk, Hooper. Sacrifices—Schalk, Mostil, Walker. Double plays—Hooper to McClellan and Schalk; Kamm and Risley. Left on bases—Philadelphia 6, Chicago 6. Bases on balls—Off T. Blankenship 4, Harris 1. Struck out—By Blankenship 6, Harris 1, Leverette 1. Hits—Off T. Blankenship 9 in 7 1-3 innings, Leverette 0 in 1 2-3, Harris 5 in 2. Wild pitches—Perkins, Losing pitcher—T. Blankenship. Umpires—Rowland and Dineen. Time of game—1:51.

Caught at the Plate.

The Giants are going to raise their world's championship banner during the St. Louis series beginning tomorrow, according to tentative plans adopted yesterday. The exact day has not yet been settled upon.

If the boys don't start hustling, that will be a little ceremony which will be omitted next year.

It was a stormy day for the umpires. Few arbiters would have stood for the petulance and constant bickering and complaining that Messrs. O'Farrell and Kaufmann indulged in. The pitcher is satisfied with anything except support.

Bath outfields did fine work in both games. Heathcote's closed the first tilt with a running catch on Meusel, and Statz, in the second battle, cut across lots and hauled down Irish's long fly with a backhand catch while going at full speed.

Barney Friberg, who hit that homer with the bases full on Sunday, hurt himself sliding into the plate and took yesterday off.

Virgil Cheeves, the Giants' little playmate, edged into the game after a pinch hitter had appeared for Keen.

The Cubs finish up today, playing the rubber games of the series. The pitchers will be Nehf for the Giants and Aldridge for the Cubs.

JOE BUSH INJURED AS YANKEES DIVIDE

Finger on Left Hand Hurt by Line Drive in Second Game, Which Hugmen Win, 11-7.

COVELESKIE SHOWS FORM

Indians' Star Returns to Mound and Beats New York in First Game, 6 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, July 16.—The Yankees broke even in a double-header with the Indians again today, losing the opening game by 6 to 0 and winning the second, 11 to 7. Coveleski checked the Yanks in the first game, but in the second the Yankees were the slugging champions again, and hammered out nineteen hits, including a home run by Elmer Smith.

The victory was dearly won, however. In fielding a hard hit all off Tris Speaker's bat in the fifth inning, Joe Bush suffered a fracture of the first joint of his left hand, and will be out of the game for an indefinite period. He may be able to pitch one of the closing games of the series at Philadelphia next week, but will not be available for service in the series at Detroit, beginning Wednesday.

Pipp had a perfect day at bat, with a base on balls, four singles and a double in the second game, and Ward came through with two singles, a triple, a double and a pass in six times up. The Indians also batted well in the second game, and made fourteen hits for eighteen bases.

Coveleskie and Shawkey were the opposing moundsmen through the first seven innings of the opening game, and Coveleskie was just as good today as he was ineffective yesterday, when the Yankees drove him to cover in the second inning. Only six scattered hits were made off his delivery, and only once did the Yankees threaten to score. This was in the second inning, when Pipp led off with a triple, only to be left on third when Smith and Ward grounded out and Scott filed to Speaker. The Indians scored their first run in the third inning on Jamieson's single, Summa's double and Speaker's sacrifice fly. In the following round Lutzke's infield fly fell safely. Brower tripled, and scored an instant later on a wild pitch. Brower singled, with one out, in the sixth, went to second on an infield out and scored on Coveleskie's single. The Indians made their fifth run in the seventh on passes to Sewell and Wambsganss and Coveleskie's single. That ended the scoring in the first game.

Yanks Pound Smith.

Huggins named Bush as his pitcher in the second game, and Speaker countered with Sherrod Smith. Smith lasted only one inning this time, being taken out between innings after singles by Ruth, Pipp and Ward had given the Yanks one run in the first.

The Indians tied it up in their half on Speaker's double and Sewell's single.

There was no scoring off Shaute in the second, third and fourth. But in the fifth the Yankees forged ahead to a four-run lead. Ruth led off with his 101st of the season. Pipp singled, and both men scored on Ward's triple. Smith followed with a homer over the right field screen, and two more runs were added to the Yankee total. Shaute then pulled himself together and the next three men were easy outs.

The champs drove Shaute off the mound in the sixth. With one out, Dugan beat out an infield hit and went to second on a wild pitch. Ruth was passed purposely, and Pipp brought Dugan home with a single. Edwards, another left-hander, then made his appearance on the mound. Ward doubled for his fourth hit of the game, and Ruth and Pipp scored. Smith walked, but Scott batted into a force-out at second, and then was caught stealing for the third out.

Jones succeeded Bush in the second half of this inning and turned the Indians back in order. In the seventh, however, Brower led off with a triple and scored on Myatt's infield hit. Gardner batted for Edwards and grounded into a force-out at second and in turn was doubled at second on Jamieson's drive to Pipp.

Metevier faced the Yankees in the eighth and the champions repeated their total of 16. Pipp singled for his fourth hit and, following Ward's pop-up to Myatt, Smith singled. Pipp scored and Scott reached first on a squeeze play and Bengough batted in another run and Walker's single. Scott was caught trying for third on the hit. Jones grounded to Lutzke for the third out.

Indians Stage Rally.

The champions bagged their eleventh run after two were out in the ninth. Ruth beat out an infield hit and scored on Pipp's double off the right field screen, his fifth hit of the game.

In the second half of the ninth Brower walked, advanced to second and third unmolested and scored on Myatt's single. Myatt scored on Jamieson's double and Jamieson counted on Summa's infield single. Speaker singled, sending Summa to third, and Pennock was rushed to Jones's relief. Sewell walked, filling the bases, and Wambsganss drove in the fourth run of the inning with a single. Lutzke fanned, but Ward fumbled Brower's grounder and another run scored. O'Neill then batted for Myatt and grounded to Scott for the final out.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CLEVELAND (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	NEW YORK (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Jamieson,lf	5	1	1	2	0	0	Witt,cf	4	0	2	3	0	
Summa,rf	4	0	2	3	0	0	Dugan,3b	4	0	0	2	2	
Speaker,cf	3	0	0	1	0	0	Ruth,lf	4	0	1	2	0	
Sewell,ss	3	1	1	2	3	0	Pipp,1b	4	0	2	7	1	
W'gans,2b	3	0	0	2	4	0	Smith,rf	4	0	2	3	0	
Lutzke,3b	4	1	0	1	2	0	Ward,2b	3	0	2	2	3	
Brower,1b	4	3	3	13	2	0	Scott,ss	3	0	0	2	3	
O'Neill,c	3	0	0	1	0	0	Hofmann,c	3	0	0	4	2	
Coveleskie,p	4	0	2	2	1	0	Shawkey,p	2	0	0	1	0	
							Mays,p	1	0	0	0	1	
Total	32	6	12	27	12	0	aHendricks	1	0	1	0	0	
							Total	31	0	6	24	12	

a Batted for Shawkey in eighth.

Errors—Cleveland 0; New York 2 (Pipp, Shawkey).

Cleveland	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	1—6
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Summa (2). Three-base hits—Pipp, Brower. Stolen base—Sewell. Sacrifice—Speaker. Double plays—Wambsganss, Sewell and Brower; Scott and Pipp. Left on bases—Witt 5, Cleveland 7. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey 2, Coveleskie 1. Hits—Off Shawkey 11 in 6 innings, Mays 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Shawkey (O'Neill). Struck out—By Coveleskie 1. Wild pitch—Shawkey. Coveleskie. Losing pitcher—Shawkey. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—1:40.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	CLEVELAND (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Witt,cf	4	0	0	2	0		Jamieson,lf	4	1	2	2	0	
Dugan,3b	6	1	3	2	0		Summa,rf	4	2	2	0	0	
Ruth,lf	4	2	1	1	0		Speaker,cf	4	2	3	0	1	
Pipp,1b	5	3	5	2	1		J. Sewell,ss	3	0	2	1	4	
Ward,2b	5	1	4	2	3		W'gans,2b	5	0	2	1	4	
E. Smith,rf	5	2	2	3	1		Lutzke,3b	5	0	0	2	2	
Scott,ss	4	0	1	2	2		Brower,1b	4	2	1	10	0	
Bengough,c	4	0	1	5	0		Myatt,c	3	1	1	3	0	
Jones,p	3	0	0	1	3		Coveleskie,p	3	0	1	0	3	
Pennock,p	0	0	0	0	0		Shaute,p	2	0	0	0	0	
							Edwards,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							Metevier,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							Gardner,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							aO'Neill	1	0	0	0	0	
							bL. Sewell	1	0	0	0	0	
							cO'Neill	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	44	11	19	27	12		Total	39	7	14	27	11	

a Batted for Edwards in seventh.
b Batted for Metevier in ninth.
c Batted for Myatt in ninth.

Error—New York 1 (Ward), Cleveland 1 (J. Sewell).

New York	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	3	1—11
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0— 7

Two-base hits—Ward, Speaker, Jamieson. Three-base hits—Ward, Brower. Home run—E. Smith. Sacrifice—Scott. Double play—Pipp and Scott. Left on bases—New York 15, Cleveland 10. Bases on balls—Off Bush 2, Jones 2, Pennock 1, Shaute 3, Edwards 2, Gardner 1, Metevier 1. Hits—Off Bush in 1 inning, Jones 8 in 3 1-3, Pennock 1 in 2-3, E. Smith 3 in 1, Shaute 9 in 4 1-3, Edwards 2 in 1 2-3, Metevier 5 in 2. Struck out—By Bush 2, Jones 3, Pennock 1, Smith 1, Shaute 4, Edwards 2. Wild pitches—Bush, Shaute 1. Winning pitcher—Bush. Losing pitcher—Shaute. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—3:20.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 7; New York 4.
(First game).
New York 3, Chicago 1.
(Second game).
Brooklyn 8, Pittsburgh 4.
St. Louis 13, Philadelphia 7.
Cincinnati at Boston, postponed, rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland 6, New York 0.
(First game).
New York 11, Cleveland 7.
(Second game).
St. Louis 4, Boston 1.
Philadelphia 4, Chicago 3.
Washington 4, Detroit 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	54	29	.651
Cincinnati	48	30	.615
Pittsburgh	48	32	.600
Chicago	45	39	.536
Brooklyn	41	39	.513
St. Louis	43	42	.500
Boston	23	56	.291
Philadelphia	23	57	.287

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	56	26	.683
Cleveland	45	39	.536
St. Louis	41	40	.506
Philadelphia	40	41	.494
Detroit	39	41	.487
Chicago	37	41	.474
Washington	34	46	.425
Boston	29	47	.382

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.
Cincinnati at Boston.
(Two games).
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Cleveland.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

RED SOX LOSE 4TH IN ROW TO BROWNS

Long Hits Win for St. Louis, 4 to 1—Tobin Gets Third Homer in Two Days.

ST. LOUIS, July 16.—Long-distance hitting enabled the St. Louis Browns to defeat Boston Red Sox here today by a score of 4 to 1. Tobin hit a home run in the fifth inning, his third in two days.

It was the Browns' fourth straight victory over the Sox.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	BOSTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Tobin,rf	4	1	2	3	1	0	Pittenger,3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Gerber,ss	2	1	0	1	4	0	Reichle,cf	2	0	1	5	1	
Jacobson,cf	3	0	0	2	0		Fiagstead,rf	4	0	1	0	0	
McManus,2b	4	1	2	2	1		Burns,1b	4	0	0	7	0	
Severeid,c	3	0	1	5	0		Mansky,lf	4	0	0	1	0	
Durst,lf	4	0	1	3	0		Rue,ss	3	0	2	0	2	
Robertson,3b	4	0	1	1	1		Shanks,3b	4	0	1	0	2	
Schl'mber,1b	2	0	2	6	0		Walters,c	4	0	1	0	2	
Wright,p	3	0	0	2	2		Piercy,p	3	0	0	0	1	
							aHarris	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	29	4	10	27	10		bO'Doul	1	0	1	0	0	
							Total	35	1	5	24	12	

a Batted for Fewster in ninth.
b Batted for Piercy in ninth.

Errors—St. Louis 1 (Wright); Boston 0.

St. Louis	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Two-base hit—Severeid. Three-base hit—McManus. Home run—Tobin. Stolen base—Schlmber. Sacrifices—Severeid, Robertson. Left on bases—Boston 9, St. Louis 8. Bases on balls—Off Piercy 2, Wright 2. Struck out—By Piercy 4, Wright 3. Hit by pitcher—By Piercy (Schlmber). Umpires—Nallin and Moriarty. Time of game—1:35.

BEARS AND BISONS DIVIDE TWO GAMES

Newark Takes First, 6-3, but Loses Second, 9-8, After Tying Score in the Sixth.

BUFFALO, July 16.—Buffalo and Newark split the last two games of their six-game series today. The Bears won the first, 6 to 3, and lost the seven-inning second contest, 9 to 8, after tying the Bons in the sixth. The winning run went over with two out. Wisgiesworth, Kelly and Dye hit home runs.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEWARK (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	BUFFALO (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Eitman,cf	5	1	2	1	0		Burns,rf	5	0	1	0	0	
Sheridan,ss	5	1	1	2	3		Dyer,lf	4	0	0	2	0	
Miller,1b	5	1	1	14	0		Webb,3b	3	2	1	1	1	
Brainard,2b	5	0	1	2	5		Kelly,1b	4	1	2	11	0	
Hanig,rf	4	0	1	2	0		Spencer,cf	4	0	1	1	0	
Anderson,3b	4	0	0	1	2		Kingdon,2b	4	0	0	1	2	
W'sworth,lf	5	1	2	2	0		Sheehan,ss	4	0	0	2	3	
Greenae,c	4	0	1	5	0		Urban,c	4	0	2	4	0	
Ellis,p	4	1	0	0	3		Reddy,p	3	0	1	0	2	
							aHeilman	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	37	6	11	27	13		Total	36	3	10	27	10	

a Batted for Reddy in ninth.

Errors—Newark 1 (Miller); Buffalo 3 (Dye, Sheehan, Reddy).

Newark	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	0—6
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Webb, Hanig, Miller. Home runs—Wisgiesworth, Kelly. Stolen bases—Brainard, Kelly. Double plays—Webb, Kingdon and Kelly; Ellis, Brainard and Miller; Brainard and Miller. Left on bases—Newark 6, Buffalo 6. Bases on balls—Off Reddy 2, Ellis 2. Struck out—By Reddy 4, by Ellis 2. Umpires—Van Grafilo, McBride and Carpenter. Time of game—1:40.

SECOND GAME.

BUFFALO (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A	NEWARK (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Burns,rf	3	2	1	2	0		Eitman,cf	4	0	1	1	0	
Dye,lf	3	2	1	2	1		Sheridan,ss	3	2	2	0	2	
Webb,3b	3	1	1	1	2		Miller,1b	4	2	2	11	0	
Kelly,1b	3	1	1

DEMPSEY MAY MEET FIRPO IN ARGENTINA

Rickard Again Considers South America as Scene of Title Match.

DECISION EXPECTED SOON

Definite Answer May Be Made Within 24 Hours—Other Bouts Pending.

Tex Rickard is like Montana weather. He changes without provocation and with no advance indications. Despite his announcement last Thursday night that he had definitely abandoned all idea of conducting a world's heavyweight championship battle between the titleholder, Jack Dempsey, and the Argentine challenger, Luis Angel Firpo, in South America, Rickard yesterday declared that he was again seriously considering a proposition to take the proposed clash to the Argentine for a date in November. He refused to specify the date. On this point he was rather hazy. The promoter said he might hold the bout below the Equator around Nov. 1.

This right-about-face by Rickard on the South American possibilities was the only development yesterday in the situation surrounding Dempsey's proposed title bouts against Firpo and Marry Wills, the "Brown Panther" of New Orleans. In view of the fact that an altogether different announcement was expected. Rickard's communiqué after an extended session with Jack Kearns, did not arouse particular enthusiasm among the newspaper men anxiously waiting to inform a palpitating public that Dempsey and Firpo would or would not fight for the title in Jersey City around Labor Day. Rickard's previous announcement that he had discarded whatever plans he entertained for holding the proposed bout in Argentina, together with his own admission and the public knowledge that the local district of the city for such a battle if it is to be a financial success, contributed to a feeling of skepticism among Rickard's listeners.

Either today or tomorrow, however, some definite, positive announcement should be made. The time is getting short now and the attraction demands elaborate preparation. If Dempsey is to defend his title against Firpo in September here or in Jersey City the match requires immediate attention. Rickard and Kearns are alert to the pressing need for decisive action. It is reasonable to suppose they will lose no time in completing plans for the match unless unexpected obstacles are encountered in the negotiations.

Expects Bout to Draw $800,000.

Pressed to explain his reasons for the sudden return to the Argentine proposition, Rickard declined to commit himself beyond saying that he felt sure the match there could draw at least 2,000,000 pesos, which is equivalent to $800,000, he said. This information came from Juan Homs, who is keeping Rickard advised on conditions in South America. Rickard received this cabled message last Sunday, but did not announce its contents until after his conference yesterday with Kearns. The promoter said that Firpo, depressed by the criticism he has received since beating Willard, is anxious to return home.

Kearns admitted that he and Rickard had discussed the South American proposition. Like Rickard, however, Kearns said that nothing definite had been accomplished at their conference. The proposed match, according to all surface indications, now is no nearer being legally closed than it was before Firpo battered Willard helpless. It is reasonably certain, however, that the men will clash and that after finishing with Firpo, Dempsey will defend his title against Harry Wills, his negro challenger. The Dempsey-Wills match, however, is being delayed in the signing because of the situation surrounding the proposed Dempsey-Firpo contest.

Kearns said yesterday that he had not yet accepted any bout for Dempsey. "I have not signed with Rickard for Firpo and I have not signed with the Yankee Stadium people for Wills," said Kearns. "I am doing no signing whatever until I find out where we stand. Everybody seems to want Dempsey's services in a bout, but when you look for a concrete offer or proposition which practically insures the bout you run up against a stone wall.

Wants to Match Dempsey Twice.

"I want Dempsey to have two fights before the outdoor season ends. If I have my way he will tackle Firpo around Labor Day and take on Wills before the world's series. I am ready to sign for these matches with Rickard or Tom O'Rourke or the Yankee Stadium people. It makes no difference to me who the promoter is, so long as he meets our terms. One promoter can have both matches or the bouts can go to different promoters. That's something that depends on the inducements and conditions offered. I'm going to see Rickard again tomorrow. I'll keep after him and the other promoters until I know positively whether they want Dempsey in a bout. If they don't want the champion, then I must look elsewhere for ring activity for Dempsey. If my terms are met and conditions are favorable, I'll sign for the champion without delay."

Kearns said he had two alternative bouts if the proposed championship matches against Firpo and Wills failed to materialize. The titleholder's manager said he has an offer under consideration for a bout between Dempsey and Harry Greb, Pittsburgh light-heavyweight, and another for a return meeting between Dempsey and Tom Gibbons, St. Paul light-heavyweight, who lasted fifteen rounds against the champion in the battle that wrought financial ruin in Shelby and Great Falls, Mont. Kearns said he was sign for the Greb bout in Cincinnati and for the Gibbons match in Cleveland. Kearns stated, however, that he preferred the Firpo and Wills engagements in the metropolitan battle area.

Firpo was about the Garden yesterday and broke in on the Rickard-Kearns confab long enough to be introduced to Kearns. The South American is agreeable to any proposition Rickard arranges for him and is not particularly interested in his selection of an opponent, according to Rickard. Firpo left early in the evening to keep an exhibition engagement in Hartford, will return this morning and leave tonight for Boston, where he starts an exhibition tour which will keep him busy until July 30.

ARGENTINA EXCITED OVER NEWS OF BOUT

Buenos Aires Questions Probability of Meeting With Financial Success.

BUENOS AIRES, July 16 (Associated Press).—The announcement from New York that negotiations had begun there to arrange a fight between Jack Dempsey and Luis Angel Firpo in Buenos Aires next November has aroused much enthusiasm in Argentina, where the possibility of Firpo getting a chance to win the world's championship in his home city has been much discussed, and especially since his recent victory over Jess Willard.

Surprise was expressed in some sporting circles tonight, however, that Buenos Aires should have been proposed as the place of meeting, as it is the opinion, notwithstanding the high quality of the attraction, the financial returns would not be as great as if it were held in the United States.

Estimates were made that in order to provide a purse equal to that received by Dempsey at Shelby or the amount received by Firpo for his fight against Willard, added to the cost of erecting a stadium and other expenses, gate receipts of more than two million Argentine pesos would be necessary, and some of the local sportsmen fear this amount could not be reached. Other sporting experts are of the opinion that the fight would bring here boatloads of Americans, who would purchase the high-priced seats.

Juan Homs, Tex Rickard's representative, who has been investigating the possibility of a fight here between Firpo and some American boxer, admitted tonight that he had made a report recently to Rickard, but declined to say what he thought of the prospects of bringing Dempsey and the Argentine fighter together here.

Should the negotiations meet with success the fight probably could be held within the city limits of Buenos Aires, as Mayor Noel recently asked the city council to sanction an ordinance legalizing boxing matches under control of a boxing commission, similar to some of the commissions in the United States. It is said the prospects of the city council acting favorably on the Mayor's suggestion are good.

LEONARD MAY BOX WALKER FOR TITLE

Gibson Plans to Open Negotiations for Match After the Battle With Tendler.

Confident of retaining his title against Lew Tendler, Philadelphia's southpaw challenger, when they clash next Monday night at the Yankee Stadium, Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, has instructed his manager, Billy Gibson, to undertake negotiations for a world's welterweight championship bout against Mickey Walker, Elizabeth successor to Jack Britton. Gibson, returning yesterday from a trip to Leonard's training camp at Tannersville, N. Y., made the statement.

"Benny is eager to tackle Walker and is confident he can gain the welterweight title," said Gibson. "He is in great shape for the Tendler scrap. The workouts up in Tannersville have done him a world of good. Right now Benny is in better shape than he enjoyed the last time he boxed Tendler. He has been training for nearly a month and will be ready for the fight of his life Monday night. I wouldn't be a bit surprised if he stopped Tendler inside of twelve rounds. He will make the 135-pound limit without hurting himself. After the Tendler battle I intend to seek a match for Benny against Walker. I have plenty of offers for Benny's services, but I will delay action on these offers until I find out Walker's attitude toward a match with my champion."

Leonard plans to continue hard training at Tannersville for the next five days, which is part of his campaign to reduce to the lightweight limit. Next Sunday morning the champion plans to return to this city. On the day of the bout Leonard's only exercise will be a jog through Central Park, according to present plans.

From the training camp of Tendler at Delanco, N. J., comes the information that the challenger rapidly is whipping himself into fighting shape. The Quaker City lightweight, according to the reports received here, is hitting harder and more accurately than ever and is faster on his feet and with his hands. Tendler's daily program is equivalent to a running mate under a plan he has followed since he entered upon strenuous work. Tendler intends to continue hard training until Thursday, when the challenger expects to start the tapering off process.

The bout continue to attract unusual attention. This is indicated in the ticket sale and betting. Pasteboard dispensers at the Cromwell A. C. headquarters at 25 West Forty-third Street were kept busy all day yesterday supplying the demand. In the betting reported most of the wagering is on a knockout, with Leonard favored.

SIKI RUNS RAMPANT AND LANDS IN JAIL

Senegalese Stages Free-for-All Fight in Paris Cafe—Two Suits Filed.

PARIS, July 16 (Associated Press).—Battling Siki, although impoverished because of legal attachments against his fighting income, is again running wild since his victory over Marcel Nilles. The Senegalese pugilist was taken to a Montmartre police station last night after a free-for-all fight in an all-night resort in which the battler made a great showing and caused much damage. The trouble arose when Siki's female companion claimed she had been robbed of 400 francs.

Siki's wife has gone to her home in Holland with their baby, and apparently expects to make a long stay, as she took with her the furniture and other household affects. Defrement, Siki's latest manager, said this morning that the battler had been entirely without funds of his own for months, and that he had been dispensing food and money to Siki. Prospective managers hoping to sign the Senegalese for a tour of the United States have also been supplying the black man with money, Defrement said.

To add to Siki's troubles, suit for 40,000 francs damages was filed today by M. Meunier, who claims he was badly clawed by Siki's lion cub at the Neuilly Fair recently. An additional suit for 60,000 francs has also been filed against Siki by one of the promoters of his fight with Marcel Nilles, the plaintiff alleging that Siki adversely affected the gate receipts by writing a letter, which was published, saying that he would not appear for the fight. Siki appeared, but the majority of the fight fans did not.

Walker, 147 Pounds, Matched To Meet Greb Weighing 160

NEWARK, N. J., July 16.—Mickey Walker, welterweight champion of the world, today was signed by the Broad Athletic Club to box Harry Greb of Pittsburgh at Dreamland Park here on Aug. 8. Reddy Mason, manager of Greb, accepted terms over the long distance phone and said that he would be in Newark tomorrow to sign the contract. It is understood that the fight articles stipulate that Greb must weight 160 pounds at 3 o'clock the day of the fight. Immediately after Jack Bulger, Walker's manager, had affixed his signature to the articles the Broad A. C. put fifty carpenters to work in the park to provide seats for 30,000.

Announcement of the reported Walker-Greb match caused surprise here because of the great difference in the weight of the boxers. Walker, at his best and in fighting shape, is a natural welterweight, weighing under the class limit of 147 pounds. Greb generally boxes as a light-heavyweight and heavyweight. It is regarded as doubtful that Greb can make 160 pounds.

HULLABALOO FIRST IN ARROW STAKES

Peter Pan Gelding Picks Up 121 Pounds and Easily Takes Yonkers Feature.

FRIGATE FINISHES LAST

Finds Weight Too Much of a Burden in Morrisania Handicap —Revenge Wins.

Hullabaloo, the four-year-old bay gelding by Peter Pan and Folderol, owned and trained by W. C. Clancy, won the $8,000 Arrow Stakes, the featured number on the card of the Empire City Racing Association at the Yonkers course yesterday afternoon. Picking up 121 pounds, the gelding went the journey of about six furlongs in 1:10, winning easily and beating R. L. Gerry's Ruddy by a length. The race was worth $2,035 to the owner-trainer.

The track on the hilltop showed no effects of the rainstorm and was fairly fast. The threatening skies apparently kept many away, although there was a good-sized Monday crowd on hand and a fair card of races for their entertainment. First choices came home in front in four of the numbers on the program.

Only four paraded for the Arrow Stakes, and the public could see nothing to it but Hullabaloo, which won the stake last year as a three-year-old, with McAtee up and 107 pounds in the saddle. McAtee again had the mount, and the combination was a popular one, Hullabaloo opening at 1 to 2, going to 3 to 5 and closing at 11 to 20. The Greentree Stable's three-year-old Canaque was next in favor, closing at 12 to 5.

The field was well away, Coltiletti taking Canaque into the lead, McAtee holding the favorite close to the pace until the middle of the turn, where Hullabaloo went up and came home an easy winner. Canaque tired from his pacemaking and Ruddy finished fast to beat the son of Ultimus by a length and a half for second money, Canaque being twelve lengths in front of Mrs. E. Josiah's Foxtail, which was never a factor in the contest. Ruddy was in receipt of twenty pounds from the winner, Canaque receiving thirteen.

Four in the Morrisania.

Another four-horse field went to the post in the Morrisania Handicap at a mile and seventy yards. H. M. Howard's chestnut gelding Frigate, which has been winning with consistency, was the early favorite, opening at even money, but receding to 9 to 5 under a heavy play on Harry Payne Whitney's three-year-old gelding Revenge, which won third to Prince Michael Timiris and Pickster in the Mahopac Handicap last Thursday, that being his first start hereabouts. Revenge opened at 7 to 5 and closed at 13 to 10, while there was considerable backing for Marshall Field's Friar Rock filly Emotion, which went to 5 to 1 from a high of 10 to 1. F. E. Brown's Hephaistos had some support at 6 to 1.

Frigate was weighted with 126 pounds, giving seventeen to Hephaistos, twenty-seven to Emotion and twenty to Revenge and found the burden too great, finishing last. The chestnut son of Prissile had the early speed and led the field for half a mile, where he gave way to Emotion. The filly, after beating off Frigate, made a game finish, but was just nosed out by Revenge. The Whitney gelding was outrun in the early stages, trailing the others for half a mile, but McAtee saved a lot of ground with him coming around the turn, coming through on the rail and, as a hard-fought blanket finish as Emotion just lasted to beat Hephaistos by a head. Frigate was eased up after being beaten. The race was worth $1,222.32 and they ran the distance in 1:44 2-5. It was McAtee's second victory for the afternoon.

Ten maidens ran in the Seymour Purse, also at a mile and seventy yards, and the public choices failed to deliver. The winner was A. Sciaccaluga's Savoy, a three-year-old gelded son of Dick Finnell, at six to one shot, which had the running and lasted to beat the favorite, J. L. Donahay's Anterior, by a nose. Anterior was a length in front of J. A. Coburn's Sea Wolf, which took the show money by two and a half lengths from J. S. Ward's Colonel Whalen. Anterior, Sea Wolf and Violet Blue all opened at 3 to 1. The first-named remained the favorite at that price, the others receding rapidly. The race was run in the slow time of 1:46 2-5.

Lady Rose Wins at 5 to 1.

The Edgecliff Purse, for three-year-olds, over the short six-furlong course, attracted a field of eleven, all of which got away to a good start with the exception of Oakwood. L. Liebling's bay filly Lady Rose, at the good price of 5 to 1, was the easy winner, running at the head of the procession all the way and beating the Marmont Stable's Ben Wood to the wire by a margin of two and a half lengths. Ben Wood got into difficulties early in the race, but came fast in the stretch to beat Stella Maris, James Butler's filly, by a neck. The latter had the same margin over Coeur de Lion for the small end of the purse. Sequel, the 3-to-1 choice, was not a factor at any stage.

J. S. Ward's white silks with red stars were carried to victory in both of the juvenile events. In the Sylvan Purse for fillies at five and a half furlongs his bay filly Peat led thirteen others to the winning post, beating First Lady Harding by a head, after the latter had made all the pace. Peat Fator eased back the winner on the turn and then came through on the rail, the daughter of Wrack just getting up. First Lady Harding weakened at the end. W. H. Fizer's Lee Adrin took the short end of the purse by a head from Mary Agnes.

In the Mapleton Purse, over the same route, Ward's chestnut filly Furor was the winner in a field of nine, breaking first and setting a fast pace to win by half a length from J. S. Cosden's Curley, the latter being three lengths in front of Damage.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; fillies; claiming; the Sylvan Purse; purse $1,262.32. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Peat	106	E. Fator	8-2	1st
First L. Harding	109	Ponce	8-1	2nd
Lee Adrin	100	Marinelli	6-1	3d
Mary Agnes	107½	Barnes	7-1	4th
Hilarity	107	Jelley	8-5	5th
Soubrette	104	Bell	7-1	6th
*Dalysia	114½	Lyke	6-1	7th
*May Party	104	Burns	6-1	8th
Apology	104	Thurber	7-1	9th
Gray Girl	109	Williams	20-1	10th
Sielvebleom	106	Merimee	20-1	11½
Pyrozene	104	Stutts	25-1	12th
Pte. B. Walker	105½	McAtee	12-1	13th
Red Mill	108	Bell	30-1	14

*James Butler entry.

Place and show—Peat, 3 to 1, even; First Lady Harding, 8 to 1, 3 to 5; Lee Adrin, 8 to 1, 3 to 5.

Time—1:07 3-5.

Start good for all but Red Mill; won driving; place same. Peat, b. f., 2, by Wrack—The Busybody; owned by J. S. Ward and trained by R. Goose.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds; claiming; the Edgecliff Purse; purse $1,262.32. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Lady Rose	105	Bell	5-1	1½
Ben Wood	113	Coltiletti	6-5	2nd
Stella Maris	114½	Lyke	6-1	3rd
Coeur de Lion	104	Thurber	10-1	4th
Capt. Costigan	102	Taylor	8-1	5th
Admirer	115	Merimee	4-1	6th
Sequel	100	Callahan	3-1	7th
Oras	107	Woodstock	30-1	8th
Fulton	108	Burns	30-1	9th
Miss Sycamore	105	Clarke	20-1	10th
Oakwood	112	Collins	15-1	11

Place and show—Lady Rose, 2 to 1, even; Ben Wood, 3 to 1, 6 to 5; Stella Maris, 5 to 1, 2 to 5.

Time—1:10.

Start good for all but Oakwood; won easily; place driving. Lady Rose, br. f., 3, by Wrack—Lady Gay; owned by L. Liebling and trained by A. J. Woodliffe.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Morrisania Handicap; $1,462.32 added. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Revenge	119	McAtee	13-10	1st
Emotion	90	Callahan	6-1	2d
Hephaistos	109	Burns	6-1	3d
Frigate	126	Marinelli	9-5	4

Place and show—Revenge, 7 to 20, out; Emotion, 6 to 5, out; Hephaistos, 6 to 5, out.

Time—1:44 2-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Revenge, b. g., 3, by Chicle—Regret; owned by H. P. Whitney and trained by M. Goldblatt.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Arrow Stakes; selling; guaranteed value $2,000. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Hullabaloo	112	McAtee	11-20	1st
Ruddy	110	Callahan	6-1	2nd
Canaque	129	Coltilletti	12-5	3rd
Foxtail	119	Josiah	100-1	4

Place and show—Hullabaloo, out; Ruddy, 6 to 5, out; Canaque, 3 to 5, out.

Time—1:10.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Hullabaloo, b. g., 4, by Peter Pan—Folderol; owned by W. C. Clancy and trained by owner.

FIFTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; conditions; claiming; the Mapleton Purse; purse $1,262.32. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Furor	98	Parke	11-10	1¼
Curley	93	Williams	15-1	2d
Damage	105	Bell	30-1	3d
Attention	107	Burns	6-1	4th
*King Cole	114½	Lyke	6-1	5½
Henry S.	107	McAtee	6-1	6th
Sam Smith	102	Taylor	12-1	7½
Sarcasm	111½	Maggard	15-1	8½
Little Thistle	111	Marinelli	15-5	9

*James Butler entry.

Place and show—Furor, 1 to 2, 1 to 4; Curley, 6 to 1, 3 to 1; Damage, 10 to 1, 6 to 1.

Time—1:09 2-5.

Start fair; won ridden out; place driving. Furor, ch. f., by Wormleighton—Bessie Moore; owned by J. S. Ward and trained by R. Goose.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; claiming; the Seymour Purse; purse $1,262.32. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Savoy	110	Marinelli	6-1	1st
Anterior	107	Maatee	1-1	2d
Sea Wolf	104	Parke	8-1	3½
Col. Whalen	107	E. Fator	7-1	4th
Violet Blue	104	Bellin	4-1	5½
Printer's Devil	104	Taylor	30-1	6th
Violet Blue	104	Thurber	4-1	7th
Electron	102½	Ponce	20-1	8½
True Eyes	102½	Stutts	15-1	9½
Paddy's Lass	100	Ralls	50-1	10th

Place and show—Savoy, 2 to 1, even; Anterior, 6 to 5, 1 to 2; Sea Wolf, 2 to 1, even.

Time—1:46 2-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Savoy, br. g., 3, by Dick Finnell—Miss Caldwell; owned by A. Sciaccaluga and trained by R. McKessy.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

Crow Carries Ball 75 Yards; Saves Golfer Two Strokes

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—How a crow helped Dr. Benjamin Benedict, Sixtieth Street and Lansdowne Avenue, by picking up his golf ball after a drive from the fifth tee while he was playing at Cobb's Creek links is related by Mike Tobin of the Llanerch Country Club.

"The ball landed well up over the hill," said Tobin today. "In its flight it seemed to attract the attention of a crow. The bird flew after it. When the ball stopped rolling the crow was at its side. After pecking at the ball several times the crow lifted it and carried it seventy-five yards nearer the sixth green, dropping it in the gravel pit in front of the green, saving Dr. Benedict at least two strokes."

BOOKS FOR MEETING AT SARATOGA READY

Have Been Completed by Secretary Earlocker and Will Be Distributed Today.

Books for the Summer meeting of the Saratoga Association for the Improvement of the Breed of Horses have been completed by Secretary Earlocker and will be ready for distribution among the horsemen today. The book is voluminous, containing 248 pages, and indicates that the coming meeting will be one of the best in the history of racing at the Spa. The stake events will be decided in the following order:

Tuesday, July 31—Saratoga Handicap, three-year-olds and up, $5,000 added, one mile and a quarter; Flash Stakes, for two-year-olds, guaranteed value, $5,000; Shilleiah Handicap Steeplechase, three-year-olds and up, $2,000 added.

Wednesday, Aug. 1—First half of the Consolation Selling Stakes, for two-year-olds, guaranteed cash value $3,750, five and a half furlongs.

Thursday, Aug. 2—The Seneca Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds, $1,500 added, six furlongs.

Friday, Aug. 3—The Saratoga Sales Stakes for two-year-olds, $1,500 added, five and a half furlongs.

Saturday, Aug. 4—United States Hotel Stakes, for two-year-olds, guaranteed gross value $10,000, six furlongs; Miller Stakes, for three-year-olds, $3,500 added, one mile and three sixteenths.

Monday, Aug. 6—The Schuylerville Stakes, for two-year-old fillies, guaranteed cash value $5,000, five and a half furlongs.

Tuesday, Aug. 7—Delaware Handicap, for three-year-olds and up, $2,500 added, one mile.

Wednesday, Aug. 8—The Sanford, guaranteed cash value $5,000, for two-year-olds, six furlongs.

Thursday, Aug. 9—The Alabama Stakes, for three-year-old fillies, guaranteed cash value $10,000, one mile and a quarter.

Friday, Aug. 10—The Expectation Handicap, for three-year-olds, maidens, guaranteed cash value $3,000, one mile.

Saturday, Aug. 11—The Saratoga Special, for two-year-olds, subscriptions of $500 each and $1,000 gold plate, six furlongs; The Champlain Handicap, for three-year-olds and up, $3,500 added, one mile and a furlong; the North American Steeplechase Handicap for three-year-olds and up, $2,000 added, about two miles.

Monday, Aug. 12—The Troy Selling Stakes, for two-year-olds, $1,500 added, five and a half furlongs.

Tuesday, Aug. 14—The Saratoga Handicap, for three-year-olds, guaranteed cash value $10,000, one mile.

Wednesday, Aug. 15—The Grab Bag Handicap, for two-year-olds, guaranteed value $4,000, six furlongs.

Thursday, Aug. 16—The Mohawk Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds, $1,500, one mile.

Friday, Aug. 17—Over-night events.

Saturday, Aug. 18—The Grand Union Hotel Stakes, for two-year-olds, guaranteed gross value $10,000, six furlongs; the Travers Stakes, for three-year-olds, guaranteed cash value $12,500, one mile and a quarter; the Merrywick Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds up, $2,000 added, about two miles.

Monday, Aug. 20—The second half of the Consolation Stakes, for two-year-olds, guaranteed value $3,750, six furlongs.

Tuesday, Aug. 21—The Adirondack Handicap for two-year-olds, guaranteed cash value $5,000, six furlongs.

Wednesday, Aug. 22—The Huron Handicap, guaranteed cash value $5,000, for three-year-olds, one mile and three sixteenths.

Thursday, Aug. 23—The Catskill Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds and up, $1,500 added, seven furlongs.

Saturday, Aug. 25—The Merchants and Citizens Handicap, for three-year-olds and up, $4,000 added, one mile and three sixteenths; the Spinaway Stakes, for two-year-old fillies, guaranteed gross value $7,500, six furlongs; the Saratoga Steeplechase, $5,000 added, for four-year-olds and up, about two miles and a half.

Monday, Aug. 27—The Albany Handicap, for two-year-olds, guaranteed cash value $5,000, six furlongs.

Tuesday, Aug. 28—The Kentucky, for two-year-old fillies, selling, $1,500 added, five and a half furlongs.

Wednesday, Aug. 29—The Amsterdam Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds and up, $1,500 added; one mile.

Thursday, Aug. 30—The Hopeful Stakes, for two-year-olds, guaranteed gross value $40,000, six furlongs; the Saratoga Cup, for three-year-olds and up, $5,000 added, one mile and three quarters.

PERISCOPE WINS 2:06 CLASS TROT

Easily Captures First Event at Opening of Kalamazoo Grand Circuit Races.

MARGARET DILLON IS ILL

Murphy Draws Her After Taking First Heat in Free-for-All—Hal Mahone Triumphs.

KALAMAOO, Mich., July 16.—Periscope, driven by John L. Dodge, won the 2:06 trot, the first event on today's opening Grand Circuit race card. She had the contest well in hand at all times. Hollyrood Hilda broke in the first heat and was distanced.

After winning the first heat in the free-for-all pace, Margaret Dillon was taken ill and Murphy drew her. Hal Mahone, the Childs mount, took the next two heats and the race. The best time, 2:03¼, was slow for this event.

The 2:07 pace was a split heat affair, Gilded Lady II. came through in the first heat and won by a nose in 2:04½ from Buddy Mac. In the second and third heats Lambert Todd, the Murphy horse, won handily.

Tom Biggar of Marshall, Mich., upset the talent when he captured the first two heats of the 2:20 trot in 2:08¾ and 2:09¾ with Diamond Axworthy. The third heat was won by Well Worthy.

The crowd was the largest that ever attended the opening day of a local meeting.

The summaries:

2:06 TROT.

Purse, $1,000.

Periscope, b. m. by Silkio (Dodge)	1	1	1
McGregor The Great, b. h. (Cox)	4	2	2
Manrilick, blk. g. (Erskine)	2	3	3
Prodigal Waits, b. m. (Murphy)	3	4	4
Hollyrood Hilda, b. m. (McMahon)			Disq.

Time—2:08¾; 2:08¼; 2:07¾.

2:07 PACE.

Purse, $2,000.

Lambert Todd, b. g. by Jim Todd (Murphy)	2	1	1
Gilded Lady, II, b. m. (Eran)	1	3	3
Buddy Mac, b. g. (Ray)	2	2	2
Julia M. Direct, br. m. (Childs)	4	4	4
Rifle Grenade, Miss Belwin, Peter Bradford, also started.			

Time—2:04½; 2:03¾; 2:06¾.

FRE-FOR-ALL PACE.

Purse, $1,200.

Hal Mahone, b. m. by A. Hal (Childs)	3	1	1
John Henry, b. g. (Cox)	2	2	2
Sir Roche, b. g. (Egan)	4	3	3
Margaret Dillon, br. m. by Dillon Axworthy (Murphy)			1 Dr.

Time—2:06¾; 2:05¾; 2:07¾.

2:20 TROT.

Purse, $1,000.

Diamond Axworthy, b. h. by Caffery Axworthy (Bigar)	1	1	2
Well Worthy, r. h. (McDonald)	7	2	1
Peter S., b. h. (Devitt)	2	4	3
Ruby Hall, blk. m. (Tallm.)	9	3	4
Count Bugle, r. Maxey Arion, Cherry Abbe, Gracie Harvester, Peter Will Tell and also started.			

Time—2:06¾; 2:06¾; 2:06¾.

CRIQUI WORKS HARD; POUND UNDER WEIGHT

Featherweight Champion Scales Only 125 After a Spirited Training Drill.

Eugene Criqui, French boxer, who holds the world's featherweight title, is a pound below the recognized class limit for his title bout against Johnny Dundee, Italian veteran, which will be conducted at the Polo Grounds on the night of July 26. At his training camp in Manhasset, L. I., yesterday Criqui weighed 125 pounds after a spirited workout. The titleholder entertained a fair-sized crowd at his Long Island camp in a training drill which was featured by six rounds of sparring. Criqui's sparring partners were Leon Poutet and Mario Gall, both Criqui's countrymen. In addition to his sparring Criqui went through a short session of road work in the morning, and devoted some of his attention to rope-skipping, shadow boxing and bag punching. Through the champion's workouts Mme. Criqui entertained friends at cards in a game held in the shadow of an apple tree.

Robert Eudeline, Criqui's manager, supervised the workout. Eudeline announced that Criqui had booked passage for his native France on the steamship Suffren, leaving Aug. 2. The champion plans to return home without engaging in another bout here after the Dundee match. If successful against Dundee Criqui intends to return here for a bout against Jack Bernstein or any other challenger for the featherweight crown.

From Dundee's camp in South Orange, N. J., yesterday came word that Johnny is down to 130 pounds. Tom O'Rourke, matchmaker for the Polo Grounds A. C., visited Dundee Sunday and was impressed with the training of the challenger. O'Rourke said that Dundee was in excellent shape and expressed confidence that the bout would result in one of the most exciting seen here in recent years.

WILLS STARTS TRAINING.

Colored Heavyweight Boxes Three Rounds With McCoy.

Special to The New York Times.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., July 16.—Harry Wills, colored heavyweight, who seeks a title bout with Jack Dempsey, cut loose in his training at the East Cheshire camp today and boxed three fast rounds with Jimmy McCoy. It was the first time that the colored boxer has donned the gloves since coming to the Berkshires. It was announced at his camp that he weighed 218 pounds after the workout.

Regarding statements which have been made in reference to his condition, Wills declared that he was in shape to fight tonight. "I have had 18 fights in the last two years while Dempsey had his two," Wills said, "so I think I'm in as good shape as the champion."

BUFF IN RING TONIGHT.

Will Meet Catena in Ten-Round Bout at Queensboro A. C.

Johnny Buff, former holder of the world's bantamweight title and the American flyweight championship, will attempt a comeback tonight in the ring of the Queensboro A. C., Long Island City. Buff is scheduled for a ten-round bout with Henry Catena, National Guard champion. This will serve as the main attraction of an all-star card.

In two other ten-round bouts the principals will be Sammy Cohen and Manny Wexler and Harry Aarons and Joe Dillon.

GREY LAG HAS TOP WEIGHT.

Is Allotted 136 Pounds in Yonkers Handicap to Be Run Saturday.

Weights for the Yonkers Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, with an added value of $4,000, which will be run at the Empire City track next Saturday afternoon, were announced yesterday by Handicapper W. S. Vosburgh. Grey Lag is given the post of honor with 136 pounds. Of those which are likely to go to the post Bunting is asked to pick up 128 pounds. Tryster is in with 124 pounds, Rocket has 115, Prince James has 115, Dunlin a pound less and Flagstaff 100. Exodus and Brushtorn have been allotted 107 pounds, Picketer 106, Cherry Pie 105, Hephaistos and Polly Ann 106, Ray Jay 93, Herologe and Emotion 97, and Osprey and Batteries 85 each.

WALKER KNOCKS OUT SEIGEL IN THE TENTH

Welterweight Champion Disposes of Boston Rival Before 5,000 at Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 16.—Mickey Walker, world's welterweight champion, knocked out Nate Seigel of Boston, in the tenth round of a scheduled 12-round bout here tonight at the open-air arena of the Broad A. C. A terrific right hand punch to the jaw following a left hook to the same place sent Seigel down and out after 29 seconds of boxing in this round. The fight was witnessed by a crowd of 5,000 and was a spirited battle from start to finish.

For a time it was thought that Seigel had been seriously injured. He fell heavily to the floor, his head striking the padded boards with a thud. Referee Danny Sullivan had reached four in his count when Eddie Mead, Seigel's manager, leaped through the ropes and with the assistance of Walker and the referee carried Seigel to his corner. Seigel slipped off his chair to the floor and it was fully five minutes before his handlers could revive him. Seigel left the ring still shaky on his legs.

It was the first time Seigel had ever been knocked out. Before succumbing to the blows of Walker the Hub welterweight gave one of the gamest exhibitions yet seen in a Jersey ring. From the very start Seigel was subjected to a withering body fire of rights and lefts. The champion pounded Seigel under the heart, on the ribs and about the kidneys with terrific full-arm rights and lefts. Walker's attack was punctuated with repeated rights and lefts to the jaw and head, which severely jolted and staggered Seigel in the early rounds.

Seigel fought the champion willingly enough in the first two rounds, but with his steady body fire Walker was entitled to the honors of these two rounds.

Early in the third round and again early in the fourth round Walker staggered Seigel with rights to the jaw, but Seigel recovered late in each round and exchanged blows willingly with the champion. From the fifth round on it was evident that Seigel was gradually slipping. In the sixth and seventh he was in distress, but in each round he courageously survived his rival's attack.

In the eighth round Walker floored Seigel with a hard right to the jaw, but the Bostonian bravely struggled to his feet without taking a count and mixed matters with the champion to the bell. Walker drove his opponent about the ring under a merciless fire of rights and lefts to the head, jaw and body in the ninth. Seigel staggered to his corner at the bell.

After a preliminary exchange in the tenth round Walker sent his opponent crashing against the ropes with a terrific left hook to the jaw. Seigel's guard was down and as he rebounded Walker drove home a powerful right to the jaw which stretched Seigel full length on the ring floor. Twenty-nine seconds after the round had started.

Walker's title was not involved in the battle. Seigel at three o'clock at weighed 150 pounds, three more than the welterweight limit of 147 pounds. Walker's weight was 149½ pounds. The champion appeared strong and in fine condition and fought a battle which showed plainly that he has greatly improved since the night he relieved Jack Britton of the title in Madison Square Garden.

In the semi-final bout of eight rounds "Spark Plug" Russell, local bantamweight, was entitled to victory on points over Bobby Burns from Hoboken.

GIBBONS DECLINES OFFERS.

Half a Dozen Promoters Want to Match Him With Dempsey.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 16.—Half a dozen offers to stage another bout between Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight boxing champion, and Tommy Gibbons, St. Paul, have been received from various parts of the country, Eddie Kane, Gibbons's manager, said here today.

For the present none of the tenders will be accepted, according to Kane, who indicated, however, that he was keeping in touch with the various promoters. In the meantime Gibbons will continue on his vaudeville tour, which opened last night in Minneapolis and will continue for fourteen weeks.

Offers received by Kane include those from promoters in New Orleans, San Fancisco, Toronto and Arizona. Tom O'Rourke, New York matchmaker, asked Kane's terms for a fight between Gibbons and Luis Angel Firpo of Argentina.

"We want to get another bout with Dempsey first," said Kane with reference to the Firpo proposal.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

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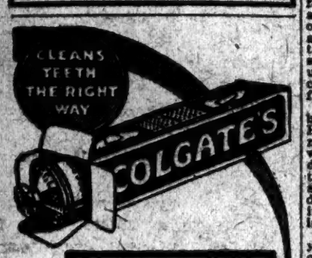
A. J. White, 66 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers
Lefco Body Co., Inc., 17 E. West St., Mount Vernon
Westside Tire Exchange, 771 Main St., New Rochelle
Nelson Truck Tire & Wheel Shop, 431 Lafayette Ave., Brooklyn
Brisbane, Inc., 19-21 Front St., Brooklyn
Metropolitan Body Co. of N. Y., Inc., 36-46 Third St., Long Island City
The Greenspoon Tire & Repair Co., 19-21 Greenspoon St., White Plains, N. Y.

GOODYEAR



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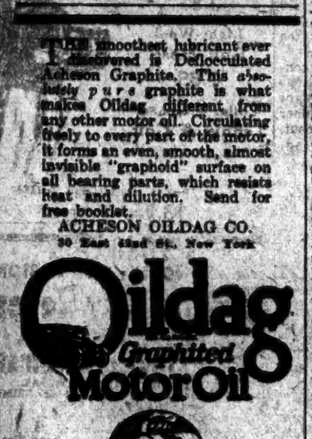

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HACKNEY HEADS BIG FIELD AT SHAWNEE

Atlantic City Pro Gets Good Start in Golf Tourney With Round of 69—Total is 141.

SARAZEN IN SECOND PLACE

Deposed Champion Is Four Strokes Back—Cruickshank Has a 69, but Drops Off in Second Round.

Special to The New York Times.

SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, Pa., July 16.—Apparently keyed up to their best efforts after a week of championship play golf favorites toyed with par in the opening rounds of the Shawnee Country Club's invitation tournament here today.

Clarence Hackney, sturdy Atlantic City "pro," had one of his good days, tearing off 69 and 72 for 141, leading the big field.

He did not have low score honors all to himself, however, as Bobbie Cruickshank, who reached here late last night from Inwood after his play-off with Bobby Jones for the national open title, also had a 69 in the early hours. The Shackamaxon "pro" tired in the afternoon, several of his drives finding the rough, but even so he got 78 for his second round. This gave him 147, a stroke behind Harry Hampton of Detroit and Bob Macdonald of Chicago.

Second place was taken by former National Champion Gene Sarazen, the Briarcliff Lodge "pro" playing impressively all day, returning rounds of 74 and 71 for a total of 145.

Cruickshank Near a 68.

To get his 69 in the morning, Cruickshank began with a birdie 3, laying up his mashie to within a club's length of the flag. He also got a putt down on the fourth green for a 3 and reached the turn in 35. Coming back Bobby found a trap at the fourteenth, taking a 5, but at that he came within an ace of getting a 68, the twenty-foot try for a 4 on the home green barely failing to drop. Par for the round is 74, but scoring was rendered a trifle easier than usual because of the dryness of the course, which has seen little or no rain for the last month.

Hackney went Cruickshank one better by starting his round with two birdies. He also laid a mashie shot dead at the ninth and by getting another 3 there, went out in 34, which has been seldom done on this course. Hackney found two traps coming back, getting into the sand in the seventh and twelfth and dropping a stroke at both. He steadied immediately, finishing without a slip in 35.

Had it not been for a 5 at the 160-yard twelfth hole, Hackney would have come close to repeating his score of the morning. All day he had nothing worse than an occasional 5. His card:

MORNING ROUND.

Out	3	5	4	3	4	5	4	3	5—36
In	4	5	4	5	4	4	2	5	3—36—69

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Out	4	4	3	5	4	5	4	3	5—36
In	4	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	3—36—72—141

Ogg in Good Position.

Willie Ogg of Worcester, winner here in 1921, is resting in a good position with 147, the same as Tom Stevens, one of the visitors from the Coast, and Cruickshank. Emmet French of Youngstown and John Golden of the Beacon Country Club have totals of 148 along with George McLean of Grassy Sprain. French had no luck on the greens, while McLean missed a 2-footer at the home hole which prevented him from going a 70.

The scores:

	1st Rd.	2d Rd.	Tl.
Clarence Hackney, Atlantic City	69	72	141
Gene Sarazen, Briarcliff Lodge	74	71	145
Harry Hampton, Detroit	73	73	146
Bob Macdonald, Chicago	73	73	146
Robert Cruickshank, Shackamaxon	69	78	147
Willie Ogg, Worcester	73	74	147
Tom Stevens, Minikahda	73	74	147
George McLean, Grassy Sprain	71	77	148
Frank Ceitart, Phila., Country	74	74	148
Ray Derr, Lulu Temple	71	77	148
Emmett French, Youngstown	76	72	148
Danny Horgan, Penns Grove	72	76	148
John Golden, Beacon C. C.	76	72	148
Jack Burke, St. Paul	73	76	149
John Farrell, Quaker Ridge	75	74	149
Harold Sampson, San Francisco	77	74	151
W. H. Golden, Bushkill Falls	74	77	151
Alex Gerard, Oakland	78	74	152
Abe Espinosa, San Francisco	77	75	152
Jack Beckett, Youngakah	76	76	152
Eddie Loos, Columbia	76	76	152
Cyril Walker, Englewood	78	75	153
Charles Hall, Birmingham	78	77	155
James Donaldson, Fenimore	78	78	156
Wm. Hamilton, Penn	77	79	156
Fred Canavan, West Point	79	76	155
Will Glaney, Springbrook	78	78	156
Will Cox, Marine and Field	77	78	155
Steven Sanderson, Franklin, N.H.	77	78	155
George Hoffman, unattached	81	74	155
Charles Hoffner, Philmont	77	78	155
Pat Petranch, Petersburg	78	80	158
L. W. Cresalia, Milburn	79	79	158
Fred Decker, Knollwood	77	80	157
J. W. Sawyer, Torresdale	77	80	157
John Edmundson, Llanerch	83	75	158
Joe Baka, Philadelphia	79	79	158
Harry Naylor, unattached	79	77	156
Arthur Demaine, Soundview	81	78	159
Robert Thompson, Saucon Valley	80	78	158
John Kane, Dedham	81	79	160
Joe Higgins, Galen Hall	79	80	159
Dave Cuthbert, Ashburn	82	79	161
Arthur Reid, Ardsley	82	79	161
Norton Marr, Fieldston	82	79	161
Dan Mackie, Century	80	79	159
*Kenneth Reid, Ardsley	83	78	161
Gordon Smith, Morris County	80	81	161
Will Klein, Garden City C. C.	78	83	161
John Howe, Stanton	82	79	161
W. J. Derr, Wyoming Valley	83	78	161
Frank Sprogel, Colonial	83	81	164
Sam White, Fox Hills	83	81	164
*Jack Mackie Jr., Inwood	86	82	168
Robert Barnett, Chevy Chase	84	81	165
Tom Bonnar, Hinsdale	84	82	166
Dave Brennan, unattached	82	84	166
L. H. Goldbeck, Philmont	83	83	166
A. G. Elphick, New York	85	82	167
Jack Nelson, Plymouth	82	85	167
Walter Denning, Orange County	80	87	167
W. Hoare, unattached	89	81	170
Tom Gribbon, Philadelphia	88	87	175
Will Hartman, Gedney Farms	87	86	173
E. D. Drucker, Bellefaire	91	82	173
J. G. Gruber, Newark, Del.	93	86	179
Carl McMaster, Maryland	90	85	175
Jack Jolly, New York	92	83	175
Bill Whittaker, unattached	87	88	175
M. J. Ford, New York	89	88	177
Walter Wood, Philadelphia	88	90	180
Carl Kellerman, Bannockburn	87	88	180
H. W. Hunt, Bridgton	91	89	180
Thomas Fisher, Dupont	95	85	180
E. M. Sheppard, Cedarbrook	97	94	191

*Amateur.

WALSH CAPTURES GOLF TITLE BY 2 STROKES

Wins Newspaper Club's Tourney on Salisbury Links—Gould Is Second.

Richard A. Walsh, winner of the recent national public links golf championship, captured the annual championship of the New York Newspaper Golf Club in the thirty-six-hole medal-play test over the Salisbury Golf Club links at Westbury, L. I., yesterday. Walsh led the field by two strokes, his two rounds being 80 and 78, for a total of 158. His nearest competitor for the title was Frank M. Gould, who started off with a 79 in the morning round, but required an 81 in the afternoon.

Allen Poinsette, who had already won two legs on the trophy and whose property the cup would have become had he been successful yesterday, finished third with a total of 161. Poinsette was tied with Gould at the end of the morning round, but fell off in the second round, taking an 82. William A. Mantley, who has gained two legs on the trophy, was not among the leaders today, while Jean O. Anderson, who has also captured the championship twice, did not play.

The team match was won by The Wall Street Journal, whose players, R. E. Ormsbee, George E. Shea Jr., Richard A. Walsh and Arundell Cotter, had a low total of 708.

The scores:

Richard Walsh	80	78	158
Frank M. Gould	79	81	160
Allen Poinsette	80	81	161
George O. Shea Jr.	82	79	161
Hiram Serino	80	81	161
M. Justin	82	84	166

Bobby Jones, New Golf King, To Receive Royal Welcome

ATLANTA, Ga., July 16.—Relatives and friends of Bobby Jones, newly arrived open golf champion, made ready today to give him a rousing welcome upon his homecoming. The new champion, whose golf flights have been watched locally since he was 14 years old, is expected to return tomorrow forenoon. Preliminary plans for welcoming him included a brass band and a parade through the business section. Hundreds of his local enthusiasts are expected to be on hand at the depot to greet him. Governor Walker today telegraphed his congratulations to the titleholder.

"You have signally honored your native State," the telegram read. "Georgia is proud of you. The people of the commonwealth send cordial greetings and congratulations."

PROS SEEK CHANGE IN NATIONAL OPEN

Prefer Sectional Qualifying Rounds—Detroit May Get the 1924 Tourney.

If there is any truth in the old saying that where there is smoke there is fire, then the coming year will see a change in the method of qualifying for the 1924 national open golf championship. The subject was thrashed out by the members of the Professional Golfers' Association throughout the week of the championship, and, while no definite action was taken in the matter, it is understood that they are merely awaiting an opening from the United States Golf Association, under whose auspices the tournament has always been held, to give voice to their sentiments in favor of a change.

There was almost unanimous agreement among the pros that a field of 360, such as entered this year's event, is far too unwieldly, too costly and too much of a waste of time. The damage done to a course by such an army of golfers over a week's period is an irreparable one, although the Inwood Country Club, scene of this year's event, is more fortunately situated in this respect than most other layouts, since the turf there is more easily restored, due to the excellent character of the soil and to the heavy dew that takes the place of rainfall. But when the week was ended the fairways bore mute testimony to deep-cutting niblicks and mashies, and considerable time and money will have to be spent to restore it to the condition it was in when the championship started.

The pros almost to a man are in favor of sectional qualifying rounds, such as were proposed and agreed upon this year until an unexpected quietus was put upon the plan by the Championship Committee of the United States Golf Association. It is entirely probably that after this year's experience the sectional qualifying plan will be put into operation next year, with the professionals of the country qualifying in two preliminary tournaments, one held in the West and the other in the East. The leaders will then come together and play the championship proper over the seventy-two-hole route. Under the system of rotation followed in recent years, the 1924 championship will be played in the West next year, and it would not be at all surprising to find it located at one of the clubs in the Detroit district.

That Jones was entitled to the honor which he gained only after a hard fight from Cruickshank is seen by a glance at the records he has made in the last four national open tournaments in which he has played. At Inverness in 1920, when Bobby made his first appearance, he had four rounds for a total of 299 which placed him in a tie for eighth place with Willie MacFarlane, then pro at Port Washington. Jones's individual rounds in the championship were 76, 74, 70, 77.

The following year, at Washington, Jones finished in a tie for fifth place with a total of 303, his rounds being 78, 71, 77, 77. Last year, at Skokie, Bobby tied for second with John L. Black, his score being 289, only a stroke behind that of the winner, Gene Sarazen. His rounds there were 76, 73, 70, 71.

In the Inwood tournament from which he emerged a winner after the play-off with Cruickshank, Bobby travelled the difficult course in 71, 73, 77, 77 for a total of 298. His total number of strokes for the thirty-six rounds in which he has played in the championships proper is 1,187 which gives him an average of a trifle over 74 for each round. The exact figures are 74 3-16. This is a better record than even Hagen has made and one that stamps his ability as one of the leading medal play golfers in the world.

LEADING SWIMMERS ENTER 10-MILE RACE

National Distance Event to Be Held on the Delaware River Course July 21.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—For the sixth straight year the ten-mile swimming championship of America will be held over the Delaware River course from Philadelphia to Riverton, N. J., Saturday, July 21. This is the feature long-distance swim of this country and each year stars from all parts of the United States try for the title.

Tom Blake, the young find of the Los Angeles Athletic Club, who came East last Summer with the reputation of being the best on the Coast, lifted the championship. He has sent word that he will be here again to try for the second straight national crown. Blake will do his training from Charlie Durborow's home in Riverton. Fred Cady, the former Philadelphian, who brought out Blake at the Los Angeles A. C., writes that the latter has been in strict training for the last two months and expects to retain the title.

The Central Swimming Club of Brooklyn has sent word that James W. Hall Jr., the winner two years ago, has been in constant training and believes he can defeat the Coast star. Strong efforts are also being made to have Bolden, of the Illinois A. C., winner of the 1919 and 1920 championship races come East again, and an invitation has also been sent to Leo Goibel, the 1918 titleholder, who has starred at Rutgers College for the last few years.

Charlie Durborow, the former long-distance swimmer, who is looking after the entries again, says that there will be close to thirty on the starting line. New York, Boston, Baltimore, Buffalo, Washington, Chicago, Los Angeles, Atlantic City and Philadelphia will furnish most of the entries.

The following Saturday the swimming scene shifts to the Little Egg Harbor Yacht Club at Beach Haven, N. J., where the 220-yard women's national junior breaststroke and women's national junior 100-yard free-style championships will be decided in connection with the women's Middle Atlantic 220-yard free-style and women's Middle Atlantic fancy diving championships.

FAIL IN MARATHON GOLF.

Two Washington Players Make 218 Holes—41 Behind Record.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Two public links golfers, out at dawn today on East Potomac Park course to establish a new one-day marathon record, fell forty-one holes short of the 265-hole mark set recently in Cleveland. When darkness stopped play tonight each had completed twenty-four nine-hole rounds—216 holes.

William McGuire, one of the contestants, traveled sixty-nine miles, according to a pedometer, incident to his 207 strokes. The other player, Eddie Tipton, carried a pedometer, which registered fifty-seven miles. He took 1,084 strokes.

SEEDED STARS GAIN AT LONGWOOD NETS

Shimizu Defaults, but Other Selected Players Reach Third Round.

NILES PRESSED BY VICKERY

Massachusetts Champion Wins, 6-4, 8-6—Kashio, Fischer, Jones Among Victors.

BOSTON, July 16.—The field of eighty lawn tennis players here for the thirty-first annual renewal of the historic Longwood Bowl singles championship was reduced to thirty-three in the play today. With one exception, the match scheduled between R. Norris Williams 2d, Bryn Mawr, Pa., and W. W. Ingraham of Harvard, all the first and second round matches were disposed of. Williams will arrive here tomorrow.

Zenzo Shimizu, the Japanese Davis Cup team captain, dropped out of the singles competition today by defaulting in order that he may concentrate on doubles practice, while Masamosuke Fukuda, champion of Japan, won by default. The other Japanese player here, Seiichiro Kashio, defeated Robert Bray by a score of 6—0, 7—5, and thus atoned for his defeat at the hands of Bray in the recent Church Cup series in New York.

Other seeded players survived by winning in straight sets. N. W. Niles, Massachusetts singles champion, was the only seeded player to be hard pressed. He defeated V. D. Vickery of Boston, 6—4, 6—4, after trailing in the second set five games to one with the score 40—15.

Carl Fischer, national intercollegiate champion, and Arnold W. Jones, national junior champion, won easily. Fischer did not lose a game in two sets while Jones lost nine games in four sets.

Harvey Snodgrass of Los Angeles made a favorable impression in his first appearance on grass courts. He went into the third round by defeating Herbert Shaw of Boston, 6—1, 6—3.

The summaries:

Longwood Bowl Singles; First Round—M. T. Wendell, Longwood, won from M. W. Jones, Providence, by default; Arnold W. Jones, Providence, defeated W. F. Scott, Boston, 6—4, 6—2; W. L. Badger Jr., Longwood, defeated F. P. Godfrey, Longwood, 6—4, 6—1; W. H. Kimball, Boston, won from Z. Shimizu, Japan, by default; C. G. Plimpton, Longwood, defeated Ralph Marble, Worcester, 6—4, 6—3; H. P. Fink, Longwood, defeated Mitchell Newton, 6—0, 6—0; Horace Taylor, Longwood, won from T. B. Plimpton, Lougwood, by default; S. I. Beals, Longwood, defeated M. T. Hill, Newton, 6—4, 6—0; W. M. Whitehouse, Cambridge, defeated E. M. Sheldon, Boston, 6—2, 6—3; H. B. Shaw, Longwood, won from A. Ingraham Jr., Providence, by default; Harvey Snodgrass, Los Angeles, won from L. Thalheimer, Texas, by default; Lawrence B. Rice, Longwood, defeated J. M. Schiller, Dorchester, 6—0, 6—0.

Second Round—R. W. Seabury, Longwood, defeated C. O. Wellington, Longwood, 6—3, 6—2; W. J. McQueeney, Worcester, defeated R. C. Pitrachat, Boston, 6—3, 6—4; R. N. Bradley, Boston, defeated A. A. Cashman, Longwood, 6—1, 6—4; M. Fuduka, Japan, won from Guy Stone, Boston, by default; Karl S. Pfaffmann, Quincy, defeated G. Stratford, Los Angeles, 6—1, 6—3, 6—2; Wallace J. Bates, San Francisco, defeated J. W. Foster, Longwood, 6—2, 6—4; Hoffman Nickerson, New York, defeated R. Cabney, New York, 6—2, 6—4; Carl Fischer, Philadelphia, defeated D. E. Kennedy Jr., 6—0, 6—0; E. Bryant, Los Angeles, won from Parker Ellis, Longwood, by default; J. E. Russell, Longwood, defeated W. Hall, Boston, 6—0, 6—0; J. S. Nicholl, Longwood, won from M. T. Wendell, Longwood, by default; Arnold Jones, Providence, defeated P. R. Geary, Longwood, 6—2, 6—3, 7—5; John Nelson, Manchester, defeated W. H. Abbott, Longwood, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3; R. C. Seaver, Longwood, defeated B. K. Dunmore, Boston, 6—2, 6—3; H. P. Prescott, Longwood, defeated A. N. Reggie, Longwood, 6—3, 6—1; R. G. Plimpton, Longwood, defeated W. F. Kimball, Boston, 6—4, 6—0; H. P. Fink, Longwood, won from Horace Taylor, Longwood, by default; S. I. Beals, Longwood, defeated W. P. Whitehouse, Boston, 6—3, 6—1; Harvey Snodgrass, Los Angeles, defeated H. B. Shaw, Longwood, 6—1, 6—3; L. I. Brice, Longwood, defeated C. Martin, Newton, 6—1, 6—1; Dr. H. Fischer, Philadelphia, defeated Rice, Longwood, 6—1, 6—3; James Davies, Los Angeles, defeated Pete Jacobs, Boston, 6—4, 6—0; A. R. Acheson of Syracuse over John Locke of New York City, 6—0, 6—4, and Norman Winter of New York City over Beverly Lapham of Syracuse, 6—2, 6—4. Herbert L. Bowman of New York City, playing through champion, drew a bye in the first round. He will make his initial appearance tomorrow against Bowland Perry of Rochester in the second round.

DOG EXPERT WOULD BAR DEALER-JUDGES

English Writer Urges Adoption of Rule to Stop Growth of Serious 'Evil.'

Among breeders of dogs in England some objection has arisen regarding the selection of judges at the various shows. It is said that the system of allowing dealer-judges is an increasing and serious evil. Attention is called to the fact that Rugby football has purged itself of professionalism, and that canine societies must purge themselves of dealer-judges. Their presence at dog shows is termed an anomaly and a gross violation of the rights of exhibitors.

The Kennel Club and other societies have formulated admirable regulations for the exhibition of dogs, writes Captain S. R. Vernon in the London Field, under the influence of which great improvements have been effected in the canine race of our country; but, with little exception, no regulations have been laid down as to the qualifications of the judges. Until the primary qualifications of a judge are secured, loud and well-grounded complaints will continually arise. Many of the best breeders will needlessly be discouraged, and the results of the dog shows will be again and again discredited, as they are now.

Captain Vernon asks that the committee of the Kennel Club and other societies make a new ruling whereby in all shows held under their jurisdiction the appointed judges will be required to sign a declaration, or formally agree:

1. That they will not act as the judge of any exhibit in which they are directly, or indirectly, interested as owners.

2. That they will not be directly, or indirectly, concerned in the sale or purchase of any exhibit as they may judge, say, within twelve months.

3. That they are not themselves professional dealers in dogs; if they are, that no dog sold by them to be shown under them.

ILER DEFEATS TREMAINE.

Captures Third-Round Match in Long Island Tennis Tourney.

Only one match was played yesterday, in the third annual tournament of the Woodmere Club, Woodmere, L. I., for the Long Island championship. In the third round Alex Iler defeated Lorman Tremaine in straight sets at 6—3, 6—2. Iler played much the better tennis all the way in both sets, hitting with strength and making few errors. Tremaine was compelled to earn almost every point he got, and as his opponent covered court in thorough fashion it was not often that he succeeded in acting his shots.

The loser made a number of good returns, but it was impossible for him to anticipate the well placed shots of Iler, who picked his openings with good judgment and seldom failed to make the most of them. He had the able opponent out of position. Play will continue today, when the doubles are scheduled to get under way.

RACING INFLUENCES TWO COMMUNITIES

Westchester and Fairfield Counties Affected by Proximity of Empire City.

The influence which racing has upon a community is well illustrated in Westchester County, where the Empire City Racing Association has its home, and in the adjoining county of Fairfield, Conn., where thoroughbreds are the favorite hunters of the members of the Westchester and Fairfield Hunts. These counties are the homes of many persons of leisure. More than 200 miles of bridle paths are available to those who find the horse a source of exercise and pleasure, while there is no lack of hunting country without wire. The racing meets offered twice a year by the President Jas. Butler at Empire City afford those with a fondness for the thoroughbred an opportunity to become better acquainted with the type.

Individual specimens suitable to the needs of this hunting community are often found among the animals racing at Empire City, and at every auction sale held there a number of horses are secured by the horse show and hunting enthusiasts of the region, who know from experience that the quality, courage and speed of the horse of blood are desirable attributes for the show ring and the hunting field.

The influence of the Empire City meeting has gone even further and resulted in amateur meets which are held on the farm of James McClenahan, a veteran trotting horse breeder and fine type of sportsman, near Port Chester. Point-to-point events and races on the flat are run over a beautiful natural course. But the latter scene of the best horsewomen in the Westchester and Fairfield communities participate. These meetings are under the patronage of John Mell, Bowman and Roy M. Jernegan, the joint masters of the hunts; Percy Rockefeller, C. D. Lanier, Gordon Grand, Guy Carleton, F. H. Bontecou, J. Rich Steers, F. N. Crawford and other devotees of the thoroughbred in the neighborhood.

Besides its racing location Empire City has a clientele of its own. The excellence of the sport offered at their very doors is an irresistible magnet for the hunting and horse show set referred to above. Philadelphians find Empire easily accessible, while patrons from Westbury, Locust Valley and other points on Long Island, coming by way of the ferry, can be lunching in comfort on the broad gallery of the commodious clubhouse as well within the hour after leaving home.

It is from the Bronx, however, that the greater part of New York, grown up almost overnight with a population of a million or more, that the bulk of the patronage of Empire City is derived. A city in itself, it sends its throngs eager for an afternoon in the country to the track on the hilltop between Mount Vernon and Yonkers, where they see apart that has no quality of its own through the liberality of its owner, who has done everything in his power to attract the best horses on the turf for the entertainment of his patrons.

Davis Cup Team Named; W. L. Rennie Wins Singles Title

TORONTO, July 16.—Six players were designated today by the Canadian Lawn Tennis Association for trials here, beginning tomorrow, to determine the personnel of the Dominion's 1923 Davis Cup team. They are W. Leroy Rennie of Toronto, who won the Canadian singles championship today; A. S. Milne and W. R. Richards of Vancouver, Jack Wright, Willard Crocker and E. H. Laframbois of Montreal. Canada's first match in the international contest this season is with Japan at Montreal July 26, 27 and 28. Rennie today won the open singles tennis championship of Canada by defeating W. R. Richards in straight sets in the final round, 6—2, 6—3, 6—3.

WILL GIVE DINNER TO TENNIS STARS

U. S. L. T. A. Officials Will Honor Oxford-Cambridge Players Tomorrow.

The members of the Oxford-Cambridge University lawn tennis team, which has been on tour in this country since last month, will be the guests at a banquet to be given tomorrow night at the Hotel Vanderbilt by the United States Lawn Tennis Association. The dinner will take the form of an official welcome and will furnish the occasion for the association's expression of its appreciation of the visit of the British collegians, their second since 1921.

In addition to the Oxford-Cambridge team, there will be present also the members of the Australian, Hawaiian and Japanese Davis Cup teams and a long list of prominent players, officials, officers of the U. S. L. T. A. and members of the honorary association and others. Dwight F. Davis, President of the U. S. L. T. A., who is Assistant Secretary of War, is to make a flying trip from Washington to preside at the dinner.

It is felt that the visit of the Oxford-Cambridge players to this country and the recent tour on European courts by both American men and women players has been the means of stimulating interest in international play and of promoting tennis understanding between American and European countries. President Davis will probably comment on this phase of these international tours, as will also one or more of the players who have just returned from Europe. William M. Johnston, recent winner of the world's hard and turf court championships, is expected to be in attendance, along with Francis T. Hunter, who was the finalist against Johnston at Wimbledon; Vincent Richards, who put up a strong fight against Johnston in an earlier round, and R. L. Norton, the famous South African star, who is coming to play through a series of invitation and championship tournaments.

ANDERSON BROTHERS WIN IN STATE TENNIS

Are Victors in Singles Title Play at Syracuse—Emerson Also Advances.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 16.—Frank T. and Fred C. Anderson of New York City, favorites in the New York State tennis championships in progress here today, came through safely in their first round matches, the former winning from R. L. James of Saratoga, 6—3, 6—4, while the latter won from Edward Meaner of Syracuse, 6—1, 6—0.

Gerald Emerson of South Orange, N. J., another favorite, won his match against Pomeroy Hodges of Utica, 6—0, 6—3. Emerson was the runner-up in the national intercollegiate tennis tournament.

Other victors included Allan Harrington of San Francisco over T. L. Knap of Syracuse, 6—3, 6—4; H. P. Basford of New York City over C. C. Peterson of Toronto, 6—2, 6—3; A. R. Acheson of Syracuse over John Locke of New York City, 6—0, 6—4, and Norman Winter of New York City over Beverly Lapham of Syracuse, 6—2, 6—4. Herbert L. Bowman of New York City, playing through champion, drew a bye in the first round. He will make his initial appearance tomorrow against Bowland Perry of Rochester in the second round.

ENGLISH WOMEN FORM ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION

Object of Organization Is to Regulate and Supervise All Competitions.

The Women's Amateur Athletic Association has been formed in England with the following objects: To co-ordinate and control women's athletic activities; to insure that women compete only in suitable surroundings and under desirable conditions; to register authenticated records; to give assistance and advice as to proper training and choice of events suitable to women; to check the exploiting of women's athletics for advertising or money making and to foster the true amateur spirit; to insure representation by the best team in any future International event and to improve the physique and physical efficiency of the nation.

Officers of the new association have been elected as follows: President, Lady Crosfield. Vice Presidents, Sir James Heath, Harry C. Barclay, Baroness Orczy, Major W. R. Marchant, Julius Salmon and H. E. Wills; Treasurer, R. Churchill; Secretary, Mrs. Elliot Lynn.

The first championship meeting of the new association will be held on Aug. 18 at Bromley, Kent, on the sports ground of Messrs. Otto, Ltd., who have lent it for the occasion. The following events will be held: 100, 220, 440 and 880-yard runs, 880-yard walk, 120-yard hurdle, relay race of 220 and 110 yards, javelin throw and 8-pound shotput.

TILDEN BEATS ALONSO.

Wins in Straight Sets in Exhibition Match in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 16.—William T. Tilden, ranking American tennis player, today defeated Manuel Alonso, Spanish champion, in an exhibition match, 6—3, 13—9.

Alonso and Walter Westbrook of Detroit defeated Tilden and Sandy Weiner of Philadelphia, 6—2, in the first set of a doubles exhibition, but they lost the second, 6—4. The third set was not played because of an injury to Weiner's shoulder.

Tilden, Weiner and Alonso left tonight for Santa Barbara, Cal., where they are scheduled for an exhibition series Saturday and Sunday.

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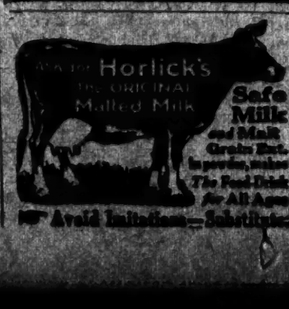

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1923.

DIPLOMACY AND POLITICS.

Prime Minister BALDWIN announces that a copy of the British note in reply to Germany will be sent to the Government at Washington. At the same time the dispatches from London represent British officials as not knowing whether our Secretary of State is "prepared to stand by his proposal" of last December. They gravely add, however, their belief that "in spite of nearness of the Presidential election," President HARDING would favor having an American representative on any international commission that may be appointed to determine the capacity of Germany to pay reparations.

If this seems a not very delicate intimation that American diplomacy is mixed up with American politics, a suitable retort would not be lacking. The same thing is true of both France and England. Premier BALDWIN has to think of the factions in his own party, and of the incessant nagging and goading by the Labor Party, as well as of the relations of Great Britain with France and Germany. On the other side of the Channel, M. POINCARÉ has his own internal political arrangements to look after. His speech on Sunday was directed more to French hearers than to English. Indeed, it is officially explained, with great innocence, that POINCARÉ'S address at Senlis was written long in advance and was not in the least intended as a reply to Mr. BALDWIN. It would thus appear that a certain amount of political flourishing has to be done on both sides before the diplomats get down to business. From both London and Paris, and especially from financial circles in those cities, come hints that no crisis really exists. This would imply that the numerous confidential interviews which have taken place during the last ten days are thought to have paved the way to an agreement which will be made known when the time is ripe for it.

BROTHER JONATHAN.

Years ago when there was a fire or a fight or a riot or any other pleasing little exhibition of undergraduate spirits on the Cornell campus, the university policeman had an unvarying question and formula for all disturbances: "What the hell transactions have we here?" Lovers of Kansas, that poet of the States, must now apply the phrase, shorn of its absolic surplusage, to the Sunflower Commonwealth. What does SAM ARNOLD of Wichita and the Democratic National Committee mean by trying to "swing" the Kansas delegation to Mr. MCADOO? What does former Governor HODGES mean by trying to "swing" it to HENRY FORD? Though all the roads of Kansas be cloudy with the dust thrown by the illustrious Wolverine's wheels innumerable, though Kansas and Mr. MCADOO be among the driest of the drys, shall she forget her own, her native, her shoulder-be Favorite Son?

Governor JONATHAN M. DAVIS was born a candidate for President. Otherwise he would not have been born in a log cabin. He is a dirt farmer. He is not against the Industrial Court and the statute that established it—the Kansas "slave law," as Mr. GOMPERS calls it. He was elected Governor, as he looked up from his cornfield to say the morning after election, by "the "man who works, the man with "grease on his face and trousers" [" pants "?]. He has just proved by the report of a bipartisan legislative committee the charge which he made against the administration of the State Treasurer's office. The "findings of the committee," says The Emporia Gazette, Republican, "show a condi"tion in the State House that clearly "indicates a low state of political and "moral intelligence among certain "State officers outside of the Gov"ernor's office. * * * Kansas Re"publicans should clean house or "their house will fall."

The Governor is trying to collect back taxes from the Kansas City Stock Yards Company. He has ordered an investigation into the assessed values of the great grain elevators in Kansas City, Kan., values reduced by more than $4,000,000 from last year's return. JONATHAN is sitting up nights trying to lower the taxes of the man with grease on his face. What if the Judges of the Industrial Court decline his handsome offer that they refuse their pay and so bring that slave tribunal into innocuous desuetude? His heart beats warmly for the man who works. Besides, and before all, he is a Kansas product, and should be the Kansas candidate. Even if SAM AMMON and GEORGE HODGES have other political loves, they should stick to JONATHAN. What is a more precious possession to a State politician at a national convention than a Favorite Son? He is invaluable for dickering and swapping; an attractive sign outside while the real business is being transacted in some hotel bedroom; at worst, a little collection of votes effectively to be disposed of before "the break comes." For President, JONATHAN M. DAVIS of Kansas; for Vice President, JONATHAN M. DAVIS of Kansas. Nothing is too good for Kansas. Something, at least, she ought to get; and AMMON and HODGES will try to see that she gets it if they be true-blue children of the Kaw.

INQUISITIVE MR. GOMPERS.

It was a bit unkind of Mr. GOMPERS, on the eve of the departure of Senators LADD and KING for Russia, to present a list of questions to which they might profitably try to get answers. If they really make a serious effort to do so, they will probably find their stay in Russia a trifle unhappy. On the other hand, if they come home without the answers, or with only answers prepared according to Form 352-A and neatly mimeographed, which will be presented to them by Mr. GREGORY WEINSTEIN, they may find themselves embarrassed by other questions back home.

Mr. GOMPERS'S first seven questions are familiar enough—as familiar as their answers. Is there a free press in Russia? Is there free labor in Russia? Is the direction of the Russian Government and the Third International in the same hands? Does the Government help or permit the International to try to undermine foreign Governments? If the dictatorship of the proletariat has actually been transformed into an ordinary democratic republic, why doesn't it show some symptoms of the change? If the Bolsheviki are willing to pay their debts, why not say so? Why have most of the nations who have tried to establish friendly understandings with the Bolshevist leaders found the going hard?

There is little disagreement about the answers to these questions. Everybody knows them—everybody except some of the distinguished foreigners who occasionally emerge from Russia with the news that all is for the best in the best of all possible worlds. So Mr. GOMPERS asks his final question: Are the Senators going to be mere guests of the Russian Government, ask their questions of Government officials and take official answers, or the prize schools and army divisions and other exhibits that are maintained for the tourist trade, or are they really going to try to find out what is what? This is ungenerous of Mr. GOMPERS, the more so because finding out what is what is notoriously difficult in Russia. The more distinguished the visitor, the more difficult the repulse of hospitable Communists who want to explain everything in such loud tones that unofficial voices will not be heard. Why should Mr. GOMPERS brutally spoil a Senatorial holiday?

AIR POWER.

In a war game played on large-scale maps at the Army War College in Washington an enemy fleet with transports carrying 100,000 soldiers was shown approaching the entrance to Delaware Bay. The American commander on shore was supposed to depend upon aircraft to repel the landing of troops. He had at his disposal a squadron of bombing planes, but his combat planes were inferior in number to those of the enemy. The carriers came toward the coast with an overwhelming array of combat planes to deal with the bombers of the defending force. There could be only one issue. The War College umpires decided that the enemy effected a landing. The anti-aircraft guns on shore could not be assumed to be effective in such a case. Combat planes must be fought with combat planes.

Although Great Britain has been making sweeping reductions in her land forces, the Government has decided, in view of the great superiority of Planes in the air, to create a home defense of fifty-two airplane squadrons, "in addition to meeting the "essential air power requirements of "the navy, army, Indian and overseas "commitments." In the present year £500,000 will be spent to make a beginning. In the next three years £5,500,000 will be spent annually. Afterward the cost of maintaining the air force may be lower. Such was the statement made by Sir SAMUEL HOARE, Minister of the Air, in the House of Commons.

Going back to the defense of the United States from attack, Admiral SIMS says in an article in last Sunday's Times that the number of planes we require will depend solely upon the strength in air power of an enemy's fleet. He assumes that we shall be prepared to resist attack with more planes than any enemy could bring to our shores in carriers. In fact, he says that the enemy's complement "must necessarily be small "in comparison to the number that "can be maintained and operated "from land." But no one knows better than the Admiral what an uphill fight it will be to persuade Congress to realize the need of an adequate defense force of airplanes.

The measure of the enemy's potential strength cannot be greater during the life of the naval treaty (if Russia and Germany be eliminated) than Article VII. indicates when it says that "the total tonnage for aircraft carriers shall not exceed" in the case of the United States and the British Empire 135,000 tons, of Japan 81,000 tons, of France and Italy 60,000 tons each. Admiral SIMS argues that some Power might spend a large part of its naval appropriation on 10,000-ton carriers, as the nations ratifying the treaty "are not limited "in building any number of vessels of "10,000 tons, including any number "of airplane carriers that do not ex"ceed that displacement." If such a thing were done secretly the results might be disastrous. But, as a matter of fact, it could not be done without violating the treaty, for Part 4 defines an "aircraft carrier" as "a "vessel of war with a displacement in "excess of 10,000 tons standard dis"placement, designed for the specific "and exclusive purpose of carrying "aircraft." The treaty nations may build auxiliaries, including carriers, of 10,000 tons, but they can build no more carrier tonnage than is allowed them by the tonnage allotment, and each carrier must have a displacement of more than 10,000 tons.

THE GREAT CONSPIRACY DENIED.

The latest champion to enter the lists against the all-wise and all-revealing protector of the Fathers, HIRSHFIELD, is an American Legion post in Houston, Texas, which not only recommends all the history books which Commissioner HIRSHFIELD denounced, but accuses that gentleman of fomenting war between America and Great Britain. The great unmasker of the truth will, no doubt, pay scant attention to this accusation, as it is obviously inspired by the same conspirators who are working so hard to reannex the United States to Great Britain.

As a matter of fact, Mr. HIRSHFIELD has not yet gone into the matter deeply enough. In his famous report he charged a conspiracy, but has not taken the pains to show it up in all its stupendous magnitude. As a recent letter to THE TIMES pointed out, the late THEODORE ROOSEVELT was implicated in this conspiracy, and began working against the United States while he was still in college. In his "Naval War of 1812," which was published just after he was graduated from Harvard, he made several allusions to the conduct of the American forces which were anything but complimentary, and in certain cases in which the British showed exceptional prowess he did not fear to praise them. Furthermore, he referred to President MADISON, surely one of the most imposing of the Fathers, in a derogatory manner. On other occasions he was known to belittle the reputation of THOMAS JEFFERSON, and to admire profusely the constructive genius of ALEXANDER HAMILTON, who in his day was often accused of being pro-English.

Perhaps a more insidious manifestation of the great annexation conspiracy, however, is to be found in the works of two noted British historians, GEORGE OTTO TREVELYAN and FREDERICK SCOTT OLIVER. Both of these gentlemen in writing of the Anglo-American Revolutionary and post-Revolutionary relations, despite the fact that they were Britishers, praised American valor in innumerable ways. In his history of the American Revolution TREVELYAN presents one of the fairest and most complete studies of American activities ever published. OLIVER, in his life of ALEXANDER HAMILTON, treats of American problems during the formation of the Republic with greater sympathy and understanding than any American biographer has shown. Clearly in both these cases there was a subtle design to undermine British hostility toward the United States, and to show the Britishers that when they reannexed the United States they would acquire a people with a creditable past.

Mr. HIRSHFIELD should not be discouraged by the attacks upon his disclosures which come from the hinterland of New Jersey, California, Texas and other outlying regions. Each new protest, whether from the American Legion or the G. A. R. or the D. A. R., or any of the other patriotic societies, merely serves to prove the extent of the conspiracy. Besides, it advertises his report, and adds to the numbers of persons who will have the privilege of looking upon the photograph of the aut[illegible]once. As the great Cæsar remarked when he was pleading to have his picture bound with each volume of his report, "Don't you think a fellow who does "a little hard work deserves a little "credit—some kind of a reward?"

WHERE MUNICH DRAWS THE LINE.

Americans who knew and loved Bavaria before the war have been unable to understand its change for the worse in recent years. The genial land where politics used to be the eccentric preoccupation of a few has suddenly turned into a nursery of all manner of plots and intrigues. Monarchist reaction, militant revenge, anti-Semitism, self-righteous nationalism that is worthy of the Ku Klux Klan—all these have flourished and flourish still. The city that was once among the most agreeable homes for foreigners on the Continent now does its best by threats and insults and extra taxes to drive them away. Who hears today of Munich music, Munich art or Munich hospitality? The only news that comes out of Munich relates to the probable imminence of battle, murder and sudden death.

Yet a dispatch yesterday indicates that perhaps in some respects Munich is still the same. An annual convention of Turnvereins is meeting in the city. Local restaurants proposed to treble the price of beer. There was the usual talk of the increased cost of hops and the depreciation of the mark, but those who have seen other cities in convention week need no explanation. Munich had 200,000 visitors and might as well take it out of them. But the Turners rose in their might. They threatened to walk out on Munich and leave it flat. Moreover, they wrecked seven cafés before the other owners could get together and call off the increase. Music and art may be done away with, Gemütlichkeit may be forgotten in Munich's new character of nursing mother of the national reaction; but no man may be so reckless as to stand between the Münchner and his eponymous beer.

Yet the increase meant only three cents for a towering jug of that dark and potent fluid. Here in New York a dubious home brew, of which little can be said but that it is beer, costs a quarter or half a dollar a bottle. In the arid desert of Cincinnati, desolated by the Great Cataclysm, real Münchner would sell for three cents a drop. Who won the war, anyway?

THE SALE OF "HONORS."

The latest list of "honors" conferred by the English Crown was noticeably meagre. It contained only two peers, ten baronets and about thirty knights. Among the latter were two learned professors: Mr. OSCAR BROWNING was recognized and Miss AGNES NICHOLLS, a singer, was made a Commander of the Civil Division of the Order of the British Empire. Thus literature and the arts came off rather badly.

Probably the Ministry was not exactly astonished at its own moderation. It must have felt a certain restraint in the distribution of titles, owing to the recent inquiry by a commission into the scandalous buying and selling of honors. The fact was well established that several go-betweens undertook to secure titles as reward for contributions to party funds, but the assurances of Ministers and Whips were accepted that they knew nothing whatever about these suspicious transactions. Thus the conclusion appeared to be that, as The London Morning Post ironically observes, there were agents in the nefarious business, but "there were no principals." Yet a bill has been introduced by the Government making it a misdemeanor either to offer an honor for money or to seek to purchase one. Such a measure may put a temporary check upon an evil practice. But it is evidently only a halting step in the right direction. When both sides to a corrupt bargain have a powerful motive for concealing it, the difficulty of bringing it to light is great. And the explanations given by party managers are always so plausible. It is only the transcendent merits of the applicant for a title that are considered, and not at all his subscription of £10,000 to the campaign chest. So long as these two things are passed off merely as a singular but undesigned coincidence, the sale of honors, by indirect and devious means, is almost certain to continue.

THE DIGNITY OF BADNESS.

In his sermon at the Brick Presbyterian Church Sunday the Rev. Dr. ALBERT PARKER FITCH, till the other day Professor of Biblical Literature at Amherst, is reported to have made this interesting assertion: "A gen"uinely bad person has something "positive about him. He has at least "the dignity of consistency in his "darkness."

If this seems rather a romantic view, many persons have held it, it may be unconsciously for the most part. Of course, a perfectly uniform and consonant "faultless monster" of uninterrupted iniquity is too improbable for anything except melodrama; but "a bad man" of genius, or even of more than average talent, rests and delights the ordinary mind, whether he purges it by means of pity and terror in the Aristotelian way or simply makes the mental eyes bulge out with astonishment. ECCELINO DA ROMAGNA, CESARE BORGIA, HENRY VIII., as Hilaire Belloc says, almost any member of the old race of highwaymen or pirates, all in their different degrees of immoral excellence, are fascinating pictures. Satan himself, who seems to have started as a sort of prosecuting attorney against sin and was to become not only the subtle author of all evil, but in the medieval legends and folk tales an innocent, usually tricked by the persons he sought to beguile, has never been without partisans. He is the hero of "Paradise Lost." Poets have celebrated him as the friend of the exile, the unfortunate, the rebellious.

According to HUYSMANS and JULES BOIS, he had his worshippers in Paris in the '80s and '90s. If that was the case, they were sophisticated or perverted "intellectuals"; but it has to be admitted that "badness" is more interesting than goodness to most of us, probably because it is stranger. The scorn of neutrality, of drabness, DANTE'S animosity against the angels who were neither on one side nor the other but "for themselves" are common enough. Most of us—we speak merely of men folks—are of neutral tint and characterless character; neither good nor bad, just "betwixt and between." Consequently, we admire the romantic villains. Villains consistently villainous may have never existed. To find them now you have to go to politics. Wall Street, the trusts, monopoly, the corporations, the profiteers, wealth, the ever sinister and incessantly diabolical devils, are creations of the Political Dictionary of Fiction, of which Mr. LA FOLLETTE is now the chief editor.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Why Some Students Are Failures.

Professor D. H. HOWARD of Northwestern University has been trying to find out why it is that some students pass their examinations, while others constantly get "conditioned" or "dropped." It is not, he has discovered from a study of the "delinquents" at his own university, merely a matter of difference in mental capacity. Indeed, he says that the average intelligence of the delinquent group is as high as that of those more successful in meeting collegiate requirements.

That is in accord with common observation, class room stars often failing to attain eminence in later life, while the seemingly stupid ones go on to wealth or fame of one or another kind, much to the surprise, and not a little to the annoyance or disgust, of those who considered themselves their superiors—and were, in college.

Among the causes of student delinquency listed by Professor HOWARD are excessive devotion to athletics—it is significant that he puts that first—social activities, and outside work, these and like things causing students to devote less time than they should to sleep, campus activities, meals, chasse and studies.

There is a much smaller group, the members of which show "mental immaturity"—a phrase used, perhaps, to avoid calling them "defectives." They, for the most part, he says, have been raised in easy circumstances and never have been required to view life seriously. The question arises whether if born in poverty they would have done any better. Presumably they would not have gone to college at all.

Delinquency Could Be Remedied.

As summarized, Professor HOWARD'S report makes no suggestion as to what should be done with students who are getting no benefit from a college course, or less than they should. Most of the evils mentioned by him as causes of "delinquency," except, of course, plain lack of brains, seemingly could be remedied by a tightening of college discipline—the adoption of methods approximating those used in war time with such wonderful results in the way of acquiring knowledge rapidly.

The young men in training for officers were made to work far harder than do even the most determined of voluntary "grinds," and it was said, perhaps truly and perhaps not, that some of them learned as much in six months as most college students do in four years. What can be done in war time can be done in time of peace, but the desirability of doing it is questionable, for it is obvious that these sternly pressed students missed much that a college course is expected to give. They had, too, a motive for submitting to authority, no matter what its exactions, that is lacking except in a national emergency, when a sort of discipline is endured that in different circumstances would excite resentment and revolt.

But that the colleges, from so many of which complaint of too many students is coming, could reduce the numbers by a more ruthless dropping of the incompetent or the lazy is plain.

They Deny the Need for a Bonus.

According to a statement issued by the Ex-Service Men's Anti-Bonus League, there is no such unanimity among the able-bodied veterans of the World War for "adjusted compensation" as is indicated by the loudness and frequency of the demands made for it in their name. On the contrary, the league asserts, not one out of five sound men who were in active service think that this sort of compensation should be given, and they think so less now than they did soon after the war closed, for what might have been a help then in getting a new start in civilian life would come too late for the few dollars each man would receive to be of any real value.

The league asserts, too, as argument against the bonus, the fact that the soldiers who returned from the war uninjured had gained rather than lost, for they came back "far better equipped, physically and mentally, to fight the battles of civilian life than when they went in." This claim is not admitted by all who have employed returned soldiers, but enough others do admit it, and cordially, to prove that the argument is sound.

Certainly army life, with its lessons in discipline—something which many young Americans never had before—its practical instruction, in co-operative action, and its awakening and broadening of the mind, did change many a dull or careless boy into an alert and thoughtful man, readier than before to meet emergencies.

That only one in five of the veterans, if asked "Wouldn't you like to get $200 or $300?" would say "No" seems doubtful. But that any such amount materially would improve or change the financial condition of any man at this time—that is a contention neither plausible nor honest.

They Never Deserve Any Praise.

If some reports are to be trusted, it was fear of what the members of the Ku Klux Klan might do to them that caused the hurried flight from the vicinity of Camp Dix of an army of bootleggers and other vicious persons. Not impossibly this is true, but there is such a thing as obtaining desirable results in ways so bad that not good, but harm, will follow, and if the New Jersey Klansmen really did have a part, large or small, in cleaning up the environs of the camp, they accomplished it by threats of resort to lawless punishment of the lawless—of inflicting without trial "cruel and unusual punishments" on persons who may or may not have been guilty.

No matter what happened to them, no sympathy would have been deserved by criminals who sold intoxicants to the young men preparing themselves for exercising the highest duty of citizenship, but harmful indeed would have been the establishment of the seeming precedent that only by lynchers can certain evils be abolished.

To protect Camp Dix from bad neighbors only a vigorous enforcement of the regular law in the regular way was required. Probably nothing more than the convincing threat to do that was needed to produce whatever exodus of criminals there has been.

A COUNTERBLAST.

Incidental Annoyances Caused by Sandblasting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recently I dreamed I was standing before St. Paul's Cathedral, in London, and as I looked I saw with amazement and consternation that its walls were no longer blackened by the soot and grime accumulated during its 225 years of existence, but were white as snow. The grand old church had been sandblasted. Its exterior, formerly in harmony with surrounding buildings, had become an eyesore. But I took comfort in the thought that time would restore what had been temporarily destroyed.

My dream was perhaps inspired by a process now going on in many parts of our city. Property owners on every hand are spending money in "renovating" by the sandblast buildings whose exteriors have been toned down by atmospheric influences from their original staring newness. Why do they do it? The cost is considerable, and the money is wasted, because, so long as dust blows in our streets and soft coal is in common use, the lapse of a few months suffices to put back what the sandblast removes.

Sandblasting is a public nuisance, not only to the unfortunate occupants of the dwellings under treatment, but also to the entire neighborhood. The fine dust drifts in around window sashes, increasing the labor of housekeeping; it collects in the street and is blown about to considerable distances; passersby suffer and use bad language, and all because a small minority of ill-advised people are allowed to impose an unmitigated nuisance upon their neighbors. It is unnecessary—as well as wasteful. It accomplishes nothing of real value, and its results are temporary only.

Why is sandblasting permitted? The men employed in the actual work are obliged to wear respirators to protect their lungs from the silicous dust, but the people in the streets and surrounding houses have no protection. Arabs traveling in sandy deserts muffle their heads closely when the wind blows. Mineworkers drilling holes for blasting dry rock or ore are thus exposed to danger of silicosis (miner's consumption), and in some districts where the dust evil is worst, as in the South African gold mines, stringent regulations compel drillers to use respirators, unless the dust is allayed by sprays. But the citizens of our crowded city are defenseless against this nuisance of sandblasting. It should be abolished by order of the Board of Health.

ROBERT PEELE.
Columbia University, July 15, 1923.

Unnecessary Noise.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An article appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES some time ago speaking of unnecessary noises on Broadway stating that Police Commissioner Richard Enright promised to have same remedied. He has kept his promise as he has always done when he makes a promise and I think it no more than right to thank the Commissioner and his efficient police force on the improvement they have made, especially in the Times Square district between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets. Regarding traffic conditions on sidewalks, stopping of unnecessary noises, especially at night, of barkers for sight-seeing buses, blocking the entrances to office buildings and annoying the public by soliciting for same. I for one certainly appreciate what he has done and I know the public do also.

HENRY P. McGOWN.
New York, July 14, 1923.

University Settlement Camp.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of this morning you give due prominence on your editorial page to the very worthy institutions which are maintaining Summer camps for young boys and girls of the crowded tenements of our Greater New York. May I take this means of asking you to make some mention in your columns of the University Settlement Society, 184 Eldridge Street, New York, in the heart of the lower east side, whose Summer camp at Beacon, N. Y., is providing for hundreds of boys and girls each Summer? The Settlement Camp is greatly in need of funds to enable it to provide for many more children to whom a vacation of this sort would be a glorious change from the sweltering sidewalks of the crowded east side.

WILLIAM LUSTGARTEN.
New York, June 20, 1923.

CROOKED LARKSPUR.

In my July garden
Larkspur and hollyhocks
Are shining under sunny skies
In blue and rosy flocks.

The stately garden gothic,
They are proudly high,
Flushed like the sunset,
Blue like noon sky.

Among its tall, straight brothers
One crooked larkspur stands
That yet has all the beauty
Any bee demands.

I do not know what sorrow
Touched it and made it bend,
I only know it keeps its
Beauty to the end.

The gard'ner cuts the larkspur
And lets it grow again,
And my crooked larkspur
Will be straight then.

But no winged thing that comes there,
With fine, æsthetic sense,
Looking for love and honey,
Will know the difference.

LOUISE DEUSCOL...

DRY LAWS ON THE WET SEAS

Correspondent Thinks Leviathan's Experience Shows Need for Action.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As one who should like to see an American merchant marine worthy of the name carrying our flag into every port on the globe, offering fair and open competition to the merchant fleets of the world, and operated under just laws, on a basis of honesty and of freedom from unnatural, unwholesome, unfair and altogether undesirable restrictions, I beg to point out that the pronouncement of the Shipping Board officials and unnamed "officials in Washington," quoted in yesterday's dispatches from the national capital, have made necessary new definitions of certain words which of late have come into common use. These include such terms as "dry," "wet" and "transport."

After reading recent dispatches from Southampton and London, one is inclined to inquire whether the Leviathan was "wet" or "dry" during her eastern passage, and if so, which; and if which, how, why, or why not? One reads in today's papers that many American passengers were taken aboard the ship at New York with more liquor in their possession than they were able to consume on the journey; that they took the remainder ashore at Southampton; neglected, in some instances, to declare it, and then either paid duty on it or gave it away to the customs inspectors, some of whom were later reported as being prey to headaches supposed to be consequent upon the personal application of said gifts.

The Volstead act makes it unlawful to transport liquor—the simplest meaning of "transport" is to "carry"—and learned Judges have given decisions to the effect that it is unlawful to transport liquor, not only on a ship but on the hip.

It is unlawful for an American ship to transport liquor, although the Supreme Court has held that American ships could dispense liquor outside the three-mile limit. The news dispatches have made no mention of the Leviathan being surrounded by a fleet of airplanes or rum-runners, just that certain passengers on the Leviathan transported liquor from the pier in New York to the three-mile limit, and it is beyond cavil or dispute that the Leviathan itself transported not only these passengers but their alcoholic supplies from New York to their respective destinations; so that both the ship which and the passengers who transported the liquor are amenable to the Volstead law. Under maritime law the captain of a ship is responsible for the observance of the laws of his country on that vessel in spite of the fact that "officials" announced that in effect he was relieved of such responsibility in the present instance.

The question at stake resolves itself into this: Passengers on the Leviathan carried liquor. Not only these passengers, but the ship itself, violated the law, and the cabled reports bear out the supposition that the presence of unlawful liquors on board was at first winked at and later on "encouraged," even if it was a sort of encouragement by failure to take action.

The whole liquor situation, and particularly with respect to its application to ships, is making us the world's laughing-stock. Unless some decent and respectable way out can be found which would permit immediate action, a great many Americans are of the opinion that the Administration cannot afford to wait for the opening of the regular session of Congress next December. The matter is of such import that, if no other means of adjustment is discovered, a special session of Congress should be called.

CONSISTENCY.
New York City, July 12, 1923.

CORRUPTING PHARMACISTS.

Dean Rusby Asks Public to Stop Illicit Purchases of Liquor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a phase of the illicit trade in alcohol beverages which has been wholly omitted from public discussions of this subject, notwithstanding that, in a way, it is more serious than any other, namely the illegal sale of this merchandise by pharmacists. The practice, while not as common as many suppose, is carried on to so great an extent as to humiliate the representative men of the profession. Should it continue to grow, it is likely to disorganize the business and to impose a heavy handicap on those who are loyal to their legal and moral obligations.

This offense must be considered apart from that of the ordinary bootlegger, who has assumed no special responsibility for his conduct. The responsibility of the pharmacist is both special and voluntary. The Federal Government, realizing the necessity of some provision for the legitimate supply of alcoholic preparations, has selected him as its most trustworthy agent. It does not require him to accept the trust, but accords him that privilege on application, and, in abusing it, he becomes guilty of the most reprehensible of offenses, the betrayal of a confidence bestowed upon his own request. By all the standards of law, morality and social honor, such a man is deemed unfit for respectable association. Those who do not endorse prohibition measures, even those who do not regard themselves as morally bound to obey this freedom-destroying law, must join with those who do so in condemning this form of dishonor.

My reason for bringing this abuse to the attention of the public is to point out their duty in aiding to abolish it. The last place to which any man should go for illicit supplies of liquor is to the pharmacist. Moreover, he should not entrust the filling of his prescriptions to one whose conscience is so blunt as to permit its owner to thus betray his trust.

The same condemnation applies to those physicians who are in collusion with this class of pharmacists. Few persons realize the extent of such collusion. A large number of regular physicians in Greater New York habitually sell fraudulent prescriptions for liquor to pharmacists, on a definite business basis, by which the profits are shared. Often such prescriptions are sold by the hundred, signed in blank, to be used by the pharmacist without restraint or supervision. Can such a physician so trusted in a man's home?

Medical and pharmaceutical associations and schools and boards of pharmacy and of health are working anxiously and energetically to stamp out this evil before it gets beyond control. We appeal to the public for assistance, both negative and positive. If they must have liquor, let them obtain it otherwise than by corrupting their physician and their pharmacist. If they know of violations, let them communicate the facts to the proper authorities, who will see that licenses are revoked and that untrustworthy members are driven from their professions.

H. H. RUSBY, M. D.,
Dean, College of Pharmacy of Columbia University.
New York, July 12, 1923.

TRIBUTE TO DR. ABERNETHY.

Correspondent Recalls His Services to Literature and Education.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The world of letters can little afford to lose a great scholar. It is an especial grief to lose one of such wide influence as Professor Julian W. Abernethy, whose passing from earth at Burlington, Vt., July 1, 1923, has stirred many hearts to their depths.

Representative of our country's most genuine culture, he stood resolutely for the preservation and appreciation of all that was best in the wealth of our literary inheritance. His life was devoted to maintaining and enforcing the standards of that literature which united our own with the mother country; as Professor of English Literature at Adelphi, Brooklyn, for ten years; as continuing to teach literature while Principal of the Berkeley Institute, Brooklyn, for the next sixteen years, and then giving his energy to publication while living in retirement in Burlington.

Here he completed his "History of English Literature" (New York, 1918), which followed his "American Literature" (New York, 1904). Many shorter works and articles in periodicals accompanied these, as his "Selected Poems of the Southern Poets" (New York, 1904). One of the latest of these, his critique upon "Honest Iago," appeared so recently as only a year ago (Sewanee Review, July, 1922). His "Histories of English and American Literature" are equally fascinating to the reader and forceful as guides to the student.

He ever stood for the maintenance of delicacy in taste, of that union of strength of thought with faultless expression which alone can insure permanent beauty. One result of this devotion was his series of writings urging correct speech and defining its standards; current articles, such as: "Why Not 'Teach Pronunciation'" (School and Society, Jan. 12, 1918); "Authority in Pronunciation" (Journal of Education, May 9, 1918); besides guides like "The Academy Orthoepist" and his handbook "Correct Pronunciation" (New York, 1912).

His literary and educational activities were far more continuous, however, than these publications. As editor of English texts, as a valued counselor of the Brooklyn Institute and of his own college, Middlebury, he gave of his limited strength untiringly toward general education. He was always alert to the opportunities of scholarship, and had been one of the early band of students that hastened to Johns Hopkins University when that university was organized for post-graduates. Working Summers as well as Winters, he was one of the earlier lecturers at the Martha's Vineyard Summer Institute. An inspiring teacher, he loved this work till the last, taking part in the Breadloaf Summer School in English as late as 1921.

Forceful as an organizer, an administrator, he built up the Berkeley Institute in Brooklyn to the admiration of the city. Later he was indefatigable as a trustee of Middlebury College, never deterred by Winter or by distance, and though in frail health, still taking part in its recent commencement of this June.

For years he was a discriminating collector of American literature, especially of first editions of the poets; and his library is rich in association volumes treasured not only for themselves but for their givers. An especial enthusiasm was Thoreau; his well-known collection of Thoreau went far beyond first editions, to include books from Thoreau's library, many manuscripts, pages from his accounts, originals of Thoreau's college essays, and many objects alive with personal appeal from being once in Thoreau's possession. From near and far they kept coming to his touch as to a magnet, almost to the end of life. Among his last special pleasures were his obtaining, as he wrote in a recent letter, "a piece of the Walden cabin showing the marks of Alcott's axe, which Thoreau borrowed, and the inkstand that Elizabeth Hoar presented to Thoreau when he went to Staten Island, and other little memorials and personal relics, pencils, paper-cutters, &c."

For years his purpose to write on Thoreau was delayed by a series of illnesses; the wonder is that he accomplished so much. Nothing written, however, could have ever fully embodied the charm of his personal presence, the glow of his speech when talking in his library among his books, or the outflow of his friendship that lit up his distinguished face whenever he met a friend.

Nor could any one ever forget when with him anywhere that he was a true son of Vermont, passionately fond of her mountains and of her humbler scenery as well, devoted to her people and to all permanent advancement, always spreading among his friends the reports of her beauty. Home there was his citadel, and to mother, brother, friends and the young people everywhere who took his counsel—to these he gave his life.

E. S. BURGESS.
Yonkers, N. Y., July 4, 1923.

World Supply of Emeralds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of the 10th instant there appears an article entitled "Dry American Buys Gems Instead of Liquor," &c., from which we copy the following, relative to emeralds:

"No stocks in any quantity or variety seem to exist, and the actual rarity of the gems seems to imply that they will be worth even more in the near future."

We wish to inform you that at present the only country in the world producing emeralds is the Republic of Colombia, S. A., whose Muzo and Coscuez mines have supplied the entire world with these precious stones.

The Colombian Government is just now offering for sale a big lot of uncut emeralds which it possesses and holds in Bogota (capital of Colombia). So far bids received have been from French concerns, and we feel sure that the Government would be very glad to consider any offers made by American firms.

Should you or your readers desire any further information, we shall be most pleased to furnish it.

COLOMBIAN GOVERNMENT INFORMATION BUREAU,
ABRAHAM MARTINEZ, Director.
New York, June 19, 1923.

Southern Women's Alliance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

About six weeks ago you reprinted in your columns editorials from two Southern papers written with the misconception that the Southern Women's Educational Alliance was a Northern institution propelled by missionary zeal to educate the benighted South. The Southern Women's Educational Alliance is a Southern institution or centre, founded and directed by Southerners and having its headquarters from the beginning in Richmond, Va. It operates in a network of co-operative relationships with Southern schools, colleges, alumnæ associations, religious, educational societies and women's clubs, many of these holding formal membership in it and many more aiding and being aided by its work.

O. L. HATC

SUES THE HUSBAND OF GALLI-CURCI

Vocal Teacher Asks $50,000 Damages for Alleged Aspersion on His Ability.

CHARGES "HATRED, SPITE"

Reported Assertion Opera Star Learned Nothing From Him Hurt Reputation, Instructor Says.

Romer Samuels, husband of Mme. Galli-Curci and for many years her accompanist, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday for $50,000 damages by William Thorner, vocal teacher, who alleged that Mr. Samuels made false statements concerning him and the work he had done for Mme. Galli-Curci. The complaint was served on Mr. Samuels at Mme. Galli-Curci's Summer home, Richmount, N. Y.

Mr. Thorner said that before March 4 last he had many friends and acquaintances in New York, Paris, Milan, London and elsewhere, and that he bore a good reputation. He said he had trained pupils who became world famous as singers, including Mme. Galli-Curci, Rosa Ponselle, Tandy Mackenzie and Anna Fitziu. He styled himself "one of the most renowned judges of the singing voice."

Mr. Thorner, according to the complaint, discovered that Galli-Curci had a voice "which, if properly trained, would make her one of the world's greatest coloratura sopranos."

Mr. Thorner alleged that on March 3 Frederick C. Hand of Harrisburg, Pa., and Cameron L. Baer of Reading, Pa., were in the lobby of the Hotel Berkshire at Harrisburg talking about the plaintiff, who had been teaching Mr. Baer's young daughter, and whom, the complaint added, Mr. Baer wanted to continue teaching her. The complaint alleged Mr. Samuels went to the two men and said:

"I do not want to butt in, but do you know, Thorner never taught the madame a note?"

The complaint stated that Mr. Baer then said:

"I do not know anything about the artistic world, for I am a business man, but if Mr. Thorner never taught the madame, how could he use her name in his advertisements?"

The only reason we did not tramp on his toes was that he got madame her first job."

Mr. Hand, it was alleged, then said: "I consider that one who has the influence and prestige to bring an artist before the public is certainly worth some recognition."

Mr. Thorner alleged that Mr. Samuels replied:

"If your daughter wants to study with a real teacher, she had better study with the madame's teacher, Frantz Proschowsky."

Mr. Thorner charged that Mr. Baer asked where Mr. Proschowsky could be found and Mr. Samuels said that he was then in Chicago, but would be at Mme. Galli-Curci's Summer home, and would visit New York City in the Fall. It was alleged that Mr. Samuels said he had already paid Mr. Thorner $26,-000, and that he had "bought off the plaintiff."

Mr. Thorner contended that the alleged statements accused him of being "a fraud and a faker, and guilty of false advertising." He charged they were actuated by intentional and actual malice and hatred, and out of spite toward the plaintiff.

TELLEGEN ASKS MORE TIME.

Actor Also Seeks Information on $10,000 Legal Bill.

Lou Tellegen applied yesterday to Justice Cropsey in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn for an order directing Harry N. Steinfeld to file a bill of particulars as to just what services the latter rendered when he appeared for a brief time as the attorney of record for the actor in the divorce suit brought by his wife, Geraldine Farrar. Steinfeld has sued Tellegen for $10,000 for services and the latter has applied to Justice Cropsey for a change of venue to New York County and for an extension of time in which to file his answer.

Justice Cropsey reserved decision on the motion. Steinfeld lives at 640 Ditmas Avenue, Brooklyn.

MISS O'SULLIVAN WEDS GEORGE H. GASTON

Daughter of the Late Mrs. Charles V. Geary a Bride at Her Home—Other Marriages.

Miss Mary O'Sullivan, daughter of the late Mrs. Charles V. Geary, was married to George Houston Gaston, yesterday, at her home, 25 Fifth Avenue, at 5 o'clock. Miss Margaret O'Sullivan attended her sister, and Louis Wilson, the bridegroom's uncle, was best man.

Mr. Gaston is the son of the late George Houston Gaston, former Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and Mrs. Gaston. During the war he served overseas as a Captain of machine guns, 77th Division.

Cassidy—Clayden.

Miss Marguerite M. Clayden, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Clayden of 108 Summit Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., was married yesterday forenoon to Hugh H. Cassidy Jr., son of Hugh H. Cassidy of Great Neck, L. I., in the Church of St. Francis Xavier, West Sixteenth Street. The Rev. Father John F. Neary, assisted by the Rev. Joseph M. Foley, officiated.

Miss Irene Whelan was the bride's only attendant, and Gene Darr served as best man. Thomas A. Clayden gave his sister in marriage. Following the ceremony there was a wedding breakfast at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. Cassidy and his bride are sailing today on the Berengaria for Europe, and on their return, early in September, they will make their home at Great Neck.

CAPT. JONES TO WED TODAY.

Will Take Miss Elizabeth Cox as His Bride in Short Hills, N. J.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Cox, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles William Cox, and Captain Catesby ap Catesby Jones, U. S. A., of Richmond, Va., will take place this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in Christ Church, Short Hills, N. J., and will be followed by a reception at The Close, the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Cox's engagement was announced in May, and the wedding was planned for June, but the illness of Captain Jones, who is stationed at Fort Bliss, Texas, made a postponement necessary. Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Cox gave a dinner at the Baltusrol Country Club for the wedding party and several others.

Mrs. Archer Harman is to be matron of honor, and Miss Mary Gifford is to be bridesmaid. Young Miss Adele Harman, a niece of the bride, will be flower girl. Sergus McKee of Richmond is to be best man. Archer Harman, John Clark and Professor John H. H. Lyon, the bride's uncle, will be among the ushers.

Wallis-Clark Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Reland Clark of 61 East Eighty-sixth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Hunt Clark, to Samuel Wallis of Carlisle, Pa. Miss Clark, formerly of Virginia, is a graduate of Stewart Hall and has lived for the last three years in New York.

Mr. Wallis is the son of the late John Mather Wallis for many years an officer of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. His mother, now Mrs. Thomas Paxton Moore, resides at Carlisle, Pa. Mr. Wallis left college in 1917 to serve overseas with the 10th Engineers. At the close of the war he returned to Stevens Institute, graduating with the degree of M. E. in the class of '22.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Foxhall P. Keene entertained at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's for Captain and Mrs. I. B. Johnson.

Mme. Wilhelm von Roth, who has been visiting her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Black, at Southampton, has left for Newport, where she is to be the guest of Countess Laszlo Szechenyi.

Harold S. Vanderbilt has taken for the third time the estate of Mrs. John Caswell at Pride's Crossing, Mass., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Butler McCagg Jr. of this city are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. McCagg was formerly Miss Katherine Winslow of Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Brown have returned to the Plaza after a few days in the country.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. King of 7 East Eighty-second Street, who are at the Plaza, are sailing for Europe on the Olympic.

Count Anton Sigray has returned to the Ambassador from Newport.

Miss Virginia Sterry and Miss Charlotte K. Demorest will leave tomorrow for a ranch in Wyoming to pass the remainder of the Summer. They will join a party of friends to make the trip through Yellowstone on horseback.

Mrs. Huhn Bailey of Philadelphia is at the Ritz-Carlton for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Cary T. Hutchinson of 101 East Seventy-fourth Street have returned to their apartment after a motor trip to Newport and Watch Hill, R. I.

Washington.

Secretary Denby left yesterday to join his family at their Summer home at Pontiac, Mich.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt Jr., wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who has been in Vermont, where she has established her children for the Summer, returned yesterday to join Mr. Roosevelt at their Washington home for a week or ten days.

Rear Admiral Edward L. Eberle, the new Chief of Naval Operations of the Navy Department, and Mrs. Eberle have taken an apartment at 1,901 Wyoming Avenue.

Senator and Mrs. George Wharton Pepper have opened their cottage at North East Harbor, Me., where they will have their daughter, Mrs. F. E. Newbold of Philadelphia with them for the remainder of the Summer.

Mrs. Alexander Mackay-Smith has also opened her cottage at North East Harbor. Her daughters, Mrs. Lester Marlett of Washington and Mrs. Karl Boy-Ed of Germany, will be with her for the greater part of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Herman Van Roijen, the former one time Secretary of the Netherland Legation and now Queen Wilhelmina's Ambassador in Rome, have arrived to spend the remainder of the Summer with Mrs. Van Roijen's mother, Mrs. Robert Winthrop, at Lenox. Mr. and Mrs. Van Roijen will make a short visit to Newport in August.

Mrs. Hugh S. Cumming and Miss Diana Cumming will leave today to join Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wise at their estate, Kilspeleen, Virginia, for the remainder of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. Crounse left yesterday for Boston en route to their Summer home at Chester, N. S., where Mrs. Crounse will remain until October.

The Rev. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe and Mrs. Radcliffe left Washington yesterday to pass the remainder of the Summer at the Huron Mountain Club in Michigan.

Mrs. T. DeWitt Talmage went to New York yesterday en route to the Adirondacks, where she will pass the remainder of the Summer. In the Autumn Mrs. Talmage will go to the Pacific Coast for an indefinite stay.

Newport.

Beginning with the present week there are indications that the week-ends for the remainder of the Newport season are to be featured by large dancing parties. These will continue until well into September, according to the present expectations, and will mean that the season is to be one of the busiest that Newport has had in many years.

Besides the dinner and dance that Count and Countess Szechenyi have planned for Saturday night, a committee composed of Williams Burden, G. Louis Boissevain, Waxing Peddick and Gustav J. S. White is making arrangements for subscription dances at the Clambake Club, the first to be given on July 20. It was reported yesterday that Miles Mabel Gerry was contemplating taking over the Newport Country Club clubhouse for two Friday nights for dances following dinners.

Later in the season Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren are to give a large party at their home, Aspen Hall, and it is understood that they have settled upon the last Friday in August for their feature entertainment this year. Mrs. Aspegren gave a luncheon yesterday in honor of her guest, Mme. Axel Wallenberg, wife of the Swedish minister.

G. Louis Boissevain, who left for New York last evening, gave a luncheon at Hill Top Inn yesterday afternoon. Thomas Powers gave a tea at the Clambake Club. Mrs. Robert Gould Shaw was a luncheon hostess at Gull Rock.

Mrs. Michael M. van Beuren has offered the prizes for the golf tournament at the Newport Country Club next Saturday afternoon. This is to be the first tournament of the season—a tombstone contest—and it is already creating much interest among the golfers.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert G. Pell Jr. of New York are at the Morrell Cottage on Ochre Point and Victoria Avenue for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morgan of New York are at the New Cliffs.

William Fahnestock left for New York last evening after a visit at the Muenchinger-King.

Major General Sir Newton Moore of London was a Newport visitor yesterday.

Colonel and Mrs. C. F. Bussbe of New York, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. W. Y. Simpson of Sound Beach, Conn.; Stella Powers, Charles S. Gerits and S. E. Berman of New York and R. W. Brown of Boston are at Hill Top Inn.

General J. Fred Pierson left for New York last evening.

Count Sigray of Hungary, who is the guest of James W. Gerard, Richard V. M. Gambrill, Mrs. Albert A. Lowell of Westfield, Helen V. Michell of Philadelphia, and Walter Clothier of Philadelphia, were registered at the Casino yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Guthrie Nicholson gave a dinner at Lansmere last evening for 18 guests in honor of Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborne, who are visiting them.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Widener also gave a dinner last evening at the Ogden Mills Estate, which they are occupying this Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Brown are arriving today to visit Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer at Honeysuckle Lodge, and Mrs. Tailer is giving a dinner this evening.

Mrs. W. R. Dooros will assist Miss Emily Burling Waite at her weekly reception on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Thomas Coleman of Boston has gone to Upper Saranac, N. Y., after a visit with Mrs. Paul A. Andrews.

J. E. Aldrich arrived on his yacht Surf yesterday with a party of guests. They stopped at Newport especially to play a round of golf on the Ocean Links. After enjoying a morning's play the party returned to the yacht.

Southampton.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Skiddy von Stade have arrived from Westbury, L. I., and will occupy the J. Henry Topping place in Wyandanch Lane for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Devereaux Milburn have also arrived and will occupy the villa of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steele, who are abroad, until the early Autumn.

Mrs. Eugene Thayer is at the Holly Hocks, which she leased earlier in the season. Mrs. Thayer is a sister of Reginald Brooks, who has a cottage in the Shinnecock Hills.

Mrs. Atchison Hardin has come from her Summer place in Mystic, Conn., for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Fowler, at Westhampton Beach for a week.

Mrs. Irwin A. Powell and her sister-in-law, Mrs. Thomas L. Feltner, will entertain Count de Perigny, who will arrive this afternoon for a short visit. He was a guest of Vincent S. Mulford over Sunday.

ARREST A PRINCESS FOR AID TO EHRHARDT

Marguerite of Hohenlohe-Oehringen Also Accused of Giving Asylum to Luettwitz.

OTHERS SEIZED IN PLOT

Police Also Seek Ehrhardt's Wife, Suspected of Aiding His Escape From Leipsic Jail.

By CYRIL BROWN

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 16.—Princess Marguerite, 29-year-old daughter of the late Prince Maximilian of Hohenlohe-Oehringen, and a noted beauty and ultra reactionary, was arrested today in her Munich home by secret agents of the State Attorney General's office at Leipsig, charged with having given asylum to the Kapplist General, van Luettwitz, as well as to Captain Ehrhardt. Moreover, she is strongly suspected of complicity in Ehrhardt's recent escape.

The Princess committed perjury, asserting she did not know Ehrhardt, but withdrew this statement when confronted with proof to the contrary. She was arrested to forestall her flight.

At the same time agents arrested Professor Karl Schloesser and former Naval Lieutenant Luedig, accused of complicity with the Princess in giving asylum to and aiding in the escape of Luettwitz and Ehrhardt, wanted for high treason.

Ehrhardt's wife also is sought by the police in the belief that she played an important part in the liberation plot. Inquiry is being made into the privileges accorded to her in the Leipsic jail, where she was allowed to visit her husband as often as she liked and to converse with him alone. It is believed Frau Ehrhardt furnished him with duplicates of the jail keys.

Ehrhardt's escape has led to a revival of civil war talk. The Prussian Government has brought a criminal action against the Communist organ, Rote Fahne, for printing a recent call to the proletariat to mobilize for civil war and establish a Soviet Government.

The Social Democratic press of Germany is full of theoretical discussions of civil war. Vorwärts moralizes upon it thus:

"It is in the interest of the workers to have the blame for possible civil war placed squarely and obviously to all eyes on the ultra reactionary right. If we succeed in fastening the obvious blame on the extreme right, then the civil war will have been half won."

Princess Marguerite, who was born at the family estate of Sommerberg, July 29, 1899, comes from a Württemberg family dating only from 1784, when the head of the little older Hohenlohe family married into the local nobility. The father of the Princess, who died in Berlin, Jan. 11, 1922, married at Wiesbaden, in 1890, Countess Helen von Hatzefeldt, who died in 1901. The Princess has two elder brothers. Prince Max, who married Countess de Faber-Castell, and Vladimar, who is an unmarried Lieutenant in the Prussian Infantry, on the retired list.

EXPECT NIGHT AIR MAIL BY FIRST OF AUGUST

Assistant Postmaster General Announces That Special Stamps Will Be Ready Then.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Night air mail service will be realized by Aug. 1, according to the First Assistant Postmaster General, John H. Bartlett, who is here today to attend a State convention of postal officials.

The transcontinental all-air mail routes with a night flying program, made possible by the developments in lighting and other features of night aviation, would soon be in effect was seen in the department's order for 5,000,000 special air mail stamps. Mr. Bartlett said the stamps will go into the hands of the engravers within a few days and the first may be issued by Aug. 1.

The stamps will be in three denominations. Cost experts are now working out the exact amounts to be charged for the service. The lowest denomination will be between 10 and 12 cents, the second denomination between 14 and 18 cents, and the third denomination between 22 and 28 cents, he said.

The night air mail service will be put into effect between New York and San Francisco, the postal officials said.

HARTMAN AGAIN ARRESTED.

He Was Unbidden Guest at A. C. James's Dinner Party on Yacht.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 16.—Otto Hartman of New York, who invited himself to the dinner and dance given by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James on their yacht Aloha last Friday night for the visiting English and American college tennis players, and who was later arrested on the suspicion that he was not what he represented himself to be, is in the hands of the police again.

Former Commodore James had no desire to prosecute the young man and was satisfied with the police plan of having the boy leave the city. He left Saturday noon, but he came back and was picked up on the street here today. Just what charge will be placed against him had not been decided tonight. Captain J. A. Herbert of the English Army, a son of Lady Herbert, was one of those who first drew the police attention to Hartman, and he again today called attention to the fact that Hartman was back.

OCEAN ARRIVALS.

Among the passengers due to arrive tomorrow from Cherbourg and Southampton on the White Star liner Olympic are: Sir Arthur Balfour, steel producer of Sheffield; Joseph Stransky, Cyrus H. K. Curtis, David E. Smiley, Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach and Mrs. Leach and Ganna Walska, wife of Harold F. McCormick.

The Olympic also has on board William Johnston, Francis Hunter, R. I. C. Norton and Mrs. Adele Mallory, who have been playing in the tennis matches at Wimbledon; Walter Hoover, sculler; Gilbert Miller, theatrical producer; Yvette Rugel, vaudeville star; Basil Rathbone, Eric Blore, Doris Fleischmann, Miss K. K. Bache, Miss Marthe Bayard, Lawrence C. Dalley, Mrs. Joseph Hardie, F. C. Inman, Mrs. F. B. Jennings and Mr. and Mrs. Henry R. McHarg of New York; Mrs. Francis Stanton Blake and Joseph E. Walker of Boston, John H. Mason and George R. White of Philadelphia and Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Pincoffs of Baltimore.

Runaway Train Wrecks 30 Cars.

SAN BERNARDINO, July 16.—The wreckage of thirty freight cars was burned today to clear the track after a Southern Pacific freight train, loaded with cement and coal, ran away last night on the Cajon Pass and at a speed estimated up to eighty miles an hour, left the tracks. Two trainmen were killed.

PATIENTS' OWN BLOOD IS INJECTED IN VEINS

Unusual Type of Transfusion Saves Two Lives at New Haven Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 16.—Complete success was today reported at the New Haven General Hospital in two unusual cases of blood transfusion into the patients' own veins. Both the lives and the blood of the patients were saved by the operations. The experiments were conducted under the direction of professors of the Yale Medical School, which controls the hospital, and the reports which will be made in medical journals are expected to surprise the scientific world.

In both cases the patients' own blood was drawn off and then injected into their systems again through the veins, a method of blood transfusion that has been done successfully only a few times in the United States.

The first case was that of a woman suffering from a severe hemorrhage in the abdomen. The oestrical staff drew off the blood from the abdomen, tied up the bleeding vessels and after carefully filtering the blood transfused it into her system through her veins.

Shortly after this a man who had been the victim of an automobile accident was brought in with a hemorrhage from the liver. His abdomen was filled with blood, and this was drawn off by the surgical staff, who, after treating the liver for the wound inflicted, filtered the blood and injected it through the arm.

In both cases the citrate method of blood transfusion was used to prevent coagulation. Every precaution was taken that the citrate was used in the correct proportions so that no serious results would follow when the blood was absorbed into the system.

NEW ORLEANS, July 16.—Belle Smith, 22-year-old negress, stabbed in the heart six weeks ago by her fiancé, Joseph Mott, was back at work today at her place in the kitchen of a small restaurant here, authorities at Charity Hospital announced.

The woman was taken to the hospital in a dying condition. An eight-inch incision to the heart region revealed a cut one-half inch in length in the organ. Three stitches were made in the heart and about 2,100 CC. of normal saline was injected with adrenalin added from time to time to strengthen the action of the organ, which had become weak from loss of blood.

Blood transfusion was resorted to the following day and for four weeks the woman fought for life, then began to improve rapidly. She returned to work Saturday.

AGED MYSTERY SNAKE REAPPEARS ON FARM

Middletown's Enoch Arden 'Boa Constrictor' Stirs Memories of Oldest Natives.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 16.—After an absence of several years the famous snake on the Canfield farm, a few miles from here, has again made its appearance.

The snake, it is claimed, always appears on the same spot. It is a very large one and some of the oldest inhabitants of the section declare the snake was seen by them when they were many years younger.

Those who have seen the snake recently declare that it resembles more a boa constrictor than any other species. No one who has seen the reptile has ventured to approach very near and there has not been a gun in evidence, otherwise the snake would probably have met its doom. An effort will now be made to exterminate it on its next appearance.

CANADA FEARS CHICAGO PLAN

Sees Navigation Menaced by Proposed Increase in Water Diversion.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 16.—More alarm has been engendered in Canada by the plans of the officers and engineers of the Chicago Sanitary District to increase the diversion of water from Lake Michigan through the Chicago drainage canal from 4,000 cubic feet to 10,000 cubic feet a second. Such an increase, it is said here, would seriously damage the power and navigation interests on the lower lakes and St. Lawrence.

It is estimated that every 1,000 cubic feet increase in diversion means the loss of several hundred thousand electrical horsepower at Niagara and on the St. Lawrence.

Navigation has already been affected by the present diversion, which is said to be nearer 8,000 than the 4,000 cubic feet permitted under the present agreement. This effect is seen more readily between Montreal and Quebec.

TEXTILE MILLS SLOW UP.

Otis and Farr Works Begin Four Days a Week Schedule.

WARE, Mass., July 16.—Employes in the cloth department of the Otis Company's mills here have received notice that beginning immediately the department will go on a schedule of four days a week. The order affects approximately 1,600 hands.

The hosiery and underwear departments will continue on a full-time schedule.

HOLYOKE, Mass., July 16.—The Farr Alpaca Company, the largest textile concern in this city, today went on a working schedule of four days a week, to continue indefinitely. The firm employs several thousand persons.

SABOTAGE IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Railway in Coal Strike Area Is Tampered With—Youth Arrested.

SYDNEY, N. S., July 16.—The tension in the steel and coal strike area was increased today when the authorities reported that a rail had been removed on the Sydney & Louisburg Railway shortly before the passage of an express, and that a boy had been arrested while jamming a switch with a piece of iron at a spot near by. The tampering was discovered in time to prevent an accident.

The rail was removed near Dominion Mine No. 3 during the night and replaced just before the Sydney to Louisburg express came along. The line from Glace Bay to Sydney is being patrolled by troops. Coal operators plan continuous movement of coal from the pits at No. 2 mine.

Archie McInnes, aged 16, was arrested on charge of tampering with the switch.

William G. Lee Operated On.

CLEVELAND, July 16.—William G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, was reported resting easily at a hospital here tonight after an operation for erysipelas.

Mr. Lee, who has been ill for several weeks, received leave of absence last week. Physicians said his condition tonight was very favorable.

CONGRESSMEN ON TRIP.

Sail From Here, Through Canal, to California, for $1.45 a Day.

Several members of Congress and their families sailed from the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon on the Army Transport Chaumont for San Francisco, via the Panama Canal. Stops will be made at Port au Prince, Haiti, Colon, Panama, Corinto, Nicaragua, and San Diego.

Among the sixty passengers were the members of the House Naval and Appropriation Committee and all they will be called upon to pay for their excursion will be about $1.45 a day, subsistence money. The party will be entertained by an orchestra and a moving picture show every evening.

A stop will be made today at Hampton Roads, where Rear Admiral John H. Dayton, with his wife and staff, will board the ship.

Major General W. C. Neville of the Marine Corps, also a passenger, will leave at Panama to relieve Major Gen. George Barnett as Commander of the Department of the Pacific.

Lieutenant Wesley M. Hague, who recently struck the Rev. George L. Paine at his Boston office after the latter had kissed Mrs. Paine, sailed on the Chaumont with his wife, to be attached to the Pacific fleet.

WORLD LAW SCHOOL OPENS.

Korff and Others Lecture at The Hague—Regret at Root's Absence.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16.—Working side by side with the World Court in the Carnegie Peace Palace the International Academy of Law today began its work in earnest with a full program of lectures, after being ceremoniously inaugurated on Saturday.

Baron Korff of Columbia University delivered the inaugural lecture on "The Historical Development of International Law." After this there was a lecture by the Dutch professor Eysinga. Professor James Brown Scott then lectured on "Law, Custom and Comity," and finally Lord Phillimore spoke on "The Fundamental Law and the Rights of States."

The students numbered from sixty to seventy at each lecture. These varied in nationality and also in ages, from men of 23 years to old men. Many of the younger diplomats stationed at The Hague are attending the lectures and a number of diplomats have come from other countries in order to follow them.

Regret was expressed by one of the lecturers today that Elihu Root, who has been a strong advocate of this academy, was unable to be among the lecturers.

LOUVAIN CEREMONY TODAY.

First Wing of Restored Library to Be Opened in Presence of Mercier.

BRUSSELS, July 16.—The first wing of the restored Louvain Library will be opened tomorrow morning, the ceremony beginning at 10:30 o'clock in the presence of Cardinal Mercier, who will bless the new premises, and of Crown Prince Leopold, Duke of Brabant, who will place the first book on a shelf. This book will contain a list of the Louvain students who died in the World War. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, will present the book containing the names of the American school children who subscribed toward the rebuilding of the University.

Leon Mirot, Secretary of the French Reconstruction Committee, will present a luxurious reproduction of the appeal published by the committee on July 21, 1915, on behalf of the university, and the French Ministry of Education will present a volume of eighty photographs of the ruins of Rheims Cathedral.

WEDS AND WIRES PARENTS.

Katherine Doran of Greenwich Secretly Married to Eugene Buckley.

Miss Katherine Doran, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Doran of Davis Avenue, Greenwich, Conn., was secretly married to Eugene Buckley of Port Chester, N. Y., on Saturday. Miss Doran left her home on Saturday morning and it was not until Sunday that her parents received a telegram from White Plains, N. Y., announcing that she had become the bride of Mr. Buckley. She is 19 years of age.

Mr. Buckley had been keeping company with the young woman. But the marriage came as a complete surprise to the families of the couple. The bride is a graduate of Greenwich High School, class of '22.

Mr. Buckley is an athlete. He played on the Port Chester High School basketball team and was captain of the high school team of Port Chester, which won the State championship this year.

30 TO TAKE INSULIN COURSE

Doctors Enroll at Johns Hopkins to Study Diabetes Cure.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 16.—Thirty physicians of this city and other parts of Maryland were reported enrolled today for the new course of instruction in the methods of insulin treatment for diabetes which will start tomorrow at the Johns Hopkins Medical School and Hospital.

The new course, one of the first of its kind in this country, will be conducted by Dr. William S. McCann, Associate Professor of Medicine. It will extend for four weeks, including two clinics each week, Dr. McCann said.

Should sufficient demand arise for another course at a later time it will be given. Provision for this instruction has been made possible through the recent gift of $10,000 to Johns Hopkins from John D. Rockefeller Jr.

Athlete Saved From Drowning Dies.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., July 16.—John Lobel, 16 years old, recently elected captain of the 1923 Bloomfield High School football team, died today at his home, 920 Berkeley Avenue, of the effects of over-exertion. Lobel, who was six feet two inches tall and weighed 184 pounds, is believed to have injured himself Saturday in a struggle to avoid drowning while in swimming.

With Leland Dorothy and Bert Eltor, high school chums, Lobel went camping Saturday. The three boys pitched their tent on the Poquomock River at Little Falls, ten miles from Bloomfield, and immediately went in the water.

Lobel was caught in the swift current of water sweeping around a bend and called for help. Dorothy pulled him from the water in an unconscious condition. He was revived by a pulmotor and brought home yesterday, dying today.

Samuel Walter Washington.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Announcement was made here today of the death at Charles Town, W. Va., yesterday, of Samuel Walter Washington, a descendant of General George Washington's two brothers, John Augustine Washington, on his father's side, and Colonel Samuel Washington on his mother's side. Samuel Walter Washington was 70 years old and a lawyer.

Dr. Abel Sutherland Holcomb.

Dr. Abel Sutherland Holcomb, a specialist in gynecology and obstetrics, who formerly had offices at 129 East Ninety-second Street with Dr. Ira Brewster Terry, died yesterday at Saranac Lake, N. Y., where he went a year ago in the hope of regaining his health. He was 56 years old.

Dr. Joaquin Caso.

PARIS, July 16.—Dr. Joaquin Caso, Bolivian Minister to the Vatican, died here today, aged 58.

ADDISON G. HANAN, YACHTSMAN, DEAD

Noted Amateur Skipper and Designer of Boats Was Son of the Late John H. Hanan.

Addison G. Hanan of 1,220 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn, shoe manufacturer and yachtsman, died yesterday of heart disease in his country home at Byram Shore, Port Chester, N. Y. From time to time during the last ten years he had suffered from heart affections, but his condition had never appeared threatening until last Thursday.

He was born forty-seven years ago in Roselle, N. J., a son of the late John H. Hanan, founder of the shoe firm, of which latterly Addison G. and H. Wilmer Hanan were the sole members. He was a graduate of Adelphi College and Brown University and for most of his life had resided in Brooklyn. Besides his widow, formerly Lillian McDowell, there survive a daughter, Anna, and three sons, Leonard, Charles and Richard Hanan. Services will be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the Quaker Friends' Meeting House, Brooklyn.

As a yachtsman, Mr. Hanan was considered one of the best amateur skippers and designers of small yachts in the country. In 1913 he saved the day for the American entries in the races against Canada. He arrived on the scene when the scores stood two to nothing in favor of Canada, and although he had never seen the American boat, Irondiquot, before, he took the helm and sailed her to three successive victories and the cup. The Nahma, a winner of the Mannasset Bay Challenge Cup, was both designed and sailed by him. He also designed L'Esprit, which competed against Great Britain in the six meter races last September. His clubs included the Indian Harbor Yacht, which he often represented in races, New York Yacht, New York Athletic and Larchmont Yacht Clubs.

DAVID B. GAMBLE DEAD.

Soap Manufacturer and Philanthropist Dies in Pasadena.

PASADENA, Cal., July 16.—David B. Gamble, 75, member of the firm of Procter & Gamble, soap manufacturers, Cincinnati, died here early today. Mr. Gamble, a resident of Pasadena for the last fifteen years, was a philanthropist, deeply interested in church activities. He was a trustee of Occidental College, Los Angeles, formerly President of the Board, and contributor to the college endowment fund.

Before coming to Pasadena, where he built the beautiful Westmoreland Place, Mr. Gamble was identified with civic institutions in Cincinnati.

He leaves a wife and three sons, Cecil, affiliated with the Procter & Gamble Company, and Sidney and Clarence, young men identified with research work.

The body will be taken to Cincinnati, following services at the Pasadena Presbyterian Church Wednesday afternoon.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 16.—David B. Gamble, who died in Pasadena today, was a former Secretary of the Procter & Gamble Company, soap manufacturers of Cincinnati. He was greatly interested in philanthropic work, even prior to his cessation of active work as an officer of the soap company.

He was a son of James Gamble, one of the founders of the Procter & Gamble Company, was born in Cincinnati and educated in the public schools here.

GARIBALDI'S WIDOW DEAD.

Francesca, Born a Peasant, Dies on Caprera Island at 75.

CAGLIARI, Italy, July 16.—Francesca Garibaldi, widow of Italy's great hero, is dead at the age of 75. Her death was quite unexpected, as she was in apparently good health only a few weeks ago when Premier Mussolini visited her home on Caprera Island, where Garibaldi is buried.

Francesca was a Piedmontese peasant girl who went to Caprera in 1867 as a nurse to Garibaldi's grandchildren. He married her in 1879 after the annulment of his union with the Marchioness Raimondi.

CHARLES CLAGHORN DIES.

He Organized Bryant & Stratton Business College Fifty Years Ago.

Charles Claghorn of 96 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, who organized the Bryant & Stratton Business College in Brooklyn fifty years ago and had been connected with it ever since, died Sunday at the age of 96. His ancestors settled at Martha's Vineyard in 1651 and his great uncle, Colonel George Claghorn, built the U. S. S. Constitution. Old Ironsides. He leaves a daughter, Kate Holladay Claghorn, long the Registrar of Records of the Tenement House Department.

Mr. Claghorn was noted in Brooklyn for his vitality. Age seemed to make no difference in his spirits and his enjoyment of a daily four-mile walk. He delighted in helping young men on the road to success and was especially gifted in the training of backward students.

Louis Couperus, Novelist.

AMSTERDAM, July 16.—Louis Couperus, Dutch novelist, is dead, aged 60.

Louis Couperus was born at The Hague on June 10, 1863. Among his works published in England were "Eline Vere," "The Footsteps of Fate," "Small Souls," "The Law Inevitable." In 1906 he was made an officer of the Order of Orange-Nassau.

Edward H. Wise.

Edward H. Wise, who died Sunday at West End, N. J., after an illness of several weeks, was a Director of the shirt corporation of Wise Brothers, of which he was a founder. He was also a Director of the Colonial Assurance Company of the City of New York. Mr. Wise was 63 years old. He was Vice President of the Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children and a member of its board since 1912.

Obituary Notes.

DANIEL J. PIERCE, 65 years of age, died at his country home at Shelter Island. He was a descendant of two Presidents, John Quincy Adams and Franklin Pierce. He had lived in Brooklyn for many years. He is survived by his wife and a son, Dr. Victor L. Pierce.

THOMAS EDGAR CULLEN of Long Beach, Cal., manager of the Schuyler Hotel of that city, died yesterday at the age of 43. He was a son of the late T. J. Cullen, a well-known hotel man of Indianapolis and Cincinnati.

Mrs. MARGARET EUGENE SULLIVAN, widow of James E. Sullivan, one of the organizers of the Amateur Athletic Union, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 540 West 114th Street.

THOMAS H. LOWERY, employment supervisor of the New York Telephone Company, died yesterday at his home in Mount Vernon, N. Y. Mr. Lowery was 42 years old.

Born.

BIENSTOCK—Mr. and Mrs. David (nee Esther Pekowsky), at 332 Crown St., announce the birth of a daughter, Geraldine, on Tuesday, July 10, at Dr. Fitch's Sanitarium.

LABARRE—To Mr. and Mrs. R. Kenneth LaBarre, a son, on Sunday, July 15, at the Lutheran Hospital.

Married.

GASTON—O'SULLIVAN—Mr. Charles V. Geary announces the marriage of his daughter, Mary O'Sullivan, to George Houston Gaston, July 16, 1923.

Died.

ALGIE—On Sunday, July 15, 1923, George Algie, beloved husband of Emelie Algie (nee McCabe). Funeral from his late residence, 1,305 Bedwick Ave., on Wednesday, July 18, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

Died.

BANCKER—Suddenly, at his residence, 111 St. Nicholas Av., on Saturday, July 14, 1923, Albert Hutton, son of the late Evert Bancker. Funeral services at the Church of Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Tuesday, July 17, at 3 P. M.

BARRON — Patrick, Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday, 10 A. M.

BENEDICT—Martha, beloved wife of Gustave, devoted mother of Ruth Feuerstein and Sylvan. Funeral services Wednesday, July 18, at 2 P. M., at Pick's Chapel, 227 Lenox Av., between 131st and 132d Sts. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

BOOTH—On July 15, Elizabeth A. Booth, daughter of the late Thomas Booth and Jane Clark. Funeral from her late residence, 130 East 80th St., on Tuesday, July 17. Requiem mass at St. Patrick's Cathedral at 10 o'clock. Automobile cortege.

BURGOYNE—Suddenly on July 15, John L., beloved husband of Emma W. and father of Alice H. Burgoyne. Funeral services at his late home, 298 East 139th

CAMP DIX AWAITS 'ZERO HOUR' SIGNAL

425 Reserve Officers and 1,200 New York Guardsmen Report for Manoeuvres.

SHAM WAR TO LAST 2 WEEKS

Will Base Promotions on Morale—Armed Cordons Posted to Warn Off Bootleggers.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP DIX, N. J., July 16.—Morale will be rated the most important requirement in all promotions, members of the reserve officers' training camp were advised today by their commander, Brig. Gen. William Wiegle, in an address of welcome in which he outlined the program for the intensive schedule of modern war training through which 425 young men from this State, New York and Delaware will pass during the next two weeks.

Although the General made no direct reference to bootleggers and other undesirables driven from this vicinity by civil authorities, he intimated he had them in mind when he reminded the officers to respect internal laws and bade them inspire that respect in others.

After today's reception here General Wiegle will visit Plattsburg and other camps in the Twelfth Reserve Corps area.

Brig. Gen. William S. Graves, camp commander, told the reserve officers he expected their co-operation in establishing a new record for efficiency in the training this Summer. He emphasized the importance of the reserve training camps in the national defense system.

New York State National Guard Cavalry opened its annual camp here today with 1,200 men enrolled. Troop trains that stirred memories of war days among residents brought the pavalrymen and 1,000 mounts. The Guardsmen, commanded by Brig. Gen. Bryant, are quartered in the camp proper adjoining infantrymen of the regular army.

General Graves announced that visitors will be allowed to watch the field manoeuvres and sham battles scheduled for the next two weeks. Under General Graves and prepared to co-operate in the training manoeuvres of the reserve officers and the guardsmen are 3,000 regulars.

Care of their mounts was the first lesson given to the New York troopers this afternoon. About 40 per cent. of the personnel of the cavalry organizations are recruits and there will be no attempt at massed drills until later in the week.

Bootleggers who assembled in this vicinity last week in anticipation of making rich profits from the soldiers made no attempt to return today to the village of Wrightstown, from which they were expelled by Mayor Hillman Gresham.

State police are patrolling roads about the camp and Federal enforcement agents are on the watch, following an appeal of Wrightstown residents to Federal Prohibition Commissioner Haynes. Pointville, Browns Mills, Lewiston and New Egypt are also under surveillance.

LABOR OPENS DRIVE TO CORRAL STEEL MEN

Instead of Mass Appeal, A. F. L. Uses Personal Contact to Organize 300,000 Workers.

Personal contact rather than mass appeal is used by the American Federation of Labor in bringing the 300,000 workers in the steel industry within the fold of organized labor. Leaflets and educational matter, and especially "man-to-man work" are used to force an opening wedge, William Hannon, National Secretary of the Executive Committee of national and international organizations in the steel industry, said last night. Mass meetings will not be held until Fall, he said.

Mr. Hannon said the drive to make the steel industry a "closed shop" was under way in the Calumet, Cleveland and Bethlehem districts. Nine field organizers are at work, and headquarters have been established in Chicago and Cleveland, with another to be opened shortly in Bethlehem. Workers are signed up in the new affiliation with the American Federation of Labor in the following points:

Calumet District—Chicago, South Chicago, Chicago Heights, Indiana Harbor, Kewanee, Hammond and Gary.

Cleveland District—Lorraine, Ohio; Bellaire, Ohio, and Massilon, Ohio.

Bethlehem District—Allentown, Pa.; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Buffalo.

Organizers are soon to enter the Wheeling-Youngstown district, Mr. Hannon said. Pittsburgh would not be attempted until last, he added, "for we realise we have a fight on our hands there." He said it would be necessary to wage a "free speech campaign" there, for the right of assembly was denied at present. Homestead, Braddock, Duquesne, McKeesport and Cambria will be the eventual objectives.

Expenses of the drive are financed from the $10,000 fund left from the unsuccessful movement led by William Z. Foster in 1919 and 1920. Foster is repudiated by the present administration, which represents fourteen American Federation of Labor organizations, working in co-operation.

Men signed up to the new pact pay a $5 initiation fee, $1 of which goes to carrying on the campaign and $4 to the local union to which the men are assigned.

Organizers expect to make the movement self-supporting once the preliminary work is completed.

SMUGGLED PISTOLS AND CHINESE SEIZED

Police Think Weapons Were for Tong Wars—Federal Inquiry May Result.

A Federal investigation of gun smuggling into this country may be precipitated by the arrest last night of two Chinese as they were unloading packages from a taxicab at a Chinese seamen's club at 161 Bridge Street, Brooklyn. The packages, according to the police, contained German revolvers and ammunition. Although one prisoner hinted when taken to Police Headquarters that the firearms were for transshipment to revolutionists in China, police commented that the weapons were such as had been used in Tong feuds here.

Since a week ago, when a report reached Dr. Carleton Simon, Special Deputy Police Commissioner in charge of the Narcotic Division, that pistols and narcotics were being smuggled from ships in this harbor, detectives have covered the Chinese seamen's home. At 8:30 last night they saw the two Chinese alight from a taxi and begin to remove packages and sacks.

Detectives Jocker, Seidel and Daniels ran to the cab, examined the sacks and arrested the Chinese. They gave their names as Foo Shong, 43 years old, living at the seamen's home, of which he is the assistant manager, and Wang Ching Wing, 30 years old, a mess boy on a steamer of the Barber Line. They were taken to Police Headquarters, charged with violation of the Sullivan law.

Wing does not speak English, and little could be got out of Foo Shong. He said that he knew nothing of the guns and that they had been brought in properly as the luggage of Wing, who is staying at the home. The police will try to find out whether other arms have been smuggled in by Chinese seamen.

END RELIEF WORK IN RUSSIA

American Personnel Disbands Today—Soviet to Banquet Haskell.

MOSCOW, July 16.—The American Relief Administration, having ended its enormous task of feeding Russia's hungry, is spending its last week in Russia. Every pound of foodstuffs has been distributed and every account closed.

The American personnel is fast dwindling, and all but Colonel William N. Haskell, director, and his department chiefs will leave for home tomorrow. Only ten of the staff will be left to attend the official farewell banquet to be given by the Russian Soviet Council of Commissars on Wednesday evening. Colonel Haskell and the last of his men will leave on Thursday or Friday.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received to midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BRIEFCASE, containing valuable papers, Friday night, Greene Av.-Broadway to 262 Hemlock St., Brooklyn; $25 reward. M. De Young.

BUNCH OF KEYS, small, on a ring, in either West 88th St. or West 57th St.; reward. Return to 140 West 88th.

CARD CASE, brown leather, containing sum of money, Broadway car at 75th St.; reward. 67 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Cathedral 6259.

CHANGE PURSE, ladies', black, containing bills; reward. Bryant 10071, Ext. 141.

HAND BAG, black silk, lady's, lost on No. 5 5th Av. bus Saturday afternoon; very anxious to have keys contained in same returned. Phone Miss Foy, Wadsworth 9110. (Apt. 5)

HANDBAG, lady's, on motor parkway, Sunday; reward. Olive Wieland, 455 West 116th St. Cathedral 7914.

HAT—Will gentleman in auto who picked up lady's straw hat on side from 59th Av. bus 42d St. and Broadway about 5 P. M. Monday, please return same to M. L. Hevier, 138 West 91st St. Riverside 1267; reward.

POCKETBOOK, tan leather, lost in yellow taxi; gold initials on outside flap, containing small sum money and Yale key; suitable reward. Return to Miss Miles, 2,191 Broadway.

TORTOISE-SHELL eyeglasses lost on 167th St., between College and Jerome Aves., or crosstown car or on subway platform; finder please telephone M. A. Mullaney, Bryant 1000, N. Y. Times.

VANITY CASE—Lost, large black leather vanity case, about 15x12x8 inches, Friday, July 13, in or near Pennsylvania Station, 6 P. M.; looks like jewel case, but contents valueless; cosmetics and keys; $20 reward; no questions asked. Write Ina Claire, 64 East 55th St.

$200 LOST by working man, in $20 and $10 bills; if returned liberal reward. Jakob Matson, 43 Grant Av., Jersey City, N. J.

Jewelry.

BRACELET, diamond and sapphire, three-row platinum, lost between New York and Saratoga; liberal reward. S. Stein & Co., 107 Duane St.

BROOCH—Old cameo; vicinity Riverside, Amsterdam Av. car or Lady of Lourdes Church, Sunday; keepsake; reward. Audubon 6103J.

BROOCH—Diamond, platinum, on Boardwalk, Long Beach, Saturday night; reward. Plomon, Hollis Park Gardens, L. I.

BROOCH, diamond, between Staten Island and Grand Central Station, Sunday morning; reward. Tompkinsville 1800.

BROOCH, pink topaz; reward. Bryant 2247, Apartment 9G.

K. OF C. SIGNET RINGS—Lost Friday, Pelham Heath Inn. Broad 3971. Reward.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR, small baby fisher, between 66th St. and B'way, and 45th St. and B'way at 6 P. M., Sunday. Phone Longacre 2410.

NECKPIECE, two-skin martin; Friday night, Central Park. Phone Pritchard, Endicott 4600; liberal reward.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COLLIE and Airedale crossed, brown and white, collar bearing engraving. Lost at Rye Beach, Sat. evening. Dr. Thomas Harris, telephone Scarsdale 528. Liberal reward for information.

DOG, "Mister Nut-Sundae," brown and white, half spaniel, half shepherd, held spot on back; $50 reward. Watkins 10128.

FOX TERRIER lost; wire haired; black head; two black spots on back; about 10 weeks old. Friday evening vicinity Boulevard, Pelham; $25 reward; no questions asked. Swan, 970 Highbrook Av. Phone 6128 Pelham.

PEKINESE—Brown and tan, between 52d-53d Sts., Lexington Av.; liberal reward. 607 Lexington Av. Plaza 0854, Lounge.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ss.:—This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Masonic Mendelssohn Temple, domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 26th day of June, 1923, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation, under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved. Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 26th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three.

(Seal) JOHN J. MACKELL,
Deputy Secretary of State.

WILLIAM RAWDEN, Deceased.—The persons representing the devisees of William Rawden, deceased, late of 37 St. James Street, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, England, watchmaker and jeweler, who died on the 19th day of September, 1896, are desirous of ascertaining the address of Miss Edith Rawden, formerly of 341 Main Street, Buffalo, New York. Will Miss Edith Rawden or any one able to give information as to her decease, marriage or present whereabouts communicate with Messrs. Smiths, Fore & Macfadyean, Solicitors, Grove Chambers, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, England.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—FRIEDMAN and Jacobson of Liberty, N. Y., have sold their store to A. Edelman; all claims must be made to Williams & Foster, attorneys, Liberty, N. Y., within five days from date.
WILLIAMS & FOSTER.

INFORMATION WHEREABOUTS OF Thomas Keegan, formerly of East 9th St., N. Y. C., 30 years ago. 165 W. 4. Times Brooklyn Bridge.

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The Big Issues in 1924

What are the factors likely to shape the political platforms and determine the candidates in the next national election? Representative men in the Democratic and Republican Parties will answer this question.

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY
Reserve a copy at your news stand

$10 A CASE BRIBE, IS BOOTLEG RATE

$350,000 Offered Out of Hand to One Dry Agent for Aid in Withdrawals.

"MAN HIGHER UP" HINTED

Supposed Protector in the Department of Justice Failed to Put in Appearance.

BOASTS OF "PULL" A MYTH

Raid by Another Agent Spoiled Plan to Round Up Whole Ring, and Briber Vanished.

PROHIBITION INSIDE OUT
Third Instalment

Today's chapter of the inside story of prohibition enforcement contains further disclosures of huge bootleg bribes. Tomorrow Mr. Haynes will describe the devious methods of the moonshiners.

By ROY A. HAYNES,
U. S. Prohibition Commissioner.

ONE of the employes of a certain big city was offered a bribe of $350,000 under circumstances that seem deserving of mention here. In that case, however, the bribery negotiations fell through because of the activity of other agents in the Director's office (who were not acquainted with the bribery attempt) in raiding the bootleggers who had offered it.

A representative of these bootleggers, who appeared to be amply financed and with unusually strong political connections, enlisted in his undertaking the assistance of a former employe of the force. The former employe communicated with the general agent and arranged a meeting with the bootleggers' representative.

The bootlegger announced at the meeting that he was very uneasy. He doubted the agent's sincerity, and asked to be shown that he was "all right." If he could be convinced of that, he said, he would tell the agent how he could make a large sum of money without effort. The agent, known among the enforcement workers as being "hard-boiled," pretended that he was more fearful of the bootlegger than the bootlegger was of him. He added that he didn't know the bootlegger; that the bootlegger might be, for all he knew, a detective trying to trap him. He demanded proof of the bootlegger's sincerity, and refused emphatically to enter into any arrangement until fully acquainted with the persons with whom he was to deal and convinced of their financial responsibility.

After some time spent in preliminaries, the bootlegger, plainly wary, came to the point of his proposal. He and his associates, he said, had "control of" 5,000 cases of whisky held at a certain distillery. They were willing to pay $10 a case, or $350,000, to any one who would assist them in effecting withdrawals.

To withdraw the whisky from the distillery, the bootlegger said, a representative was needed in the Prohibition Director's office to intercept certain papers. The bootlegger said his associates were supplied with counterfeit withdrawal and other blanks, but added that these could not be utilized successfully unless the papers to be intercepted—which were designed to check just such operations as the bootlegger proposed—were stopped at local prohibition headquarters.

Boasting of "Pull."

The bootlegger referred to his associates as "the organization." He represented them as being large importers of liquor who received vast quantities of smuggled goods. He promised full "protection" from prosecution in the event of detection, adding that his associates were strongly entrenched with political and departmental influence, which they had secured through heavy payments of money. As a part of the working plan, he said, the "organization" had placed its representatives in high office in the Department of Justice, the Bureau of Internal Revenue, and the Prohibition Unit itself, and these officials would safeguard the agent against prosecution.

"The Department of Justice," the bootleggers went on, "will void any effort to prosecute you if you are caught."

His associates he described as being two men owning the distillery at which the whisky was held. They were represented to be men of great wealth, prominent in politics, of unusual influence, and "never under suspicion."

The agent insisted on meeting the distillers, the representative of the Department of Justice (whom the bootlegger represented as being "all-powerful") and whatever other fellow-operators there might be, so that he could be wholly satisfied that the men with whom he was to deal were fully qualified to carry out their part of the agreement. He refused to take any chances with men who were careless, given to heavy drinking or of small means.

"I have been in the Government service for twenty years," he told the bootlegger, "and every day of those twenty years I have been straight as a string. I did not think I would ever be susceptible to an offer of this sort; but I realize now that I have only a few more years of earning ability left and that I must provide for my old age.

"If you will see to it that I receive enough money to hire a real lawyer and still have a good bit left in case I get caught, I will be very much inclined to accept your proposition. See the men who are with you in the deal, talk it over with them, and then come back to me and let me know if you are willing to meet my requirements."

The bootlegger and the former employe left. Two or three days later the agent and his superior reported progress of the negotiations to the Prohibition Commissioner, and were instructed to follow the proposition through as far as necessary to secure evidence against the bribers.

Playing With the Bribe.

Thereafter meetings were frequent, but negotiations struck an unexpected snag when it came to deciding when the bribe should be paid. The bargaining bootleggers, still apprehensive, were unwilling to pay the money in advance of delivery of the intercepted papers. The Supervisor, on the other hand, insisted that he could not be expected to perform the work before payment. This difficulty was adjusted by the bootlegger's suggestion that the money be turned over to a certain banking institution which would hold it in escrow until details of the agreement had been complied with.

After several days had passed the agent protested that while they had held numerous conferences, he had no evidence that the bootlegger was either in the business or able to perform his contract.

"This thing is getting on my nerves," the agent said. "The time has come when you've got to show me you mean business. I don't know who you are—don't even know yet that you are in the business—and if you can't come across with something to convince me, why, we'll just call it off."

That fiat had the desired effect. The bootlegger immediately became conciliatory and invited the agent to meet him that night for the purpose of visiting one of their establishments and meeting the other men in the "organization." The appointment was kept and the bootlegger showed the way to an office building along the deserted river front.

Here was stored a fortune in contraband. The bootlegger pointed out thousands of half-pint, pint and quart bottles; great sheafs of imitation labels for innumerable brands; counterfeit bottled-in-bond strip stamps and the usual caution notices for all the well-known brands of high-grade imported and domestic whiskies, wines, liquors, gins, &c.

In addition, there were a great number of cases of what appeared to be genuine imported whiskies of high grade. These, the bootlegger claimed, had been smuggled into the country. There were also about twenty large drums of alcohol, from seventy-five to one hundred two-gallon cans of alcohol packed in corrugated paper cartons and from thirty to forty five-gallon carboys, each filled, the bootlegger claimed, with synthetic gin.

"How did you get that?" the agent asked.

"We make it," he replied, "from alcohol we got under permit by industrial users." And he winked. "Only they don't need all they get. They sell it to us—at a profit."

The distillers were not present, however. The bootlegger gave a plausible excuse for their absence.

Claiming "Influence" at Washington.

After the trip of inspection the agent appeared satisfied and an appointment was made for him to meet the distillers and the alleged representative of the Department of Justice characterized as "all-powerful" at Washington the following Sunday. In the meantime, the bootlegger told the supposedly crooked supervisor that the store of liquor belonged, in the main, to two brothers who financed the "organization," but that he, the bootlegger, also had a pretty fair-sized stake in the stock. The names of the brothers were given the superior and with them the information that two or three of their vessels used in rum running had been seized by the Government, but that through the good offices of the alleged "all-powerful" man in the Department of Justice, the seized ships and their liquors had been returned.

Saturday came, and with it a most unexpected development. An active enforcement agent, having traced a purchase of liquor to the office building, secured a search warrant, and, raiding it, The entire huge stock of liquor was seized.

The agent knew nothing of this development till he walked into the office and found the bootlegger agent cross-examining the men arrested in the raid. Among them was the bootlegger with whom the agent had been negotiating. Still hoping that he might be able to follow through the bribery negotiations, the agent pretended to be greatly disturbed and frightened and made motions to the bootlegger to refuse to answer questions and make no admissions. The bootlegger accepted the pretended feat as genuine and when he had an opportunity popped his hand over his mouth and whispered:

"It's all right, Bill, I'll protect you. You can depend on me. Everything will come out all right. Don't worry."

That night the bootlegger telephoned to the agent and told him that the case was a picayune affair, resulting from carelessness, and in no wise affecting their previous negotiations. He called off the trip to Washington, however, saying that he would necessarily "lay low" for a few days while the situation cleared. He professed great reliance upon the powers of his "all-powerful" friends at Washington, declaring that they could easily "fix the whole thing," and promised to telephone again in a few days.

Bootleggers With "Cold Feet."

During that time the bootlegger and his associates had a change of heart. At the next meeting the agent was informed that the original agreement could not be kept. The "organization" was frankly worried. They didn't mind the raid and the loss of the liquor, but they were facing a charge of conspiracy, and suddenly it had dawned upon them that they were incriminating themselves to the limit in their dealings with the agent if he were not "on the level."

They were unwilling, therefore, either to meet the supervisor and disclose their identity or to have him meet their supposed representative in the Department of Justice at Washington.

That "all-powerful" agent and the other influential friends at Washington, it developed later, lived only in the bargaining fancy of the "organization."

However, the bootlegger told the agent "the organization can't do my thinking. I believe you're on the level, Bill. If you're not, and want to lock me up, all right; but the brothers haven't got anything to do with it nor has the Department of Justice man. I mean with what I am going to propose to you now. It is a straight proposition, and if you're willing to 'do business' here it is:

"We'll rent a lock box with two locks. You keep the key to one lock and I'll keep the key to the other. I'll put $25,000 in the box and when you deliver to me the papers you are to intercept we'll go together to the box and I'll count out $10,000 for the first 1,000 cases and replace $10,000 to cover the amount taken out. In that way there'll always be $25,000 in escrow."

It was obvious that the original agreement had been upset, so the agent, with a show of much reluctance, agreed to the new one. There also was no doubt that the agent had convinced the bootlegger of his crookedness. From the latter's conversation, it also was apparent that he had used all his persuasive powers unsuccessfully to bring his associates to his way of thinking.

One more meeting was held. At that time the bootlegger and the agent dismissed details and agreed to meet again the next day to begin actual transactions.

But the bootlegger dropped completely from sight. The agent visited some of his old haunts, but no one had seen him and none could tell of his whereabouts. His disappearance has remained an unsolved mystery to this day, seemingly inexplicable.

Except for this: a whispered tale of which a faint echo came months later to the agent's ears—a tale of the penalty fastened by the chieftains of the illegal traffic upon those who know their ways too well and are no longer trusted.

TOMORROW'S INSTALMENT: MODERN MOONSHINERS.

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Warns Against Carrying Films in Subway Trains

Fire Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan issued a warning yesterday to motion-picture exhibitors and exchanges against the carrying of films in subway trains. Under the code of ordinance, he said, films may not be carried in the subways under any conditions, and may be carried in the street cars and elevated trains only when each film is packed in a fire-proof metal container. Violation of the ordinance is a misdemeanor.

"I have ordered the Chief of the Bureau of Combustibles," said Commissioner Drennan, "to arrest and prosecute persons guilty of violating this ordinance. Not until a castastrophe occurs does the public realize the danger. These highly combustible films may be ignited by friction, and when once set off there is no escape."

Fourteen violators of the ordinance were before Magistrate Simpson in the Municipal Term Court and thirteen were fined $25 each. One man, Morris Kleinerman, of 130 West Forty-sixth Street, charged with having more films stored than the law allows, was fined $250.

TIRED MOTHER KILLS HERSELF AND BABIES

Husband Out of Work, Debts Piling Up, She Gives Up Long Struggle.

ASPHYXIATES 2 DAUGHTERS

Then Cuts Her Own Throat—Accountant Finds All His Family Dead.

There was little money in the house. There was less food. The head of the family had been out of work for months and the prospects of employment seemed remote. Debts piled up. Each day was a struggle and wore down a little more resistance. Each day seemed harder to bear. Such were the thoughts in Mrs. Josephine Annetta Driggs's tired brain yesterday as she went about her chores at 14,709 108th Avenue, Jamaica, and she was too weary to carry the load. She took her two small daughters into a bedroom and turned on the gas. Then she cut her throat with a razor. When her husband returned in the late afternoon he found them dead.

The husband, Maurice P. Driggs, is an accountant. He left his last position on Jan. 1 of this year. Since then he has been virtually idle, unable to find work, except for an occasional odd job. Day after day, he declared, he has trudged the streets from one office to another, hoping to find an opening that he could fill, but he seemed doomed to failure. There appeared no place available to him, and as time went on the family resources dwindled. And besides his wife to care for there was little Grace Theresa, 3 years old, and the 8-month-old baby, Maris Antoinette.

Until about a month ago he and his family had lived with a sister, Johanna Driggs, at 8,938 118th Street, Richmond Hill. Then they moved to Jamaica and still the family's circumstances did not improve.

More Than Wife Could Stand.

Driggs said that in the meantime bills piled up which he could not meet and his debts became heavy. It was more than his wife's nervous system could bear, he said, and on a number of occasions she had been unable to hide her despondency. This had happened more often in recent weeks, but he had tried to cheer her with his hopes for work. When he left the house yesterday morning, he said, she did not appear in unusually bad spirits and he had no intimation that she might be harboring any thought of suicide or of harm to the children.

He departed as usual to make his rounds in search of a position, and as usual found that it was in vain. But as he trudged wearily toward his home, he had no idea that his two little girls would not run to greet him and that in spite of his ill-luck he would not find some cheer at his own hearthstone.

The children did not meet him, but he had no thought of anything wrong. As he passed through the front door he caught the odor of gas, so he made haste toward the kitchen to learn the trouble.

He found his wife's body stretched on the floor between the kitchen and the bedroom. Terrified at the sight, and fighting against a dawning dread, he stumbled across the threshold into the bedroom.

There he learned the source of the gas that permeated the house. The bedroom was stifling. He drew the curtains and threw open the windows. As he drew a breath of fresh air he saw the girls lying on a bed.

Mother and Children Dead.

His cries for help brought neighbors and together they carried the two children out of doors and to a small grass plot. While some did their best with their imperfect knowledge of artificial respiration, one raced down the street to a police booth several blocks away. The patrolman called an ambulance from the Mary Immaculate Hospital. Dr. Gondos continued the efforts to resuscitate the girls, but after a time said that it was useless to do more. He said that both the children and the mother had been dead about four hours.

Immediately the police learned of the tragedy a report was made to headquarters in Manhattan. Chief Inspector Cornelius F. Cahalane and members of the Homicide Squad hurried to Jamaica. Their investigation satisfied them that Mrs. Driggs alone was responsible for the deaths.

Members of a family which lives on the upper floor of the duplex home said that no odor of gas had reached them and that they had heard nothing that indicated anything untoward on the floor below. Neighbors told the police that they noticed for some time that Mrs. Driggs was despondent.

Mrs. Driggs left a note for her husband, but little of its contents was learned. It included, however, the telephone number of her sister, Mrs. George Shortmier of Kew Gardens. Mrs. Shortmier was reached through a corrected number last night, but said that she would have nothing to say concerning the tragedy.

HOSPITAL INQUIRY TODAY.

State to Sift Brutality Charge Against Brooklyn Attendant.

A representative of the Attorney General of New York State will begin an investigation this afternoon into the charges brought by Phillip Addis, an attendant at the Brooklyn State Hospital for the Insane, that Leo Putnam, also an attendant, had kicked and beaten feeble-minded patients of the institution. Putnam denied the charges, and stated that he was willing to face any accusation that might be brought against him.

Dr. Ross Haviland, acting head of the hospital, said yesterday that as soon as the charges had been reported to him he communicated with the Attorney General. Dr. Haviland also suspended Putnam.

Addis also laid his charges before District Attorney Charles J. Dodd of Brooklyn and Judge Alonso G. McLaughlin of the Kings County Court.

Dr. Haviland said an attendant's pay was only $54 a month. "It is not possible to get men of the highest type at that figure," said Dr. Haviland, "but we will not tolerate brutality."

TRIES SUICIDE WITH BLANK.

Bellevue Hospital Employe Only Burns His Temple Severely.

William Halloran of 315 East Thirtieth Street, who has been employed at Bellevue Hospital a number of years as an electrician, became despondent over his tubercular condition yesterday and attempted suicide. By mistake he fired a blank cartridge in his pistol and only burned himself severely on his right temple.

Halloran returned a few days ago from the Catskills, where he had been for three months for his health. The change did not seem to him to effect as great an improvement as he had hoped.

Man Shot and Killed in Feud.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., July 16.—Giovanni Cassone, a baker, was shot and killed early today in the rear of his home at 201 South Regent Street by two men who escaped. Police believe the murder to be the outcrop of a feud.

Hangs Himself in Barn.

QUOGUE, L. I., July 15.—Byron W. Abbott, 33 years old, of Syracuse, who was visiting his sister, Mrs. Carl Christman, committed suicide yesterday by hanging himself in the barn. His sister stated that he had been brooding over money losses sustained last year.

New Mexico Editor, Jailed Friday, Pardoned; Governor Hits Judge, Calls Conviction Disgrace

SANTA FE, N. M., July 16.—Governor Hinkle issued a pardon this afternoon to Carl C. Magee, editor of The New Mexico State Tribune, convicted of the charge of criminal libel of Chief Justice Parker of the State Supreme Court and of contempt of the Third Judicial District Court.

Magee was sentenced to the penitentiary for from one year to eighteen months on the criminal libel charge and to sixty days in the San Miguel County Jail on the contempt charge.

The Governor stated Saturday that he would take no action until Magee had exhausted means of redress in the courts, and his action today came as a surprise.

In each case Magee was sentenced by Judge D. J. Leahy. A complete pardon was issued in each case by the Governor.

The Governor, in issuing a pardon on the sentence for the libel charge, declared the indictment on which Magee was tried seemed to be "a conspiracy and more of a persecution than a prosecution."

In the pardon in the contempt sentence the Governor also remitted the fine and costs of $7 imposed on Magee on four citations, and also all fines imposed on the Magee Publishing Company, aggregating $4,050. In this pardon Governor Hinkle said he was of the opinion that the contempt cases also were a persecution; that the sentences "are harsh and beyond reason, and that this whole procedure is a disgrace and a blot upon the name of New Mexico and the good people thereof."

Magee, in his writings, had charged that Judge Leahy's court and various county officials of San Miguel County were influenced by a political machine. Magee was sentenced last Friday.

CORRIGAN MUST FILE REPLY TO LIBEL SUIT

Justice Cropsey Orders Answer to Enright Civil Action in Five Days.

PLEA FOR DELAY IS DENIED

Court Interrupts Argument That Order Would Expose Defense in Criminal Case.

Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan must file his answer in the civil action for libel, brought by Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright within five days, Justice Cropsey in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, ruled yesterday. John D. Lindsay, the Magistrate's counsel, asked for a longer extension on the ground that if he filed his answer now his defense in the criminal libel proceedings before Judge Crain would be exposed.

Mr. Lindsay's plea for more time was opposed by Reuben Talley of Gordon, Talley & Gordon, Commissioner Enright's personal counsel. Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier, who is a co-defendant in the action, which is for $150,000, did not appear, as his motion for a change of venue is pending before Justice Young in White Plains and will be argued late this month.

"If the answer is filed now it will put the police on their guard," said Mr. Lindsay.

"If they are going to be on guard they are on guard now," replied the Justice. "I think you will have to file your answer."

"Does your Honor realize that this is the first action of this kind in this country, and that the last time a case came up like this was 200 years ago?"

"What has that to do with it?" replied Justice Cropsey. "It sounds like an ordinary libel action to me."

"But it's extraordinary—" began Mr. Lindsay.

"Extraordinary what?" interrupted the Justice. "File your answer."

"Will your Honor give me sufficient time?"

"Sure, five days."

"Does your Honor know that there have been several appeals taken in this action?" persisted Mr. Lindsay. "Won't that affect your determination?"

"Not a bit," snapped Justice Cropsey, and called the next case.

Mr. Cuvillier yesterday made public letters to District Attorney Joab H. Banton and Charles J. Dodd, District Attorney for Kings County, in which he called attention to four cases of alleged police brutality. One of these cases is said to have occurred in Brooklyn and the other three in New York County.

Patrolman Joseph Clark, attached to the Old Slip Precinct and living at Ramsey Street, Whitefield, and his colleague, Patrolman Schroeder, of 6 Lamb Hill Boulevard, Whitefield, a former patrolman, were discharged yesterday after a hearing in the Long Island City Police Court on the charge of assault made against them by Charles Powell of Whitfield. The examination was before Magistrate Harry Miller.

Powell charged that on June 18 the patrolman and Schroeder assaulted him, that Schroeder knocked him down and the patrolman hit him with a blackjack.

Patrolman Clark told the Court that he and Schroeder were riding along Roosevelt Avenue in an automobile and that a younger brother of Powell threw a stone at the automobile. He said he got out to chase the stone-thrower and that Powell got in his way. He admitted that he bowled Powell over, but said it was accidental and denied he had used a blackjack.

MAUGHAN AGAIN TO TRY DAWN TO DUSK FLIGHT

Guest at Dinner on Eve of His Second Attempt to Smash Records.

Lieutenant Russel L. Maughan, who will attempt a second dawn to dusk flight from New York to San Francisco tomorrow or on the first fair day thereafter was the guest at a luncheon given yesterday in the Garden City Hotel by Frank H. Russell, President of the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce. After the luncheon the guests motored over to Mitchell Field to inspect the Curtiss pursuit plane in which Maughan will attempt his flight.

Mr. Russell explained the purpose of the attempt, which he thought had not been made clear to the public.

"Lieutenant Maughan's flight is really based on the immense shortage of aviation material which might be called upon at any moment for our defense in the event of war. It is a fact that the United States hasn't enough planes to protect adequately the immense area of our country and its possessions.

"Those who are in charge of our aeronautical program have realized that our air force must be mobile over long distances and our planes must reach any part of the coast line on short notice. It was found that the present planes had no long range. The result has been the development of the Curtiss pursuit plane with an average speed of 150 miles an hour at an altitude of 20,000 feet. The present pursuit planes in service have a speed of only 142 miles an hour and a ceiling of 16,000 feet.

"The air service therefore decided on the test excluding the plane with extra gas tanks sufficient enough to double the flying range of the present equipment. With the success of this test, the desirability of locating a great aero base in the central part of the United States will be apparent."

Lieutenant Maughan confidently expected that he would succeed in his second attempt, saying that the flight of two weeks ago which ended when he came down near St. Joseph, Mo., had been a perfect one, except for a few minor changes.

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, July 14, on shipments sold out, ranged from 14.00 cents to 20.00 cents per pound, and averaged 18.14 cents per pound.—Adv.

CONVICTS GO TO SEA IN A SPEED LAUNCH

Four of Six Philadelphia Fugitives Reported Putting Out in Chesapeake Bay.

MAY JOIN RUM-RUNNERS

Sailor is at Wheel and an Engineer at Throttle—Believed Heading for Bermuda.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Four of the six convicts who escaped Saturday from the Eastern State Penitentiary in this city are believed by the police to have put out to sea in a motor-driven dory they stole from a wharf at Pocomoke City, Md., early yesterday.

The report that the dory had been stolen by four men was received today by Captain Souder of the local detective bureau from Mayor E. J. Tull of Pocomoke City, a small Eastern Shore town. Although a complete description of the men was not obtained by the Pocomoke City officials, Souder said that he was inclined to believe they were the fugitive convicts.

The boat was stolen from Colemore E. Byrd, cashier of the Citizens' National Bank of Pocomoke. It is a thirty-foot craft, of sturdy seagoing qualities, and is called the Sunbeam. The motor had recently been overhauled, the boat caulked and made ready for sea, Mr. Byrd said.

The Mayor said it would be fully capable of making a trip to the Bermudas, if skilfully sailed. It was abundantly fueled.

Should the thieves prove to be the convicts, Captain Souder said, he felt sure the skipper of the craft would be Thomas J. Gillen, a former sailor. It was Gillen who spliced the rope by which the convicts slid over the forty-foot wall. The prison, after which commandeered a big car, kidnapped the driver, Thomas J. McAllister, and fled through Pennsylvania and Delaware to Elkton Md. At Elkton they abandoned the motor car and left McAllister bound, gagged and tied to a tree.

Pocomoke City is about 100 miles from Elkton. It is situated on the Pocomoke River, which flows into Pocomoke Sound, a part of Chesapeake Bay. It is about twenty miles from Pocomoke City to the mouth of the river.

Louis A. Edwards, the convict who was at the wheel during the wild ride from this city to Elkton, is believed by local authorities to be on the Sunbeam. Edwards is a motor expert and an able mechanic, but is also familiar with all types of engines. He once raced an airplane in Canadian air tournaments and was said to be equally facile with a speed boat.

One theory of the police is that the convicts plan to join a rum running fleet off the Virginia coast.

Edward Hamilton, a bridge tender, saw the boat pass the Elkton drawbridge about 5 o'clock Sunday morning. One of them carried a suitcase, he said. He was unable to give a detailed description of any of the men.

No trace of the movements of the other two fugitives has been received since they escaped. It was said all had left Elkton together, but it believed they had separated shortly afterward. They had decided to do this, he said, while holding him prisoner in the woods.

PULP EMBARGO NOT CERTAIN

Canada Will Not Act Without Hearing Both Sides.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—State Department officials today confirmed the fact that the Canadian Government, according to information given by the British Embassy to the State Department, will not undertake to make the authorized embargo on pulp wood effective until after the matter has been investigated by a Royal Commission to ascertain the possible consequences of such action.

The Canadian resolution passed by Parliament on June 20 authorizes the Governor General in council (or in other words, the Cabinet) in its discretion to lay an embargo against the shipment of pulp wood from Canada. The Cabinet has not undertaken to exercise this prerogative under that authority, and official advices indicate that before acting in the matter the ministry will be guided by the report to be made by a Royal Commission, which will conduct a hearing and listen to what those in Canada who are for or against the embargo have to say.

It is expected that when this hearing is held a committee representative of American paper manufacturers will have full opportunity to present its objections to the embargo.

GIRL SOUGHT FOR ASSAULT.

Posse Searches Wisconsin Swamp for Stepdaughter of Victim.

WAUSAU, Wis., July 16.—Mary Lawando, 20 years old, is being sought by members of a sheriff's posse in a swamp near Rothschild, six miles south of here, in connection with an attack on Mrs. Walter Lawando, her stepmother, who received twenty cuts and bruises.

Guards stationed about the swamp declared today it would be impossible for a girl to live there any length of time. Hordes of mosquitoes and deer flies are encountered at every move in the day-time, and at night the conditions are much worse.

Ambassador Collier Here.

William Miller Collier, United States Ambassador to Chile arrived yesterday with Mrs. Collier from Valparaiso on the Grace liner Santa Rosa. After two weeks in New York they will go to Europe for the remainder of the Summer, returning to Chile via Buenos Aires and the Transandean Railroad.

Jane Addams to Leave Hospital

Miss Jane Addams, head of Hull House in Chicago, who recently underwent an operation in St. Luke's International Hospital, Tokio, has so far recovered that she will leave the hospital in a few days, according to a dispatch received here yesterday at the Episcopal Mission House. The message came from the surgeon in charge at St. Luke's in Tokio.

SAYS HABER PATENTS ARE WITHOUT VALUE

Dr. Parsons Supports Chemical Foundation's Statement That Germans Withheld Data.

FAILED ABROAD, HE ASSERTS

Expert Insists American Process for Producing Synthetic Ammonia Differs From Haber Method.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 16.—Dr. Charles L. Parsons, a nitrate expert, testified today in the Government's suit against the Chemical Foundation, Inc., that, because of the lack of information filed by German patentees in this country and the development of an American process of ammonia production, the German Haber patents filed in this country are, as they stand, of no value to American manufacturers.

Dr. Parsons was called to support the Chemical Foundation's contention that the Haber patents were of little cash value, because they omitted certain essential steps and for other reasons. The Government places the value of the fifty-eight patents at $17,000,000. The Alien Property Custodian sold them to the Foundation at an average of $50 each.

In cross-examination Colonel Henry W. Anderson, Government counsel, brought out records of the testimony by Dr. Parsons before Congressional and other committees, in which the witness said ammonia could be made cheaper by the Haber process than in any other way, and in which he predicted the Haber method would be adopted universally.

Dr. Parsons denied this was a contradiction of his testimony in the present case. He asserted that before he committed he was using the term "Haber process" in its generic sense, really including the processes of the French and the American as well as that of the Germans.

Says Other Countries Failed.

The expert testified that Italy, France and England had failed, like America, in their efforts to manufacture under the German patents, because of the omission in these patents of essential data.

Learning that Germany's long continuance in the war was due to her Haber process, the witness said, the French obtained a license to manufacture under the patents that had been filed in Paris by the Badische Anilin Soda Fabrik, which patents failed to include certain necessary steps in the formula. Though France paid an initial fee of 2,500,000 francs, she had cast aside the German method in favor of her own Claude process, which operated basically along Haber lines but with a higher atmospheric pressure.

In America, he said, the chemical basis reaction used by the General Chemical Company was similar to that of the German Haber process, but a lower temperature and a different catalyst were used.

Isador J. Kresel, counsel for the Foundation, put in a report to the War Department by Colonel J. W. Joyce, a nitrate expert, on his inspection in Europe in 1919 of Cyananide and Haber processes. Colonel Joyce reported that the Badische plant at Oppau produced ammonia at 2.65 cents a pound, the cost in 1915 probably being 8 or 10 cents. The Haber process in America, he estimated, would involve a cost of between 16.5 and 12.9 cents a pound. Much development and expense, he reported, would be necessary by America to operate the Haber process.

The report emphasized the German monopoly which the Foundation has stressed throughout the trial. He declared that the German patents filed effectively excluded such particularization as would enable anybody to make use of them."

In cross-examination Colonel Anderson produced a report to the War Department by Dr. Parsons, dated April 30, 1917, in which he said the synthetic ammonia and cyanide processes had reached a stage of development justifying action by the Government. The report included estimates of establishing and operating plants.

When Colonel Anderson presented a letter written April 30, 1917, by the General Chemical Company to Dr. Parsons, who is now a consultant for that company, the witness protested it was a highly confidential communication, but it was admitted.

Figured on Four Cents a Pound.

In this letter the company sent estimates for establishing an ammonia plant which would produce at less than 4 cents a pound.

The witness said he "based the estimates in his report to the War Department largely on the letter. He had learned of experiments by the company and had arranged to be informed of the results. He said these details were imparted on condition they be kept confidential and be revealed only to the War Department.

A few months later the Government contracted for Nitrate Plant No. 1 at Sheffield, (Muscle Shoals), Ala.

"And for the construction thereof on the General Chemical Company's modification of the Haber process?" asked Colonel Anderson.

"On that company's process, yes," replied the witness. "The company had been producing a few pounds of ammonia a day at a laboratory on Long Island. They had drawn plans for a plant in which they were to operate commercially by their own process, which differed from the German process."

On the basis of experiment and information, the Government, acting under a board of which you were a member, undertook the construction of a plant for the use of the synthetic ammonia process which cost over $13,000,000 before they got through with it?" asked Colonel Anderson.

The witness lowered the cost to $7,000,000.

Dr. Parsons told the committee that the cyanamid process was becoming obsolescent. He said he favored the General Chemical process. He considered the company's process in Nitrate Plant No. 1 at Muscle Shoals as one that should be adopted and the cyanamid method at No. 2 the same place, as one that should be abandoned.

CANOE UPSET, BOY SINKS.

Exhaustion Foils Companion's Fight to Save Drowning Youth.

John Killeen, 17, of 621 West 239th Street, the Bronx, was drowned last night when a canoe in which he and Henry Barrow, 16, of 246th Street, and William McDonaldson, 16, of 520 West 239th Street, were paddling overturned in the Hudson River off the Cleveland E. Dodge property at 246th Street. The body was not recovered.

Patrolman Washburn said eye witnesses told him the boys were skylarking when the canoe overturned. Barrow, a good swimmer, seized Killeen, shouted to McDonaldson to cling to the craft and tried to swim ashore with Killeen. Exhausted, Barrow lost hold of the boy, who sank. Barrow got ashore and McDonaldson maneuvered the canoe to the bank in safety.

Railway Clerks' Bank Organizes.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 16.—Directors of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks' National Bank-Cincinnati's first and Ohio's second labor bank—took the oath of office today and then went into session to perfect plans for the opening of the institution, which will occur in a few weeks. The board elected as president of the bank E. H. Fitzgerald, grand president of the Brotherhood.

New Traffic Squad Uniforms Causes Tie-Up on Broadway

Traffic became so congested at Seventy-second Street and Broadway late yesterday afternoon that it required the combined efforts of Sergeant William Kennedy and four patrolman to keep it moving. All this was on account of Patrolman Thomas Donohue making his initial appearance in a new traffic squad uniform with which the police department is experimenting.

The new uniform has the following distinguishing marks:

White oilcloth cap band; white oilcloth patches over the shoulders; four-inch cuffs of white oilcloth on coat sleeves, and three-inch cuffs on bottoms of trousers.

The crowd which gathered where Donohue was stationed showed how easily he was seen by pedestrians. He received attention also in sightseeing bus lectures.

The uniform was designed particularly so the traffic police would be seen more easily at night, but it is expected it will be worn both night and day, if adopted.

DENIES SALVARSAN EVER CAUSED DEATH

Metz Now Declares a Check-Up Shows No Fatality Due to the Drug Itself.

ADMITS NEED OF CAUTION

Quotes Public Health Service Official in Attributing Deaths to Peculiar Conditions or Carelessness.

Herman A. Metz, who was accused by Isidor J. Kresel, counsel for the Chemical Foundation, Inc., in the German patent trial at Wilmington, Del., last Friday, of selling "poisonous" salvarsan to the Government during the war, causing the death of American soldiers and sailors, quoted Dr. G. W. McCoy, director of the Hygenic Laboratory of the United States Public Health Service, in a denial of Mr. Kresel's charge yesterday.

Mr. Metz said that Dr. McCoy had investigated all the cases of deaths attributed to the use of salvarsan since the drug has been made in this country, and had found that none of them could be laid to the drug itself. According to Mr. Metz, the Government found that every death was due to some peculiar condition of the patient, to carelessness of the physician who examined the patient, or to improper handling of the drug by the physician who administered it.

According to Mr. Metz, Dr. McCoy has verified his contention that all the salvarsan sold to the Government by the Metz company, the largest manufacturer of the drug in America, passed the Government tests. In cases where patients have died after receiving salvarsan treatment, Mr. Metz said, both he and Dr. McCoy have checked up on other patients treated with doses from the same shipment, and found they had suffered no adverse results.

Mr. Metz emphasized that salvarsan contains a large quantity of arsenic, and that some patients react adversely after receiving an injection of salvarsan because they have an idiosyncrasy against arsenic. He explained that the situation is the same as in the use of novocain, which is used successfully and safely in thousands of cases as a local anaesthetic, but sometimes causes severe reactions, even death, in persons who have an idiosyncrasy.

Points Out Certain Dangers.

Besides urging precautions against deaths from arsenic poisoning following the use of salvarsan, Mr. Metz pointed out that there was danger in its use when patients were suffering from acute diseases or the depressing after-effects, Addison's disease, disease of the circulatory apparatus or some organic disease. He showed a sample of booklets which he distributes to physicians and which describes the conditions under which "salvarsan can be used intravenously with confidence."

In further support of his statement that improper handling rather than the drug itself is responsible for deaths from salvarsan, Mr. Metz quoted the following paragraph from the "standard instructions for the preparation and intravenous administration of arsphenamine (salvarsan) and neoarsphenamine (neo-salvarsan) for use by the medical departments of the army and of the navy, and Veterans' Bureau, and by the Public Health Service," issued last year by the Public Health Service:

"Reactions following the use of arsphenamine and neoarsphenamine are still occurring in the Government services, although experience has shown that these reactions can be reduced to a minimum by the use of proper methods of procedure. Practically all serious reactions which have occurred in the Government services during the last five years have been specially investigated, and in nearly every instance it has been shown that the reactions were due (1) to some error in the technique of preparation and administration of the drug, or (2) to faulty examination of the patient, especially in relation to the effects of previous injections. In no case has it been possible to prove that the reactions have been due primarily to inherent toxicity of the drug itself."

In addition to detailed technical instructions, of interest chiefly to physicians, the Public Health Service pamphlet gives rules for the administration of salvarsan; with instructions as to when it should be used cautiously, and when its use should be discontinued.

Emphasizes Need of Caution.

"Emphasis should be laid on the complete physical examination preliminary to administering arsenical treatment," says the Service, "for evidence of renal, cardiovascular or visceral changes, in the presence of which it should be used cautiously. Weekly urinalyses should be made during treatment. The patient should be questioned concerning any reactions following the last treatment, with special reference to any toxic skin eruptions as danger signals against further treatment.

"Any evidence of an exfoliative dermatitis is an absolute contraindication against any further treatment with any arsenical. Evidence of jaundice should also be looked for, and, if present, is an indication for caution. In late cases the possibility of a Herxheimer reaction following a large injection should be remembered. This may be fatal should vital structures be involved. Each patient should receive individual consideration."

The Public Health pamphlet states that reactions should be rare if its instructions are carefully followed. When serious reactions occur, the Public Health Service asks physicians to send a full report to the Surgeon General, including clinical history, dose injected, lot number and name of manufacturer. It also asks that samples be sent of the same lot of the drug, besides samples of the sodium hydroxide, distilled water and saline used for the solution.

Mr. Metz said that all the complaints of salvarsan he had investigated had turned out to be due to something besides the drug itself. He cited the case of one of the best known New York hospitals, where the physician in charge of the clinic complained that ten men injected with salvarsan in one night all suffered reactions, one of them very severe, and said that investigation showed the fault to lie with the sodium hydroxide solution used, which was insufficient to neutralize the salvarsan, and also contained sodium carbonate, which produces unfavorable results when injected into the veins.

"In another instance," Mr. Metz said, "we found that the distilled water was not fresh, but had been obtained from a long-distance source, from where it was used, and had every opportunity to become contaminated.

"In such instances I have warned those making the solutions and having care of sick isolations at the hospitals to take special care of the condition of their stock bottles and their methods in preparing the solutions."

LONG ISLAND R. R. TO SPEND $84,000,000

Cost of Road's Improvement Program for Next Ten Years, Le Boutillier Says.

NOW EARNING A PROFIT

Money to Come From Other Sources Than the Pennsylvania, Vice President Asserts.

HE ASSAILS LA FOLLETTE

Asks Aid to Prevent Dragging of Railroads Into Quagmire of Government Ownership.

The Long Island Railroad will expend $84,000,000 in the next ten years for improvements to uphold its reputation for carrying more daily comm

Legal for Trust Funds in New York State

DODGE BUILDING

59 Park Place Corporation New York City

First Mortgage 20-Year 6½% Sinking Fund Gold Loan

Secured by absolute first mortgage on new 12 story steel and concrete building, occupying block frontage, West Broadway, Park Place to Murray Street.

All rentable space leased to high class tenants. Appraised value over 150% of outstanding loan.

To Yield 6½%

Ask for Circular T-83.

A. T. Bickmore & Co.
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Founded 1876
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Boston Philadelphia Albany
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Tax Exempt in New York State

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Troy, N. Y.
4¼% Bonds

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Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and other states.

Prices to yield
4.15% to 4.00%

Circular on request

Investment Suggestion

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First & Ref. Mortgage
5% Gold Bonds
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Due June 1, 1956

Listed on the New York Stock Exchange

Price at the Market
To Yield approx. 5.30%

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120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Members New York Stock Exchange
San Francisco Los Angeles

We Offer
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5% Coupon Gold Bonds

Toronto is the educational, financial, commercial and industrial center of the Province of Ontario, Canada's premier province.

Principal and interest payable in New York in United States Gold Coin.

Maturing 1943-1949
Price Rate to Yield 5.20%

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A. E. AMES & CO.
74 Broadway, New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Established 1889
Head Office: Union Bank Bldg., Toronto
Chicago Montreal Victoria, B. C.

CITY OF ENGLEWOOD
NEW JERSEY
4½% Gen. Imp. & School Bonds
Dated July 1, 1923

These Bonds are exempt from all Federal Income Taxes and are a legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New Jersey.

MATURITIES
1930-1939
Prices to yield 4.80%
1940-1960
Prices to yield 4.90%

Complete description on request for circular T-73

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET NEW YORK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sterling and Wheat Decline Sharply—Stocks Listless but With Firm Undertone.

Sterling and wheat were the centre of market attention yesterday and the heavy liquidation which occurred in both directions served, possibly, once more to emphasize the uncertainty which beclouds the European situation. There were doubtless heavy offerings of both sterling and wheat made yesterday by those who do not see an early clearing up of the foreign situation, particularly in view of Premier Poincaré's speech on the French attitude. At any rate, the decline in sterling totaled up 1¼ cents to the pound, and in wheat from 1⅛ to 1¾ cents to the bushel, and both markets reflected extreme nervousness over the immediate future. Incidentally, all wheat options, even for deliveries as far forward as September, now are definitely below $1 per bushel.

It can hardly be said that there was any over-Sunday change in the international situation despite the speculative efforts to make it appear so. The speech of the French Premier was widely construed as merely a reiteration of the French determination to collect reparations payments from Germany, and to deviate in no way from the present policy of occupation of German territory until such payments are made. Unofficially, there was haste to explain that the speech of the French Premier was not to be construed in the light of a rejoinder to the English Premier's declaration, made last week. Summed up, it must be said that these two speeches have not changed the general situation one whit. How much Germany can pay, when she will pay it, and in what coin, still is to be decided. Under present conditions and with so many of these problems still "in the air" so to speak, it is small wonder that professional speculators for the decline are prone to take a pessimistic view of the immediate future and to sell on nervous and irregular markets.

The outstanding feature in the stock market was the fact that once more it disregarded the factors which acted as depressors of other markets. That, in fact, has been its chief characteristic for more than a week. Yesterday's transactions were on an extremely narrow scale, the whole market, as a matter of fact, having established another new low figure in point of turnover. But there was still quite evident the firm undertone which predominated during the latter part of last week and the quite apparent inability to buy stocks without putting them up, demonstrated in two or three of the market's most speculative vehicles. No one appears to want any very large amount of stock at this time, but it is equally true that no one appears to want to sell, in large volume. The result is listlessness, uninteresting and altogether featureless markets, which no doubt will require the development of some factor of forceful character, either in our domestic situation or in the foreign negotiations on reparations, to jar them out of their rut of indecision. Just at the moment that factor is not in sight and little more can be expected from the stock market than the usual splashing about of professional traders in their daily experiments.

Industrial news yesterday was not of a sort to command more than passing attention. There was a fractional advance in sugar prices, but this was more than offset by declines and continued irregularity in other commodities, notably wheat, cotton and copper. In these markets, as in the stock market, the main obstacle to regularity and fairly constant quotations is the present lack of sustained buying power. When this will develop and whether or not its volume will be of satisfactory proportions, continues to be a problem for future solution. The knowledge that there has been no great overproduction this year is the most impressive factor in the argument that buying power will revive sooner than present stock market quotations would appear to predict.

MONEY.

MONDAY, JULY 16, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money was easy, most money being loaned at 4½ per cent., a charge which came just before noon, following opening and renewal rate of 5. Time money market was extremely dull, with little new funds loaned, dealers asserted, but whatever trading took place it was done at 5¼ per cent., with bid continued at 5. Commercial paper brokers reported increasing amount of paper going at 5¼ per cent. from a previous rate of 5, but market was not overly active.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.
5	5	4½	4½	5

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days.....5@5¼
4, 5 and 6 months.....5@5¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days.....5@5¼
4, 5 and 6 months.....5@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....5@5¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....5%

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days.....4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days.....4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....4¼

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4⅛	4
60 days	4⅛	4⅛
90 days	4⅛	4⅛
Four months	4⅛	4⅛
Six months	4⅛	4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	4⅝	4½

London Market.

Money in London ⅛ up, at 2¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged, at 2¾ per cent.; three months' bills 1-16 lower, at 2 5-16@2 7-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 4d lower, at 85s 5d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 105⅞ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106¼, on July 5. The highest price since operations in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 108¼, on Feb. 8, 1920; the lowest, 105⅝, on Feb. 21, 1922. Highest price last year, 106, on Jan. 5.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $488,000,000; balances, $92,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $79,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $488,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¼d lower at 39¾d per ounce; New York price ⅛c lower, at 67¼c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	39¾d Apr. 20	30½d Feb. 2
New York	68⅛c May 17	67¼c July 2

Range for 1922:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	37¾d May 23	29½d Dec. 15
New York	66⅜c May 23	56½c Dec. 15

CANADIAN RAILWAYS SEEKS $22,500,00

Government to Float Bond Issue for That Amount for New Equipment.

The Canadian Government will raise $22,500,000 to be spent on new equipment for the Canadian National Railways through the sale of that amount of fifteen-year 5 per cent. serial equipment bonds, it was announced yesterday in Toronto when the Minister of Finance of the Dominion Government issued a call for bids from Canadian dealers. These bonds will be guaranteed by the Government and will be paid off at the rate of $750,000 semi-annually. In addition to this amount, the Government will spend on equipment $7,500,000 to be raised through an appropriation voted by Parliament.

The rejection of all bids by the City of Portland, Ore., on an offering of $4,000,000 of 4½ per cent. bonds was reported yesterday. The highest bid was reported to have been 95.60, a figure which the city authorities are said to have regarded as too low. According to the records of New York investment banks, the last offering by Portland of an issue bearing the same coupon rate brought a successful bid of 101.17. This difference was explained as due largely to the recent change in the investment market, offerings today having to hold out greater inducements by way of interest rates to investors than they did a month or more ago. The relatively high bonded indebtedness of Portland was also said to have restrained local bankers from entering high bids. Two years ago Portland's securities passed out of the group of offerings rated as suitable for trust fund investments under New York State law.

Offering will be made shortly of an issue of $1,100,000 Cumberland Railway and Coal Company bonds, according to a report yesterday. This company is a subsidiary of the Dominion Coal Corporation, Limited, which in turn is a subsidiary of the British Empire Steel Corporation.

Two new issues are being offered by Priddon & Co. One consists of $150,000 of Thomasville (N. C.) 6 per cent. gold bonds, due 1936 to 1947, which are priced to yield 5.35 per cent. The other is comprised of $50,000 South Pensacola (Fla.) 6 per cent. gold bonds, due in 1953 and priced to yield 5.25 per cent.

The Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday authorized the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company to guarantee the payment of principal and interest on $4,375,000 of 6 per cent. equipment trust certificates which are to be sold at the best price obtainable.

READING "RIGHTS" ON SALE.

Trading on a "When Issued" Basis Is Begun in Curb Market.

"Rights" to subscribe to new stock of the Reading Coal Company, recently organized under the segregation plan of the Reading Company, were offered on a "when issued" basis on the New York Curb Market for the first time yesterday. After opening at 17⅛ the price broke to 14½, advanced to 17⅛ and closed at 17⅜.

Two Reading "rights" plus $4 in cash are required to purchase one share of the new coal company stock. Hence at the closing price yesterday the stock in the new company was priced at 33½ on the Curb Market.

The capitalization of the Reading Coal Company, according to the segregation plans, included 1,400,000 shares of capital stock of no par value and $11,542,333 of new general mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due on Jan. 1, 1973.

The segregation of the railroads and the coal companies that form a part of the Reading Company was ordered by the United States Supreme Court in April, 1920, on the ground that the combination was in violation of the anti-trust laws.

American Cotton Oil Sale Denied.

A report current in the financial district yesterday that the American Cotton Oil Company had sold its Memphis plant was denied at the offices of the company here. It was explained, however, that the plant had been up for sale for the last two months.

Treasury Withdraws $5,500,000.

The United States Treasury will today withdraw $5,500,000 from the local Federal Reserve District, it was announced yesterday.

COMMUNITY TRUST REVEALS SPONSORS

Felix Warburg Among Leading Citizens Aiding in Underwriting Initial Budget.

The New York Community Trust, recently established at 120 Broadway with various local banks and trust companies as trustees, made known yesterday a number of leading citizens who have joined in sponsoring its organization and who are understood to have participated in underwriting the initial budget.

Among the persons named are Felix Warburg of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Thomas Williams of Ichabod T. Williams & Sons, William Arbuckle Jamison, directing partner of Arbuckle Bros., and Frank J. Parsons of 65 Cedar Street.

Mr. Warburg said:

"Experience in Cleveland, Boston and elsewhere has indicated that the Community Trust plan can decrease obsolescence and reduce the waste involved in bequests that have ceased to serve useful purposes. It will tend to make benefactions more effective and less haphazard. The late Judge Frederick Goff, who organized the Cleveland Foundation nine years ago, was one of the most progressive and distinguished lawyers and bankers of the Middle West. That Foundation has been signally successful and the New York organization is modeled upon the same plan."

Walter McMeekan, trust officer of the Manufacturers Trust Company and trustee of the Community Trust, stated: "A beginning is made. The Community Trust has commended itself to men in the front rank of the city's civic and commercial leaders. The work will be vigorously pushed forward, because we believe it to be what Colonel Leonard P. Ayres, the former Chief Statistician of the Army General Staff, has called it—the greatest single contribution of our generation to the art of wise giving."

The Community Trust, having a Committee on Distribution including representatives from the various trustee banks and trust companies and from the public, is organized to administer funds, in small or large amounts, for general or specific educational and philanthropic objects. The first community trust—the Cleveland Foundation—established nine years ago by the late F. H. Goff of Cleveland, with the Cleveland Trust Company as trustee, now has prospective funds in the form of wills amounting to many millions of dollars, to be used for civic purposes.

The Chairman of the Trustees' Committee of the New York Community Trust is Alvin W. Krech, Chairman of the board of the Equitable Trust Company. Ralph Hayes is its director.

BANKERS GET BURNS STOCKS

Syndicate Takes Over Holdings of Zimmermann & Forshay.

The stock holdings of the bankrupt brokerage firm of Zimmermann & Forshay in the Burns Brothers Coal Company have been taken over by a private syndicate of bankers, according to reports in the financial district yesterday. The amount of stock is understood to have approximated 5,000 shares. It was generally known in Wall Street that the firm had large holdings of Burns Brothers stock, and with this stock hanging over the market prices ruled weak for some time. The day of the failure of the firm the B stock broke more than 12 points and has moved within a range of 23½ to 37 since.

The original holdings of Zimmermann & Forshay, according to report, were much larger than 5,000 shares, but the holdings were liquidated gradually by the receiver. This steady liquidation caused the recent weakness, because it was known that the stock was being offered for sale.

Manila Electric Revenues.

Gross operating revenues of the Manila Electric Corporation for the month of June were $283,292, against $201,434 in the same month of last year, according to the report made public yesterday. The net income, after deducting $20,000 for replacement and renewals, was $79,920, against $88,037 a year ago, after deducting $5,000 for replacements and renewals.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Trading Again at Low Ebb.

The stock market started the new week in the same desultory fashion which was characteristic of the trading of the last few weeks. Total sales yesterday approximated 282,000 shares, the smallest of any day in the year, but it is still above the low record of 1922, which was a total of 223,000, on July 3. What little business was done yesterday was again mainly for the account of the professional trader or the floor operator. The public is taking virtually no interest in present market fluctuations. Commission houses are not deserted. There are the usual number of "hangers on," but they have adopted an attitude of "watchful waiting," pending developments which would indicate a change in the trend one way or another. Despite the news, which is by no means favorable, many traders take a cheerful view of present conditions within the market. The inactivity, with prices holding fairly firm, is looked upon as a favorable development, coming as it does after about three months of declining markets. This opinion, however, is not universal as there are many traders who have not changed their position on the short side of the market. Price changes yesterday were more or less irregular, with the trend slightly downward as shown by the averages. Railroads stocks in the averages dropped about ½ point, while the industrials were unchanged from Saturday's closing. Except in the so-called "pool stocks," net changes were fractional.

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Looking For a Clue.

In times like the present the rank and file in the financial district is looking elsewhere in the stock market for signs which might indicate a change from present conditions. This is to be expected. In the first quarter of the year when the market was booming and business was favorable, Wall Street did not have to look about for "weather signs." Traders merely followed the trend. Then one fine day, a "warning" was issued and the market soon began to sell off. This did not make much difference to the professionals, for the trend was established and they merely followed it. Today, however, things are different, because there is virtually no trend. The rallies of a day or two are soon offset by reactions and vice versa. Now, even the professionals are stumped. Consequently they are looking away from Wall Street for a clue as to the future trend of the market. Traders are giving more attention to developments outside of Wall Street, including the European political situation, the decline in wheat, the changes in cotton, which sold off yesterday after having held firm for some time, and the general business situation.

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Copper Company Bonds Firm.

Although buying in the bond market was again on a limited basis yesterday, there was noted a slightly better tone, and several classes of securities moved up a point or so. There was little in the performance, however, to show that a definite turning point had been reached, or that the much-heralded July re-investment buying had begun. Prices followed the general line of change in the stock market, and in those groups which were directly affected by the accumulation of week-end news there was noted a general adjustment in both stocks and bonds, a case in point having been the copper bonds. These bonds had been under some selling pressure for the last several weeks, but yesterday showed considerable firmness with Magma Copper convertible 7s moving up more than 3 points, Cerro de Pasco convertible 8s up 2½, and Chile Copper 8s up a point.

***

Selling to Europe.

To what extent the United States is dependent for prosperity on Europe is a question which has produced widely divergent answers, some persons contending that real prosperity cannot be had without European buying, and others holding that the United States is largely a self-contained and self-supplying nation which can go a long way toward industrial prosperity without regard to conditions in other countries. For that reason there was an additional interest in the statement yesterday of Frank A. Vanderlip. After referring to the wholesomeness of banking and business conditions generally Mr. Vanderlip said he firmly believed that "despite the small outlet to foreign countries of our enormous production, the United States can within itself continue a prosperous nation. The recent improvement in industrial conditions bespeaks this fact."

***

"Just Ahead of Consumption."

Evidence is presented from many quarters that the indecision and hesitation which has characterized domestic buying for two or three months has spread to those who deal internationally. In many lines in which shipments of this sort of goods or that, from abroad, must be depended upon to keep factories in operation, the buying has been reduced to the "hand-to-mouth" scale. Some of the warehouses at the Port of New York which handle incoming goods only are reported in railroad circles to be only one-third to one-half full at the present time. Quite evidently, this condition of affairs does not accurately jibe with import figures, which have shown large gains in the last two or three months. The answer probably is to be found in the fact that the incoming goods have gone almost instantly into production.

***

Small Shippers and Consolidations.

Another weight against the plan for forced consolidation of the railroads has been thrown unexpectedly into the balance during the last few days, according to railroad officials. The majority of the railroads are against any plan that will force their hand in the problem of consolidation, and in casting about for support they rather unexpectedly encountered the fact that the small shippers, in particular those on the branch lines, are opposed to forced consolidations. Under the present system of operation, railroad men say, the small shipper is more or less familiar with the railroad with which he is dealing, and often he knows at least some of the minor officials of the railroad, but he fears that in case of forced consolidation on a large scale his town and his business might be utterly neglected by the men in charge of the larger groups. This sentiment, in the opinion of some railroad men, is strong enough to make itself manifest in the next session of Congress.

***

Hydroelectric Development.

High wages are generally regarded as a displeasing sign in most industries, but probably no one development has proved a greater boon to the hydroelectric industry than the fact that wages have been going up. The natural result of higher wages, so an economist of one of the largest Wall Street banks pointed out, is to cause consideration by industrial leaders of labor-saving appliances. This in turn brings the question of electrical machinery to the front as a substitute for manual labor and thus is creating a demand for such machinery. In preparation for the growing demand for electricity—a demand which is heightened because of high coal prices—the electric companies will expend this year approximately $135,000,000 for transmission lines alone.

Strongly Entrenched Securities

We have prepared for distribution a list of securities, which, in our opinion, are not materially affected by changes in the tariff laws, strikes, shrinking inventories, lack of working capital or periods of business depression, thereby placing them in an almost invulnerable position.

Request List T-26

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MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

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Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

City of
Kansas City, Mo.

Waterworks 4½s

Due July, 1942

Price to yield 4.30%

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Shrewd Investors—
Are taking advantage of the present market price of Preferred stocks having large asset values and a safe margin of dividend earnings.

Cities Service Co.
Preferred Stock

has an asset value equal to about four times its present market price, and dividend requirements are being earned over 2½ times.

About $1,350 invested in Cities Service Preferred stock will yield dividends of $10 per month.

This stock may be purchased on a partial payment plan.

Send for Circular P-10

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TELEPHONE HANOVER 0700

WE OFFER

Youngstown Sheet & Tube
20-Year Deb. 6s
1933

Price to yield
6.05%

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TOBEY & KIRK
Established 1879
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St. New York
208 So. La Salle St. Chicago

$500,000
City of
St. Paul, Minn.
4% & 4½% Coupon Bonds
Due June 1, 1943
Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and elsewhere.

PRICES:
4% Bonds
98 and int. to yield 4.15%
4½% Bonds
103½ and int. to yield 4.25%

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. New York
Correspondents R. L. Day & Co., Boston

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

MONDAY, JULY 16, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Saturday.	Friday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1922	1921.	1920.	1919.
282,090	146,700	375,466	490,410	828,300	137,086,105	145,077,353	98,181,254	131,140,594⅛	163,415,521

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
14⅛	6½	1,300	Ajax Rubber	7⅛	7	6½	6⅝	— ⅛	6⅝	6¾
1⅛	1	1,100	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛	1	1⅛
66	62¾	500	Allied Chem. & Dye (6)	67	67	66½	66½	— ½	66½	67
112	106½	1,400	Allied Chem. & D. pf. (7)	107⅛	107⅛	106⅛	106⅛	— ⅛	106½	106¾
36⅞	10⅞	100	Am. Agricult. Chemical	11	11	11	11	— ⅛	11	11⅛
69⅞	29⅛	100	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	36⅝	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛	36	36½
91⅞	77	200	Am. Bank Note (5)	78	78	78	78	+ ⅛	77½	81
49⅛	30	200	Am. Beet Sugar	31⅝	31⅞	31¾	31⅞	+ ⅛	31½	32½
32¾	22¾	1,400	Am. Bosch Magneto	31⅝	32⅝	31⅝	32½	+ ⅝	32½	33
106	73½	9,800	Am. Can (5)	89⅝	91⅝	87¾	89⅝	— ⅛	89⅝	89¾
180	145⅞	1,200	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	152¾	153⅞	151½	153⅞	+ 1	153	153½
25⅛	20⅜	200	Am. Chain, Class A (50c)	21⅛	21⅞	21⅛	21⅝	— ⅛	21⅝	21¾
12	8¾	900	Am. Chicle	11⅝	12⅝	11⅞	12⅝	+ ⅝	12⅝	12⅞
30⅜	8¾	100	Am. Cotton Oil	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞		4	4¼
14⅜	6¾	100	Am. Hide & Leather	7	7	7	7		7	7⅞
74⅝	35⅞	100	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	36	38	36	38	+ 2⅛	37	39
111⅞	88½	100	Am. Ice (7)	91	91	91	91		90½	92½
33⅛	17⅞	700	Am. International	19⅛	19⅝	18¾	19⅛	— ⅛	19	19¼
18	10⅞	100	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛	10	11
70⅞	44⅞	3,200	Am. Locomotive	66¼	67⅝	66	67⅝	— ⅛	67	67¼
80⅝	76	100	Am. Radiator (4)	80	80	80	80	— 1	80	82
106⅞	97	100	Am. Rolling Mill pf. (7)	97	97	97	97	— ½	96	97
9⅞	4⅞	100	Am. Safety Razor (25c)	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝		5⅝	5⅞
21⅜	10½	100	Am. Ship & Commerce	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛	11⅝	11⅞
66½	53	2,000	Am. Smelting & Ref. (5)	56	56	54½	55½	— ½	55	55⅜
40⅝	21⅝	1,500	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	33⅜	34¼	33⅜	34	+ ⅝	34	34⅛
85	80¾	200	Am. Sugar Refining	82½	82½	82½	82½		82½	82¾
125⅛	119½	900	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	122⅝	123⅝	122⅝	123⅝	+ ⅝	123⅝	123¾
161½	140⅞	300	Am. Tobacco (12)	144¾	144¾	144	144	— ¾	144	144½
106⅞	101	100	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	103	103	103	103	— 1	103½	103¾
44⅝	27⅜	400	Am. Water Works & Elec.	36	37⅛	36	37		36	38
93	85½	100	Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf. (7)	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+ 2½	90	90¾
93	45½	500	Am. W. W. & E. pfc. pf.(4)	58	59	58	59	+ 1½	59	59½
106⅞	80½	500	Am. Woolen (7)	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾		94	94½
111⅞	98⅜	200	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	101⅛	101⅞	101⅛	101⅞		101	102
58⅞	38	2,800	Anaconda Copper (5)	40	40⅝	39¾	40⅛	+ ⅛	40⅛	40⅜
105⅜	97	700	A., T. & S. F. (6)	99⅜	99⅜	98	99	— 1	98⅞	99⅛
92⅞	86⅞	100	A., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	+ 1	87½	88
127	110	100	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾		113	113½
24	9¼	100	Atlantic Gulf & W. In.	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛	10⅝	10⅞
27	6⅝	600	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	14	14	9¼	9¼		9	9½
109	104	100	Atlantic Refining (4)	107	107	107	107	+ 2	107	110
20⅛	10⅜	200	Atlas Tack	11	11	11	11		10½	11
32⅜	17	100	Austin Nichols	18	18	18	18		17½	18¼
144⅜	114½	7,100	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	118	118⅝	117⅛	118⅜	+ ⅜	118⅛	118⅝
142	110	200	Baldwin Locomotive pf.(7)	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ¾	112	113¾
56⅝	40⅛	2,200	Baltimore & Ohio	44⅝	44⅞	44⅛	44⅝		44⅝	44¾
35	10	200	Barnsdall A	12	12	12	12		12	12⅝
1	⅛	400	Batopilas Mining	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛		⅛	⅜
84⅝	61	500	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	63⅜	63⅜	63	63	— ⅜	62	63
93	41⅜	4,800	Bethlehem Steel (8)	46	46	44½	46		45⅝	46
98	98	100	Blumenthal (S.) pf. (7)	98	98	98	98		98	
26⅛	18	100	British Emp. Steel 2d pf.	18	18	18	18		17	19⅝
121½	104⅛	100	Brkln. Edison Elec. (8)	106	106	106	106	+ ½	107½	108¼
16¾	1	1,400	Brkln. Rapid Transit	1	1	1	1		⅞	1
144⅜	116⅞	700	Burns Bros. (10)	120	121	119	121	+ 1	121	121½
43	23⅝	1,200	Burns Brothers B (2)	26	27⅛	26	26⅝		26	27
96⅛	90	100	Bush Term. Bldg. pf. (7)	90	90	90	90		90	93
98	98	100	Butte Copper & Zinc (30)	8	8	8	8		8	8½
87⅜	42⅜	100	Butte & Superior (2)	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜		19⅝	20⅜
8	2	100	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	3	3	3	3		2½	3
28⅜	18⅜	2,900	Cal. Petroleum (1⅝)	22⅜	22⅞	21⅞	22⅜	+ ⅜	22⅜	22⅝
110⅞	94⅛	100	California Pet. pf. (7)	99	100	99	100	+ ½	99½	101
12⅜	5	800	Callahan Zinc Lead	6	6	6	6		6	6¼
66	34	100	Calumet & Arizona (4)	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜		46	49
160	140⅝	3,500	Canadian Pacific (10)	144	147⅜	143	147⅜	+ 3	147⅜	148
78⅜	60⅜	500	Central Leather Co. pf.	52¾	53¾	52¾	53¼	+ ⅝	53	53½
50⅞	37⅞	2,300	Cerro de Pasco Copper	40	40	39	39⅝	— ⅜	39½	40
70	46½	200	Chandler Motor (6)	49⅝	49⅞	49⅝	49⅞	+ ⅜	50	51
3⅜	2	100	Chicago & Alton	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	2⅞
5	5	900	Chicago Great Western	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛		4	4¼
20⅜	17⅜	300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	18⅛	19⅛	18⅛	19	+ ⅝	18⅞	19
45⅞	29⅜	700	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	31⅞	32⅞	31⅝	31⅝	— 1	31⅝	32
88	69	200	Chicago & N. W. (5)	70	70	70	70		70	71
37⅜	22	900	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	23⅝	24	23⅝	23⅝		23⅞	24¼
30⅜	24⅛	1,300	Chile Copper (2½)	25⅛	25⅞	25⅛	25⅝	+ ⅛	25⅝	25¾
31⅞	17	100	Chino Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝		18	19
85⅜	72⅜	200	Coca-Cola (7)	75	75	75	75		74	77½
45⅛	27⅞	100	Colo. & Southern (3)	28	28	28	28		27½	28½
37⅜	30¼	300	Columbia Gas & E. (2.60)	32¾	32⅞	32¼	32⅜	+ ⅛	32¼	32⅝
2⅜	¾	200	Columbia Graphophone	1	1	1	1		⅞	1
49⅞	45	100	Columbian Carbon (4)	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	+ ⅛	47⅛	48
84⅜	56⅝	200	Comp.-Tab.-Recording (6)	73	73	72⅝	73	+ ⅛	72⅝	73
18	13	100	Consolidated Cigar	13	13	13	13		13	13½
60⅜	56⅜	1,000	Consolidated Gas (5)	59½	60	59¼	59⅝	— ⅛	59⅝	59¾
14⅜	7	700	Consolidated Textile	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜		7⅜	7½
47⅝	42⅞	3,400	Continental Can (4)	45⅝	45⅞	45	45⅝	+ ⅝	45⅝	45¾
7⅜	4⅜	100	Continental Motors	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞		4⅞	5
120	114⅜	400	Corn Prod. Refining (7⅓)	120	120	119½	119½	— ½	119½	119¾
39⅝	27⅝	4,600	Coseden & Co.	29¾	30¼	29¾	30		29½	30
41⅜	21⅜	200	Crucible Steel (5)	33	33	33	33		32	33
47⅜	37⅛	500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	41¾	42⅜	41⅝	42⅜	+ ⅝	42	42½
29⅜	24⅜	4,100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	26⅝	27⅛	26⅝	27		27	27¾
3⅜	3	500	Cuban Dom. Sugar	3	3	3	3		3	3⅛
69⅞	61⅛	1,200	Cuyamel Fruit	67	69	67	69	+ 2	68	69
129⅝	84⅜	200	Delaware & Hudson (9)	120	120	120	120		119	120
110⅞	97⅜	400	Del., Lack. & West. (8)	111¾	112¾	111¾	112¾	— ¼	112

New Issue

McCRORY STORES CORPORATION

(NEW YORK)

Operating a Chain of 162 Five-and-Ten-Cent Stores.

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock

(Par Value $100)

Price $100 Per Share

(and accrued dividend)

YIELDING 7%

Descriptive circular on request.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

115 Broadway, New York

Phone Rector 7671

Third Ave. System

Union Railway of New York

1st 5s, Due 1942

Union Railway operates practically the entire surface car lines of the Bronx—New York's most rapidly growing Borough.

Bonds are secured by closed first mortgage on all properties, which were valued by Transit Commission at over 300% of the issue.

Interest has been paid regularly and without interruption for 31 years and is being earned nearly 7 times over at the present time.

Price 74 and Interest To Yield 7.60%

Description on Request

Wm Carnegie Ewen

Investment Securities

2 Wall Street New York

Telephone Rector 3273-4

Odd Lots

By purchasing a diversified list of well seasoned securities you improve your investment position and increase the margin of safety.

We give the same courteous and painstaking attention to "Odd Lots" as to "Full Lots."

Send for our Booklet

"Odd Lot Trading"

Please mention T-206

100 Share Lots

Curb Securities Bought or Sold For Cash

John Muir & Co

Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange / N.Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange }

61 Broadway New York

Bonds of strong power and light properties combine good security and liberal yield.

CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT CO.

First & Ref. 6s, due 1953

at 97½, to yield 6.15%

Interest charges are earned more than two and one-half times. The Company is under Electric Bond and Share management.

Moody's rating "Aa"

Circular on request

L. F. Rothschild & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway New York

State and Municipal Bonds

Exempt from all Federal Income Tax

		To yield
West Virginia 5s	1941	4.40%
California 4½s	1935	4.40
Baltimore, Md., 5s	1936-7	4.25
St. Paul, Minn., 4½s	1946	4.25
Detroit, Mich., 4s	1944	4.35
" " 5s	1946	4.45
Akron, Ohio 4½s	1946-52	4.40
" " 4½s	1936-39	4.45
" " 4½s	1929-34	4.50
" " 4½s	1928-33	4.60
Norfolk, Va., 5s	1952	4.70

Complete circular on request.

GRAHAM, PARSONS & Co.

PHILADELPHIA 435 Chestnut St. NEW YORK 30 Pine St.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 16, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's sales:					
United States Government bonds..	$1,912,750	$4,033,200	$4,995,200	$5,673,300	$9,747,000
Other domestic bonds.....	2,911,500	5,472,500	2,385,500	1,740,000	1,894,500
Foreign bonds	1,010,000	1,828,500	687,000	1,039,500	1,072,500
Total all bonds.....	$5,834,250	$11,334,200	$8,017,700	$8,452,800	$12,714,000
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds..	$471,862,810	$1,056,514,955	$1,035,366,450	$1,664,685,100	$1,290,097,300
Other domestic bonds.....	916,518,100	1,078,375,700	457,684,200	314,922,500	306,194,489
Foreign bonds	277,776,400	360,188,800	166,933,200	165,317,300	179,670,500
Total all bonds.....	$1,666,157,310	$2,495,079,455	$1,659,033,850	$2,144,925,400	$1,775,962,289

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue—High.	Date.	Low	Date.	Range, 1922—High.	Low.	Sales	Issue	Open	High.	Low.	Last	Net Ch'ge.	Closing—Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
100.1	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	June 2,'21	101.30	100.11	66	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47...	100.12	100.13	100.12	100.13	+.1	100.13	100.14	3.46
102.25	Oct. 19,'22	98.4	July 11,'21	101.23	100.10	2	Liberty 3½s, registered	100.11	100.11	100.11	100.11	+.1			
101.25	July 25,'22	93.06	May 16,'20	98.30	97.5		Lib. 1st cv. 4s, '32-47						98.15	98.24	4.10
101.10	July 24,'22	93.22	May 10,'20	98.13	97.5		Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.						98.9	98.13	4.12
100.25	July 28,'22	91.12	May 20,'20	98.12	96.12	26	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42...	98.15	98.15	98.10	98.11	+.3			
100.18	July 14,'23	91.18	May 21,'20	98.10	96.18		Liberty 2d 4s, reg.						97.10	98.10	
102.00	July 18,'23	100.00	June 5,'20	100.00	97.5		Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4½s, '32-47						98.11	98.14	4.36
101.15	July 13,'23	94.00	May 21,'20	99.6	96.22	44	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-47	98.15	98.15	98.12	98.13	—.1			
101.14	July 24,'23	94.00	July 30,'20	98.26	96.20	4	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, reg...	98.7	98.7	98.6	98.6	—.1	98.14	98.18	4.36
101.00	July 24,'23	91.12	May 20,'20	98.24	336½	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, '27-42..	98.12	98.15	98.11	98.11	—.3				
100.25	July 25,'22	93.16	Dec. 22,'20	98.28	96.21	5	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, reg....	98.10	98.10	98.10	98.10				
101.00	July 20,'23	93.30	Dec. 20,'20	99.8	97.25	392½	Liberty 2d 4½s, 1927...	98.30	98.30	98.27	98.29	—.3	98.27	98.29	4.50
100.27	July 25,'22	92.12	May 19,'20	99.1	97.17	7	Liberty 3d 4½s, reg....	98.28	98.28	98.26	98.26	—.2			
101.27	July 27,'23	92.00	May 20,'20	99.6	96.27	368%	Liberty 4th 4¼s, '32-38..	98.15	98.15	98.10	98.13	—.1	98.11	98.13	4.40
101.00	July 20,'23	92.15	May 20,'20	99.00	96.28	10	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg....	98.3	98.3	98.1	98.1	+.1			
100.1	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	100.1	98.1	157	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52...	99.30	99.30	99.28	99.29		99.27	99.28	4.36
100.00	Feb. 14,'23	98.30	Apr. 25,'22	100.00	98.30		Treasury 4¼s, reg.								

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine Rep 7s, 1927															
1.....101¾	1.....100¼	3.....100¾	1.....99¾	10.....94	5.....92¾	1.....95¾	1.....94½	2.....98¾	2.....91	3.....90¾	1.....99	1.....99			
4.....102¾	3.....100½	Czechoslovak	19.....96	5.....92¾	1.....96¼	5.....94	7½s, 1945	5.....34	Oriental Dev	1.....90¾	Swiss Confed				
6.....102	City of Bord'x	8s, 1951	1.....96¼	5.....93¾	2.....100¼	10.....100¾	5.....34	Corp 1st cfts	2.....91	Rep Cuba s f	5.....116				
3.....102¼	6s, 1934	1951	1.....96	8.....93¾	2.....100¼	12.....99¾	Oriental Dev	6½s, 1933	10.....91	6½s, 1933	10.....116				
2.....102¾	2.....79	2.....92¾	1.....96¼	7.....93¾	1.....100¼	10.....100¾	Corp 1st cfts	2.....91½	10.....91	Rep Cuba s f	21477.....116				
Aust Gov gtd	1.....79¼	5.....93¾		1.....93¾	13.....100¾	2.....91½	10.....91	2.....115¼							
s f 7s, 1943,	1.....75¾	4.....93¾	1477.....93¾	5.....93¾	8s, 1941	5.....91¾	Paris-Lyons	1.....90¾	Un King of G						
1st rets	City of Copen-	2.....93¾	2477.....93¾	10.....93¾	2.....100¾	1.....91¾	Paris-Lyons	Rep Haiti s f	B & I 5½s,						
1.....91¼	hagen 5½s,	1.....93¾	1.....93¾	6.....93¾	1.....100¾	1968	6s, Ser A, 1952	1929							
3.....91¼	1944	1.....92¼	1.....96	Jap Gov 4½s,	1.....100¾	2.....83	15.....112¾								
2477.....91	2.....90¾	1.....92¼	2477.....96	1925, s f	King Denmark	15.....73	2.....83	12.....112¾							
10.....91¼	Cy of Greater	Dan Mun s f	10s10f.....96	1.....93	8s, 1945	5.....72¾	3.....92½	14.....112¾							
3.....91¼	Prague 7½s,	8s, 1946, Ser.	13s4f.....96	3477.....93	3.....108¼	4s'11.....108¾	1.....72¾	2.....112¾							
3s10f.....91	1952	B	1.....93	5.....93	4s'11.....108¾	Rep Panama	8s, 1953								
12.....91¼	1.....75¼	5(3).....107¼	10s10f.....93	1.....93¼	1s'11.....108¾	Rep Bolivia	ext sec & f	8½s, 1927							
6.....91¼	City of Lyons	Dept of the	2.....93¾	10.....93¾	6s, 1942	5½s, 1938,	5½s, 1938,	1.....102							
3.....91¾	6s, 1934	Seine 6½s,	1.....95¾	2.....93¾	1.....98¼	1.....97¾	trust rcts	U S of Brazil							
2.....91¾	4.....73¾	1942	6.....96	30.....93¾	2.....97	4.....97¼	1.....97½	8s, 1941							
2.....91¾	9.....73	1.....85¾	1.....96¼	2.....93¾	3.....95¼	8.....97	Rep Uruguay	1.....96¾							
4.....91¾	1s6f.....73¾	1.....85¾	2.....96¼	1.....93¾	2.....95¾	Rep of Chile	s f 8s, 1946	2.....96¾							
11.....91¼	City of Mar-	2.....85¾	s f 5½s, 1953,	7.....93¾	2.....96¾	s f 8s, 1941	3.....103¼	2.....96¼							
6.....91¼	seilles 6s,	Dom of Can	1 yr rcts	2d ser 1925	2.....96¾	20.....100	St Queensland	1.....96¼							
6.....91¼	1934	5s, 1926	6.....85¾	7.....92¾	King Nethlds	20.....102	6s, 1947	Can Ry of B							
2.....91¼	5.....73¾	5½s, 1929	1.....97¼	7.....92¾	s f 6s, 1972	1s10f.....102	5.....100¾	Elec 7s, 1962							
5.....91¼	City of Rio de	1.....101¼	French Gov 5s,	31.....92¾	13.....101	10.....102	3.....101	2.....82¾							
81.....91¼	Janeiro s f	1.....101¾	1945	1.....92¼	s f 5s, 1972,	10(3).....101¼	5.....101	3.....82¾							
3.....91¼	8s, 1946	1.....101¾	1.....97	5.....92¾	int cfts	11.....102	s f 7s, 1941	2.....83							
10.....91¼	10.....93	tem 5s, 1953	1.....97	Jap Govt 4s,	9.....97	5.....102¼	2.....104¾	1.....83							
6.....91	s f 8s, 1947	10.....90	3.....96¾	1931, ster in	King of the	5.....102¼	9.....104¼	U S of Mex							
5.....91¼	5.....92	5.....90¼	1.....96¾	2.....80¼	Serbs, Croats	s f 7s, 1942	1s6f.....106	5s, 1945							
1.....91¼	City of Saissons	5s, 1931	1.....97	5.....80¾	& Slovenes	5.....95	St of Rio Grd	2.....54							
City of Berne	6s, 1926	1.....100¾	1.....93¾	Jurgens (Ant)	8s, 1962	1.....94¾	do Sul 8s,	7.....53¾							
8s, 1945	4.....81½	Dutch E Ind	1.....97	U M Wks 6s,	1.....93¼	1.....95	1949	5.....54							
1.....100	3.....82	8s, 1947	1.....96¾	1947, int rcts	1.....93¼	1.....95¾	2.....94¼	1954							
2.....100¾	City of Zurich	7.....68	1.....96¾	8.....77	5.....69	1.....102	2.....95¾	1.....82½							

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y State 4½s, 1964															
1.....111½	1.....95	Gen 5s, 1987	1st con 4s,	Julius Kayser	Pere Marq 1st	pur g 6s, Ser	Nort Sou 1st	s f 7s, 1931							
4½s, 1964	2.....97¾	5.....101¾	1996	s f 7s, 1942	5s, 1956	B, 1926	5s, A, 1961	1.....104¾							
30.....100¾	1st & ref 5s,	s f 6s, 1929	17.....97¾	3.....105	1.....94½	2.....98¾	1.....64	Toledo Edison							
Nov, 1937	1943	97	1st gu 4s,	Kelly Spr Tire	1.....95	2477.....99¼	Nort & Westn	1st 7s, 1941							
1.....104¾	1.....93¾	7s, 1930	1948	s f 8s, 1931	1.....94½	2.....99¾	con 4s, 1935	1.....106¾							
		3.....107	9.....48¾	1.....107	Phila Co Isc &	2.....99¾	50	5.....106¾							
Am Ag Chem	Brkyn Ed gen	1.....108¾	1.....48¾	Lack Steel 5s,	ref 6s, Ser	Sinclair Pipe	cv 4½s, 1935	To St L & Wn							
conv 5s, 1928	5s, Ser A	1.....106¾	3.....47¾	1950	A, 1944	Line s f 5s,	Nor Am Edison	4s, 1950							
10.....95½	1.....96¾	Chi Rys 6s,	conv 4s, Ser	3.....83¼	2.....100¼	1942, int cfts	Co s f 6s, A,	1.....69							
7½s, 1941	gen 7s, 1930,	1927	A, 1933	L E & W 1st	10.....100¾	6.....85¾	1932	1.....69¾							
1.....97¾	Ser C	1.....73	5.....85¼	5s, 1937	Philippine Ry	5.....85¾	1.....93¾	Tol Trac L &							
1.....97¾	1.....107¾	2.....73¼	7.....49	L S & M So	4s, 1937	5.....85¾	1.....92¼	P 6s, 1925							
11.....97¼	gen 7s, Ser	3.....73	2.....49	4s, 1931	P, C, C & St L	3.....85½	1.....92¼	1.....96¾							
1.....97½	D, 1940	Chi, R I & P	conv 4s, Ser	5.....91¾	gtd 4½s, 1963	So Porto Rico	Nor Pac 3s,	Union Bag & P							
24tf.....97	1.....108¾	Ry ref 4s,	D, 1953	Leh Val col tr	Series I	Sugar col s f	2047	1st 6s, Ser							
3s7f.....97	2.....108	1934	1.....108	6s, 1928	1.....92½	7s, 1941	60	A, 1942							
1.....97¼	B R T 7s, 1921	3.....76	1.....91¾	Leh Val col tr	Pitland Ry, Lt	1.....89¼	4s, 1997	1.....96¼							
4.....97¾	ctfs of dep	Chi Un Sta	Fisk Rubber	6s, 1928	& Pwr 7½s,	2.....89¼	1.....83¾	Union El L &							
3 c.....97¾	10.....85¾	4½s, Ser A,	s f 8s, 1941	1.....102¾	Ser A, 1946	Southern Pac	6.....83¾	P 5s, 1932							
1.....97¼	stpd	1963	1.....106¼	Leh Vy of N	1.....105	col 4s, 1949	1.....83¾	F.....91¾							
1.....97¾	1.....80	1st 5s, Ser	Francisco Sug	gtd 4½s,	1.....104¾	5.....80¾	ref & imp 5s,	Union Oil of							
Am Chain tem	10.....80¾	B, 1963	1st s f 7½s,	1940	1st cv 5s,	4.....80¾	C, 2047	Cal S F 5s,							
s f 6s, 1933	10.....81	5.....97	1942, 1st cfts	1.....93¼	1942	cv 4s, 1929	1.....94	1931							
2.....93¼	Bklyn Un Gas	6¼s, 1949	1.....100½	Liggett &	1.....83½	1.....91¾	5.....94¼	1.....93							
Am Republics	conv 7s, 1932	1.....114½	Gen Elec deb	Myers 5s,	2.....83¼	1st ref 4s,	5s, D, 2047	Un Pac 1st 4s,							
deb 6s, 1937	1.....108	Chi & Wn Ind	5s, 1952	1951	Porto Rican-	1935	5.....94¼	1947							
1.....97¾	Buff, R & P	con 4s,	1.....100½	3½s, 1942	Am Tob 5s,	50	ref & imp 6s	11.....91¼							
Am Sm & Ref	con 4½s, 1957	1.....73¼	3½s, 1942	1931	Nasm Chat &	2047	2.....91¾								
1st 5s, 1947	38	Chile Copper	Geodrich B F	1.....103¾	St L 1st con	2.....107¾	1.....91¾								
10.....89¾	Bush Ter Bldg	col tr 6s, 1932	6½s, 1947	Pr Steel Car	5s, 1928	1.....107¾	ref & imp 6s								
1.....89¾	gtd 5s, 1960	2.....93¾	1.....89¾	cv g 5s, 1933	5.....99¼	2.....107¾	2047								
5.....89¾	1.....89	3.....93¾	2.....89¾	2.....98¼	Nat Tube 5s,	1.....107¾	2.....107¾								
15.....89¾	Cal G & E 5s,	129.....93¾	3.....89¾	Pub Serv Corp	1955	Nor Pacific	1.....107¾								
temp 6s, 1941	1937	Goodyr T & R	Grd Trunk Ry	s f 5s, 1959	97¾	1st & ref 6s,	Northwestern								
11.....101¼	1.....95	s f 8s, 1941	7s, 1940	1.....83½	52¾	1961	Bell Tel 7s,								
1.....101¾	Camaguey Sug	1.....101¾	Grd Trunk Ry	4.....83¾	1.....90	1941	1.....107¾								
1.....101¾	1st s f 7s,	s f 8s, 1941	7s, 1942	1.....84	New Eng Tel	1.....90	2.....107¾								
2.....101¾	1942	1.....115¾	2.....112	2.....84¼	& Tel 1st 5s,	1st & ref 6s,	2.....107¾								
Am Sur Ref	5.....97¼	1.....115¾	Grd Trunk Ry	Punta Alegre	1933	1941	1.....107¾								
temp 6s, 1937	Can Gen Elec	5.....101¼	s f deb 6s,	Sug s f 7s,	2.....97¾	1.....90¾	Ohio Pub Serv								
4.....102¼	deb 5s, 1942,	Cleve Un Ter	1936	1937	1.....97¾	New O, Tex &	ref 7s, Sr B								
2.....102	Ser A, tr rct	temp 5½s,	1.....108¾	3.....107¼	2.....97	Mex Rlo 5s,	1947								
11.....102¼	1.....101¾	Ser A, 1972	Gt Falls Pow	2.....106¾	Rap Tran Sec	1925	1.....100								
Am Tel & Tel	Can Nor 6½s,	5.....102¾	s f 5s, 1940	4.....109	s f 6s, Ser A	1.....76¼	Ore Short Line								
col 4s, 1929	1946	s f 5s, Ser B,	Gt Nor gen	Rap Tran Sec	1968, w i	15.....73	4½s, 1929								
20.....95	1.....112¾	1973, w i	6s, 1952	s f 6s, Ser A	43.....67¾	6s, A, 1923	1.....96¾								
1.....92¼	2.....112¾	20.....95	4.....99¾	1968, w i	1.....67¾	A.....100¼	Ore R & Nav								
1.....92	3.....112¾	Col Fuel & I	gen 7s, 1968	43.....67¾	1.....67¾	NY Air Brake	1st 6s, 1927								
1.....92¼	7s, 1940	gen 5s, 1943	4.....99¾	1.....67¾	10.....67¼	1st 6s, 1928	102								
1.....92¼	1.....113¾	90	Gt Nor gen	1.....67¾	22.....67¼	N Y Cent deb	2.....104¾								
1.....92¼	Can Pac deb	Can Gas & El	4½s, 1962	1.....67¾	1.....67¼	6s, 1935	10.....104¾								
col tr 5s, 1946	4s	1st 5s, 1927	4.....99¾	1.....67¾	Reading gen	3.....104¾	Ore Short Line								
7.....97¾	4.....73¾	1.....96¼	gen 7s, 1968	1.....67¾	4s, 1997	rcf & imp 6s,	1st 5s, 1959								
3.....96¾	16.....73¾	stamped	1.....108	1.....67¾	25.....84	2013	1.....95¾								
2.....96¾	9.....73¾	1.....96¼	1.....107¾	1.....67¾	Remgtn Arms	1.....80¾	1.....95¾								
conv 6s, 1925	1.....73¾	Col & So 1st	1.....106¾	1.....67¾	1st 6s, Ser A	1.....81	1.....95¾								
1.....96¾	1s6f.....73¾	4s, 1959	1.....107¾	1.....67¾	1937, 1st cfts	5.....80¾	1.....95¾								
1.....97¼	City of Mar-	3.....61¾	1.....107¾	1.....67¾	6.....80¾	gen 4½s, 1955	1.....95¾								
1.....97¼	seilles 6s,	stamped	Hershey Choc	1.....67¾	Rio Grd West	con 4s, Sr A	1.....95¾								
P L & R W V	1934	1.....96¼	olate s f 6s,	1.....67¾	1st 4s, 1940	2013	1.....95¾								
4s, 1941	5.....73¾	Col & So 1st	1940	1.....67¾	6.....80½	1.....80¾	1.....95¾								
1.....74	1s6f.....73¾	4s, 1959	3.....96¾	1.....67¾	Robbins & My	5.....80¾	1.....95¾								
Southn Ry	City of Saissons	3.....61¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	s f 7s, 1942	gen 4½s, 1955	1.....95¾								
4½s, 1953	6s, 1934	stamped	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	3.....74½	1.....74½	1.....95¾								
1.....75	4.....73¾	Col & So 1st	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	M C col 5½s,	1.....72¾	1.....95¾								
Tex-Chi str	16.....73¾	4s, 1959	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1950	N Y C & St L	1.....95¾								
4s, 1935	9.....73¾	3.....61¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....72¾	4s, 1931	1.....95¾								
1.....93¾	1.....73¾	stamped	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	St L, I M & S	1.....100¼	1.....95¾								
Bell Tel of Pa	Car Clinch &	Col, H & T 1st	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	gen 5s, 1931	5.....100¼	1.....95¾								
1st & ref 6s,	O'r 5s, Ser	4s, 1953	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	6.....85	N Y Conn RR	1.....95¾								
1949	A, 1952	3.....61¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	Riv & G 4s,	gtd 4½s, 1953	1.....95¾								
1.....97¾	5.....96¼	stamped	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1933	1.....76¼	1.....95¾								
2.....97¾	8.....96¼	Col, M & St P	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....76¼	N Y Dock Co	1.....95¾								
Beth Steel coll	con 4½s, Ser	gen 4s, Ser	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	St L & San F	4s, 1951	1.....95¾								
5s, 1929	A, 1960	A, 1989	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	prior lien 4s,	N Y Edison	1.....95¾								
1.....95¾	1.....78¾	1.....73¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	Ser A, 1950	1st & r 6½s,	1.....95¾								
gen conv 5s,	con 4½s, 1939	ref 6s, 1955	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....67¾	1941	1.....95¾								
1950	1.....78¾	1.....73¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	prior lien 5s,	1.....109¼	1.....95¾								
1.....85¼	2.....78¾	Del & Hudson	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	Ser B, 1950	N Y G E L	1.....95¾								
s f 6½s, 1950	5.....78¾	temp 6½s, 1937	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....81	H & P col tr	1.....95¾								
B, 1926, temp	1.....79	98	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	2.....80¾	5s, 1948	6.....95¾								
1.....85¼	conv 4½s,	1st ref 4s,	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	Ser C, 1926	6.....95¾	South Ry 1st								
Armour & Co	1939	1943	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	2.....99¾	NY, N H & H	5s, 1994								
4½s, 1939	1.....80¾	32.....85	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....80¾	7s, 1922	20.....93¾								
A, Top & S F	2.....80¾	Dan Gas & El	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1st mtg 5½s,	1.....85¾	1.....93¾								
gen 4s, 1995	5.....80¾	1st & ref 5s,	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	Ser D, 1942	2.....85¾	gen 6s, 1968								
1.....88	10.....80¾	1951	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....80¾	3.....85¾	12.....100¾								
adj 4s, 1995,	1.....81	5.....85¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	adj 6s, 1945	10.....85¾	1.....100¾								
stamped	Brklyn Rap Tran	Den & Rio G	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....73¾	10.....85¾	South Ry 1st								
11.....80¾	6s, Ser A	1st & ref 5s,	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	2.....73¾	10.....85¾	5s, 1994								
Cal-Ariz 1st &	1.....96¾	1955	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....73¾	10.....85¾	20.....93¾								
ref 4½s, 1962	gen 7s, 1930,	1.....74¼	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	5.....73¾	10.....85¾	1.....93¾								
1.....88	Ser C	2.....74¼	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	inc 6s, 1960	10.....85¾	2d 5s, 1929								
All Coast L	1.....107¾	5.....74¼	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	9.....67¾	7.....85¾	1.....94¾								
L & N col	gen 7s, Ser	Den & Rio G	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	finances	Warner Sugar								
4s, 1952	D, 1940	1st & ref 5s,	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	5.....85¾	1st s f 7s,								
1.....81¾	1.....108¾	1955	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	conv deb 6s,	1941								
All & Dan	2.....108¾	5.....74¼	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	1948	1.....102¾								
2d 4s, 1948	B R T 7s, 1921	1st & ref 5s,	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	5.....84¾	5.....103								
1.....95	ctfs of dep	1955	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	St L & W 1st	deb 4s, 1957	Westchester								
All Fruit 7s,	10.....85¾	5.....47¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4s, 1989	5.....84¾	Lighting Co								
1924	stpd	Det Edison	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....76	1.....84¾	5s, 1950								
5.....91	1.....80	1st & ref	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1st gen 5s,	1.....84¾	Wm Marriam								
All Rap Trans	10.....80¾	6s, 1940	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	1.....76	1.....84¾	4s, 1954								
con 5s, 1937	10.....81	1.....110¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	inc 4s, 1990	1.....84¾	1.....94¾								
15.....85¾	Bklyn Un Gas	ref 5s, 1940	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	6.....64¾	1.....84¾	Western Pac								
Am Chain	conv 7s, 1932	1.....103¾	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	1.....84¾	5s, 1946								
conv 4½s,	1.....108	Det River Tun	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	1.....84¾	70								
1933	Buff, R & P	4½s, 1961	1.....96¾	1.....67¾	4.....64¾	St L S W 1st	West Penn Pwr								
1.....97¾	con 4½s, 1957	2.....97	1.....96

SUGAR SECURITIES

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TELLS HOW ENGLAND GOT LIBERTY BONDS

British Government Purchased $69,000,000 Without Changing Market Quotations.

BOUGHT FROM "OUTSIDE"

Few Transactions Accomplished on Exchange, According to C. F. Childs's Statement.

The first details of how the British Government acquired approximately $69,000,000 in Liberty Bonds in the market, with which the first semi-annual payment of account of interest on the war debt to the United States was made, without disturbing the market to any measurable extent, was given yesterday to C. F. Childs & Co., one of the largest dealers in government securities in the financial district.

The statement was made by the bond dealers that practically all of the bonds were bought on the "outside market," that few of the transactions were accomplished on the New York Stock Exchange and that the purchases were spread over a period of approximately two months.

There has been a great deal of mystery in the financial district about the actual transactions by which the bonds were acquired, particularly since the Liberty Bond market at the time did not show an appreciable strengthening, such as would have accomplished the bidding for this vast amount of securities. The payment was made on June 15, and Great Britain tendered $69,502,950 face amount of second 4¼ per cent. Liberty Bonds and $250,000 face amount of fourth 4¼s, together with accrued interest amounting to $247,022.56 and cash of $27.44.

The account of how these bonds were acquired, as related to C. F. Childs & Co. in a current survey of the Liberty Bond situation, follows:

"It is generally understood that the American agent early in April began to buy bonds for British account and the total amount needed was acquired well within the subsequent two months' period. Virtually all the bonds were obtained in the outside market and comparatively few were purchased on the New York Stock Exchange. The initial order caused the dealer more difficulty in avoiding willing sellers than locating available bonds. The acquisition of the next instalments will likely be accomplished with less ease.

"This particular acquisition of bonds did not affect the market quotations, since the purchases were not recorded officially or published as transactions on the Stock Exchange. On the other hand, an attempt to acquire a like amount of bonds solely on the Stock Exchange for the account of the United States Treasury sinking fund in the same period of time would have materially advanced the market level for all Liberty bonds. Therefore, from now on these two market factors will probably reflect their influence on prices without coming into direct competition.

"Comparatively small but constant purchases by brokers on the Stock Exchange will continue to supply sinking fund requirements, while the British purchases from dealers will be more easily arranged in the outside market, where larger transactions are customarily effected."

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name—	Maturity	Rate	Bid	Asked
All Coast Line	1924-35	6	5.70	6.35
Do	1924-36	6½	5.50	5.25
Balt. & Ohio	1924-33	6½	5.65	5.50
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.40
Bethlehem Steel	1924-30	7	6.75	6.10
Boston & Albany	1923-27	4½	5.55	5.25
Buf., Roch. & P.	1923-37	4½,5,6	5.50	5.20
Canadian Nor.	1923-36	6	5.50	5.30
Canadian Pac.	1923-49	4½,6	5.50	5.25
Cent. R. R. N. J.	1924-33	6½	5.70	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1923-39	5½,6,6½	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-30	6	5.75	5.40
Chi. Bur. & Q.	1924-35	6	5.60	5.40
Chi. Mil. & St. P.	1924-38	5,5½	6.10	5.70
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.45
Chi. & N. W.	1924-49	6	5.70	5.50
Do	1924-33	5,6½	6.50	5.25
Chi. R. I. & P.	1923-34	4½,5	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-34	6	5.85	5.50
Chi. St. P. M. & O.	1924-31	7	5.50	5.20
J. C. & E. I.	1924-29	5	5.50	5.20
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Colo. & South.	1924-35	6	6.75	6.45
Del. & Hud.	1924-39	6	5.60	5.35
Erie R. R.	1923-38	4½,5,6	6.25	5.75
Great Nor. Ry.	1924-35	6	5.60	5.35
Hocking Valley	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Illinois Central	1923-36	4½,5,5½	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-36	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Kansas City So.	1924-36	6	6.75	6.50
Long Island	1924-32	6	5.75	5.50
Louisv. & Nash.	1924-37	4½,5½	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Michigan Cent.	1924-32	6	5.45	5.20
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
M. St. P. & S. M.	1923-33	4½,5	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	6,6½,7	5.85	5.50
Mo., Kan. & T.	1924-35	6	5.80	5.50
Mo. Pac.	1923-38	5	5.90	5.60
Do	1924-36	6½	5.80	5.40
Nat. Steel Car L.	1923-29	5	5.75	5.75
N. Y. Central	1923-37	4½,5	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	6	5.55	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1923-35	4½,5,6,7	7.00	6.00
Norfolk & W.	1924-30	6½	5.80	5.60
Nor. Pacific	1924-23	6,6½,7	5.50	5.35
Pacific Fruit Ex.	1924-35	6	5.95	5.85
Penna R.R.	1924-38	6	5.55	5.15
Do	1924-35	6	5.60	5.35
Pere Marquette	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Pitts. & L. E.	1923-35	6½	5.80	5.55
Reading Co.	1923-32	4½,5,6	5.40	5.25
Seaboard Air L.	1923-37	4½,5,5½,6	6.35	5.80
So. Pacific	1923-34	6½	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Southern Ry.	1923-37	4½,5,5½	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-35	6	5.80	5.40
St. L.-San Fran.	1923-37	6	5.80	5.45
Do	1924-35	6	5.80	5.50
St. L. S. W.	1923-34	4½,5,6½	6.35	6.00
Union Pacific	1924-36	6½	5.60	5.30
Virginian Ry.	1923-33	6	5.70	5.45
Do	1924-35	6	5.80	5.50
Wabash R.R.	1924-35	6	6.30	6.10
Western Pacific	1924-38	5½	6.30	5.70
Wheel. & L. E.	1924-37	6	6.10	5.70
Do	1924-35	6	6.15	5.75
Western Md.	1924-37	5,6,7	6.30	6.00

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co., Am.	6	Nov.	100½	100¾	5.90
Alum. Co., Am.	6	Oct.	1025	103¼	4.15
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep.	1024	91	90
Am. Sum. Tob.	7½	June	1025	98¼	97	5.00
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb.	1024	100¾	100¾	4.95
Am. Thread	6	Dec.	1023	101¼	100¾	4.95
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Jan.	1924	100	100¼	5.90
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Feb.	1923	99¾	99¾	6.30
Anac. Cop. Co.	7	Feb.	1923	99¾	100	7.05
Anglo-American Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr.	1923	103¼	102¾	6.90
Armour & Co.	5½	Jan.	1924	97¾	97¾	6.02
A. T. & S. F. R. R.	6	Apr.	1924	100¾	100¾	4.95
Bell Tel. Can.	7	Apr.	1925	101¾	102¾	5.90
Bell Tel. Pa.	7	Jan.	1925	97¾	98¾	6.10
Beth. Steel	8	Aug.	1923	98	98¾	6.60
Braden Cop. M.	7	Feb.	1923	99¾	100	6.95
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec.	1924	100	100¼	5.90
Cent. Agency	6	Feb.	1927	97	98¼	6.40
Central Leather 1st Mtg.	6	Apr.	1925	99¼	99¾	6.80
Empire G. & F. (Canada)	7	May.	1925	99¾	100	7.10
Federal Sugar	6	May.	1923	99¾	99¾	6.27
Hocking Valley	6	Mar.	1924	100¼	100¼	5.10
Humb. O. & R.	5½	July	1923	99¾	99¾	5.70
K. C. Term.	6	Nov.	1923	100¼	100¼	4.90
Ken. Cop. Co.	7	Feb.	1923	99¾	100¼	6.95
Nati. Enamel.	8	Oct.	1923	100¼	100¾	6.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct.	1923	100¾	100¾	6.00
Sinc. C. Oil	8	Feb.	1923	99¾	99¾	7.60
Stand. O. N. J.	6	Aug.	1924	100¼	100¼	4.90
Solvay C. & C.	6	Dec.	1923	100¼	100¼	4.90
St. Paul U. & D.	5½	Dec.	1923	100¾	100¾	4.97
Swift & Co.	5	Oct.	1923	99¾	99¾	6.15
T. O. of N. Y.	6½	May.	1923	100¼	100¼	4.90
Tenn. Oil Co.	6	Jan.	1924	99¾	99¾	6.15
U. S. Rubber	5	Jan.	1923	99¾	99¾	6.15
Vacuum Oil	6	Apr.	1926	100¾	100¾	5.85
Westinghouse El. Mfg.	7	May.	1923	100¼	100¾	6.70

Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	Rate.	Buy.	Sell.	Approx. Yield.
March	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.70
March	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.70
March	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.70
March	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.70
June	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.70
June	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.70
September	1924	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41
September	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41
September	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41
September	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41
December	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41
December	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41
December	1923	4½	100¼	100¼	4.41

NEW GARDEN COMPANY OFFERS STOCK ISSUE

Fifty Thousand Shares Class A Preferred Priced at $20, to Yield 10 Per Cent.

Offering of 50,000 shares of new Madison Square Garden Corporation Class A cumulative participating preference stock was made yesterday by Allen, Weed & Co. and associates. The stock is non-callable, entitled to $2 per share per annum in dividends, and is also entitled to share equally with the Class B stock after 10% dividends have been paid, according to the announcement. The stock is priced at $20 a share, to yield 10 per cent.

The Madison Square Garden Corporation is successor to the Madison Square Garden Company and contemplates the purchase of a block bounded by Sixth and Seventh Avenues and by Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, where the new garden" will be erected. The corporation also owns Boyle's Thirty Acres in Jersey City.

George L. (Tex) Rickard will serve as President of the corporation for twenty years and will be associated in management by Anthony J. Drexel Biddle of Philadelphia, John Dos Passos, President of the Foundation Company; Thomas M. McInnerney, President of the Hydrox Corporation, and Kermit Roosevelt. John Ringling will be Chairman.

Sinking and special funds are provided under the plans of the financing for the purchase of Class A stock in the market if this is obtainable at not more than $25 a share. This sinking fund will become operative Nov. 15, 1924, and its provisions are cumulative. A special fund is also provided, according to the underwriters, to the end that money in the sinking fund shall not be exhausted.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Stock Exchange Prices at London Quiet—Unsettlement Continues at Paris.

LONDON, July 16.—Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols ¼ higher, at 58¾; British 5 per cent. war loan ¼ higher, at 100¾; 4½ per cent. war loan unchanged, at 90¾.

Rand Mines unchanged, at 2¾; De Beers Mining ¼ lower, at 13¾.

PARIS, July 16.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 27 centimes higher, at 56 francs 37 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan 40 centimes higher, at 75 francs 45 centimes.

Exchange on London 45 centimes higher, at 76 francs 58 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 6¼ centimes, against 17 francs 6 centimes Friday.

Southern Utilities Revenue Up.

The Southern Utilities Company reported a gross operating revenue of $192,970 for June, against $182,423 for the corresponding month in last year, with net income $20,700, against $8,400 a year ago.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Hambleton & Co. announce that John J. M. Nester, formerly of W. A. Harriman & Co., is now associated with them in their sales department.

Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc., have opened a Chicago office in the Harris Trust Company Building.

VANDERLIP PREDICTS LONG PROSPERITY

Declares Business Can Maintain High Level Even if Europe Fails as Market.

SITUATION UNPRECEDENTED

Potential Credit Expansion Has Not Been Touched, He Asserts in Interview.

The United States should continue prosperous even without heavy buying of her products by Europe, according to Frank A. Vanderlip, who was yesterday quoted by Dow, Jones & Co. as saying that the "wholesomeness of the business and banking situations in the United States today is unprecedented."

"Labor is more efficient than ever; in most industries labor is giving a greater day's work; wages are high and undoubtedly will remain high; we have a 100 per cent. purchasing power and production is going ahead at a high level.

"To be sure, recently there was a slight slowing up—which must be viewed favorably—and it is safe to say that this conservatism, for conservatism it was, prevented industry from being accelerated at too rapid a pace. This conservative attitude on the part of business only means that our evident prosperity will be prolonged.

"I firmly believe that, despite the small outlet to foreign countries of our enormous production, the United States can within itself continue a prosperous nation. The recent improvement in industrial conditions bespeaks this fact. Within the last month business has been unusually active and, more important, with all this huge production there has not been any speculative purchasing of commodities and overbuying of stocks of materials and goods.

"The country is not, to my mind, facing any spirited business boom, but there will be, perhaps, steady orderly activity in all industrial pursuits. The wealth of the country emphasizes the fact that America herself can enjoy exceptional prosperity, notwithstanding what is going on in Europe. Not only is labor more efficient, but modernized methods of manufacture and agriculture tell of the business strides this country enjoys.

"Despite all the industrial activity, the potential credit expanding power of the country has not been touched. The banks are in a position to meet still larger credit demands, as they are now holding several billion dollars worth of investment securities."

Mr. Vanderlip said he was not so optimistic over the foreign situation and expressed doubt that France would yield at present in the controversy growing out of the Ruhr situation, but, he said, "we here in America can certainly continue to go ahead, considering our enormous wealth, if other Europeans can get along."

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
25 railroads	89.33	87.84	88.07	— .13
25 industrials	102.94	101.45	102.22	—
50 stocks	96.13	94.64	95.14	— .06

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
July 14	80.33	80.05	80.20	+ .27
July 13	80.10	79.80	79.98	+ .39
July 12	79.70	79.60	79.74	+ .11
July 11	79.67	79.51	79.63	+ .47
July 10	80.09	79.49	79.60	— .73
July 9	80.85	80.16	80.33	— .31

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

July.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1923	80.85	July 9	77.82	July 5	80.33
†1922	94.59	July 31	79.30	July 5	80.10
1921	85.60	July 7	61.54	July 15	82.78
1920	94.06	July 9	75.77	July 27	79.24
1919	88.38	July 17	86.19	July 1	88.38

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923	96.62	Mar. 6	77.82	July 5	80.33
†1922	93.17	July 31	66.31	Jan. 10	81.45
		Full Years.			
1922	93.06	Oct. 18	66.31	Jan. 10	81.45
1921	73.15	May 9	58.25	June 21	69.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 7	67.49	Dec. 21	71.24
1919	96.67	Oct. 31	69.72	Jan. 21	88.38
1918	90.19	Nov. 12	61.12	Jan. 15	79.39

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change— Day.	Week.	Month.
40 issues	76.81	—	—1.20	—3.69

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

July 14	76.31	+.07	July 9	76.39	+.15
July 13	76.24	+.08	July 7	76.19	+.06
July 12	76.20	—.03	July 6	76.05	+.11
July 11	76.23	—.08	July 5	75.95	—.23
July 10	76.28	—.03	July 4	Holiday.	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923	79.42	Jan. 3	75.95	July 5	76.31
†1922	80.96	July 17	75.01	Jan. 3	80.96
		Full Years.			
1922	83.54	Aug. 28	75.01	Jan. 3	79.18
1921	76.31	Nov. 30	61.36	June 20	73.41
1920	78.14	Oct. 30	65.47	May 21	66.98
1919	79.05	June 7	71.68	Dec. 7	78.05
1918	82.56	Nov. 27	78.48	Sep. 27	78.79

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change— Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Govt. issues	99.75	+.05	—.01	—.90

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

July 14	99.70	—.07	July 9	99.76	+.03
July 13	99.77	—.04	July 7	99.74	+.06
July 12	99.81	+.20	July 6	99.68	+.02
July 11	99.52	—.10	July 5	99.64	—.22
July 10	99.62	—.14	July 4	Holiday.	

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	99.75

*7th date. †7th corresponding date last year.

HYDRAULIC STEEL PROSPERS

Shows Net Profit of $74,893 for Quarter Ended June 30.

The Hydraulic Steel Company earned a net profit of $74,893 for the quarter ended last June 30, according to that company's report issued yesterday. This figure was the residue after deduction of expenses, taxes and interest charges. Gross sales were reported at $1,963,589 and operating profit, $14,488. The company's balance sheet as of June 30 showed total assets of $10,057,257.

The cash account amounted to $91,385 against $29,864 three months previous, and notes and accounts receivable stood at $249,368, against $1,087,203 as of March 31, last. The profit and loss deficit was $1,351,966, against $1,411,196, and reserves, $508,771, against $482,076.

36 Pages of Useful Bond Information

THE experienced as well as the beginning bond buyer will find it valuable to have at hand a copy of our booklet, "BONDS—Questions Answered; Terms Defined."

This book provides a digest of information which might otherwise be gained only from broad experience or wide reading concerned with investments.

It is indexed for ready reference and covers questions which long observation has shown most frequently present themselves to investors when selecting or handling their bond investments.

Non-technical definitions of commonly used bond terms are included.

We shall welcome the opportunity to place this booklet in the hands of any one to whom it may be useful.

Write for Booklet 27-C

for Example

"What Advantages Have Bonds as Compared to—
1. Stocks?
2. Mortgages?
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Invitation to July Investors

THE selection of safe investments for July funds, under the conditions which exist this year, is a question which demands the most serious care and study.

We sincerely believe that every investor may profit by the advice and judgment of a long-established and experienced Investment House which has gone through periods similar to this in the past and which is in a position to analyze current conditions.

S. W. Straus & Co.—the House with a record of 41 years without a loss—cordially invites you to come to its office in this city and discuss investment problems with one of its officers. You will be really welcome, and, of course, you will not put yourself under any obligation whatever. Or, if you find it inconvenient to call, write for our current offerings of sound 6 to 6½% Straus First Mortgage bonds. Ask for

BOOKLET A-892

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New Issue — $600,000

BERTHA-CONSUMERS COMPANY
Equipment Trust 6% Gold Certificates

Dated July 1, 1923. Maturing in annual installments of $60,000 July 1, 1924, to July 1, 1933, inclusive. Dividend warrants payable January 1st and July 1st.

Certificates $1,000 each, registerable as to principal. Principal and dividends payable at office of Trustee in Philadelphia.

BANK OF NORTH AMERICA AND TRUST COMPANY, Philadelphia, Trustee

ISSUED UNDER THE PHILADELPHIA PLAN

Entire issue, but not any part, redeemable on any dividend date on sixty days' notice at 104 and accrued dividend

PRINCIPAL AND DIVIDENDS UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED BY ENDORSEMENT BY BERTHA-CONSUMERS COMPANY

Mr. John H. Jones, President of the Bertha-Consumers Company, summarizes from his letter to us in connection with these certificates as follows:

There will be vested in the Trustee as security for the payment of the principal and dividends of these Certificates the title, without encumbrance, to 800 United States Railroad Administration Standard Type 55-ton steel hopper cars manufactured by Pressed Steel Car Company, and 120 Pennsylvania Railroad Standard Type H-21-A 70-ton steel hopper cars, manufactured by Ralston Steel Car Company. Pending delivery of the cars contracted for, but not as yet delivered, cash to the amount of the full purchase price of these cars will be deposited with and held by the Trustee.

The 800 55-ton cars are to be delivered new within the next few weeks at a cost of.... $618,500

Of the 70-ton steel hopper cars, 110 were delivered new within the past year and 10 were delivered new in March, 1921. These cars have been independently appraised as having a present value of..... 288,000
or a total present valuation of..... $901,500
which is materially less than the actual cost of the cars to the Company.

The present equity for this issue of $600,000 Equipment Certificates is, therefore, over $300,000.

The cars are to be leased to the Bertha-Consumers Company by the Trustee for annual rental sufficient to cover the annual maturities of principal and the semi-annual dividend warrants of the Certificates.

The Bertha-Consumers Company was incorporated in April, 1923, as a merger and consolidation of the Bertha Coal Company, Consumers Fuel Company and Jewel Coal Company. It owns in fee the mineral rights of 3,053 acres of unmined coal lands and operates six bituminous coal mines in Pennsylvania and West Virginia within a short radius of Pittsburgh. The gross tonnage produced by the Company for the three years ended December 31, 1922, averaged 1,222,929 tons annually and the acreage owned in fee is estimated to contain a present recoverable tonnage of 24,600,000 tons.

The consolidated net earnings of the merged companies for the past three years, after interest, depreciation, depletion, etc., but before Federal Taxes, as certified by Messrs. Haskins & Sells, have averaged over $481,500 per annum, or more than thirteen times interest on this issue, and more than five times interest and maturing instalments of principal. The net earnings as above stated for the first three months of 1923 were $211,851, or at an annual rate of over $846,000. The merged companies' condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 1923, shows net current assets of $691,724, total assets of $5,675,094 and net funded debt, after deducting securities owned or pledged as collateral, of $1,003,610.35.

We offer these certificates when, as and if issued and received by us, subject to issue as planned and subject to approval of counsel.

MATURITIES AND PRICES

July 1924	5.50% basis	July 1926	6.00% basis
July 1925	5.75% basis	July 1927 to 1933	6.10% basis

HARRISON, SMITH & CO. — **CASSATT & CO.**

The above information has been obtained from the best available sources and while not guaranteed, is believed correct.

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Business Opportunities *(Bank and business references required)*, Last Page.

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FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Market Reacts on Latest Turn in Europe's Political Affairs—Italian Alone Improves.

European exchanges were reactionary and lower yesterday, on an increased volume of business. Week-end cables bringing the statement of the French Premier, which was a reiteration of his Government's policy in the Ruhr, was generally given as the depressing influence in the market, even though later cables brought a disclaimer from the French that the statement was an official reply to the Baldwin address of last Thursday.

Several large banking institutions were prominent in the offerings of sterling and French francs, both remittances finishing at the day's lowest. London sight drafts showed a net loss of 1¾ cents from Saturday's final at $4.58¾, while Paris checks were 6 points lower at 5.81½ cents. The single exception to the decline was found in Italian remittances, lire starting for a gain of 9½ points at 4.31½ cents, later moving up to 4.34¼ cents, a gross gain of 5½ points. Holland, German, Spanish, Belgian and the Scandinavians were sympathetically lower. There was a small gain in Swiss francs at 17.40 cents.

Canadian dropped to the year's low at 97.32 cents, from 97.44 on Saturday. South Americans and Far Easterns were steady.

Foreign Exchange.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all other represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

MONDAY, JULY 16, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Saturday's Final
LONDON	$4.60¼	$4.58⅝	$4.58⅝	$4.60½
PARIS	5.96	5.81½	5.81¼	5.87½
ROME	4.34¼	4.30¼	4.30¼	4.29
AMSTERDAM	39.20	39.12	39.12	39.18
BERLIN	.0004½	.0004⅛	.0004⅛	.0004⅝
MADRID	14.32	14.30	14.30	14.29
STOCKHOLM	26.52	26.50	26.51	26.50

Closing Rates.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

EUROPE.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.58⅝	4.60⅝	4.59⅜	4.44½
Cables	4.59	4.60⅝	4.59⅝	4.45
Com., 60 days	4.55¼	4.57¼	4.55	4.42½
Com., 90 days	4.54¼	4.56¼	4.51½	4.41¼
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.81½	5.87½	5.80	3.80½
Cables	5.82	5.88	5.80½	3.81
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.30	4.34	4.26	4.58
Cables	4.30¾	4.34½	4.30¼	4.58½
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.82	4.86¼	4.85¼	7.26
Cables	4.83½	4.89	4.89	7.58½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0004¼	.0004⅝	.0005⅝	.22⅛
Cables	.0004¾	.0004⅞	.0006¼	.22⅝
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¼	.0014½	.0014¾	.0037
Cables	.0014⅝	.0014½	.0014¾	.0037
CZECHOSLOVAKIA — Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	3.00¼	3.00¼	3.02½	2.95
Cables	3.00¾	3.00¾	3.03½	2.95
DENMARK—par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	17.50	17.50	17.33	21.40
Cables	17.53	17.53	17.35	21.45
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.76	2.76	2.76	2.15
Cables	2.79	2.79	2.76	2.16
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	2.89	3.05	3.30	3.23
Cables	2.91	3.08	3.33	3.28
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.12	39.18	39.18	38.75
Cables	39.15	39.23	39.17	38.80
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0116	.0116	.0111½	.06
Cables	.0118	.0118	.0111½	.06½
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.06	1.07	1.00½	1.15
Cables	1.06	1.07	1.00¾	1.15
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.25	16.27	16.17	16.52
Cables	16.28	16.30	16.20	16.57
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0008¾	.0008⅛	.0007	.01⅜
Cables	.0008¾	.0008⅛	.0007	.01⅜
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.52⅜	.52½	.50⅜	.50
Cables	.52⅜	.52½	.50⅜	.50
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	14.30	14.38	14.38	15.51
Cables	14.33	14.40	14.40	15.53
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.55	26.57	26.57	25.95
Cables	26.54	26.53	26.60	26.00
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.40	17.37	17.30	19.17
Cables	17.42	17.40	17.32	19.19

FAR EAST.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong:				
Demand	52.13	52.13	52.63	97.875
Cables	52.25	52.25	52.75	98.125
Peking:				
Demand	72.875	72.875	73.625	81.00
Shanghai:				
Demand	70.13	70.13	71.13	77.30
Cables	70.25	70.25	71.25	77.75
INDIA—Calcutta; cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.81	30.89	30.68	28.75
Cables	30.92	30.92	30.80	29.00
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila; Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.35	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.00	39.00	38.875	38.625
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	48.69	48.70	48.68	47.625
Cables	48.81	48.82	48.80	47.875

SOUTH AMERICA.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	34.30	34.40	34.30	35.75
Cables	34.30	34.50	34.40	35.80
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	10.40	10.40	10.40	12.70
Cables	10.45	10.45	10.45	12.75
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.60	12.50	12.70	12.75
Cables	12.85	12.90	12.75	12.80
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.23	4.22	4.25	4.04
Cables	4.24	4.23	4.26	4.07
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	80.00	81.60	81.30	81.47
Cables	80.39	81.85	81.85	81.62

CANADA.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.32	97.44	97.11	99.00

RUSSIAN CURRENCY.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:
Par 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.02	.07½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02¼	.02⅝

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	102¼	102⅝
Arg. (reclaim)	4	1946	96	98
Belgian Fram	5	1920	96	98
Belgian (restor'n)	6	Sep., 1925	92	93
Brazil	4	1889	70⅝	70⅞
Brazil	4	1895	64	65
Brazil	5	1905	87½	87¾
Brazil	4	1910	68¼	68½
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	93⅝	93⅞
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	87	88
Brit. Nat. W. Bds	5	Oct., 1927	97	100
Brit. Nat. W. Bds	5	1947-29	97	100
Brit. Nat. W. Bds	5	1928	92	93
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1929	98	99
Canada	5	1927	99⅝	100¼
Canada	5½	Nov., 1929	102¾	103
Chile 1st	5	1911	72	75
City of Pelotas	8	1911	58½	61½
Colombia	6	1928	85¾	86¼
Costa Rica	7	1911	97	98
Cuba	5	1904	99	99
French Gov. Wks	8	Jan., 1938	103¾	104¼
French Nat'l	5	1917	85⅛	85⅜
French Loan	5	1920	81⅜	81⅝
French Loan	5	May, 1939	80⅛	80⅜
Ital. War Loan			87	88
Mid. Ry. Bds	4	1940	70	72
Paris-Orl. R. R.	6	1936	80	82
Russ. External	5½	Dec., 1921	9	10½
Do (Nat City Bank ofc)			9	10½
Russ. External	6½	Dec., 1919	9	10½
Do (Nat City Bank ofc)			9	10½
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1909	⅝	1¼
Russ. ventes of 1894			2	3
Russ. Ry. subs	4		6¼	7½
Sweden	4	June, 1939	104½	105¼
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	104¾	105¼
Uruguay	8	1919	98	99

Buffalo & Susquehanna Income.

The annual report of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Corporation for the year 1922 shows a net income of $729,803 after the payment of charges and taxes, equivalent, after dividends on preferred stock, $16.97 a share earned on the 43,000,000 outstanding common stock. This compares with a net income of $197,187 in 1921.

New Issue

Exempt from Normal Federal Income Tax

$1,000,000

Insurance Building Corporation

(A Massachusetts Corporation)

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock

Preferred as to Assets and Dividends. Fully paid and Non-assessable. Redeemable in whole or in part at any time on or after January 1, 1928, at $107 and accrued dividends. Dividends payable quarterly: February 1, May 1, August 1 and November 1. On March 1, 1925 and thereafter annually a Sinking Fund will be set aside amounting to not less than 25% of the net earnings, for the redemption of this issue either by lot or by purchase at not to exceed $105 and accrued dividends.

THE NATIONAL SHAWMUT BANK OF BOSTON, TRANSFER AGENT

CAPITALIZATION

First Mortgage	$3,000,000
Preferred Stock 7% (Par $100)	1,000,000
Common Stock (no par value)	15,000 Shares

Business: The Insurance Building Corporation has acquired the entire block bounded by Milk, Broad, Central and India Streets in Boston, containing about 27,000 square feet of land on which is being erected an eleven-story office building, to be known as the Boston Insurance Exchange and to be occupied on long-term leases by Insurance Companies, Firms and Agents, a large number of whom are of National standing and reputation.

Property & Valuation: The property is in close proximity to the financial center of Boston, being situated between State Street and the Post Office Square District, the latter being generally recognized as the present and future financial center of the city. The appraised value of the property is $4,400,000. The aggregate rentable area is larger than that of any office building erected in the business center of Boston during the past 20 years.

Earnings: The estimated annual earnings are based upon the average rate of rental from 15-year leases already consummated.

Income	$515,000
Operating Charges, etc., including taxes	140,000
Net Earnings	$375,000
Interest on Mortgage	180,000
Balance of Net Income	$195,000
Preferred Dividends	70,000
Balance for Sinking Fund, Surplus, Reserves, etc.	$125,000

It will be noted that there remains a Net Income of $195,000, or 19½% for the $1,000,000 par value Preferred shares now being issued for surplus, reserves, reduction of mortgage and retirement of this issue.

Assurance Against Fluctuation: Investment authorities agree and statistics show that the earnings least subject to fluctuation over long periods of time, including periods of severest financial depression, are those from efficiently developed and managed, high-grade business buildings, located in the central areas of large cities. The Boston Insurance Exchange embodies these features of assurance against fluctuation to an unusual degree, being located near the financial center of the city and deriving its income from 10 to 15 year leases with large and responsible concerns.

Management: The Boston Insurance Exchange will be under the management of the CITY CENTRAL CORPORATION, comprising a personnel which has specialized during the past 25 years with recognized success in the creation, development and management of high-grade bank, office and mercantile buildings in some of the largest cities in the country, and as evidence of its confidence in this class of investment, has always invested its own capital in such enterprises exclusively.

The legal details of this issue have been passed upon by Messrs. Gaston, Snow, Saltonstall & Hunt and Messrs. Choate, Hall & Stewart, Attorneys, Boston, and legality of title to property has been certified by Messrs. Reckemann, Sawyer & Brewster, Conveyancers, Boston.

Price $100 per share, and accrued dividend to yield 7%

The purchaser of the 7% Preferred Stock will receive three (3) shares of Common with each ten (10) Shares of Preferred, to provide for a permanent interest in the ownership and a proportionate share in any future increase in value and earnings of the property.

We reserve the right to reject any or all subscriptions, to allot less than the amount applied for, and to close the subscription-books at any time without notice.

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74 Broadway New York

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BURT L. FENNER, McKim, Mead & White, Architects
HUGH HERNDON, Vice-President of the Corporation
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ROBERT W. SHERWIN, Treasurer of the Corporation
J. WILLISON SMITH, President, West End Trust Co., Philadelphia
Supervising Architects, McKIM, MEAD AND WHITE
General Counsel, SIDLEY AND RULAS

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TELEPHONE BOWLING GREEN 3481

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JULY 17, 1923

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July 16, 1923

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Such good-will is founded only on mutual understanding and respect between employer and employee; and it can be developed only through practical, personal education in a language the employee can grasp and believe. Once taught the real facts of his responsibilities, advantages and opportunities, he brings to his job a good-will that means prosperity and stability all 'round.

Industrial executives will be interested in a booklet, "Stopping Payroll Losses," which is sent gratis on request. Please address Dept. D18.

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TO PICK NEW BOARD FOR PIERCE OIL CO.

Raising of New Capital Also to Be Discussed by Preferred Stockholders.

TO HOLD MEETING JULY 23

Alton B. Parker, Representing Old Management, Says There Is No Real Need of Apprehension.

A special meeting of the preferred stockholders of the Pierce Oil Corporation has been called by Herbert H. Lehman, Chairman of the Stockholders' Committee, for July 23, to elect a new Board of Directors and discuss ways and means for raising new capital. The common stockholders will not be permitted to vote at this meeting, as the preferred stockholders are now in control of the property. A recent decision of the Virginia courts gave the latter the right to manage the affairs of the organization because of the default of four quarterly dividend payments on the preferred stock.

Despite the default, the old management endeavored to continue in control. The committee then engaged Samuel Untermyer as counsel to fight their case, which resulted in a victory for the Lehman committee and the stockholders it represented. The urgent need for new financing is mentioned in the letter to stockholders. It is also stated that Henry L. Doherty, one of the new Directors elected by the old management, holds a demand note for $1,200,000 which is secured by the company's pipe line and all tank cars, valued by the committee at $3,000,000.

Since the decision of the court favoring the preferred stockholders, several changes in the personnel of the company have been announced. Several officers connected with the old management resigned and new members, understood to represent the new management, were installed.

Alton B. Parker, representing the old management, which included Henry Clay Pierce and his associates, has also sent a letter to the preferred stockholders outlining recent events. Mr. Parker, Henry L. Doherty and others were elected Directors after the fourth dividend payment was defaulted on the preferred stock and at a time when the preferred stockholders were attempting the right to install their own Board of Directors under the by-laws.

Mr. Parker introuces his letter by saying that it is not a request for proxies but "merely a word of encouragement and advice." He adds: "If you send your proxy to Mr. Lehman and the members of his committee you will be entitled to look to them for the satisfactory outcome of the responsibility they have so aggressively contended for." He further adds that "there is no real need for any great apprehension on the part of the stockholders nor is there any justification for the panic prices quoted day to day for the stocks of the company."

The letter of Mr. Parker continues:

"The corporation owes Mr. Doherty and the companies he controls a large sum of money, but you can feel sure he will not embarrass it on that account, for that would be entirely foreign to his makeup.

"While no one can expect Mr. Doherty to provide working capital for the Pierce Oil Corporation permanently, I am quite sure an extension time will be granted to enable the corporation to repay the funds advanced by him. I am also told by the officers of the company that he is continuing to furnish both crude oil and finished products to the company on credit, and in fact has, since the decision of the Court of Appeals further extended this line of credit at their request.

"I believe that the Pierce Oil Corporation is on the road to recovery; that it is now on a good working basis and functioning well. Its only remaining need is a reasonable amount of working capital.

"The banking members on Mr. Lehman's committee are exceptionally strong financially and are abundantly able to raise all of the funds the company needs, and entirely aside from the promise made in their letter to the stockholders on June 28, in which they say, 'We will do our best to discharge our obligation to such of the preferred stockholders as shall see fit to entrust us with their proxies.' I feel that they are now obligated to carry on the same constructive program for the corporation which has prevailed for the last few months. While I think that Mr. Doherty was much better fitted to put the company in a strong and commanding position, nevertheless I feel that the possibility of success has been completely demonstrated in the past nine months and that the company is now in a much stronger position than any one had a right to expect and in a vastly stronger position than would be indicated from the stock market quotations."

The Olympic Brings £368,500.

The arrival of £368,500 on the White Star liner Olympic was reported yesterday. The shipment is understood to have been for commercial accounts rather than for British Government obligations.

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	230	240	Fifth Av.	1200	
Amer. Exch.	235		Fifth	235	245
Bank of U. S.	1160	1210	First	1190	1210
Battery	167	182	Garfield	260	270
Bowery	440		Gotham	180	190
Bryant Park	160	170	Greenwich	290	310
Bway Cent.	130	140	Hanover	670	
Bronx Boro	175		Harriman	305	
Bronx Nat.	130	180	Manhat. Co.	143	148
Butchers & D.	130	140	Mech. & Met.	280	294
Chase	340	345	Mutual	320	
Chatham & P.	253	257	Nat. Amer.	135	145
Chelsea Ex.	90		New Neth.	152	
Chemical	526	535	Pacific	300	
City	345	360	Park	417	422
Coal & Iron	214		Public	290	296
Colonial	316		Seaboard	380	
Columbia	238		7th Av. Bank	85	
Commerce	226	230	Standard	170	183
Corn Wealth	235	245	State	190	
Continental	135		23d Ward	205	
Corn Exch.	427	432	Wash. Hts.	205	
Cosmopolitan	105	120	Yorkville	800	
East River	208				

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	97	101	Lawyers Mtg.	150	160
Am. Surety	194	201	Lawyers Title.	180	190
Bond & M. G.	464	470	M'f'rs Trust	260	
Bankers	262	267	Metropolitan	294	300
Bond & Mtg.	265	270	Nat. Surety	153	160
Brooklyn	475	485	New York	138	144
Central Union	460	470	N. Y. & M.	190	
Commercial	115		People's	405	
Empire	305	315	Rtv. A. com.	75	
Equitable	188	192	Rtv. A. 1st pf.	80	83
Farm. L. & T.	523		Rtv. A. 2d pf.	58	
Fidelity Intl.	195	202	Title Guar.	355	365
Fulton	245		Unit. States	1200	1220
Guaranty	255	260	U. S. Mtg.	305	
Kings Co.	1000		Westchester	175	
Irving-Col.	215	220	Westchester	195	
Kings County	800				

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Asked.	Satur-day. Bid.
4½s, December, 1971	104⅝	105¼	104⅝
4½s, June, 1972	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, March, 1967	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, March, 1965	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, May, 1957	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, November, 1957	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, November, 1960-80	100	100⅛	100
4½s, April, 1963	100	100⅛	100
4½s, March, 1964	100	100⅛	100
4½s, March, 1962	100	100⅛	100
4½s, March, 1966	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, March, 1963	104⅛	104⅜	104⅛
4½s, September, 1960	100	100⅛	100
4s, November, 1963	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜
4s, November, 1964	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜
4s, May, 1955	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜
3½s, 1954	94⅛	94⅜	94⅛
3½s, November, 1954	93¾	94	93¾

The following five quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1940-1949	4.40	4.30	4.40
4½s, 1928-1951	4.35	4.15	4.35
4s	4.65	4.55	4.65

DENIES ALASKAN REPORTS.

Head of Copper River & Northwestern Ry. Issues Statement Here.

Stephen Birch, President of the Copper River & Northwestern Railway and the Alaska Steamship Company, yesterday issued a statement in which he said:

"The Morgan-Guggenheim group never had any interest whatsoever in the Alaska Northern Railway. Statements to the contrary are without foundation."

He further pointed out that the Alaska Steamship Company runs to ports where it can pick up freight and said that the company had nothing to do with the choice of Seward or Anchorage as the terminus for freight from the Alaskan Railway.

Mr. Birch's statement was issued in connection with dispatches received from Alaska declaring that "Alaska's railroad scandal" would be threshed out as a result of President Harding's visit. The dispatches charged that the Guggenheims "unloaded the Alaska-Northern at an exorbitant figure and retained the profitable Copper River Line," also that "the Morgan-Guggenheim line, the Alaska Steamship Company, obtained preferential contract, by which the bulk of freight coming down from Fairbanks is transshipped by water over its line from Anchorage instead of the ocean terminus of the Government railroad at Seward."

White Eagle Oil Sales Rise.

The White Eagle Oil and Refining Company reported yesterday a net income of $944,516 for the quarter ended June 30, last, before deducting reserves for depreciation, depletion and Federal taxes, as against $965,801 in the second quarter of 1922. For the six months ended June 30 net income was $1,734,586, against $1,434,610 the same period of 1922. Sales of all products for the first half of 1923 totaled 71,268,018 gallons, with a value of $7,796,050, against 62,355,554 gallons with a value of $6,187,185 for the first half of 1922.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945 M. & S.	82½	83½
Argentine 7s, 1927 F. & A.	102	102½
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943 J. & D.	91½	92
Belgium 6s, 1925 J. & J.	95⅝	96⅛
Belgium 7½s, 1945 J. & D.	100	100½
Belgium 8s, 1941 F. & A.	100	100½
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952 J. & D.	82	82½
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942 M. & N.	92½	92¾
City of Bergen 8s, 1945 M. & N.	109	109½
City of Berne 8s, 1945 M. & N.	109	109½
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934 M. & N.	78½	79½
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, '52 M. & N.	75½	76⅜
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961 J. & D.	94	95½
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941 J. & D.	96	96½
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952 J. & D.	101	102
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926 A. & O.	100¼	100⅝
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929 F. & A.	101⅜	101¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931 A. & O.	99⅜	100⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952 M. & N.	98⅞	99¼
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947 M. & S.	84½	85
Rep. of Colombia 6½s, '27 A. & O.	90¾	91
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942 M. & N.	94⅝	95⅛
Rep. of Chile 6s, 1941 F. & A.	101⅜	102
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926 A. & O.	102	103
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946 M. & N.	101⅛	102
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952 A. & O.	92½	92⅝
Chinese Gov. Rys. 5s, '51 J. & D.	44½	45½
City of Christiania 8s, 1946 A. & O.	109½	109¾
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944 J. & J.	90	90½
City of Montevideo 7s, '52 M. & N.	86	86½
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51 A. & O.	92½	92⅝
Rep. of Bolivia, s.f. 8s, '47 M. & N.	87	87½
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 M. & S.	97⅞	98
Rep. of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 F. & A.	90½	91½
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949 F. & A.	82½	83¼
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1953 J. & J.	95½	96
Denmark 8s, 1946 J. & J.	106	106¼
Denmark 6s, 1942 J. & J.	95½	96
Dan. Mun. 6s, Ser. A, '46 F. & A.	107½	107¾
Danish Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46 F. & A.	102½	107½
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947 M. & S.	97⅞	98
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962 M. & S.	96	96¼
Duten East Indies 5½s, '53 M. & S.	91⅝	92
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42 J. & J.	80½	90
French Gov. 7½s, 1941 J. & J.	94	94¼
French Gov. 8s, 1945 M. & S.	96⅞	96⅝
Italy 6½s, 1925 F. & A.	98½	98¾
Japanese 4s, 1931 J. & J.	80⅝	81
Japanese 6½s, 1926 J. & J.	93¼	93½
Japanese 4½s, 31 ser. '25 J. & J.	92	92⅜
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953 M. & S.	91¼	91⅜
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, '47 J. & J.	77	77½
City of Lyons 6s, 1934 M. & N.	79½	79¾
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934 M. & N.	79½	79
City of Soissons 6s, 1936 M. & N.	81½	82
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1904 J. & D.	32½	33½
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1947 Q. Jan.	53¾	54
Mex., Irrigation 4½s, '43 A. & O.	30	31
King of Neth. 6s, 1972 M. & S.	101¼	101⅝
King. of Norway 8s, 1940 A. & O.	110¼	111
King. of Norway 6s, 1952 A. & O.	97	97½
City of St. L. & S. 8s, '42 M. & S.	109½	109¾
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958 F. & A.	72½	73½
Paulista Ry. 7s, 1942 M. & S.	95	96½
State of Queens'd 6s, 1947 F. & A.	100¼	101½
State of Queens'd 5½s, 1941 A. & O.	106	106½
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946 A. & O.	94⅞	95⅞
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946 A. & O.	92	93½
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947 J. & J.	92	92¾
Dom. Rep. 6s, 1958 A. & O.	99	
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942 M. & S.	87½	88
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36 J. & J.	98¼	99
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52 M. & N.	97	98
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42 J. & D.	85½	85⅝
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939 J. & D.	104¼	104⅝
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940 J. & J.	115½	116
City of Tokio 6s, 1946 M. & S.	75½	77
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946 J. & J.	103¾	104
City of Zurich 8s, 1945 A. & O.	109	111
Un. K. 5½s, 1929 F. & A.	112¼	112⅝
Un. K. 5½s, 1937 F. & A.	101¾	102
U. S. Copen. 6s, 1947 J. & J.	87	88

U. S. GOVERNMENT PREWAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930-1940	103½		Pan 2s, c.		
2s, c, 1930-1938	104⅛		1938	103	
3s, r, 1946	94½	96⅛	Pan 3s, r,		
3s, c, 1946	94½	96⅛	1961	94	94¾
4s, r, 1925-1938	103⅝		Pan 3s, c,		
4s, c, 1925-1938	103⅝		1961	95	97
Pan 2s, r,			P 1 4s, '54	91	93
1936	103		P 1 4s, '55	91	93
Pan 2s, c,			P 1 4s, '56	91	93
1936	103		Dist of Col		
Pan 2s, r,			3-65s	98½	99½
1938	103				

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	70	72½	Barnsdall,		
Ad Rumely	9	10½	Class B.	9	11
Do pf.	32	34	Bayuk Bros	42	62
Air Reduc.	59	60	Do 1st pf	86	88½
Alas G M.	⅛	¼	B'cn Creek	33	40
Alb & Sus.	170		B'nut pf.	103	
All Am C.	99½	101	Beth S.	7⅞	
Alle & W.	95		Do pf.	28	30
Allis-Ch M.	40½	46⅞	Do 8% pf	101½	103
Do pf.	88	90	Booth Fish	4	5
Amal S 1st			Do 1st pf	81	83
pf.	92		Brit & Col		6¾
Am Bk N			Do 1st pf	91	97
pf.	50%	52	B R T cfs.		1
Am. B Sug			B Un Gas.	104	107
pf.	65	75	Bruns Ter.	49	50
Am B H &			Do pf.	81	84
Fdy	70	73	Bruns Ter.	1¼	1¾
Do pf.	102½	104	B. R. & P.	60¾	62½
Am Can pf	106¾	109½	Do pf.	85	90
Am G & P			Buff & S.	100	
pf.	121½	126	Do pf.		51
Am Chain.	21¾	22½	Burns Bros		
Am Chicle			pf.	98	104
pf.	45	48¾	Bush Ter.	17⅞	18
Am Cot Oil			Bush Ter.	63	75
pf.	14	15	Bush Ter.	14	15
Am D. S.	4½	4¾	Cal Pack.	77½	79½
Am E & P.	97	100	Cal Pet.	13⅜	13¾
Am Ice pf.	79½	80	Cal & Hec.	42½	45
Am La F			Can So.	50	51½
F E pf.	91	95	C'son H G.	5¼	7
Am Lin.	19½	21	Case Plow.	4	
Do pf.	38	42	Case (J. I.)		93
Am Lo pf.	116	119	Do pf.	66	71
Am Metal.	43	46	Cent Leath.	19½	20½
Do pf.	107½	112¾	C R I & P		
Am R 1st pf.	117	215	N J.	180	190
Am S & R			Cent R M.	29	31
pf.	95	96	Do pf.	93	95
Am Snuff.	131	138	C'tain-teed		25
Do pf.	90	97	Chan Motor		20
Am S'ml Fd			Do 2d pf.		79
pf.	98	101	Ches & O.	59	60
Am S Ref			Do pf.	90½	91½
pf.	101	105	C M & St P	9¾	10
Am S Tob.	16	19	C & E Ill.	25½	28
Do pf.	40½	49	Do pf.	47½	48
Am T & C.	46	48	Chi Gt W		
Am Tob. Cl			pf.	11	11¼
pf.	141	144	C A N W.		
Am Whi pf	91	96	pf.	106	112
Am Wl pf			Chi Pn T.	79	80½
rects	101¼	101⅝	C. R. I.		
Am Wr Pa			& P. 7% pf.	80	81
pf.	12%	13%	Do 6% pf.	72	75
Am Zinc.	8¾	9	Chi. St. P.		
Do pf.	81	86	M. & Om.	53½	59
Ann Arbor.	70	75	Do pf.	96½	101
Do pf.	25	31	C. C. C. &		
Art Metal.	14½	16	St. L.	79	85
Assets R.	¾	1	Cl & Flts.	67	
Arnold C.	18½	19½	Do pf.	97	
Atl G & W I.	73	80	Clu-Peab.	61½	62
Do 1st pf	83½	84	Do pf.	101½	106
Do 2d pf.	80½	90	Coca-Cola.		85
Assoc Oil.	106	109	Colo F & I.	36¾	39
Atl Fruit.	1¼	1⅝	Do pf.	90	
Atl Fruit pf.	1¼	2	C & S 1st		
Do cfs.	1¼	1⅝	pf.	92	
Atl R pf.	91		Col Gr pf.	3¼	4¼
Atlas Imp.	117		Com S. A.	31	33
Atlas F'd'r.	53	55½	Do pf.	85	90
Do pf.	85	89½	Conley T. F.	13½	14
Aus W.	19		Con Cigar		
Aut sls. pf.	99	99	pf.	68	75
Auto K H.	10¾	12½	Cons Dist.	1¼	
Auto Sales	2¾	3¼	Do 1st pf.	100	106½
Do pf.	47½	51	Cont Ins.	91	93
Av Mch.	20	40	Cons P.	115	
Do pf.	89	92	pf.	117	119
Bar Linen.	30	40			
Do pf.	89	92			

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Corden pf.	64¾	67½	Nat Rys of		
Crex Carp	25¾	30	M 1st pf.	6	7½
Cruc S pf.	87	88½	Do 2d pf.	3	3½
Cuba R R			N'pl N & H		
pf.	73¾	79	R G & E.	42	50
Cuba C S.	10⅝	11	Do pf.	70	88
C-Am Sug			N O, T &		
pf.	91	95¼	Mex.	87½	88
Cuban D S			N Y Can.	23	28
pf.	33	38	Do pf.	93	98
Dav Chem.	20	21	N Y, Q &		
D P & L.	50		St L cfs.	70	74
Do pf.	81		Do 1st pf	92	100
Del & M.	28¼	24½	Do 2d pf.	90	
Del & Hud.	72	74½	Do new	72½	74½
Det Ed.	102	102⅝	N Y Dock.	16½	19
Det & M.	25		Do pf.	41	45
Do pf.	40		N Y L & W		
Det U Ry.	65		pf.	94	96½
D & R 1st			N Y S Ry.	5½	9¾
pf.	89	93	N Y Power		
Dug Lt 1st			& Rl.	106½	108
pf.	102	103	Norf So.	9½	12¾
Dome M.	25	28	Norf & W.	70	76
D, S S &			N Am pf.	43	43½
A	2½	3	Nova S S.	15¾	20
Do pf.	9	11	Ohio F S.	2¾	4¼
Du F deb.	81½	83½	Ohio F S.	35	35
Dur Hos'y.	22	30	Onyx Hos'y	35	38
Do pf.	81½	83½	Do pf.	98¼	99¾
E Kod. pf.	105½		Otis Steel.	24½	25
Elk H Coal	13¾	15	Do 1st pf	97½	
Do pf.	30	36½	Ow'ns Co of		
Em Brant.	2	3	Am.	1¼	1¾
Do pf.	15	18	Do pf.	10	15
Equ G L.	107	110	Pac Coast.	6	12
Esm Min.	6	7½	Pac Dev.	¼	⅝
Exch B'ldg.	22	25	Pac Mail.	7	10
Fam P pf			P A Tel		
ex div.	88	90	pf.	83	84
Fairbanks.	2	3	P P & R.	3	5
Do pf.	10	15	Do pf.	8	12
Fid-P F I.	100¾	110¾	Pan Am P.	5¼	5¾
Fifth Av B.	7¾	8¾	Pa Ed pf.	90	101¾
Fisher Bdy	142		Penney pf.	101	105
F E. pf.	97¼	98	Pere M pr		
Fl'mann Co 1st		43¾	pf.	67⅜	69
pf.	95¼	97	Phila Co.	43¾	44¾
Gardner M.	8½	9	P Morris.	115	115½
G A T Car			Phillips P.	60	62
pf.	95¼	97	Do pf.	87	92
Gen Bak'g.	72	74½	Pitts Jerry.	33	37
Gen Cigar			Do pf.	89	93
pf.	103½	104⅞	Pierce Oil.	17	19
Do 6 pf.	92		Pierce O pf.	28	28
Gen Motors			P. C. C. &		
pf.	95	96	St L.	95	95½
Do deb.	103		Pitts pf.	99	
Gen Ry Sig.	72	74	P. Ft W &		
Gt W Sug			C.	123½	
pf.	103½	104⅞	Do pf.	86	
Guan Sug			P & W Va.		
pf.	95		pf.	85¾	89
Gulf States			P R A Tob.		79
pf.	49	51	Postum Cer.		
G S S 1st			pf.	100	104
pf.	100	104	Pr Sti Car.	52½	54½
Hack Wat	17⅜		Do pf.	99	99¾
Hartman.	83	85	P S N J.		
Hav El Ry			Con.	98	100
& L. 1st pf.	64		Pub Serv		
Do pf.	96		Corp of N J.	98	
Helme	50	57	R & Pict.	68	92
Hendee M.	13½	15	R R Sec.		
Homestake	62	64½	1 stk cfs.	65	70
Houston O.	50	54	Ry Stl Spr		
Hupp Mot.	18	19	pf.	114¾	115
Hyd S pf.	11	16	Rds 2d pf.	47	49
Ill Cent.	108	110	Rem Typ.	27	33
Do 1st pf.	71	75	Do 1st pf	85	100
Ing-Rand	127	130	Do 1st pf.		
Do pf.	100	110	Ser. S.		90
Int Agric	1¾		Do 2d pf.	85¾	93¼
Int & G N.	19½	22	Reus A. B.	110	
Int H pf.	108¾	112	Royal Dtch	46¾	47
Int Mer M.	6¼	6	Rayn Tob.	115	
Int N pf.	75	80	Do pf.	114	114¾
Int Paper.	34½	36	R Bark.	68	73
Do pf.	85	110	Do 1st pf	68	73
Do pf sts	65	68	Rud'f pf.	29¾	32
Int Salt.	78	78¾	Russia Dia.	88	91
Int Shipbl.	64¾	67	St L & S W	17¾	18
Do pf.	115	117	St L S W		
Intertype C	26½	28	pf.	58¾	61
Island Oil.	¾		Santa C S.	175	178
Iowa Cent.	2	3½	Savage A.	19½	21
Iron Prod.	36½	36½	Seab A L		
Do pf.	102		pf.	94	99
Jewel Tea.	18	19	Sears-R pf.	103	107¾
Do pf.	63	70	Shell Trans	32	33¼
J S L pf.	107	107¾	Shell U Oil		
K C, P &			pf.	90¼	91
Lt 1st pf.	93¾	99	Simms Pet.	7⅞	8
Kan C So			Simms Co		
pf.	50	52	pf.	97⅛	98½
Kayser (J)	30¼	31½	Sinclair Oil		
Do 1st pf	94	99½	pf.	88	89¾
Kelly Sp T	7	8	Do 2d pf.	79	82
Do pf.	66	71	So P R S		
Kelsey Wh.	82	90	pf.	96	101
Do pf.	98	104	Spal's 1st		
K & D.	2	3	pf.	100¼	
Do pf.	15		Spicer Mfg.	14	15
Kinney	55	56¾	Do pf.	66	69¼
Do pf.	100		Stand Milk.	15	30
Kresge (S)			Do pf.	85	94
pf.	103¼		Starn Bros		
Kress (S H)	110	160	pf.	108	116
Do pf.	106		Studeb Co		
Lee Rub.	75	82	pf.	113	116¾
L E & W			Sup Steel.	24½	28
cfs.	30	32¾	Do 1st pf	97⅛	
Do pf cfs.	70	74½	Sw'ts Co of		
L R & F.	19	19½	Am.	1¼	1¾
Liggt & M.	249	250	Tenn C I.	268	310
Do pf.	135	202	Third Av.	6¾	10¾
Loft, Inc.	6¾	7	T. St. L &		
L-W Elec.	38¾	40	W.	56	60
Do 1st pf.	117½	120	Texas & W.	29½	30
Do 2d pf.	102	117	T C R T.	68¾	71
Lorill'd Co			Do pf.	93	
pf.	109	114	Und T pf.	112	
Do pf.			Un Bag & P.	62	64
Lou G & E			Union Oil.	¼	¾
pf.	92	93	Un T Car.	85	90
Do 2d pf.	78	83	Do pf.	107	108
Mack Tr.	110	120	U Alloy S.	30	39
Do pf.	98	102	U Bk Sts.		
Macy (R H)	60	67	ex div.	175	195
Magma C.	20½	22	Do pf.	104	114
Mallinson.	23¾	25	Un Drug.	78	78¾
Do pf.	78	83	Un Dr 1st pf		
Man El Sup.	44	48	ex div.	46	47¾
Man Elev.	39½	41	Do pf.	80	82
Man B'dh.	1	2¼	U Dyew'd.	40	47
Man Shirt.	42	43¼	Do pf.	80	92
Do pf.	110	114½	Un Fruit.	163¼	164
Manati Sug.	40¾	41¼	U Ry & Im.	10¾	10¾
Do pf.	70¾	80	U Ret Sts.	71	73
Mat St Ry.	10¾	11	U S Exp.	3¼	4¾
Do pf.	37	42	U S F P.	3	3½
Do 1st pf.	87	94	U S Hoff		
Martin R.	7	7¾	Mach.	15½	15⅝
Martin-P.	27½	28½	U S R & I.	92	93
Math

TELLS HOW ALIENS SEEK HOMES HERE

Climatic Conditions Like Those of Their Native Lands Are Favored, City Bank Says.

OCCUPATIONS A FACTOR, TOO

Upper Mississippi Valley Attracts a Large Percentage of the Scandinavians.

Compilations by the National City Bank show that former occupation and climatic conditions still control the immigrant in determining his future abiding place in the United States.

This is particularly noticeable in the movement of the new arrivals from Northern Europe, it is stated, a large percentage of the Scandinavians coming here in the opening month of the fiscal year having already departed for the Upper Mississippi Valley, notably the farms and cities of Minnesota, the Dakotas, Wisconsin and Illinois. With those from the countries of Southern and Central Europe the opportunities in the mines and factories of the North Atlantic frontage are more attractive, and the bulk of the small additions to our population made under the law which limits the number of each nationality permitted to enter will find homes in the area bounded by the Potomac and Ohio on the south and the Rocky Mountains on the west.

The distribution of the new arrivals follows the custom of earlier years. The figures of the National City Bank show that of the 14,000,000 persons of foreign birth living in the United States, about 5,000,000 are residents of the Upper Mississippi Valley, 5,000,000 in the Middle Atlantic States, 2,000,000 in New England, about 1,000,000 in the South and approximately a half million on the Pacific Coast.

"It is in this detailed study of the final distribution of the immigrants arriving in earlier years," says the bank, "that the disposition of the home seeker to select climatic conditions and occupational opportunity similar to those of his former home becomes apparent." This is sharply illustrated by the announcement in the press of New York that the bulk of the Scandinavian arrivals at the new fiscal year have already taken their departure for the farms and cities of the Upper Mississippi Valley, especially in the States of Minnesota, the Dakotas, Wisconsin and Illinois.

"The last census of the United States shows the distribution by States of the 14,000,000 persons of foreign birth, which still remain out of the total of more than 30,000,000 arrivals since 1820. Of the more than 1,000,000 Scandinavians in the country in 1920, 220,000 were in the State of Minnesota, nearly 100,000 in the Dakotas, 90,000 in Wisconsin, 150,000 in Illinois and 60,000 in Iowa, while the great manufacturing State of New York retained less than 100,000 of the more than a million entering through its doors.

"The Germans, while seeking climatic conditions similar to those of their own country, are less devoted to agriculture than their Scandinavian neighbors, and of the 1,666,000 in the country in 1920 238,000 were in the State of New York, 180,000 in Pennsylvania, 206,000 in Illinois, 161,000 in Wisconsin, 100,000 in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

"The Poles, while accustomed to the climate of Northern Europe, are apparently less devoted to agriculture than some of their immediate neighbors, and they are found in those States offering opportunities in the mining and manufacturing industries, for of the 1,140,000 Poles in the United States in 1920 247,000 were in the State of New York, 178,000 in Pennsylvania, 162,000 in Illinois, 108,000 in Michigan, and about 150,000 in New England as a whole.

"The cosmopolitan Britisher distributes himself very widely. Of the 800,000 in the United States, 135,000 were in New York, 71,000 in New England, 90,000 in Pennsylvania, 54,000 in Illinois, 47,000 in Michigan, 43,000 in Ohio, 87,000 on the Pacific Coast, and 45,000 in the Mountain States. Of the 1,037,000 natives of Ireland, the States having big cities get the bulk: New York 284,000, Massachusetts 185,000, Pennsylvania 121,000 and Illinois 75,000.

"Of the 1,400,000 Russians, the mining and manufacturing States had the bulk, New York 529,000, Pennsylvania 161,000, Illinois 117,000, New England 147,000. This is also true of the Italians, for of the 1,610,000 in the United States in 1920 348,000 were in New York, 222,000 in Pennsylvania, 137,000 in New Jersey and 117,000 in Massachusetts.

"The South gets but a small percentage of the home seekers, due probably to climatic conditions and what is presumed to be a more plentiful supply of labor, for of the 14,000,000 persons of foreign birth in the United States in 1920, the entire South had less than 1,000,000, while the single State of New York had 2,576,000, Pennsylvania 1,357,000, Illinois 1,200,000, and Massachusetts 1,077,000."

GERMAN PAPER MONEY PASSES 20 TRILLIONS

Note Circulation Increases Almost Three Trillion for Week—Gold Reserve Continues to Fall.

BERLIN, July 16.—The statement of the Bank of Germany as of July 7 shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin and bullion	Increased.	1,046,533,000
Gold	Decreased.	10,901,000
Treasury & Loan Association notes	Increased.	417,256,535,000
Notes of other banks	Increased.	64,416,000
Bills of exchange and check	Increased.	1,686,662,751,000
Discount and Treasury bills	Increased.	3,505,023,156,000
Advances	Increased.	26,917,611,000
Investments	Decreased.	90,097,800
Other assets	Decreased.	210,650,668,000
Notes in circulation	Increased.	2,980,721,616,000
Deposits	Increased.	3,138,357,988,000
Other liabilities	Increased.	209,197,841,000

Total gold holdings, 726,911,000 marks, whereof 150,032,000 is deposited abroad.

The total gold holdings of 726,911,000 marks compare with 716,912,000 on June 30, with 756,912,000 on June 23, with 756,913,000 on June 15, with 1,004,850,000 in the same week last year and with 1,001,556,000 in 1921.

The 150,032,000 marks of the Reichsbank's gold reserve deposited with foreign banks compares with 140,032,000 on June 30, with 576,850,000 on June 23, with 576,821,000 on June 15 and with 50,032,000 prior to March.

Total reserve of coin and bullion, including token money recently coined, was 20,948,235,000 marks, as compared with 19,901,713,000 on June 30, with 18,543,063,000 on June 23, with 17,581,125,000 on June 15 and with 1,074,000 in the first week of March, before the inclusion of token money on a large scale had begun.

The following table gives the total of German note circulation over a period of weeks, figures in thousands of marks:

	1922.	1923.
July 7	20,287,749,464	175,727,886
June 30	17,261,027,978	109,211,792
June 23	13,091,705,109	167,830,233
June 15	10,908,058,238	183,663,718
June 7	9,304,136,115	153,063,481
May 31	8,158,510,000	150,567,000
May 23	7,588,612,940	142,756,767
May 15	7,112,740,346	141,622,044
May 7	6,723,069,325	141,082,965
Apr. 30	6,048,383,381	139,055,000
Apr. 23	5,004,019,788	131,216,200
Apr. 15	5,437,061,907	132,688,054
Apr. 7	5,624,106,382	130,455,200
Mar. 31	5,317,510,000	129,599,700
Mar. 23	4,865,684,881	121,738,812
Mar. 15	4,572,511,425	120,738,812
Mar. 7	3,871,256,168	120,518,607

On July 31, 1914, at the outbreak of the war, the note circulation was 2,000,422,000 marks; in the week of the armistice, on Nov. 7, 1918, it was 10,553,280,000.

SEEK PREFERRED DIVIDEND.

Two Insurance Cos. Take Street Railway Decision to Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Review by the Supreme Court of the decision of Federal courts in Minnesota that the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company could pay dividends on its common stock before paying a full 7 per cent. on preferred was sought today by the Continental Insurance Company and the Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Company.

The two companies purchased $150,000 of preferred stock issued by the railroad and have attempted to prevent the payment of a 2 per cent. dividend on common stock, ordered in March, 1922, contending that the railroad, in selling preferred stock, guaranteed that it would receive 7 per cent. dividends before any was paid on common stock. They said that the company ordered the dividend on common stock before it had set aside 7 per cent. for the preferred.

UNIONS DISORGANIZE BIG BANKS IN SPAIN

Assassination of Two Union Officials Leads to a Strike and Boycott in Madrid.

BANKER GETS DEATH THREAT

Twenty-Eight Institutions Surrender to Union Demands—Disorders at Slain Officials' Funeral.

MADRID, July 16 (Associated Press).—Numerous banking institutions throughout Spain are experiencing difficulties with their employes, who are demanding that the banks shall be run in accordance with the rules of the Employes' Union.

The trouble began last week when the President and the Secretary of the union were assassinated in Valencia, and the employes of the Banco Espanol Credito in Madrid immediately declared a strike. Since then the employes of various institutions either have quit their jobs or forced the banks to recognise their union.

In some banks the employes refuse to handle checks and other paper coming from the Banco Espanol Credito, where non-unionist workers under police protection have taken up the duties of the strikers. The Marquis Cortina, President of the Banco Espanol Credito, has received numerous threats of death and the Chief of Police in consequence has provided him with a special guard.

At Seville the employes of the banks and on the Bourse, and bank employes at Cadiz, Huelva and Badajos have formed unions. Twenty-eight banks throughout the country have decided to permit their employes to organize, but others have declined to do so. The manager of the Banco Vizcaya today announced that he would close the doors of the bank rather than surrender to the demands of the syndicalists, whose terms, he declared, were impossible.

The bodies of the President and the Secretary of the union arrived in Barcelona today. All business houses closed their doors and the syndicalists attended the funeral. During the funeral there was some disorder in which several persons were injured.

YEOMANS, B. M. T. COUNSEL.

Directors Order Prosecution of $30,000,000 Suit Against City.

George D. Yeomans yesterday was appointed counsel of the B. M. T. at a meeting of the Board of Directors in the company offices, 85 Clinton Street, Brooklyn. He succeeds Carl M. Owen, counsel during Lindley M. Garrison's receivership of the old B. R. T.

Mr. Yeomans was directed to prosecute "with the utmost vigor" the company's $30,000,000 damage suit against the city for alleged failure to fulfill two contracts. It is charged that the city did not carry out the provisions of contracts which are said to have called for the extension of the Sixth Avenue, Fourteenth Street and Nassau Street lines, to Brooklyn.

Except for the formal appointment of Mr. Yeomans, nothing but routine matters were discussed, according to G. M. Dahl, Chairman of the Executive Committee.

Orders 10 More Giant Oil Tanks.

The Chicago Bridge and Iron Works has received another order from the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company, calling for the delivery of ten additional oil storage tanks with a capacity of 80,000 barrels each to be erected at Mexia, Texas. The order will call for the consumption of approximately 3,000 tons of steel plate.

Sugar Advances ¼ Cent a Pound.

Local sugar refiners yesterday announced an advance of ¼ cent a pound in the wholesale price of the refined product. This advance follows a reduction of about a cent a pound recorded within the last ten days. The new wholesale price is 5¾ cents a pound.

AWARDS $3,316,765.92 ON HARVESTER CLAIM

Mixed Commission Fixes Amount Germany Must Pay for Seized Property.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The mixed Claims Commission, created to settle American war claims against Germany, today made its first decision, an award of $3,316,765.92 to the International Harvester Company for property seized in Germany.

Several other awards are expected before the commission suspends its work for the Summer next week, when the German Commissioner, Dr. Kiesselbach, and members of his staff will leave the United States for a visit to Germany, returning about Oct. 1. Some of the American officials will go to Germany later to obtain information for submission to the commission.

Today's decision was expedited by an agreement between the representatives of the German and American Governments and was virtually a consent decree. The award, made in restitution of cash assets of subsidiaries of the International Harvester Company seized by the German Government in German banks, bears interest of 5 per cent., according to the terms of the Treaty of Berlin, from Dec. 12, 1921.

No brief contesting the International Harvester claim was filed by the German Government, the facts being undisputed and Germany's liability unquestioned.

The commission is without jurisdiction in the collection of damages, having authority only to determine Germany's liabilities, but it is understood that an early settlement of the award will probably be made by Germany.

PLAN BIG POSTAL PAGEANT.

Development of System to Be Shown at Jackson Heights Aug. 11.

A retrospective pageant representing the development of the United States postal system from pony express to mail airplane, will be presented in connection with the opening of a post office at Jackson Heights on Aug. 11.

The pageant will depict the growth of the department since 1789, when there were only seventy-five offices with a business of $25,000 a year, to the present system of more than 55,000 offices and branches doing an annual business of $320,000,000. One of the features will be a representative display of United States stamps, and those who have such stamps in their collections are asked to lend them for the exhibit. Frederick J. Slocum is Chairman of a committee of men and women of Jackson Heights who are arranging the event.

Melville Shoe Dividend.

The Melville Shoe Corporation announces its regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on outstanding preferred stock and a dividend of 50 cents on each share of outstanding common. Both dividends are payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 20.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	20	21½
Adirondack Power & Light pf	95	96½
American Gas & Electric	33½	34
American Gas & Electric pf	40	42
American Light & Traction	109	110
American Light & Traction pf	80	91
American Power & Light	161	163
American Power & Light pf	80½	82
American Public Utilities	..	35
American Public Utilities pf	50	..
Appalachian Power	30	31
Appalachian Power, new, pf	80	82
Arkansas Light & Power	24	30
Carolina Power & Light	66	69
Cities Service	134½	135¾
Cities Service pf	89½	89¾
Cities Service pf B	9	9½
Cities Service, bankers' shares	13½	14½
Colorado Power	16½	17½
Columbus Elec & Power	100	..
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf	100	..
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	93	..
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	65	66
Commonwealth Pow., Ry. & Lgt.	24½	25½
Consumers Power pf	85	88
Connecticut Power pf	94	..
Eastern Texas Electric	100	120
Eastern Texas Electric pf	91	94
El Paso Electric	122	126
Electric Bond & Share	96	97½
Federal Light & Traction	87	89½
Federal Light & Traction pf	97	98
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	86	91
General Gas & Elec. pf. A	94	100
Galveston-Houston Electric	6	8
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	..	18
Lehigh Power Sec.	15½	16
Mississippi River Power	18½	20½
Mississippi River Power pf	89	92
National Power & Light	49	50
National Power & Light pf	80½	82
Northern Ohio Electric	9	11
Northern Ohio Electric pf	23	30
Northern Ontario L. & P.	15	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	61	63½
Northern States Power	92	93
Northern States Power pf	92	94½
Northern Texas Electric	70	74
Northern Texas Electric pf	71	75
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	89	92
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	90½	91½
Pennsylvania Edison pf	95	100
Puget Sound Power & Light	40	45
Puget Sound Power & Light 6% pf	80	85
Republic Railway & Light	15	18½
Republic Railway & Light pf	90	95
Southern California Edison	103½	104
Southern California Edison pf	114	117
Standard Gas & Electric	26	27
Standard Gas & Electric pf	67	69½
Tampa Elec. Power	135	147½
Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf	80	88
Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf	68	72
Tennessee Electric Power	30	34
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf	42	45
United Light & Railway	135	145
United Light & Railway pf	80	82
Western Power	76	77½
Western Power pf	77	78½

BONDS.

Adirondack P. & L. 5s, 1980	97½	99
Am. Gas & Elec. 6s, 2014	93½	93½
Amer. Power & Light 6s	92½	93½
Appalachian Pow. 1st 5s, 1941	84	87½
Cities Service deb 5s	89½	..
Cities Service deb C	80½	..
Cities Service deb D	89½	90½
City Light & Trac. 5s, 1952	69	71
Columbus Elec. & Pow. 5s, 1947	91	92
Col. Power 1st 5s, 1953	93½	93½
Connecticut Power 5s, 1943	89	91
Cons. Cities L. P. & T. 5s, 1935	67	70
East Texas Elec. 6s, 1943	..	60
El Paso Electric 5s, 1932	90	92
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	50	54
General Gas & Elec. 1s, 1952	67	69
Houston Electric 5s, 1937	90	93
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, 1951	91½	93
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	91	92½
Mississippi River Power 6s, 1966	100½	102
Montreal Power 1st 5s, 1947	93½	94½
N. News & Hp. Ry. G. & E. 5s, '49	76	79
Northern States Power 5s, 1926	99	100
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	62	66
Puget Sound P. & L. 5s, 1949	101½	103½
Savannah Elec. & P. 5s, 1941	103	105
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	85	88
So. California Edison 5s, 1960	93½	97
So. California Edison 5s, 1947	103½	104½
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1966	90	90½
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1929	77½	80½
Tampa Electric 5s, 1952	92	93
Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1944	104	107
Western States G. & E. 5s, 1941	80½	..

FINANCIAL NOTICES. | FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Notice of Redemption of Ten-Year Seven Per Cent. Gold Debentures of Standard Oil Company, a California Corporation.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Standard Oil Company, a California corporation, has by resolutions of its Board of Directors elected to redeem and pay off on August 1, 1923, all of its twenty-five million dollars ($25,000,000) outstanding ten-year seven per cent. gold debentures, by paying therefor the principal amount thereof plus interest accrued to August 1, 1923, and plus a premium of four per cent. of the principal amount of said debentures. A certified copy of said resolutions has been delivered to the Trustee under the trust agreement dated January 1, 1921, securing the issue of said debentures. All holders of said debentures are hereby required to present the same with the matured coupons thereto attached, for redemption and payment, upon the terms above stated, on August 1, 1923, at the office of Anglo-California Trust Company, in the City and County of San Francisco, California, or, at the option of the holder, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, said offices being the places at which said debentures are expressed to be payable. On August 1, 1923, all interest on said debentures will cease.

Dated: San Francisco, June 26, 1923.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY,
By J. H. TUTTLE,
Secretary.

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Dated: San Francisco, June 26, 1923.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY,
By J. H. TUTTLE,
Secretary.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16.—Sixty corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $1,849,000 were chartered today, they include:

Paradise Cafeteria Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Feldman, A. Katz, P. Juravel. (Attorney, L. Julien, 116 Nassau St.)

Denner More Book Shop Buffalo, $5,000; T. Y. More, L. W. Sowen, E. N. Mills. (Attorney, C. W. Pooley, Buffalo.)

F. & G. Rumanian Dining Rooms, Manhattan, $10,000; S. Greif, I. and R. Finkelstein. (Attorneys, Ellman & Ellman, 80 Maiden Lane.)

Levitans' Music and Sporting Goods Shop, Bronx, $10,000; F. and P. Rodgen, B. Mayer. (R. S. Deutsch, 261 Broadway.)

A. B. Murphy, Manhattan, merchandise business, $5,000; E. Levy, B. Asz, A. B. Murphy. (Attorneys, Goodman & Warner, 51 Chambers St.)

Gold-Lake Garage Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. Goldberg, C. Lasks, J. J. Blumenfeld. (Attorney, N. Elkin, 214 Broadway.)

Diamond Cut, Manhattan, manufacture $50,000; I. Diamond, S. Fi and A. Ceader. (Attorney, I. Goldman, 1,540 Broadway.)

Saltwin Air Conditioning System, Brooklyn, $10,000; J. J. Baldwin, R. M. McCann, E. J. Deely. (Attorney, F. Starr, Albany.)

Niagara Ammonia Co., Manhattan, manufacture chemicals, 1,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $1,000. F. Fappi, R. Bonner, Jr., W. J. Ryan. (Attorney, P. Knerr, Albany.)

Cone-See Confectionery Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; D. Thompson, P. Exar, J. Zuckerman. (Attorney, L. Bercher, 30 Church St.)

City & Suburban Bitulon, realty and garage business, $10,000; G. and M. Coity, J. Sprague. (Attorney, H. S. Byrns, Babylon.)

B. & L. Pillow Case Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; $5,000; A. Siller, M. Lee, S. Lesserfas. (Attorney, I. Lowenbraun, 116 Nassau St.)

Harris Estates, Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; T. S. Pendleton, W. J. Stewart. (Attorney, C. L. Harvey, 103 Johnson St., Brooklyn.)

Gold Junior Clothes, Manhattan, manufacture men's and boys' clothing, $50,000; S. Friedman, B. J. Arrowsmith, J. Pindar. (Attorney, B. Bernbaum, 220 Broadway.)

Opotow Sanitary Dental Laboratory, Manhattan, $40,000; A. Berlin, P. Penn, W. Berglind. (Attorneys, Kramer, Rourke & Galgan, 120 West 42d St.)

Proxy Shoppers, Manhattan, shopping service, $15,000; A. Bergman, A. Brown, I. R. Lave. (Attorney, E. Rambaugh, 1400 Broadway.)

Rezak Shelsewitz & Sons Co., Manhattan, manufacturers of men's hats, $10,000; J. and A. Shelsewitz, M. Silverstein. (Attorneys, Stout & Schleimer, 424 Broadway.)

Ideal Manufacturing Novelty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; Wilner, C. Fishman. (Attorney, H. Silberstein, 277 Broadway.) A. Levy, H. J. Levy & Co., Manhattan, manufacture leather goods, $10,000; H. J. Levy, A. B. Levy, I. Rosenbloom. (Attorney, I. Ryan, 220 Broadway.)

Lairstead Foundry Co., Manhattan, $200,000; S. E. Howard, A. W. Britton, G. V. Britton. (Attorney, Ryan, Albany.)

Goldsein Bros., Brooklyn, manufacture show cases, $10,000; C. and A. and S. Goldstein. (Attorney, C. Frank, 220 Broadway, Manhattan.)

Clarendon Restaurant Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; A. A. Rich, Y. M. Justis, D. H. Janey. (Attorneys, Moss & Gernet, 19 Cedar St.)

Marshall Realty Co., Manhattan, $75,000; H. A. H. George, C. H. Hughes, S. A. Hilgeman. (Attorneys, Phillips & Avery, 41 Park Row.)

Lakefront Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. S. and F. L. Salomon, M. Greenberg. (Attorney, G. M. Norton, 271 West 125th St.)

C. and V. Furniture Sales Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; V. Weinberg, M. N. Sinkevich, D. Engel. (Attorneys, Engel & Zelsey, 60 Maiden Lane.)

Spaetzerly Beauty Shop, Manhattan, repair parlor, $5,000; G. Israel, H. Riesenbach, Bauer. (Attorneys, Nordlinger & Riegelman, 67 Wall St.)

Charlie Monley, Buffalo, realty, $10,000; J. S. Kaming, J. A. Murray, H. G. Sprout. (Attorneys, Norton Bros., Buffalo.)

Excelsior Warehouses, Brooklyn, $25,000; E. R. Levy, E. R. Neal. (Attorney, R. E. Sweery, 50 Pine St.)

Rock Cement Brick Corp., Buffalo, $50,000; H. S. Wasson, W. Schumer. (Attorney, J. E. Barry, Buffalo.)

Kazan Holding Corp., Brooklyn realty, $10,000; M. Kevelson, A. Geller, S. Schamarock. (Attorney, A. Wolodarsky, 361 Stone Av.)

De Luxe Covers, Manhattan, book covers, $5,000; F. McCormick, J. S. Nicholson, W. S. McCarthy. (Attorney, T. F. Walsh, 2 Rector St.)

D. S. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; H. J. Golden, L. Rosenblum, H. Lesser. (Attorneys, Lesser and Lesser, 277 Broadway.)

Hotel Phillips, Manhattan, hardware, $10,000; M. O. Bacher, C. J. Norman, I. H. Kutz. (Attorneys, Hirsh, Newmark & Hearn, 100 Broadway.)

Fox-Franklin Holding Co., Bronx Realty, $5,000; B. Bernstein, L. Schmidt, J. Sturm. (Attorney, A. G. Bachmann, Bronx.)

Sheffield Building Corp'n, Brooklyn, $15,000; H. Schwartz, B. Handler, C. J. Davis. (Attorney, M. N. Korn, 215 Montague St.)

B. F. Keith Hippodrome Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; E. F. Albee, J. F. Murdock, E. C. Lauder Jr. (Attorney, M. Goodman, 1,540 Broadway.)

Starets Realty Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock no par value, active capital $10,000; S. Starets, L. and E. Taylor. (Attorney, A. Starets, 115 Essex St.)

East End Wet Wash Laundry, Brooklyn, $10,000; D. Lillo, D. Caracciola, P. Italiano. (Attorney, A. M. Caridi, 281 Broadway.)

Fifty-Sixty Realty Corp., Queens, $100,000; I. H. Parker, A. C. Calleon. (Attorney, A. W. Kettle, Jamestown.)

Buell The Silk Man, Brooklyn, selling agents, $10,000; M. G. and H. B. Buell. (Attorney, J. V. Lucia, 78 Maiden Lane.)

North Shore Contracting Co., Queens, $5,000; E. and M. and L. Lidort. (Attorney, J. V. Lucania, Jamaica.)

Henry Stadtmair Co., Manhattan, photographs, $100,000; G. G. Hinckel, C. G. Kreusler, H. C. Bercsen. (Attorney, G. R. Kreusler, 44 West 18th St., Brooklyn.)

Pryibil and Co., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; H. L. Wheeler, F. M. Lake, C. D. Skinner. (Attorneys, Hun, Parker & Reilly, Albany.)

Oxted Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Brooks, P. D. Bangs, I. Stein. (Attorney, M. A. Matney, 124 Nassau St.)

Peter Weiss Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; F. and C. Weiss, L. K. Pasternak. (Attorney, M. Greenberg, 20 Nassau St.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Edis Garage, Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Amalgamated Bank of New York, Manhattan, $200,000 to $300,000.

Advertising Co., Manhattan, $500 to $10,000.

Mana Historias, Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Bronx, Manhattan, $100,000 to $220,000.

Motor Interchangeable Tools Corp., Manhattan, $300,000 to $1,600,000.

E. L. Phillips & Co., Manhattan, $200,000 to $300,000.

Welsh Manufacturing and Heating Co., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $50,000.

PAR VALUE CHANGE.

Allen Products Co., Manhattan, Class A common stock change from 5,000 shares $50 par value, to 5,000 shares no par value.

DESIGNATIONS.

New York-Newport Air Service, Delaware, 1,000 shares, no par value; rep., G. Lascins, 420 East 149th St.

E. and E. Gas and Development Corp., Delaware, $150,000; rep., P. Knorr, Albany.

NAME CHANGES.

Andover Silk Co., Andover, to Albert Goode Bedin.

Duke, Abrahams & Payson, Manhattan, to Duke, Payson & Co.

Rosin Sand and Gravel Corp., Manhattan, to O'Brien Bros. Sand and Gravel Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Bedrick Realty Co., Manhattan.

Cohen Co., Manhattan.

Condon Sales Corp., Manhattan.

H. Rubenstein Co., Manhattan.

48 East 59th St. Corp., Manhattan.

Little Lady Shop, Manhattan.

Rose Dress Co., Manhattan.

K. & J. Turoff & Geiserman, Brooklyn.

Moriches Land and Improvement Co., Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 16.—Charters filed today:

Elsiful Co., Wilmington, stocks, bonds, $10,000,000. Francis du Pont, David C. Asprit, Robert H. Richards. (Corporation Service Co.)

Investor & Co. of California, Wilmington, real estate, 13,500,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

The Industrial Milk Processes Corp., Wilmington, dairy products, $2,500,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Water Chippewa Pump Co., Wilmington, manufacture pumps, $2,150,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Chesapeake Coal and Oil Corp., Wilmington, acquire and develop coal lands, $2,000,000. (Delaware Charter Co.)

Lamport Foundry and Furnace Co., New York, N. Y., to manufacture, $1,500,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Northwestern Finance Corp. of Indiana, Wilmington, stocks, bonds, $1,000,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Corner Clock Corp., Wilmington, manufacture articles made of brass, aluminum, $500,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Pyramid Coal Corp., Wilmington, mine for coal, 1,250,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

The Sykes Co., Wilmington, manufacture machinery, $250,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

The Alabama Iron & Coal Co., Chicago, coal, iron, $250,000; William R. Hauge, Chicago; Hans E. J. Kerchner. (Colonial Trust Company of Delaware.)

Fidelity Trading Company, Inc., Wilmington, general import and export business, $250,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Savannah Theatres Company, Wilmington, theatrical properties, $150,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Gem Motor Auto and Specialty Corporation, Wilmington, manufacture automobiles, accessories, $125,000. (Colonial Charter Company.)

Individual Wet Wash Inc., Wilmington, laundry, $100,000. (The Browning, Fred E. Baker, Charles E. Bittner, Dover.)

Penn Flint Corporation, Penn City, manufacture automobile tires, $100,000. Edward Manson, Thomas Lee, Penn City.

Mayrother, (U. S. Corporation Company.)

Indian Pear Company, Inc., Wilmington, manufacture artificial pears, $10,000. (Colonial Charter Company.)

Merchants Commercial Company, Philadelphia, real estate, $50,000. A. J. Bavenstein, Philadelphia; Joseph J. Nelson. (Capital Trust Company of Delaware.)

P. Currert & Co., Philadelphia, real estate, $10,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

Theatre Operating Co., Wilmington, theatrical properties, $2,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

The Liberty Strong Painted Mineral Foundation Co., Dover, Del., to manufacture, $1,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Auto Finance Corporation to American Express Finance Co., Philadelphia, Pa. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Mississippi Chemical Co., Memphis, Tenn., from $200,000 to $600,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

TO HOLD WHEAT

Farmers' organizations are planning to hold wheat, except enough to supply the immediate demand, and outline a plan for orderly marketing. See The Annalist this week. On news stands 10 cents.—Adv.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY

By D. M. TROTT, Comptroller.

Notice to all stockholders of Southern California Edison Company.

Notice is hereby given that under authority of Decision No. 12332 of the Railroad Commission of the State of California, dated July 16, 1923, authorizing the issuance and sale of 50,000 shares of Preferred Capital Stock of Southern California Edison Company, a Corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, said stock is being offered to the stockholders of said Company.

The price fixed is $100.00 per share, payable in cash. Each Preferred or Common Stockholder of said Corporation of record July 31, 1923, may subscribe for such stock at the rate of one share for every ten shares of stock of this Corporation owned by him; no fractional shares will be issued, but any stockholder entitled to a fractional share on the above basis may subscribe for a full share for each such fractional share. Subscriptions will be taken, and full cash payments may be made at any one of the following places:

Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St., New York City, N. Y.

E. H. Rollins & Sons, 300 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, Ill.

Investment Department of the Company, Edison Building, Third & Broadway, Los Angeles, California.

Any portion of this issue of stock not subscribed for by stockholders prior to the close of business on August 15, 1923, will be offered for sale to the public.

Further information may be had by addressing the Company at its offices, Edison Building, Los Angeles, California.

Dated July 11, 1923.

Southern California Edison Company
By CLIFTON PETERS, Secretary.

Office of
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE.
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 10th, 1923.

Notice to Holders of
HOSTETTER-CONNELLSVILLE COKE COMPANY PURCHASE MONEY BONDS.

The Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Company having requested the undersigned as Trustee to pay and redeem eighty ($80) of its Purchase Money Bonds dated September 1, 1911, out of moneys available therefor in the Sinking Fund, pursuant to the provisions of its Trust Agreement with the undersigned as Trustee dated February 1, 1911, and which said bonds were issued, The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, hereby gives notice that at the request of the Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Company, the Trustee will on August 1, 1923, redeem bonds bearing numbers as follows:

1412,	1413,	1414,	1417,	1418,	1419,	1420,	1421,
1422,	1423,	1424,	1425,	1426,	1427,	1428,	1429,
1430,	1431,	1432,	1433,	1434,	1435,	1436,	1437,
1438,	1439,	1440,	1441,	1442,	1443,	1444,	1445,
1446,	1447,	1448,	1449,	1450,	1451,	1452,	1453,
1454,	1455,	1456,	1457,	1458,	1459,	1460,	1461,
1462,	1470,	1471,	1472,	1473,	1474,	1475,	1476,
1477,	1478,	1479,	1480,	1481,	1482,	1483,	1484,
1485,	1486,	1487,	1488,	1489,	1490,	1491,	1492,
1493,	1494,	1495,	1496,	1497,	1498,	1499,	1500.

Said bonds will on August 1, 1923, become due and payable at par and accrued interest thereon to said date.

The holders of said bonds are hereby notified to present same to the undersigned for payment with all unmatured coupons thereto belonging, on August 1, 1923.

The Federal certificate required under the Federal Revenue Tax Act must accompany the bonds.

Interest on said bonds will cease on August 1, 1923.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE.

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INCOME TAX DODGING A FRENCH PROBLEM

People Oppose Any Increased Taxation Until Germany Pays for Reconstruction.

REFORM PLAN DEFEATED

Even Government Officials Object to Inquiry Into Their Private Incomes, Writer Says.

A correspondent of the London Economist, discussing what he terms the income tax leakage in France, says: "Perhaps the most formidable difficulty that faces any French Finance Minister, who nowadays attempts to make the people of France balance their expenditures by increased taxation, is the fact that French people, so long as they feel that Germany ought to be paying for their construction, regard taxation in much the same light as Irish people regard English taxation after the publication of the Childers Commission report." He continues:

"In Ireland it became almost a public duty to defraud the exchequer once the Childers Commission had formally convicted England of overtaxing Ireland in the past. So now in France the Reparations Commission, in convicting Germany of default, has confirmed the prevalent feeling that no patriotic Frenchman should pay increased taxation until Germany has paid for reconstructing the devastated districts.

"The Finance Minister who would introduce new taxes in France has to reckon upon this vehement dislike of all taxation and particularly of taxes that involve investigation of private incomes of Government officials. And in a country which still derives three-fourths of its wealth from agriculture, either in production or in trade, the difficulties of ascertaining true incomes can scarcely be surmounted at all.

"There is, however, one radical reform which in normal times could be counted upon to bring a vast amount of untaxed wealth within reach of the Treasury. It was debated in a very illuminating Chamber of Deputies toward the close of the recent budget debates. The defeat of the proposal was a foregone conclusion, but the final division showed a formidable minority of 228 votes against the Government's majority of 322. This proposal, opposed by the parties of the Left consists simply in insisting upon the conversion of bearer bonds into inscribed stock for almost all classes of securities. They declare that by this measure the Government could put the whole financial situation on a stable basis. Even the Finance Minister, M. de Lasteyrie, scarcely attempts to deny the truth of this contention, although he opposes its application vehemently, with the remarkable admission of the chamber behind him."

"In the lasting circumstances which compel the French Treasury to appeal for vast reconstruction loans month after month, 'the Government does not dare interfere with the credit system of the country in any drastic way,' the writer adds, 'as that might possibly restrict the hitherto abundant flow of new money subscribed for these loans.'"

The Radicals, he says, refuse to admit that the forced adoption of "titres nominatifs" would, in fact, reduce the borrowing power of the Government to any very serious extent, but the case for insisting upon the abolition of 'bons au porteur' is so strong on many grounds that no Government can fail to consider it closely.

M. Vincent Auriol, in introducing the motion for the compulsory conversion of bons au porteur into 'titres nominatifs' put the problem in a nutshell when he said that 'we are confronted by two problems—taxation and the evasion of taxation. Neither today nor tomorrow will you be able to vote new taxes until you have first dealt effectively with the evasion of existing taxes.'"

NEW STEEL BONDS READY.

Bankers' Trust Begins Delivery of $40,000,000 Issue to Syndicate.

The Bankers Trust Company yesterday began the delivery of $40,000,000 of Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company 6 per cent. debenture bonds. The bonds will be listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

According to an announcement by the Bankers Trust, the sale of the bonds has been completed to syndicate members and all but a small proportion have been absorbed by the investing public. At the present time, the Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation is seeking an injunction, as minority stockholders of the Steel and Tube Company of America, recently purchased by the Youngstown company, which would prevent the Steel and Tube Company from distributing cash received from the sale of the property and other assets among stockholders.

This action has not yet come up for a decision, but in the event that it succeeds, it was explained, the proposition would terminate with the call for redemption of the Youngstown bonds, which, under the indenture covering the issue, would be made at a 5-point advance over the public subscription price.

ROYAL DUTCH REPORT.

Net Income 87,730,477 Florins, Against 104,098,178 in 1921.

The Royal Dutch Company has issued its statement for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, showing net income of 87,730,477 florins, after all expenses and taxes, against 104,098,178 florins in the previous year. The profit and loss statement in detail follows:

	1922.	1921.
Total inc., fl.	89,155,122	107,198,943
Exp., tax., &c.	1,424,645	3,071,765
Net inc. fl.	87,730,477	104,098,178
Pfd. div. 4%	80,000	80,000
Prior divs. 4½%	1,282,500	1,282,500
Ord. divs. 6%	10,287,420	10,287,420
Surp. fl.	87,100,557	83,468,258
Ordinary shareholders to receive:		
80% of above sur. fl.	69,680,446	77,625,480
20% of ordinary stock	19,287,420	19,287,420
Bur. carried forward	1,168,874	771,113
Bonus shares issue	566,135	
To reserve	2,265,373	8,130,230
Total fl.	88,832,919	100,830,243
Ord. divs.	83,166,163	99,651,870
Dropper. surplus fl.	666,814	1,158,373

CONGOLEUM PAYS DIVIDEND.

Announces $2 a Share on All Common Stock.

Directors of the Congoleum Company, Inc., yesterday announced in Philadelphia that a cash dividend of $2 a share on the common stock had been declared, payable Oct. 15, to stock of record Oct. 4, and that the company had been authorized to issue 140,000 shares of common stock to be offered stockholders at $30 a share. The dividend will include the new common as well as the present outstanding stock.

It is planned to issue subscription warrants on Sept. 10 to holders of common stock of record Aug. 31, permitting subscriptions at the rate of 1.4 shares of new common for each share of common stock now outstanding.

Forging Company Earnings Gain.

The Transue & Williams Steel Forging Company for June reports earnings of $[illegible], against $16,472 in May and $19,086 in the corresponding month last year. From Jan. 1 to June 30 earnings approximated $284,947, against a deficit of $116,000 in the first half of 1922.

COTTON DEPRESSED BY EUROPEAN NEWS

Weakness in Wheat Also Aids Price Decline—Market Closes at a Loss.

Aside from rain at a few widely scattered points in Texas, there was no essential change in cotton weather west of the river. As many stations reported temperatures from 100 to 110 as at any time last week, but the disturbing aspect of European affairs served to unsettle sentiment and bring a further decline in prices yesterday. Extreme weakness in wheat caused some Western selling, while local and Southern interests had contracts for sale at various times during the day. Public interest is still the smallest of the season, owing to the many conflicting factors at work just at this juncture. The market opened lower and closed at a loss of 35 to 44 points.

Though the local market reacted 30 to 40 points on Saturday, a gain of about 20 American points was still due in Liverpool yesterday. But instead of advancing, foreign prices were lower, partly due to private reports of showers in Texas and in part to news from the Continent. In fact, the course of events in Europe became the dominating factor in trading, bringing selling pressure throughout the morning. Most positions started about 30 points lower and fell further before the decline was halted. As a great deal of covering had occurred during the advance last week, buying power proved less than needed to absorb contracts for sale. Several lines of both October and December came out, forcing October below 23¾c and December under 23¾c. This represented a loss of nearly a cent on December from the extreme figures of Friday. With the morning map showing fine rains in Mississippi and Arkansas, with a low barometer still centred in the Southwest, there was little general support through trade orders for late months appeared on the decline. Liverpool closed at low figures of the day, after a loss of about 30 American points, while foreign selling was conspicuous throughout the first hour.

Details of over-Sunday weather showed more than an inch of rain at one station in Texas, with showers at eight points over the State. But fifteen stations in Oklahoma had temperatures of 100 to 110 degrees, while thirty points in Texas reported from 100 to 109 degrees. Sunday passed without bringing any radical change in weather conditions, and the number of stations reporting high temperatures proved as great as last week. A break in wheat to new low levels during the afternoon served to offset Texas weather, and shortly after midday October sold as low as 23.66, with December touching 23.15, just a cent below Friday's high figure. Trading proved light, operators being disposed to await rather than anticipate developments. So much depends on weather in the great producing sections of the Southwest that the crop will be made or unmade during the coming thirty days. A repetition of the drought of 1921 and 1922 west of the river would have a decided bearing on the value of cotton the coming twelve months. On the other hand, favorable conditions and a large yield would increase crop estimates even beyond the present tendency toward larger figures than those prevailing a few weeks ago. Sterling rates had a steadying influence on final trading, with October recovering above 23.80.

The certificated stock here is now down to 54,000 bales, as a result of a steady movement of cotton from the Port of New York. The stock at all ports is less than 270,000 bales. Southern spot prices were reduced a quarter to over half a cent, with very little cotton changing hands.

Prev.	Monday	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev.
July		27.00	27.04	26.79		27.23
Oct.	....23.90	23.94	23.66	23.82@23.84		24.17
Dec.	....23.46	23.42	23.15	23.27@23.32		23.63
Jan.	....23.14	23.14	22.92	23.06@23.06		23.43
March	....23.08	23.12	22.90	23.00@23.02		23.41
May	.....	22.95	22.86	22.90		23.31

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 45 points decline, 27.55c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.25c, 50 points decline; New Orleans, 27c, 63 points decline; Norfolk, 27c, 25 points decline; Augusta, 26.55c, 69 points decline; Memphis, 27.25c, 25 points decline; Houston, 27c, 50 points decline; Little Rock, 27.25c, 25 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester.	Last wk.	Last yr.
Port receipts	4,050	3,773	6,408
Exports	7,580	3,938	7,649
Exports season	4,711,699	4,686,698	5,910,582
New York stocks	37,823	61,339	171,849
Ports stocks	268,104	276,908	896,608
New York Ar.	2,065	619	25

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, unchanged, 15.79d for middling; sales, 5,000 bales, American 3,000. Futures opened barely steady, 3 to 6 points decline; close barely steady, 11 to 5 points decline. Prices—July 14.72d; October, 13.14d; December, 12.73d; January, 12.57d; March, 12.44d; Manchester—Yarns dull, cloths quiet.

CREDIT MEN OPTIMISTIC.

"Not Slightest Sign of Inflation or Strain," They Announce.

The Administrative Committee of the National Association of Credit Men yesterday made public through J. H. Tregoe, National Secretary and Treasurer, a declaration regarding business conditions. The committee "found not the slightest evidence of inflation or strain in credits" and goes on to say in part:

"A carefulness in production and wholesale buying is discoverable and must be regarded as a good symptom. Retail buying has not appreciably diminished. On the whole there cannot be large stocks of merchandise nor any tendency to inflation in commodities.

"The year's crops will play a highly important part in determining the courses of future business. The controlling of costs in production and distribution proves very difficult. Profitmaking of the proper proportions is a general problem. Despite these factors, we believe after careful observation, that the underpinnings of our commerce are sound and we have no occasion to hold any feeling but constructive confidence as to the future.

BUYS POWER COMPANY.

H. M. Byllesby Takes Over Wisconsin-Minnesota.

Control of the Wisconsin-Minnesota Light and Power Company has been purchased by H. M. Byllesby & Co. from the American Public Utilities Company, it was announced yesterday. The holdings will be consolidated with the Northern States Power Company.

The former officers of the Wisconsin-Minnesota Company have resigned and the following Board of Directors have been elected: H. M. Byllesby, President; E. P. Peabody, Vice President; A. S. Huey, J. J. O'Brien, R. J. Graf, F. W. Stehl, Dean Francis C. Shenehon, J. H. Briggs, H. W. Fuller and John H. Roemer.

The Wisconsin-Minnesota Company, according to the announcement supplies electricity to seventy-three cities including La Crosse, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Menominee, Wis. and Red Wing, Minn.

SCHULTE PLANS NEW DEAL.

Negotiates With Park & Tilford for Chain Stores.

Establishment of a national system of chain stores to compete with other large systems is being planned by the Schulte Retail Stores Corporation in connection with negotiations for the taking over by Schulte of the Park & Tilford interests, it became known yesterday.

D. A. Schulte, head of the Schulte Retail Stores Corporation, admitted that such a system of stores was under consideration. It is understood that they will carry the name of Park & Tilford.

Mr. Schulte declared that the negotiations for the taking over of the Park & Tilford interests probably would be completed within a week or ten days, at which time a statement would be issued by the Schulte Corporation. This statement, it was said, would include the establishment of outlets or agencies in the principal cities of the country.

GRAIN EXPORTS DROP 1,000,000 BUSHELS

Wheat Shipments to Europe Gain 54,000 Bushels During Week Ended July 14.

BIGGEST FALL OCCURS IN RYE

Canadian Grains Routed via United States Ports Show Increase of 301,000 Bushels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Grain exports of the United States fell off 1,000,000 bushels during the week ended July 14, compared with the previous week. The biggest slump came in the exports of rye, which dropped from 1,481,000 to 592,000 bushels. Wheat exports declined from 2,716,000 bushels in the week ended July 7 to 2,416,000 bushels. Flour exports were 151,300 barrels, as against 138,000 barrels.

Detailed statistics show that wheat exports to Europe were about 54,000 bushels more than in the week ended July 7. The United Kingdom took 647,000 bushels in the week ended July 14, compared with 753,000 the previous week. No shipments were recorded to Italy, where 44,000 bushels were shipped the previous week. Other European countries took 1,677,000 bushels in the week ended July 14, compared with but 1,473,000 for the week ended July 7. Countries other than those of Europe took 92,000 bushels, compared with 446,000 bushels the previous week.

Canadian grains in transit cleared from United States ports increased during the week ended July 14. Shipments of rye jumped from 84,000 bushels to 137,000 bushels and of wheat from 414,000 bushels to 697,000 bushels. Canadian grains shipped totaled 964,000 bushels in the week ended July 14, compared with 563,000 bushels in the week ended July 7. Flour shipped by Canada through American ports fell off from 6,200 barrels to 3,500 barrels.

Detailed figures for American exports of grains showed a total of 3,613,000 bushels of all kinds had been shipped during the week ended July 14, compared with 4,527,000 bushels the previous week. The figures follow:

Barley, 338,000 bushels, compared with 162,000 bushels; corn, 204,000 bushels, against 207,000 bushels; oats, 63,000 bushels, against 41,000 bushels; rye, 592,000 bushels, against 1,481,000 bushels; wheat, 2,416,000 bushels, against 2,716,000 bushels.

APPEALS ON KENTUCKY TAX.

Bank Holds Mary Flagler Bingham's $84,474,000 Property Was Never in State.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The Fidelity and Columbia Trust Company today asked the Supreme Court to review the decision of Kentucky Courts holding the estate of Mary Lily Flagler Bingham liable to an ad valorem tax on property valued at $84,474,000.

The Courts held that for taxing purposes Mrs. Bingham took the residence of her husband, who lived in Kentucky, but the Trust Company insisted that she never resided in Kentucky and that the property had never been within the State for taxing purposes.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Cash Wheat Breaks to New Low Point; Corn Lower, Too—Others Firm.

There was another break in cash wheat yesterday, No. 2 red dropping 3½ cents a bushel to $1.17, a new low point for the year. Corn was also down, sagging 1¾ cents to $1.05⅝, while oats No. 2 moved back to 52 cents, from 49½ cents on Saturday. Small losses were recorded in butter and cotton, but elsewhere groceries, provisions and metals were firm.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Monday, a week before and a year ago:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.94⅝	.96⅜	.97	1.00¼	1.14¼
Sept.	.96	.96¼	.96⅜	.99⅝	1.12
Dec.	1.00⅜	.99⅝	.99⅞	1.02⅝	1.14

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.82½	.81⅝	.82⅜	.85⅞	.62
Sept.	.74⅞	.74¼	.74⅝	.76¾	.64
Dec.	.63	.62¼	.62⅝	.62⅝	.61¼

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.38⅝	.37⅝	.38¼	.38⅝	.34¼
Sept.	.34¾	.34¼	.34⅜	.37⅜	.32⅜
Dec.	.36	.35¼	.35⅝	.36⅝	.33⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.61⅝	.61¼	.61⅜	.63⅝	.83⅜
Sept.	.64¼	.63⅝	.64	.65⅝	.81¼
Dec.	.67⅝	.67¼	.67⅛	.68⅝	.83⅛

PROVISIONS:

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.....	.....	10.82	10.85	10.90
Sept.	11.00	10.95	11.00	11.10	11.02
Oct.	11.10	11.05	11.10	11.12	9.77
Ribs—					
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	9.15	.....

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	.....	.....	10.25	10.28
July	.....	.....	.....	10.20	10.00
Aug.	1,000	10.38	10.33	10.30	10.40
Sept.	2,200	10.08	10.03	10.07	10.16
Oct.	1,000	9.23	9.18	9.22	9.28
Nov.	100	8.57	8.57	8.60	8.65
Dec.	400	8.52	8.41	8.50	8.52
Jan.	1,000	8.52	8.45	8.50	8.53
Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	8.53

Total Sales—5,700.
*Closing bid.

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Last Close.	Year.
July	.....	.....	8.45	.....	.....
Sept.	7.55	7.51	7.55	.....	9.50
Dec.	7.05	7.00	7.01	.....	9.47
Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
March	7.02	7.00	7.00	.....	.....
May	7.02	7.02	7.00	.....	.....

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Last Close.	Year.
March	3.60	3.52	3.57	.....	3.51
May	3.59	3.59	3.73	.....	3.40
July	5.36	5.25	5.40	.....	3.37
Sept.	5.53	5.50	5.50	.....	3.48
Aug.	.....	.....	5.35	.....	3.37
Oct.	.....	.....	5.18	.....	3.51
Nov.	.....	.....	5.06	.....	3.51
Dec.	4.88	4.41	4.67	.....	3.57

*Closing bid.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (July 14), 5,564 packages. Market opened weak and unsettled but after a decline of about 1c closed steady with demand restricted in high grades. Creamery, higher than extras, 92 score, 39½c; extras (92 score), 39¼c; firsts, 38@38c; seconds, 35@37½c; centralized carlots (90 score), 37½c. Quotations: Extras, 92 score, 39½@39¾c; unsalted, higher than extras, 41 @41¾c; extras (92 score), 39¼@40¼c; firsts, 38@39c; seconds, 35@37½c; Danish casks, duty paid, specialized, 30¼@31c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 30½c; No. 2, 30@30¼c; lower grades, 29¼@29¾c.

EGGS—Receipts (July 14), 9,541 cases. Market quiet to steady, unsettled and generally weak especially on white eggs and the average prime and medium qualities. Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 30@33c; extra firsts, 29@30c; firsts, 24@28c; seconds and pullets, 21@22c; checks, dirty eggs, 21@22c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, regular packed, 21½@22½c; No. 2, 20@21c; checks, fair and choice, dry, 19@20c; New Jersey, Pennsylvania, closely selected extras, 41@45c; other Western hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 41 @43c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, fancy, 39@40c; extra firsts, 38@39c; firsts, 32@36c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 32@37c; nearby browns, under grades, 29@31c; mediums, 31@36c; nearby whites, mediums, No. 2, 29 @32c. Pacific Coast whites, extras, 38@40c; extra firsts, 35½@37c; firsts, 29@35c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 28 @36c; nearby, henney browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 39@41c; other Western and nearby Western, hennery browns, extra, 33@36c.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Pf. rfd.	Pay. able.	Hold. of Record.
Franklin (H. H.) Mfg. of	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 27
Philadelphia Co.	$2			
pf.	$1.25	SA	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
Pullman Co.	$3	Q	Aug. 15	July 31

Suits and Skirt.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

Telephone Bryant 1000

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Large quantity from $2.50 to $2.75, all shades; also velour 1316 reindeer, Watkins 9099.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewarts; only, black, brown and kit fox. I. Nuvick, 45 West 27th. Watkins 9644.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 1353; black, brown and kit fox. J. M. Finkelstein, Watkins 9610.

BOLIVIA WANTED—21371 ormadals or similar; all colors. Polyanna, 150 West 29th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—1353, 16061, 0582, 21371, 15140, 0390, 1316, 09164. Lexington 1911.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—610 Brown. Chelsea 0269.

CANTON Crepe and Crepe de Chine Wanted—All shades, any quantity; spot cash. Royal Silk Mills, Madison Square 1788.

CANTON Crepe and Crepe de Chines Wanted—Large quantity. Leonora Dress Co., 49 West 27th.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—Also crepe de chine; good quality; cheap. 139 West 39th, 1st floor.

CANTONS Wanted—Satin faces under $2 yard. Kirschner, 16 East 33d.

CHARMEUSE, Georgette or Any Other Silks Wanted—Any shade; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 437 4th Av.

CLOTH WANTED—1316 velour reindeer; velveretts, brown; 1353 brown and kit fox. Hammer, Friedman & Reiss, 142 West 36th.

CLOTH Wanted—Bolivia and velour ends, 1½ yards up; cash. Chelsea 9068.

CLOTH WANTED—15140, colors 6 and 12. Spring 8676.

COATS Wanted—Children's. We are looking at samples between 1 and 4 P. M. L. Chauser, Inc., 122 West 26th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on girls' and junior coats. Call all week with samples, 5th floor, 35 West 35th.

COATS WANTED—Placing orders on coats of the better kind. 333 7th Av., 18th floor, 28th St. entrance.

COATS Wanted—Fall discarded samples, also fur coats; jobs only, for cash. Phone Madison Square 7974.

COATS Wanted—Placing stock orders on better grade coats; all weeks. Call 16 West 32d, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobs cloths and plushes; also discarded samples, cash. Longacre 6025.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better class coats. Cummings, 32 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high-priced coats. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Better grade, by exclusive jobber. Fourth floor, 33 West 33d.

COATS WANTED—Sport, large quantity. Kline & Wisster, 141 West 36th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking. Call 30 West 32d, 3d floor. Cohen.

CREPE-BACK Satin, satin canton, canton crepe charmeuse, messaline wanted for cash. Licht, 404 4th Av.

CREPE Satin and Satin Face Canton Wanted—Good quality only; cash. Lady Fashion Dress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders in new Fall samples popular to highest grade dresses in canton, satin canton crepe satin, charmeuse, poiret & good part of the day and while there was a sharp break early on stop loss orders the December at one time was above the previous finish. Net losses for the day were ½@¾ cent with September leading as the result of selling of that delivery and buying of December. Claims of crop deterioration are being received from parts of Texas and Oklahoma while there were beneficial rains in other sections. Receipts of 220 cars of cash corn led to a break in premiums early. Supplies for sale in the open market were about 50 cars with No. 2 yellow selling early at 4 cents over July and later at 5 cents over.

December oats sold at a new low for the season as did all deliveries of rye, the latter being the lowest since 1915, when cash sold as low as 55 cents or 9½ cents lower than at the present time. Oats closed ½@⅞ cent lower for the day and rye was off ½@¾ cent. In the visible supply there was a decrease of 620,000 bushels of corn, making the total 2,547,000 against 3,167,000 bushels the previous week and 25,552,000 last year.

Primary arrivals of wheat today, 1,047,000 bushels; week ago, 986,000 bushels; last year, 1,493,000 bushels. Shipments, 646,000 bushels; week, 727,000 bushels; last year, 623,000 bushels.

Corn, receipts, 726,000 bushels; week ago, 688,000 bushels; last year, 1,190,000 bushels. Shipments, 384,000 bushels; week ago, 691,000; last year, 1,943,000 bushels.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.94⅝	.96⅜	.97	1.00¼	1.14¼
Sept.	.96	.96¼	.96⅜	.99⅝	1.12
Dec.	1.00⅜	.99⅝	.99⅞	1.02⅝	1.14

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.82½	.81⅝	.82⅜	.85⅞	.62
Sept.	.74⅞	.74¼	.74⅝	.76¾	.64
Dec.	.63	.62¼	.62⅝	.62⅝	.61¼

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.38⅝	.37⅝	.38¼	.38⅝	.34¼
Sept.	.34¾	.34¼	.34⅜	.37⅜	.32⅜
Dec.	.36	.35¼	.35⅝	.36⅝	.33⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.61⅝	.61¼	.61⅜	.63⅝	.83⅜
Sept.	.64¼	.63⅝	.64	.65⅝	.81¼
Dec.	.67⅝	.67¼	.67⅛	.68⅝	.83⅛

PROVISIONS:

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.....	.....	10.82	10.85	10.90
Sept.	11.00	10.95	11.00	11.10	11.02
Oct.	11.10	11.05	11.10	11.12	9.77
Ribs—					
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	9.15	.....

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying stouts in silk and cloth; all prices; call all week. 5th floor, 35 West 36th.

DRESSES WANTED—Looking all week at better grade Fall dresses, all materials. A. Marks, 33 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on Fall samples, all materials. 118 West 27th, 11th floor, front room.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on high-class silk dresses. Jacob J. Kahn & Co., 12 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on cloth and silk dresses. Snappy Styles, 146 West 25th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on new Fall tricoshan and poriet twill. Shotkin Bros., 52 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at new Fall dresses, silk and poiret twill. 5th floor, 32 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at new poiret twill dresses. Second floor, 151 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash; highest prices paid for job silks. Phone Samuels, Watkins 2875.

DRESSES Wanted—Latest silk numbers; orders waiting. 118 Madison Av., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at samples of popular silk dresses. 22 West 27th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Fall dresses. Stern-Goldberg, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on Fall models. Warren Dress, 258 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders, silks, all week. 110 Madison Av., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on silks and cloths. 9th floor, 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class, all kinds jobs for cash. Telephone Canal 4222.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new models. 224 5th Av., 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Cash for jobs and regular. Palais Dress, 147 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at better kind. 125 West 29th, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silk and poiret. 158 West 27th, 9th floor.

FLANNEL Wanted—Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th. Watkins 9264.

FLANNELS Wanted—Red, green and black. Roth Bros., 35 West 31st.

FUR COATS Wanted—For spot cash; seeline trimmed or untrimmed; any quantity. Morningside 0856.

FUR COATS Wanted—Open to buy coney coats for spot cash. Bartlett Co., 370 7th Av., Room 303.

FUR Coats Wanted—Open to buy for cash seeline, coney and marmot coats. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

FUR COLLARS WANTED—Wolves, beavers, squirrels, Viatkas. Room 511, 160 Fifth Av., Mohawk Bldg.

FUR COLLARS wanted; aquirrels, wolves, red foxes and beavers. Aron, 160 5th Av.

FURS Wanted—Coney, Manchurian wolf, American opossum, muffins and marmot; also jobs for cash. A. Katz, 32 West 31st.

FURS Wanted—Placing orders on fox, beaver and wolf sets. Call with samples, 10 to 12. I. G. Simon, 1,140 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Open for Manchurian wolf collars and sets; first quality. Plaster-Bleier, 150 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—1,000 collars; beaver and platinum wolf; for cash. I. Fent, 22 West 30th.

FURS Wanted—Dog collars; large quantity. Eisenberg-Friedman, 30 West 28th.

FURS Wanted—Best quality dog collars. Myer Cohen, 237 West 27th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

GERONA and Marvella Wanted—All colors. Madison Square 4366.

GERONA Wanted — All colors, for cash. Phone Longacre 5763.

JERSEYS Wanted—All colors; must be cheap. Watkins 9910.

KERAMI Wanted—Blumenthal's, haute, grey. Bross Bros., 16 West 25th.

LINENS Wanted—Oyster or white, for cash. Dainty Manufacturing Co., 60 Walton St., Brooklyn.

MUSLIN, silk underwear, wanted, complete stocks; for cash. W 308 Times.

NORMANDY Voiles Wanted—Chelsea 9302.

ORMADALS Wanted—American 21371, also 1316 velour color 1329 only. Watkins 0429.

PLUSH Wanted—Blumenthal's mole kerami. Philip Shlansky & Co., 138 West 25th.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Americans 55 and 16; quantity. Leonora Dress Co., 49 West 27th.

POIRET Wanted—09183, 09164, 500, 5372, navy, black, brown. Madison Square 1447.

POIRET Wanted—American 09163, 09164 or similar. 129 West 27th, 10th floor.

POLAIRES Wanted—132016, all shades; spot cash. Chelsea 5057.

PONGEES Wanted—Ninghai, 48 to 50 yard pieces, either duty paid or in bond; quote price for quantity. Exporter, P. O. Box 456, Madison Square.

SATEENS Wanted—Imitation lingette, plain warp satin, also 54 by 104 sateen; all colors; cash. Progressive Underwear Co., 93 Prince St.

SERGE Wanted—Immediately, 50 pieces No. 7120 or W. M.; underpriced for spot cash. Margolies & Jacobs, 564 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

SERGES Wanted—French black, brown, better quality, spot cash. Jacobus Bros., 121 West 19th, 8th floor.

SERGES Wanted—French Garfields 528 or similar quality; navy and brown. Watkins 9910.

SERGES, Storm, Wanted—36 or 54 inch navies, blacks. Halpert Bros., 142 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted—Juilliard's, French, Madison Square 0943. 15 West 29th, 9th floor.

SERGES Wanted—Cash; 57, 123, 7120, XX, 802, 3007, 1210. Meirovitz, Madison 0546.

SILKS Wanted—Printed crepe de chine, georgettes, foulards, sport satins, shirtings, satin cantons, canton crepe, charmeuses, any quantity; spot cash. Rosers, 24 East 29th. Madison Square 8370.

SILKS, Woolens and Cotton Goods Wanted—Remnants; cash paid. Send postal, I will call. Sol Silverstein, 129 Eldridge St.

SILKS Wanted—Will pay cash for Eagles 201; can use quantity at a price. S. M. Silverman, 1,643 Madison Av., near 109th St.

SILKS, Woolens Wanted—Closeouts any kind. Meirovitz, 39 East 27th. Madison 0548.

SILKS Wanted—Jobs of all kinds, also prints. Hirsch, Madison Square 5171.

SILK Canton Crepe Wanted—$1.80 Canton for cash. Sol Lavine, 12 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Flat crepe under $2. 9th floor, 37 West 28th St.

SILKS Wanted—Printed satin de chine. A. Katz, 22 West 21st.

SKIRTS WANTED—Jobber placing orders; spring Fall samples between 10 and 12. Room 207, 236 5th Av.

SKIRTS Wanted—Open to buy pleated silk skirts for spot cash. Bartlett Co., 370 7th Av., Room 303.

SKIRTS Wanted—Four numbers of every description. Hutner, 141 West 33d.

SKIRTS Wanted—Buyer looking at Fall skirts. Room 2012, 15 East 26th.

SUITS Wanted—Open to buy for cash jobs of Fall sample suits. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders; high-grade suits. 32 West 32d, 3d floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Pink, blue, copen, navy and brown. Samuel Schneider, 22 West 27th.

TWEEDS Wanted—Fifty-fifty and all-wool. Comfort Romper, 2,544 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

VELOUR Wanted—American 1316, 13515; brown and reindeer. Bernstein & Wolff, 1,178 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted—Also bollvias, polrets, polaires; must be cheap. Madison Square 7693.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight, and bollvias; cheap. The Oshringer Co., 30 West 20th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 1813, 16063; navy or similar. Roffer, 15 West 24th.

VELOURS WANTED—Navy 13911 or similar. A. Zimmerman, 7 West 30th.

VELOURS Wanted—Style 1370, 13518, reindeer and taupe. Ashland 7925.

VELOUR Wanted—1869, 1316, also 0545. Lifshitz Bros. Chelsea 4616.

VELOURS Wanted—1315, 329 deer. Myer Co., 131 West 26th.

VELOUR Wanted—13909 or similar qualities. Gramercy 3366.

VELVERETTE Wanted—Ormadals 18219; pay cash. Orchard 6324.

WOOL Crepes Wanted—Juilliards and Whitmans, in all colors. Joseph Schoenfeld, 43 East 31st. Madison Square 4439.

WOOL CREPES Wanted—Juillard, all colors, for cash. Harry Saltman, 25 West 30th. Longacre 7509.

WOOL Crepe Wanted—Juilliards, all colors, American poiret; cash. Madison Square 3745.

WOOLENS Wanted—McKeeneys, Intervales, Highlands, Oldowens, Stoneys. Remarkable Clothing, 85 Bleecker St.

YALAMAS Wanted—Botany, all colors. Madison Square 4366.

**OFFERINGS TO BUYER

SAYS LONDON FIXES PRICE OF NITRATES

American Investigator Complains That the British Control in Chile.

COMPETITION ELIMINATED

No Trust Exists, but Tendency Is Away From Efficient Production, Says Report.

Although the United States is the world's largest user of nitrate, the evolution of the nitrate trade is operating to give Great Britain a strong advantage over this country, it is asserted by Charles J. Brand, marketing specialist for the Department of Agriculture, who studied the subject while visiting the principal European countries recently.

Mr. Brand found that control of prices for Chilean nitrates practically rested with a London committee made up of representatives of the British nitrate houses. In consequence of the existence of a producers' association controlling about 97 per cent. of the output and the methods of operation pursued thereunder, he said, competition which might force efficiency and economy in the production of the fertilizer was virtually eliminated and the United States, which buys half of the nitrate exported from Chile, is left without any say as to the price.

There is a reasonable parity between the prices of Chilean nitrate in Europe and the prices in the United States, Mr. Brand reports. His chief criticism of the present method of price fixing is that it affords no incentive to efficient production, and thus keeps prices higher than they need be. The producers are organized in an association which allots quantities sold to each plant in accordance with its capacity. Plants that can not produce nitrate at the going prices sell their supply to the more efficient concerns, which for the sake of controlling as much tonnage as possible are willing to pay the less efficient producers a bonus to get their output. This practice, says Mr. Brand, inevitably penalizes nitrate users everywhere.

The Nitrate Producers' Association was formed in 1919 with headquarters in Valparaiso. Its avowed object, according to Mr. Brand, is to increase consumption and fix prices. In theory the price fixing is done by a committee in Chile, but in reality by a London subcommittee whose recommendations almost invariably are adopted. How the subcommittee is chosen is not exactly clear, Mr. Brand says. Sir Arthur Goldfinch, who was Director-General of raw materials of the British War Office during the war, is the present Chairman and the Chilean Consul-General and chargé d'affaires in London are ex-officio members.

The producers' association is a voluntary organization which was formed, says Mr. Brand, in 1919. Unless continued, it will expire Jan. 10 next. All the eighty-five producing companies in Chile are members, except American concerns representing 2½ per cent. of the total capacity and perhaps one other small producer. It is the belief of the British trade that the life of the association will be extended. Mr. Brand thinks the association has performed some useful services, but regards the general effect of its price-fixing arrangement as injurious to nitrate consumers.

Price-fixing at the point of production, by an association in which British interests are strongly represented, does not, in Mr. Brand's opinion, indicate the existence of a British nitrate trust. Although the British houses work together harmoniously, they appear, he says to be competing sharply in most phases of their business. He said they co-operate openly as to many things, while maintaining keen competition in selling. In 1920, to avert threatened disaster from price recessions, British nitrate firms organized a pool to distribute surplus stocks. The pool was liquidated June 30, 1922, since which date the trade has been conducted in the usual way.

The importance of the Chilean nitrate trade to the United States, Mr. Brand says, appears from the fact that its consumption for agricultural purposes alone has been as high as 900,000 tons in a single year. Total consumption by the United States last year was 735,000 tons, out of a world consumption of 1,850,000 tons.

Prior to the war Germany was the largest consumer of Chilean nitrate. But the blockade forced her to seek a substitute. She erected large plants capable of fixing 500,000 tons of nitrogen from the air annually, and the synthetic product made her independent of Chile. Recently, owing to the seizure of the Ruhr, the German synthetic nitrate plants have been forced to cut down their output and purchase of Chilean nitrates has had to be resumed. Still it is not likely Germany will ever again be the chief consumer.

That role probably will be filled by the United States, pending development of synthetic nitrate production in this country. There is no doubt, according to Mr. Brand, that the synthetic product will furnish strong competition to the Chilean nitrate, and will act in some degree as a means of price correction. Still it is evident that the Chilean supply will be important in this country for many years, and that we have a great interest in having the product efficiently produced and economically marketed.

Arizona Wage Law Held Up.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 16.—A temporary injunction restraining the operation of the Arizona Minimum Wage law was granted today by Judge Erskine M. Ross of the Federal Circuit Court. The case was that of A. Sardell, a confectioner, against John W. Murphy, Attorney General of Arizona, and W. A. O'Connor, County Attorney of Santa Cruz County. Sardell asked an injunction to restrain the officials from prosecuting him under the Arizona act of Feb. 13, 1923, fixing $16 a week as the minimum wage for women.

TO OUST MARKET OFFICIALS.

O'Malley to Name New Supervisors in a Few Days.

Market Commissioner Edwin J. O'Malley yesterday announced his intention of appointing new market supervisors from the list sent to him by the Municipal Civil Service Commission last Thursday. These appointments must be made within ten days from last Thursday, the date of certification by the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

The Commissioner's action end the litigation that has been going on for more than a year to keep the present market supervisors in their positions. The list furnished Commissioner O'Malley contains 183 names, from which he may appoint 100 men. Only four of the present supervisors succeeded in making this list.

HELD FOR HOLD-UP KILLING.

Chicago Man Accused as "Smiling Woman" Is Reported Indicted.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Fred G. Thompson, held in connection with the slaying of Richard C. Tesmer, insurance man, several weeks ago, was reported today to have been named in a true bill charging murder voted by the Grand Jury.

At the time of his arrest Thompson was dressed in female clothing and posed as the wife of Frank Carrick, with whom he was arrested. Police later learned that Thompson was a man and the husband of Marie Clark at the same time he posed as Carrick's wife.

Mrs. Tesmer, widow of the slain man, declared Thompson when taken before her was the "smiling woman" bandit who shot and killed her husband during a holdup.

BUSINESS RECORDS

Petitions Filed—Against.

GOLDSTEIN & FREEDMAN, silk jobbers, 220 Fifth Avenue—By Katherine Gass on a claim of $1,500. Liabilities about $17,000, assets about $10,000. The members of the firm are Louis M. Goldstein and Joseph Freedman.

O'DONNELL & KOLIS, manufacturers of notions, 443 Broadway—By B. Wolfman for $672; G. Levy, $5; I. Silverman, $286. The members of the firm are George O'Donnell and Benjman Kolis.

WOHLSTEDTER-BUTLER CO., INC., 140 West Twenty-second Street—By Sigmund Hollender for $900; Samuel Lalling, $900; Samuel Wohlstedter, $750.

REINSTEIN BROS. & SCHECHTER, manufacturing furriers, 49 West Twenty-seventh Street—By Klein for $540; Samuel Berstein, $515; Samuel Sacha, $546. The members of the firm are Sam and Morris Reinstein and Max Schechter.

MAX KLEINMAN, trading business as Max Kleinman Trimmings Works, 48 West Twenty-seventh Street—By Art Braid Co., Inc., for $87; Majestic Braid Works, Inc., $130; Heidelberg & Heidelberg, $347; Dorothy Hemikoff, $238.

CHARLES AND FANETTE FELDSTEIN, trading as the Famous Fennette, 1,908 Boulevard, Hamgels, L. I.—By David Ackerman for $500.

PLAZA BOOTERY, Abe and Philip Feldman, trading as the Plaza Bootery, 197 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn—By Stylebuilt Shoe Co. for $258; Consolidated Shoe Co., $100; Kreywon Shoe Co., $100, and Majestic Novelty Shoe Co., $100. Judge Garvin has appointed James Gray receiver in bond of $700.

SAMUEL BERGMAN, dry goods and clothing, 126 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn—By Edward Taylor, $370; Walter Roby, $250; Jones & Eisenberg, $200. Judge Garvin has appointed Louis J. Castellano receiver in bond of $5,000.

Petitions Filed—By.

HARRY MacCANLIS, doing business as H. MacCanlis Card manufacturer of, arcade cards, 21 Howard Street. Liabilities $275,550, assets $4,165, main items being stock $1,161, fixtures $1,705. Principal creditors are Clara Starr $125,000, Paul A. Rigler $2,125,000 on damage claim for accidents.

MORRIS FLAUM, baker, 109 Essex Street. Liabilities $15,850, no assets. Principal creditors are Lichtenstadter Brothers $2,400, A. Grenowitz $1,285, Sol. Rosen $1,000.

LOUIS ALLEN GAMBEE, doing business as Gambee Auto Supply Co., 288 East 149th Street. Liabilities $12,651; assets $2,441, main item being stock $2,000. Principal creditors are L. M. Sheridan $4,400, Mrs. Thomas McArthur $4,000, Madison Tire and Rubber Co. $2,185.

NATHAN FRIEDMAN, 148 Duane Street. Liabilities $16,305, no assets. Principal creditors are Victoria L. Angell $10,182, Gerry H. Gerry $6,000.

PARAMOUNT PAPER BOX CO and Realart Print and Lithograph Co., 467 Broadway. Liabilities $6,279, assets $2,012, main items being stock $900, fixtures $600. The members of the firm are Benjamin Bazzin and Carl A. Schaeffer.

CONSTANTIN CHRISTOPOULOS, 90 Canning Street. Liabilities $4,514, assets $100 and 100,000 marks.

CHARLES P. GRIESELMAN, automobile accessories, 861 Ridgewood Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities $4,828.54, assets $3,850.

JACOB N. GRUBER, Butcher, 467 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities $12,748.92, assets $2,190.25.

Receivers Appointed.

EMPIRE HOME BUILDING ASSOCIATION, INC., 242 Madison Avenue—Stoddard M. Colby appointed under $1,000 bond by Grover Learned Hand. Liabilities about $50,000; assets about $1,000.

Schedules Filed.

FRED J. BORGENMEISTER, importer and importer, 90 Church Street—Liabilities $19,808; assets $25,426, main items being notes and securities, $11,301; unliquidated claims, $7,950; cash, $2,001; stock, $2,400. Principal creditors are Equitable Trust Co., $15,000, and a number of the members of the Rubber Trade Association (names of firms not stated), $50,000.

HARRY SCHEIN, dry goods, 274 Bleecker Street—Liabilities $12,523; assets $2,015, main item being stock $2,000. Principal creditors are Philip Rosenstein, $1,600; Buckerbraun Bros., $378; Samuel Abrahs, $500.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 16.—Harry E. McGinnis, farmer and Mason dealer of Mouton Township, Adams County, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; liabilities $28,322, assets $14,136.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., July 16.—George M. Felter, a physician of Schenevus, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the Federal Court today with liabilities of $18,744 and assets of $3,120.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Sidney Rosenblatt, a salesman, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, listing liabilities of $35,600 and assets of $150.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 16.—Receivership proceedings for the C. and E. Shoe Company of Columbus and Delaware, Ohio, were started in Common Pleas Court here today by R. C. Stephenson and Thomas V. Osborne of Lynn, Mass. Hearing on the petition has not been set. The petition alleges that the company has liabilities $14,000 and merchandise that total indictment of the company is $600,000, mostly in promissory notes due now or before Aug. 1, and that the company is solvent but is unable to arrange for additional credit.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday. The first name being that of the debtor.

Armstrong, Blachon I. and Emmett Walsh, N. Y. Trust Co., $2,000.

Audsley Ky, Rollers Machinery, $410.13.

Gonzalez, Nelson D.—M. A. Reardon, $11,285.37.

Buchanan, Richard—A. J. Sullivan, $170.65.

Brandstein, Joseph (Brandt Dress Shop)—Sheldon $150.20

Brainstein, Henry (Henry Brown)—J. S. Nelkin $184.67

Continental Coal Co., Inc.—Am. Sugar Refining Co. of New York $396.20

Glair, Samuel—I. Berger et al $117.20

Curtis, Joseph B.—Ph. Wiechsler & Son, Inc. $198.65

Cochran, Edwin A.—R. D. Ribble $320.00

Downey, Wallace—F. L. Ronde et al $1,194.04

Emanuel, Jonas F.—A. Lewis $2,206.14

Same—Same $4,474.40

E. W. Minter Co., Inc.—Stoller & Cook Co. $1,289.35

Feinstein, Ira—S. Goldschlager $327.62

Farrell, Louis Llado, Francisco Llado Farrell and Adelaide Lachaz Farrell Diehl—W. Farrell, costs $287.43

Hopkins, Alfred—M. B. Levitt $4,249.27

Hough, Will M.—H. B. Wilcox $140.20

Interborough Film Service Corp., James Kaplan and Nat Faltman—Mechanics Bank $733.46

James Chieves & Co.—California Almond Growers Exchange $5,112.73

Katz, Emanuel—Shivek Bros. Fabric Corp. $613.14

Krieger, Leon (Architectural Cabinet Co.)—Heywood-Wakefield Co. $202.11

Kass, Emanuel—Shivek Bros. Fabric Corp. $613.14

Lynch, James P.—Columbia Casualty Co. $500.00

Meidenburg, Albert B.—E. D. Lawson $506.70

Nahas, Benj. L. (B. L. Nahas & Co.)—Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ltd. $19,467.32

Same—same $9,851.25

Same—same $10,006.28

Nuncie, Francois—L. Gordon $4,127.28

Pantarella, Giovanni & Giovanni Pandarella—Stokes Coal Co., Inc. $303.46

Perlman, Harry E.—Union Trust Co. of Rochester, N. Y. $503.64

Peterson, George H.—D. Bloomberg, costs $145.83

Rabinowitz, Abraham—N. Greenbaum $147.85

Rotstein, Morris—National Surety Co. $181.45

Seymour, Alfred Wotakyns, as adm'r.—Mechanics & Metals Nat'l Bank $317.37

Strauss Theodore—Henry Glass & Co. $101.30

Sumshine, Murray—E. M. Goldstein & Co. $185.20

Storey, Joseph & Walker Motors, Inc.—Bronx National Bank of N. Y. $900.00

Schoenhaus, James—Wm. J. Seidenberg Corp. $164.20

Todd, Wallace—Vacuum Cleaner Specialty Co., Inc. $208.85

Vogel, Lena—A. J. Bates & Co., Inc. $476.28

Wolff, Julius—R. Williams $181.29

Woodward, Percy G.—Libby, McNeil & Libby $350.70

Zoloton, Harry—M. Mehen $182.20

Weinstein, Samuel and Isidore Weinstein—J. F. Simonelli et al $3,215.15

In Bronx County.

Buckley, Maida—F. E. Campbell Funeral Church, Inc. $625.95

Goldman, Morris—S. Silberglat $3,440.00

Gaetjens, William H.—Standard Plumbing Supply Co. $205.10

Prout, John T.—Maintenance Co., Inc. $436.62

Seige, Morris Realty Co., Inc., and Samuel Horowich—B. E. Buhler Co. $463.30

Storey, Joseph, and Walker Motors, Inc.—Bronx National Bank, City of N. Y. $900.30

Verce, Perry H.—J. E. Kern $2,014.85

Zarbo, John—C. H. Kolter et al $139.87

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

In New York County.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

Horter, John C.—J. R. Regan, July 23, 1921. $740.66

Howard, Matthew N.—B. Monshelmer, Oct. 19, 1922 ..... $1,965.20

Kolb Building Co., Inc.—T. M. Venovitch, Mar. 24, 1921 ..... $936.55

Kolb Building Co., Inc.—T. M. Venovitch, Mar. 24, 1921 ..... $1,060.30

Nickson, Richard J.—Andrew H. Kellogg Co., Oct. 21, 1922 ..... $8,300.56

Moss, Ernest J.—Bowring & Co., June 19, 1920 ..... $1,384.60

Korofsky, Aaron, trading as Hudson Seal Fur Co.—H. Silbert; July 18, 1923 ..... $176.30

Taylor, George V. as Pres. American Express Co.—H. Goldstein; Nov. 9, 1922 ..... $3,540.53

In Bronx County.

Diamond, William J.—A. Cohen; May 29, 1923 ..... $180.75

Donnelly, George—F. Eifiein & Sons, Inc., Oct. 23, 1922 ..... $971.21

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday.

In New York County.

8TH ST., 57 West; Ashlund, Tager & Weiner, Inc., against McDougal Realty and Construction Corp., owner; Wright & Kowalski, contractors $300

In Bronx County.

PAULDING AV., 4,012; Giovanni Nista against Angelina Minadio, owner and contractor $735

162D ST., 438 and 440 East; D. Shabin Sons, Inc., against Abraham Guyan & Max Dubrender, owners; F. T. Buorgeano & Son, contractors $969.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

106TH ST., 2-8 EAST; Atlantic Metal and Tar Roofing Co. against Jacob Bagel et al (June 1923) $235.60

100TH ST., 241 WEST; W. S. Connor, Inc., against White Cap Heating Co., Inc. (June 1923) $650.00

53D ST., 501 TO 509 West; and 502-71 8th Av; George Blum et al. against 234 St. and 8th Av. Corp. (March 22, 1923) $250.00

SOUTH ST., 285; Kelly Contracting Co. against Muhlenberg Coal Co. et al. (May 16, 1922), cancelled $1,145.00

SOUTH ST., 281; Kelly Contracting Co. against Muhlenberg Coal Co. et al. (May 16, 1923) $118.00

In Bronx County.

MAYFLOWER AV., 1347—Westchester Steam Wrecking Co., Inc., against Martin Carolina Realty Co., Inc., et al.; May 15, 1923 ..... $194.13

201ST ST., s e c 7th av and Riverdale Av—Wm. McClure et al. against John Lynch et al., July 20, 1923 ..... $96.00

GUN HILL ROAD, 1022—Nick Angelini against Miles De Marco et al.; June 11, 1923 ..... $2,400.00

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$35

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Man-Tailored Poiret Twills $16.75 to $29.75

Pastel Shade Voiles

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ULLMAN-JESSEL DRESSES	13.75 to 21.75
CHAPLEIGH STOUT DRESSES	13.75 to 29.75
S. U. & J. DRESSES	6.75 to 10.00
S. U. & J. STOUT DRESSES	To Retail at 15.00

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AKRON, Ohio—Weiss & Weiss; B. Weiss, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Bros.; Miss M. Baldiker, patterns; Miss J. Trimble, representing; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

ALPENA, Mich.—Alpena Garment Co.; F. W. Coll; J. T. Handall, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

ALTOONA, Pa.—Silverman & Silverman; L. Silverman, bathing suits, sweaters, trousers, boys' suits; jobs furnishing goods; Miss J. Silverman, jobs voile, gingham, silk dresses, skirts; Fall cloaks, suits; 115 W. 30th (S. Seitf & Co.); Pennsylvania.

ALTOONA, Pa.—H. Slutzker, notions, hosiery furnishings; Pennsylvania.

ASBURY PARK, N. J.—Steinbach Co.; H. L. Bartlett, domestics, dress goods, silks, velvets, household linens; Breslin.

ASBURY PARK, N. J.—Steinbach Co.; Miss B. Silver, women's, children's ready-to-wear; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Anthony Bros.; Miss Cruse, coats, suits, dresses, furs, &c.; McAlpin.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—The Leader; S. I. Blomberg, men's furnishings, clothing; 235 5th Av. (Hotel Breslin).

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bro.; O. R. Thompson, shoes; 332 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ATLANTA, Ga.—The Mirror; A. L. Benton, millinery, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (H. C. Lyon).

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. Co.; Miss G. Williams, waists; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. H. Schofield, trimmings; 16 W. 20th.

BALTIMORE—Brager's; B. M. Morris, clothing, trunks, bags; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Hecht & Co.; I. Sonneborn, women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

BALTIMORE—Thanhouser & Wellier; S. P. Thanhouser, children's dress materials; 1,182 B'way, Room 906; Claridge.

BALTIMORE—United Cloak and Suit Co. (Jobber), M. D. Brown, popular-priced better grade Fall suits; 1,222 B'way (Jobbers Market).

BALTIMORE—O'Neill & Co.; Miss A. Gannon, dresses; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

BALTIMORE—Julius Gutman & Co.; E. J. Gutman, skirts, coats, suits, furs, corsets; 38 W. 32d (Livingston & Cohen).

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; C. Schott, women's apparel, underwear, knit goods; 72 Leonard.

BALTIMORE—Dorf Co.; M. Dorf, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros.-Weldon Co.; L. J. McGlynn, silks, velvets; C. T. Stalford; men's and boys' clothing, basement; 23 E. 26th St. (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Jos. Pultitzer, men's, women's, children's waists, dresses; Martinique.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Abe Kaufman, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 35th (Wm. M. Van Buren).

BOISE, Idaho—Falk Mere. Co.; M. J. Coen, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

BOSTON—Shepard Stores; Mr. Congdon, manager men's dept.; Mrs. Merrill, toilet goods; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss E. Sharaf, girls', juniors' Fall dresses (9:30 to 11 A. M.); 482 4th Av. (M. Bernstein).

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co., Upstairs—Miss Stackr coats, suits; Miss O'Regan, misses' coats; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; Mr. Phillips, division manager, ready-to-wear; Mr. A. S. Miller, men's furnishings; Mr. Goldie, division manager, men's, boys' wear; Miss Reddington, misses' waists, sweaters; Miss Golden, women's silk waists; Miss McNeil, silk and muslin underwear; Miss Lyons, handkerchiefs. Basement—Miss McAuliffe, sweaters. Bargain annex—Mr. Galnsboro, men's clothing; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co. Upstairs—J. J. Smith, men's furnishings; Mrs. Z. Byrnes, ladies' costumes. Basement—Miss Shanahan, girls', juniors' dresses, skirts, play suits; Miss F. Rubin, women's straw, felt hats; 200 5th Av., Room 602.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co. Upstairs—E. J. Daley, inexpensive dresses, silk costumes; C. Giles, women's costumes; Mrs. K. Maddock, children's millinery; Miss J. Harry, misses' dresses, gymnasium suits; Miss J. E. Rowell, corsets; Miss D. Feeley, negligees, bathrobes, kimonos; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, bathing suits, ladies' high-grade coats; G. W. Ross, women's tailored suits, ladies' high-grade suits; A. G. Sanborn, black, colored silks; W. H. Kearns, silk waists, high-grade silk waists; Miss M. J. Kelly, dress trimmings; E. Labby, laces; Mr. Cary, ladies' high-grade skirts; 452 4th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co. Upstairs—Mrs. J. Maurice, waists, sweaters, undermuslins, bath robes; Miss F. Webber, hosiery, underwear; Mrs. D. Hewey, stouts' stylish wear; Miss J. O'Callaghan, div. mgr., stouts' stylish wear. Basement—Miss A. Golding, house dresses, underwear; B. H. Zussmen, women's, misses' last year's Fall coats; 225 5th Av., Room 811.

BOSTON—Sylvia-Coppinger Co.; F. L. Sylvia, dry goods; 54 Leonard.

BOSTON—Margils & Jacobs; L. Jacobs, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

BUFFALO—I. N. Adam & Co.; Miss M. E. Dooley, muslin, silk underwear, for immediate delivery; Miss M. Schwab, dresses for immediate delivery; Mrs. J. W. Creighton, Miss S. Egan, infants' wear; 16 W. 20th.

BUFFALO—Morrison's, Inc.; J. R. Morrison, ladies' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

BUFFALO—Adler Co.; Miss Adler, mdse. mgr.; 270 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

BURLEY, Ida.—Golden Rule Mere. Co.; W. A. Van Engelen, ready-to-wear; 100 West 32d (C. Landsman).

BUTTE, Mont.—Hennessy Co.; Miss A. Penney, infants', children's wear; Miss K. Shea, representing; 23 East 29th (W. T. Knott).

BUTTE, Mont.—M. J. O'Connell Co.; Miss A. O'Donnell, ready-to-wear; Miss E. Haggarty, millinery; 23 East 29th (W. T. Knott).

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio—Royal Cloak Co.; A. M. Bleich, coats, dresses; 131 West 33th (Hart, Flanagan Co.).

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—People's Store (Joseph Schwab); Miss E. Cantly, millinery; 33 West 35th (I. D. Rothschild & Co.).

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—S. Oberian; ready-to-wear, fancy trimmed coats; 1,201 Broadway (F. R. Schwartz).

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.; W. B. Shockley, china, glassware, kitchenware, toys; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer), Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Lovemah & Co.; W. F. Sporborg, mdse. manager all depts.; F. T. Marler, carpets, rugs, draperies; Mrs. M. Noah, Miss S. Connors, misses', women's coats, suits, dresses; 35 East 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

CHICAGO—Boston Store; C. Lindeman, rugs, carpets; 44 East 23d.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss S. Singer, skirts; J. S. Lewis, house furnishings; Mrs. L. A. McFadden, corsets; Mrs. A. Mark, lamps, lamp shades; Miss Baum, millinery; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Twelfth St. Store; A. J. Schaeffer, jobs cotton dresses; L. G. Kahn, muslin underwear, bathrobes, infants' wear, fancy goods; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—Miss Bros., children's dresses, muslin underwear; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; A. Immekus, white goods, flannels, domestics, linens; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. C. Delberg, ladies' sweaters, novelties; 404 5th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; M. T. Cary, flannelette underwear; O. W. Boness, wash goods; C. H. Wise, white goods; 43 White.

CHICAGO—Weiboldt & Co.; N. Klein, muslin underwear, waists, petticoats, corsets; 370 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

CHICAGO—Hollenbeck, Odegard & Estabrook; E. Odegard, men's suitings; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—S. Phillipson & Co.; E. Dubroff, basement sample room; E. B. Phillipson, underwear, hosiery, yarns; S. Phillipson, mdse. manager; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Felton & Felton; M. Friedberg, women's shoes, sweaters; 1,182 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Madinah Dress Co.; B. Glanet, sweater blouses; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Goldwach Klein Co.; H. Goldwach, women's suitings; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Joseph's; Mrs. N. Ingis, dresses, costumes; 305 5th Av. (Miss S. A. Kirsch).

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. L. Kahn, mdse. manager; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—J. Oppenheimer & Co.; J. Abeloar, jobs cheap cotton dresses; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

CHICAGO—Consolidated Millinery Co.; G. L. Gerson, millinery; 15 West 38th (10th Floor).

CHICAGO—Lederer Co.; A. Spilker, mdse. manager, silk dress goods, toys; 115 West 30th (S. F. Levie).

CHICAGO—M. Mendel; H. Sahm, better sport, dress coats; 1,372 Broadway (L. D. Greenfield & Bro.), 5th floor.

CHICAGO—M. Ainbinder & Co.; M. Ainbinder, ready-to-wear; 115 West 30th (S. F. Levie).

CHICAGO—Apfelbaum & Stern; P. Apfelbaum, waists, dresses; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—M. Burns Co.; J. E. Burns, children's and infants' wear; Breslin.

CHICAGO—I. Besark & Sons, Inc.; J. Teller, dresses; 15 East 26th, Room 1910.

CHICAGO—Besancon & Engel, Inc.; B. M. Engel, shirts, underwear, sweaters, coats, bathing suits; N. Engel, underwear, shirtings, furnishings; 43 White.

CHICAGO—United Cloak & Suit Co.; M. L. Watterson, mdse. manager; 16 West 34th St.

CHICAGO—M. Dessnberg; coats, dresses; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—S. Cohen; coats, suits; Claridge.

CHICAGO—T. Bear, children's and juniors' cloaks; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Keystone Garment Co.; H. S. Bernad, waists, sweaters; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Alpert, Cutler & Co.; S. Alpert, waists, dresses; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; L. Cohen, coats, suits; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Weil & Kaufman (jobbers); A. M. Kaufman, ladies' coats; Imperial.

CHICAGO—Western Rug Co.; B. C. Hall, carpets, rugs; Claridge.

CHICAGO—Twelfth St. Store; J. Simon, men's, boys' furnishing goods; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; E. Mayer, men's clothing; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

CHILLICOTHE, Mo.—Bernard's Stores, Inc.; George W. Greenbaum, ready-to-wear, millinery; 115 W. 30th (M. Lichtenstein & Co.).

CINCINNATI—Louis Stix Company; M. J. Paddock, white goods, draperies; Mr. Hazelton; 347 Broadway, Room 905.

CINCINNATI—Joseph Lazarus Company; M. Lazarus, hats; 15 West 38th (Y. A. Plaut); 8th floor.

CINCINNATI—Heins & Heins; M. D. Mates, hosiery, gloves; 140 5th Av., Room 402.

CINCINNATI—Smith-Kasson Company; Mrs. H. Preiss, underwear, house dresses, petticoats, children's wear; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Company; P. Douglas, Carpets, rugs, linoleums; L. A. Fortwangler, carpets, rugs, mattings; 423 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons C. Mrs. J. B. Kay, better-grade dresses; 38 West 32d (Littman & Storch).

CINCINNATI—S. Goldberg; S. Goldberg, jobs gingham dresses; 131 West 23d (Swede & Tettlebaum).

CLEARFIELD, Pa.—C. W. Leonardson Co.; A. W. Leonardson, Miss Ward, ready-to-wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fisher).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Company; Miss F. Freeman; jobs of stout dresses; Miss Mosovics, suits; Miss Weisberger, silk and cotton waists; Mrs. Fletcher, bathroom, house dresses; Miss Rappaport, infants' wear; H. Kay, hosiery; 1,372 Broadway (Affiliated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND—May Company; I. Upsight, men's furnishings; 37 West 20th (E. M. Sostman.).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Company; Mr. Hampton, jewelry, leather goods; 1,372 Broadway (Affiliated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND—May Company; Miss L. Emrheim, misses' dresses; 37 West 20th (E. M. Sostman).

CLEVELAND—Klein, Lichtensteder & Co.; H. Klein, men's furnishings; 361 Broadway (Hall & Hartwell Co.).

CLEVELAND—Koroch & Bielweise, L. I. Koroch, coats, suits, materials; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; W. Weisenberger, corsets; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

COLUMBIA, S. C.—Ben Marche; D. McCarthy, piece goods, notions, laces, ready-to-wear, millinery; 482 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; T. J. Quinlan, men's Palm Beach suits; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n.).

COLUMBUS—Green, Joyce Company; P. A. Schneider, notions; J. A. Sallis, knit goods; 256 Church (C. E. Rice Company).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion; Miss A. Ryan, dresses, costumes, skirts; 38 West 29th (Frohman & Altman); Pennsylvania.

COLUMBUS—J. Shapiro & Sons; J. Shapiro, clothing, shoes; 131 West 33d (Swede & Tettlebaum).

COLUMBUS—Jones-Witter Co.; R. E. Forward, domestics, silks, wash, dress goods; 256 Church.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa.—Wright, Metzler Co.; F. W. Wright, general merchandise; 32 West 18th (Jay & Co.).

COVINGTON, Ky.—John R. Coppin Co.; S. Macklin, dress suits; 115 West 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

DALLAS, Tex.—Sanger Bros.; Miss Clara Hallett, hosiery, gloves; Miss Lillian Farrell, millinery; Miss L. Wellbronner, trimmer; Mrs. S. A. Houston, misses dept.; Miss S. Goldstein, infants' wear; J. K. McMahon, silks, velvets; W. H. Hizet, carpets; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Tex.—Sanger Bros.; H. Calvert, infants' wear; knit, muslin, silk underwear, negligees, house dresses; Miss Steger, waists, skirts, coats; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Tex.—Sanger Bros.; C. S. Funsell, men's hats, trunks; E. L. Sanzer, merchandise manager; 19 East 24th St.

DALLAS, Tex.—Lichtenstein, Mittenthal Co.; L. M. Lichtenstein, fancy ostrich feathers; 30 West 36th (A. Alexander).

DALLAS, Tex.—Neiman Marcus Co.; Miss A. Miller, waists, sweaters; 60 West 35th St. (Wm. Van Buren).

DARLINGTON, S. Car.—Witcover & Co.; H. Goldstein, stout crepe de chine, trimmed dresses, jobs men's, boy's clothing; 1,123 B'way (Goldstein-Brown Co.).

DAVENPORT, Iowa.—M. A. Klein, coats, dresses; 131 West 35th (Hart, Flanagan Co.).

DENISON, Tex.—J. W. Madden Co.; S. R. Parks, dry goods, muslins, furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

DENVER, Col.—Neusteter Co.; E. Neusteter, coats; 16 West 36th (O. Abel).

DESMOINES—Harris, Emery Co.; Miss M. Mort, infants', juniors' wear; L. De Witt, new Fall dresses, jobs Summer silk dresses; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

DESMOINES, Iowa—J. Mandelbaum Sons & Co.; M. H. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss M. C. Fetz, muslin and silk underwear; basement; Miss A. Murphy, bath robes, corduroy robes, bungalow aprons, petticoats; Mrs. G. Miller, assisting; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DETROIT—Heyn's Bazaar; Mr. Schwartz, jobs gingham dresses; 16 West 36th (O. Abel).

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; A. P. Kennedy, men's, boys' furnishings, basement; 200 5th Av. Room 1150.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; E. C. MacLennon, colored wash goods; 200 5th Av., Room 1150.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; Miss E. Garren, dresses, girls' coats; Miss R. Andrews, infants' wear; Miss G. Parker, basement leather goods, neckwear; 200 5th Av., Room 1150.

DETROIT—Russell Co.; N. Glass, coats, suits, skirts; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; F. J. Bielier, representing, women's full-fashioned link hosiery; G. Sufinsky, mdse. mgr., high-grade sport dresses; W. H. Myers, jobs sweaters, waists; Mrs. A. L. Donavan, jobs infants', children's wear (to 6 yrs.); Miss E. Woods, jobs corsets; J. K. Crawford, jobs jewelry, silverware, leather goods; Mrs. B. Burton, jobs boys' furnishings; H. Quinlan, jobs men's, boys' hats; M. Landsberg, C. A. Peck, H. A. Tamblyn, mdse. mgrs.; H. B. Schleicher, lamps, brass goods, electrical supplies, Fall and Christmas mdse.; Miss A. Mitchell, jobs notions, stationery; M. C. Prendeville, cottons, linens; C. M. Howatt, automobile tires; 38 West 32d, Room 1512.

DETROIT—Frank & Seder Co.; Miss M. Murray, jobs sweaters; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

DETROIT—Burnham, Stroppel & Co.; W. Canfield, B. C. Palmer, hosiery; 43 Leonard (R. R. Miner).

DURUQUE, Ia.—Roshek Bros. Co.; F. H. Roshek, dresses; 149 West 20th.

DULUTH, Minn.—W. H. Bruen & Co.; W. H. Bruen, Miss E. Stedge, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (H. C. Lyon).

EL PASO, Texas—Popular D. G. Co.; L. Streitz, infants', juniors', misses' wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fisher).

FORT DODGE—Fuenke Merc. Co.; G. F. Feidler, men's furnishings, leather goods, jewelry, neckwear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

FORT EDWARD, N. Y.—Loughlin's; Thomas C. Loughlin, clothing; Claridge.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Pollack Waist Co.; H. H. Pollack, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

FRESNO, Cal.—E. Gottschalk & Co.; D. M. Wright, silks, dress goods, velvets, linings, ready-to-wear; Miss Johnson, waists, silk, muslin underwear, infants' wear, corsets, aprons, juvenile dept.; E. O. Massey, domestics, cotton piece goods, draperies; 115 West 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

FRESNO, Cal.—Radin & Kamp; T. H. Connors, women's, children's wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

GALESBURG, Ill.—O. T. Johnson Co.; Miss J. Brennan, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; Miss M. O'Brien, infants' wear; Miss L. Silas, china; 1,170 B'way (Morgan & Abrens).

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—P. Steketee & Sons; Mrs. F. Chartier, coats, suits, dresses, furs; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

GRANDVIEW, Texas—Carter-Houston D. G. Co.; Mrs. W. J. Klinger, ladies' ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

GREEN BAY, Wis.—United Cloak and Suit Co.; A. Wasserstein, dresses; 16 W. ... (E. R. Waterstone).

HAMMOND, Ind.—Edw. C. Minas Co.; Miss L. B. Jones, coats, suits, dresses; 1,182 B'way (H. L. Smith).

HATTIESBURG, Miss.—Davidson Co.; L. L. Mullinix, mdse. mgr.; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; S. H. Polman, genl. mdse., basement; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; G. F. Kuebler, silks; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

HAZELTON, Pa.—J. Shigo, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

HOUSTON, Texas—N. Schwat, jobs ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way, Room 806 (B. Goldberg).

HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Munn Co.; A. T. Campton, dress goods, silks, linens, white goods; 233 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

INDIANAPOLIS—Efroymson & Wolf; H. Wolf, fancy goods, notions, neckwear, art goods; 53 W. 35th (Blumenthal & Co.).

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss N. Redding, girls' juniors' wear; Miss Larger, millinery; Miss A. Simon, dresses; 32 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; Mrs. Spencer, coats, suits; 240 Madison Av.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; Mrs. D. Ellington, underwear, corsets; T. N. Beagle, shoes; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

JACKSON, Tenn.—Rosenbloom Bros. Co.; J. Rosenbloom, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Glosser Bros.; B. T. Shuman, mdse. manager; S. Coopersmith, jobs all kinds wash dress goods, women's, misses', children's apparel, infants', childrens wash dresses, corsets, petticoats, hosiery, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (S. F. Levie).

KANSAS CITY—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; C. Johnson, basement, dress goods, upholstery goods; 35 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY—G. K. Woodruff, coats, suits, dresses; 1,182 B'way (H. L. Smith).

KANSAS CITY—Kitses, Inc.; Miss Morgan, children's, juniors' dresses; Miss Riley, waists, sweaters; 404 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY—Jones Store; E. Green, ready-to-wear; T. J. Gibbons, men's furnishings, boys' clothing; G. C. Harden, representing; 14 E. 20th (W. T. Knott).

KANSAS CITY—Jones Store; J. B. Hosier, leather goods, stationery; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

KANSAS CITY—Burnham-Munger-Root D. G. Co.; E. F. Gregory, wash goods, dress goods, silks; H. D. Grape, prints; 47 Leonard (R. R. Miner).

KANSAS CITY—Union Clothing Co.; J. Jacobstein, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania, Room 1209.

KANSAS CITY—Geo. B. Peck D. G. Co.; Miss H. Jones, Misses; 240 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY—John Taylor D. G. Co.; A. A. Taylor, mdse. manager; 366 5th Av. (J. W. White).

KANSAS CITY—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; W. R. Patterson, shirtings, shirts, &c.; 79 Leonard (H. W. Fitzhugh).

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—S. H. George & Sons; Mrs. N. T. Booth, waists, dresses, children's wear, muslin underwear, corsets; Mrs. H. N. Henry, coats, suits, skirts; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Daniel Briscoe Co.; J. D. Briscoe, piece goods; 72 Leonard (W. L. Howell Co.).

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Morris Bart; M. Bart, millinery; 1,182 B'way.

KOKOMO, Ind.—Boston Store; S. Bernsteins, jobs silk, cotton dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

KOSCIUSKO, Miss.—Potts-Oliver; W. Potts, general dry goods; 3 W. 29th (F. S. Farmer).

LAKE CHARLES, La.—Muller Co.; Mrs. N. Schubert, ready-to-wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

LANSING, Mich.—I. Present & Co.; Miss E. Present, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (I. D. Rothschild & Co.).

LAWRENCE, Kan.—Innes, Bullene & Hackman; H. B. Bullene, coats, suits, waists, knit goods; Pennsylvania.

LEBANON, Ind.—I. Eichman, women's ready-to-wear furnishings; 1,170 Broadway. (Weisman & Miller).

LEWISTON, Idaho—R. C. Beach Co., Ltd.; Miss A. Murphy, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—H. Simon, dry goods, women's wear; Pennsylvania.

LIMA, Ohio—Ladies' Outfitting Co.; Max Michael, ladies' ready-to-wear; Hargrave.

LIMA, Ohio—Glover & Winter; C. L. Dalzell, wholesale millinery; Hargrave.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine Co.; Miss M. Murphy; waists, sweaters; 240 Madison Av.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Hersberg Co.; Max Rosenbloom, ready-to-wear; 32 West 35th. (Jay & Co.).

LINCOLN, Neb.—Magee's; F. Rowland, men's hats; 1,164 Broadway. (Fellows Buying Corp.)

LOS ANGELES—Bullocks; H. G. Birig, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss S. Stevens, millinery; 16 West 35th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman-Straus Co.; C. P. Walmsley, coats, suits, waists, furs; 320 5th Av. (F. Atkins.)

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter D. G. Co.; E. M. Wright, ready-to-wear; 48 Leonard (E. F. Humphrey.)

MARION, Ind.—Queen City Store; J. Zimmerman, new Fall silk dresses; 17 West 28th.

MARSHALL, Texas—Jarrard's; T. C. Jarrard, ready-to-wear; 117 West 35d. (Hoffman & Hartbilay.)

MARSHALL, Texas—J. Wiseman & Co.; J. Hirsch, dry goods; Mrs. E. N. Johnson, representing; 11 East 26th St. (Imperial.)

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. Lowenstein Bros.; M. C. Smith, hosiery, men's furnishings; 120 West 32d St.

MIAMI, Fla.—Mary Agnes Shop; Miss M. A. Wells, ladies ready-to-wear; 174 West 70th.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—H. Johnson, women's furnishing goods, corsets; Herald Square.

MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld, Phillipson Co.; B. H. Ritterhoff, draperies, upholstery; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

MILWAUKEE—Garland's; N. Simon, coats, suits, dresses, furs; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; C. E. Collar, shoes; B'way and 32d (N. Y. office).

MILWAUKEE—Smart Shop; G. Foy, coats, suits, dresses, furs; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE—Landauer & Co., Inc.; L. C. Hilgendorf, underwear; 350 B'way, Room 643.

MILWAUKEE—Great Western Knitting Co.; H. E. Miller, sweaters; 303 5th Av., Room 1004.

MINNEAPOLIS—Whitney, MacGregor Co.; Miss M. Wallace, ready-to-wear; Miss M. Lilienberg, infants' wear; Mrs. R. Huxtable, muslin underwear, knit goods; G. La Bissonniere, ready-to-wear, furs; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; L. P. Valli, suits, skirts, coats, misses' garments; Mrs. K. DuPont, millinery; F. Merkl, L. Herrells, representing; 16 W. 39th.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; E. E. Leonard, domestics; R. M. Ankeny, knit underwear; P. N. Biscomette, white goods, towels, &c.; G. B. Gilbert, silks; 43 Leonard.

MINNEAPOLIS—Field's, Inc.; R. O. Asl, wash goods, dresses; 1,140 B'way, Room 604.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; H. Kaufman, women's ready-to-wear; 240 Madison Av.

MITCHELL, S. D.—Baron Bros.; A. Baron, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

MITCHELL, S. D.—H. D. Butterfield Co.; L. Baron, ready-to-wear; I. Baron, dry goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

MOBILE, Ala.—The Style Shop; S. Kayser, mdse. mgr., coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

MORRISTOWN, Tenn.—Myers D. G. Co.; W. B. Myers, notions; 395 B'way (Woodward & Mitchell).

NAMPA, Idaho—Nampa Dept. Store; B. L. Johnson, fancy goods, jewelry, novelties; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Weinbaum & Jacobus; H. D. Weinbaum, ladies' ready-to-wear; 102 W. 36th, 11th floor, north.

NEWARK, N. J.—Goerke & Co.; Miss Liebich, new Fall samples; 44 W. 18th, 5th floor (Goerke-Gilmer Co.).

NEW ORLEANS—P. H. Holmes Co.; Miss M. L. Cronan, millinery; Mrs. Asherwood, representing; Miss F. Maher, waists, sweaters; Miss C. Mathews, women's neckwear, handkerchiefs; Miss A. Smith, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; S. S. Stern, shoes; L. J. Friedheim, sweaters, knit goods, knit underwear, children's dresses; 1,372 B'way (M. H. Gradwohl).

NEW ORLEANS—Marks-Isaacs Co.; C. F. McElroy, kitchen wares, house furnishings; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; S. F. Rutledge, ready-to-wear; 220 W. 32d (M. H. Gradwohl).

NEW ORLEANS—Shushan Bros. & Co.; J. Shushan, boys' knee pants suits, muslin underwear; 395 B'way (D. Weiler).

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Maxfield, Owen & Co.; M. Dorenfield, jewelry, novelties; Grade.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.—Amberg Co.; I. H. Hauser, furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

NORRISTOWN, Pa.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; J. W. Bussey, furnishings, hosiery, underwear, wash goods; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

OAKLAND, Cal.—Kahn Bros.; F. S. Pelton, millinery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

OAKLAND, Cal.—Roos Bros., Hoszeman's; M. Camp, hosiery, gloves, neckwear; Pennsylvania.

OGDEN, Utah—W. H. Wright & Sons; P. Wright, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—I. M. Herskowitz, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

OMAHA—Herzber's; Miss M. Greenberg, waists; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

OMAHA—Burgess, Nash Co.; C. W. Burgess, shirt material, neckwear, bathrobes; 200 5th Av., Room 1212.

OMAHA—Hayden Bros.; Miss E. Crowe, waists, sweaters; Mrs. F. Gardipee, coats, suits, furs; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

OMAHA—Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co.; M. A. Roecker, ribbons, handkerchiefs; 72 Leonard, Room 604.

OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; Miss H. Ferricks, blouses, sweaters; D. Solomon, shoes; 212 5th Av.

OMAHA, Neb.—Harsberg's; Samuel Herzberg, ready-to-wear; Miss Herberg, waists, kimonos, skirts, sweaters, negligees; Miss C. Barker, dresses; Miss Layman, dresses; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

OMAHA—Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co.; J. Byrne, underwear; V. L. Webster, piece goods; W. Roecker, notions; 72 Leonard (H. W. Fitzhugh).

OMAHA—M. E. Smith & Co.; C. O. Rydholm, mdse. mgr., 200 5th Av., Room 1212.

OSHKOSH, Wis.—Henderson-Hoyt Co.; C. W. Hoyt, women's ready-to-wear, furnishing goods, umbrellas; Miss G. Green, women's ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

OTTUMWA, Iowa—Bernard's Stores, Inc.; B. M. Lichtenstein, ready-to-wear, millinery; 325 W. 33d (M. Lichtenstein & Co.).

PADUCAH, Ky.—J. A. Rudy & Sons; Mrs. E. Golden, women's, children's ready-to-wear; 11 E. 26th (McGreevey, Werring & Howell); Pennsylvania.

PALESTINE, Texas—S. D. Brooks, coats, suits; Breslin.

PENDLETON, Ore.—Mrs. B. C. Brown, women's, children's wear; Breslin.

PEORIA, Ill.—Block & Kuhl; Mrs. H. Baker, trimmings, laces, notions; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; Miss Malloy, jobs batiste and sateen princess slips; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder Co.; H. L. Katz, lower-priced silk dresses; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PHILADELPHIA—Best-Fit Petticoat Co.; Max Cohen, white striped sateens, immediate delivery; 5th Av., Room 804.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss N. Marks, children's dresses; 1,321 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. A. Norwick, suits, piece goods; 1,561 B'way, Room 1106.

PHILADELPHIA—Gross Bros.; S. Gross, piece goods, silks; 2 W. 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers (Subway Store); C. Charlis, muslin underwear for anniversary sale; B'way & 32d (N. Y. Office).

PHILADELPHIA—Fink Co.; Miss E. Grossman, jobs cheap cotton waists; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss Kewis, bathing suits; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers (Subway Store); C. Charlis, muslin underwear for anniversary sale; B'way & 32d (N. Y. Office).

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; Mr. Weinstein, underwear; Mr. Boyl

Wholesale Only

Buy Them Man-Tailored!

For the Unusual in JUNIOR DRESSES See our

Sub Deb

Man Tailored Poiret Twills

Sizes 13—15—17—19

Prices: $13.75 to $23.75

¶ Standard Cloth throughout.

¶ Heavy Tub Silk Lined

¶ Styles that are refreshing.

¶ Prices appeal both to Buyer and Consumer.

BLASKOPF & Co. 2-16 West 33 St. New York

Wholesale Only

$5.00 SAVED!

On Every Coat For "Little Women"

Add this clear $5.00 saving to your profit. And remember — this unusual line also saves you alteration expense!

See it and ask us how we do it.

American Girl Coats for CHILDREN, JUNIORS and "LITTLE WOMEN"

American Girl Coat Co., Inc.

35 WEST 32nd STREET
34 WEST 33rd STREET
NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

SLIMLINE STOUTS

THE RECOGNIZED AUTHORITY

Stout Dress Creations

$19.75 to $69.50

METROPOLIS DRESS Co.
131 West 35th St., N. Y. C.
C. M. LASNSTEIN S. F. GOLDSTEIN

Mr. Page, Mr. Swanson, Mr. Tobin

Buying silk dresses for basement departments MAY CO., Cleveland; FAMOUS & BARR COMPANY, St. Louis, and the M. O'NEIL CO., Akron, will look at fall lines Wednesday, July 18th, from 1:30 until 5:30 P. M.

E. M. SOSTMAN
37 West 26th St., N. Y.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ....5 to 5½% for the best names.
Saturday ..... 5 % for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Gray Goods Were Dull.

Yesterday was just another one of the dull days in the local gray goods market. In the printcloths some July-August business was reported in 39-inch 68-72s at 10¾ cents, with 10¼ cents also paid for this construction in certain quarters. Spot sales of the same goods were told of at 10⅝ cents. This was about the only printcloth in which any real trading was done. The sheetings were very quiet, although some trading in 36-inch 56-60 four-yard cloths was reported at 11 cents. For 39-inch 5.4s prices ranged from 7⅝ to 8 cents, according to who held them. The rest of the market was also inactive and bare of feature.

***

Fall Shoes Will Be Artistic.

The combination of art and utility will be the keynote of the Fall offerings in women's shoes, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Allied Style Conference of Shoes and Leather. The statement says that toes of evening footwear will be of the medium round type, with suitable heels. These will be largely of wood in the Cuban shape and full Louis in the French and Spanish shapes, varying between baby Louis and the two-and-one-eighth-inch height. It continues, in part: "Light, airy strap and openwork patterns will predominate, and, while black as a color will be freely worn, beige, thrush, hazel, otter, Congo, log cabin and Autumn brown will be shown as a necessary blend, or contrasting with the prevailing shade of hats or gowns. Black and brown satins will be prominently displayed in both afternoon and evening wear, and the gold and silver bullion brocades, plain and trimmed, will freely intersperse the array of footwear for formal functions."

***

Interest Is Now Picking Up.

Increased activity in wholesale garment circles is being reflected to some extent in the dress goods market. With manufacturers swinging into active production, sellers report a better demand for twills, reps and soft-faced coatings. Despite the suspicion with which some buyers regard cotton-back bolivias, these pile woolens continue to occupy a strong position and are in relatively limited short supply. The slow ready-to-wear buying has had the effect of making the wholesalers very careful in the amount of production they are putting into work, based on a closely calculated outlet. This is an added factor, it is pointed out, for buyers not being able to get lowered prices, besides the limiting of supplies of certain piece goods and high prices for some trimming furs.

***

Features of the Fall Coats.

Staple black, from all indications, will again be the leading color in bolivia coats. Although grays and tans will be in large favor, according to I. D. Larpas, more than 50 per cent. will probably be for the black shade in garments of these pile woolens, owing to the fact that the lustre of the cloth is shown to much better advantage. In the sports coats, which promise to go very well for Fall, he thinks the grays and tans will stand out very prominently. Broad stripes, either horizontal or vertical, featured in side tie models of from forty-eight to fifty inches in length and trimmed with red fox, opossum, vicuna, raccoon, skunk or viatka squirrel, promise to be foremost in the coat demand for the coming season.

***

Underwear Trading Small.

Actual buying of Spring, 1924, lines of ribbed and balbriggan underwear in this market yesterday was of small proportions, despite the fact that most of the country's biggest jobbing buyers of this merchandise were here in anticipation of the opening. The lack of trading was due to two things: the obvious desire on the part of buyers to shop around before committing themselves and the fact that not all of the new lines were priced yesterday. More lines of balbriggan goods were open, from all accounts, than ribbed, although the openings of the latter were originally scheduled for a week ago today. The new "bal." lines showed advances ranging upward of 37½ cents a dozen on shirts and drawers, the actual prices running from $3.87½ a dozen to $4.25, according to quality. For "bal" union suits of the lower and medium grades $5.75 to $6.50 a dozen was quoted. For similar grades of ribbed union suits, quotations ranged from $6.50 to $7, the latter price being 25 cents higher than last year's. No price had been set late yesterday afternoon on the ribbed unions that are generally accepted as the market standard from the viewpoint of quality.

***

New Cottons Prices Not Made.

Adjusted prices on cheviots, plaids and similar merchandise that had been looked for here yesterday did not materialize, although there were a number of prominent jobbers in town. Many of them came from the Middle West and market comment was to the effect that they were not in a frame of mind to do a great deal of buying at this time. The break in wheat has had relatively the same effect in that part of the country, it was said, as cheap cotton in the South, and the merchants scarcely know where they are at. There seems to be a feeling, also, that cotton is going to be cheaper, and the disposition now is to talk and wait rather than buy. While definite statements to that effect were not made, it was strongly hinted in several quarters of the market that it would not be wise to do much repricing at this time. Although a good business is expected in the latter part of August and September, due to the low stocks in retailers' hands, the rest of this month will probably be a great deal quieter than it usually is.

***

Few Price Changes Were Shown.

As with other lines of knit goods, showing of bathing suits for the new season that were to be offered to buyers yesterday were not complete. In some cases the assembling of the samples was not finished until near the close of business, with the result that the amount of actual business taken during the day was smaller than might otherwise have been the case. Prices on standard lines of worsted suits, both for men and women, showed few changes from the opening levels of a year ago. On many "numbers," the difference, which was an advance, did not exceed $1 a dozen. Men's standard worsted suits ranged in price from $25 to $32 a dozen, depending on the quality and whether plain or striped. Women's goods, which were also priced on the basis of quality and pattern, were quoted from $27 to $40 for lines generally regarded as indicative of the market.

***

Position of Novelty Importer.

The advent of jobbers into the market is looked for shortly by importers of toys, novelties and similar merchandise. Conditions in this field have been quiet for a long time, with hand-to-mouth business prevailing. Complications have arisen, it is said, by price cutting by some and have unsettled buyers' ideas. On the other hand, importers are said to have gone light on their commitments and, with anything approaching normal holiday buying between now and Sept. 15, it was said yesterday that prices would be firm and supplies of some items limited. On dolls the importers are not said to be making much headway, owing to the fact that the mamma doll is far and away the leading one in demand and these are not coming from abroad. Importers' overhead costs have risen greatly owing to the hand-to-mouth buying policy. Stocks must be carried for long periods, with long term datings practically insisted on by jobbers and other buyers.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Miss Stella Stajer, formerly with Gimbel Brothers, this city, has become associated with Amelia Rossnan, resident buyer, 200 Fifth Avenue.

Emil Kaufman and William Greenberg, who have been in the furriers' supply business for many years, covering the Coast and Middle West, respectively, for the Furriers' Supply Corporation, have formed a copartnership and have entered that business at 360 Seventh Avenue.

Ralph Levinger, who was formerly connected with Wohl, Smith & Co., lace, embroideries and cotton goods, is now with Voss & Stern, silks, chiffons and cotton fabrics. He will continue to cover the manufacturing trade in his new connection.

A new price of 35 cents was put on eight-ounce tickings yesterday by at least two prominent jobbers of this merchandise. It is a reduction of a cent a yard from the last previous price.

RETAIL TRADE IN JUNE.

Average Increase of 14 Per Cent. in Sales Over June, 1922.

An average increase in retail sales for June of 14 per cent. over the same month last year was shown by stores throughout the country reporting for the monthly sales barometer of the Controllers' Congress of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, figures of which were issued yesterday. In May the same stores reported an increase of 14.1 per cent. The largest increase, amounting to 26 per cent. occurred in the Philadelphia Federal Reserve district, and the smallest, of 1 per cent., in the Kansas City district, which was also the case in the report for the preceding month. Of the total number of stores reporting, 93 per cent. made gains, compared with 85 per cent. in May.

In commenting on the figures, T. L. Blanke Director of the Controllers' Congress, said that an unusually small number of decreases was reported throughout the country and in most cases they were quite moderate. "The same was true of the increases," he pointed out, "as there were practically no reports of spectacular gains. The great majority of stores made moderate increases over the preceding year, as is shown by the shrinking in the average for the high districts and the improvement in the low sections.

"The smallest gains continue to be reported from the grain belt, the Northwest and Southwest, the Carolinas and Virginias. New England reflects a considerable improvement over the previous month, while the Southern States in the Atlantic district continue to make good gains.

"New York district reports practically the same improvement this June as was recorded in May. The other industrial sections, Pennsylvania, and the territory centring around Cleveland, continue to hold the lead in gains despite a considerable reaction in the Philadelphia district. The Far West, by making about the same gain as in May, continues to hold fifth place among the twelve districts.

"The large number of reports received from retail stores in all parts of the United States make these figures of exceptional value to merchants. The detailed sales barometer reports enable them to make accurate departmental comparisons of their own records with the average for their districts and thus establish the relative standing of their own sales in each department. Where a department of a store is below the district average, the merchant knows that a greater effort must be made in this particular department to get his share of the business, and where he equals his district average or exceeds it, he knows that his figures are quite satisfactory under existing conditions."

FOR THE VISITING BUYERS.

Beach Attractions in Connection With Merchandise Fair.

The "perfect fifty" was discovered yesterday when Miss Marguerite Evans applied for entrance into the bathing beauty contest to be held in connection with the Long Beach shore day for buyers, to take place on July 28 under the auspices of the Merchandise Fair. Miss Evans is credited with having the proportions of the Venus de Milo on the scale of 6 feet 1 inch in height and 270 pounds in weight.

In order to officially enter the contest, according to the Fair Committee, each girl must wear a bathing suit, and Miss Evans has been scouring the town to find one that is large enough for her. Finally, when she was on the point of giving up the hunt, a knit goods firm in St. Louis heard of her plight and offered to make a suit on special order.

Entries for the beauty contest have been so many that the committee has decided to hold an elimination one on July 21. Fifty of the most beautiful girls will then be selected. In addition, between seventy-five and one hundred entertainers have been secured for the amusement of the buyers attending.

As the special train comes into Long Beach it will be met by the entire chorus of "Adrienne," in costume. They will hand out balloons to each of the visitors and escort the party to the beach, where a special section will be roped off.

Performances of a vaudeville character on the sands will follow, complemented by contests of various kinds for the buyers, the festivities concluding with a shore dinner.

DOLLINGS DIVIDEND HELD UP

But Company Promises Customers No Loss of Policies Carried Out.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 16.—The R. L. Dollings Company of Pennsylvania, in a circular letter to 12,000 of its customers today, stated that it permitted to carry out the company's policies and program the affairs of the companies as well as the corporations whose securities they sold can and will be conducted in a manner that will prevent any loss to their customers.

The letter for information on the action taken by thirteen stockholders last Saturday in asking the Common Pleas Court of Franklin County at Columbus, Ohio, to appoint a receiver for the R. L. Dollings Companies of Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania. The Court set next Friday for a hearing, pending which officers of the companies will not make answer to the questions involved.

The letter further states that the regular dividend checks, due at this time, will not be forthcoming nor will it be possible to accommodate those who may have requested resale service. Commenting on this section of the letter, Mont Leakey, Vice President, said that the checks were held pending the outcome of the action that was taken on Saturday. Whether the checks will be issued after the hearing is not definitely known.

Look for More Action Shortly.

Looking at it from a piece goods standpoint, the skirt manufacturers are making haste slowly with their preparations for Fall. Several representatives of the Fourth Avenue concerns which sell the skirt trade said yesterday they had booked only comparatively small business as yet. The feeling is however, that this is only a temporary lack of interest, which will change shortly. Skirt wholesalers are busy clearing up their Summer stocks, and fall fill-in orders are still being received. It seems to be conceded that cloth skirtings of a more novel pattern will find favor for Fall, as contrasted with the plain solid color pleated effects which were so popular during the Spring and Summer. This opinion is based on the belief that the chiffon velvet and duvetyn blouses in simple, although very attractive, effects will lead and, for these, a conservatively novel patterned skirt is described as being "the thing." Wool crepes will, according to all indications, lead again for Fall.

***

Men's Wear Trade Still Slow.

Sentiment in the men's wear piece goods market prior to the opening of the Spring lines by the largest factor in the trade on next Monday shows very little change. Buying continues in small volume, although some of the jobbers say they have done a little more business lately, but at lowered prices. One well-known seller said he had noticed more interest lately on the part of out-of-town jobbers who sell to the merchant tailors. He looked for improvement in this respect, as these buyers up to the present have done comparatively little in heavyweights, and with the Fall season coming on they anticipate more activity. Despite the reported surplus of Spring suits, which in the dark colors may be sold in the Fall, the position is maintained that there will yet be a considerable amount of duplicate heavyweight orders, as it is claimed that the trade has not fully covered its suiting requirements.

Wholesale Only

WOMEN'S CANTON DRESSES TO RETAIL At $15

Sizes 38 to 48

Modish Fall Styles

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

KING & APPLEBAUM

333 SEVENTH AVENUE

(at 29th Street)

Wholesale Only

1000 SUMMER DRESSES TO CLOSE OUT

SILKS & COTTON

TO RETAIL PROFITABLY at $10.00

MELVILLE M. GUNST COSTUME CO., Inc.

15-17 East 32nd Street NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

Twenty-nine years of uninterrupted growth is a rarity in this particular industry. Yet the noteworthy part of this record is shown in the following remarkable statement:

52 1-6% increase the first six months this year over the same period last year—and that year a record year!

This achievement stands unparalleled.

It is the outgrowth of perfect service and highest value.

COATS—
Women's ..... $8.75 to $125.00
Misses' & Juniors' .. $5.75 to $49.75
Flappers' ..... $5.75 to $29.75
Intermediates' .... $3.75 to $19.75
Infants' ..... $2.75 to $10.75

SUITS—
Women's & Misses' $15.75 to $75.00

Coats Suits

HARRY KITZINGER & CO.

LEADERS IN THE INDUSTRY FOR MORE THAN A QUARTER CENTURY

1333 BROADWAY New York, N.Y. 327 WEST ADAMS ST. Chicago, Ill.

Smart Style

Wholesale Only

A WONDERFUL GROUP OF SENSATIONAL VALUES!

FUR TRIMMED BRYTONIA SALTONA 50 inch COATS

TO RETAIL AT $25.00

Trimmed with MANCHURIAN WOLF GENUINE CARACUL MOUFFLON and other leading furs.

Full Lined.

JUST ONE OF MANY VALUES!

PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

The BRODY-BLUNT Co.

WORLD'S LARGEST PILE FABRIC WRAP MFR'S.

134-142 W. 37th St. NEW YORK CITY

WE DO NOT SELL THE JOBBER

Wholesale Only

Orange Couturière

Atelier de Modèles 26 Place Vendôme Paris

Fashion tendencies distinctly Parisian are expressed in the

FALL SHOWING of ORANGE GOWNS

For Day and Evening

Outstanding style and workmanship at prices that are moderate.

NEW YORK SHOWROOMS

Garment Center Capitol, 498 Seventh Ave.

Orange Manufacturing Corporation.

Wholesale Only

BARNET MIRKIN BEN LEVITMAN

Partners Again

featuring

SALT'S Siberian Fur and Dukana in 50-inch Coats and Jacquetts—Fur Trimmed

$6.75 $75.00

Mirkin & Levitman COATS

19-21 West 24th St., New York

Wholesale Only

TODAY call and see our COATS SUITS WRAPS for STOUT Women

Made for figures of generous proportions, but marked at figures that are small indeed.

Just the new styles you want are ready. See them!

Simon, Goodman & Lipshitz

305 7th AVE. Cor. 31st

New York City

Wholesale Only

A GOOD BUY

Good bye to

1,500 DRESSES

Sacrificed

Offering an opportunity that comes but once a season.

Most Desirable Fabrics and Colors.

You will be well repaid for your visit.

PEERLESS DRESS & SKIRT COMPANY

124 West 25th Street, N. Y. C.

Wholesale Only

New York Dress & Costume Co.

242-252 W. 36th St.

NYDCo

There is an exceptional line of

COTTON DRESSES

Made in New York and shown only by

New York Dress & Costume Co.

Fall Line on Display in Showroom

Wholesale Only

Closing Out

1,000 Better Silk Dresses Plain and Satin-Faced Cantons

AT A PRICE

UNUSUAL OFFERING

Rand Dress Co., Inc.,

37 West 26th St., N. Y.

NOVELTY

Fur Fabrics

(Mohair and Artificial Silk)

BROADTAIL KARAKUL

ASTRACHAN KRIMMER

CHIFFON VELVETS

CHARLES G. DAVID & CO., Inc.

Mad. Sq. 2287, 220 5th Ave., N. Y.

DECLINE IN PRICES

A general decline in prices in the Autumn is indicated by the business survey in The Annalist for this week. On news stands 10 cents.—Adv.

LADIES—MISSES—JUNIOR COATS & SUITS

Wholesale Only

IF FAST TURNOVER APPEALS TO YOU, SEE OUR GREAT FALL LINE.

Goldstein & Falk

144-152 WEST 27th STREET

Wholesale Only

CLOSING OUT

Ladies Sweaters

All wanted styles and colors in the usual Lombardi Standard at less than cost of manufacture.

Lombardi Knitcraft, Inc.

220 Fifth Ave., New York

Fall Line Now on Display.

Mill—104 Seventh Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1500.

Continued from Page Thirty.

PHILADELPHIA—Max Smith & Co.; M. Smith, Mohair silks; 1,182 B'way, Room 507.

PHILADELPHIA—Feingold & Siegin; M. Feingold, J. Snyder, coats, suits, 1,182 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Spellenburg & Co.; Miss Schwartz, quantity canton silk waists; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

PHILADELPHIA—N. S. Margolis; H. Fishe, dresses, skirts; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—G. A. Rumpf, hosiery; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Sussman, Son & Steinberg; M. and F. Sussman, clothing materials; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Franklin Sweater Mills; A. H. Alterman, representing; Pennsylvania.

PINE BLUFF, Ark.—The Frouz Co.; Harry E. Silber, ready-to-wear millinery; 38 W. 32d (Livingston & Cohen); Pennsylvania.

PINEVILLE, Ky.—M. Euster & Co.; Mr. Levy, jobs stout canton dresses; 1,261 B'way (Merchants' Buying Co.).

PITTSBURGH—McCreary & Co.; I. Myers, ready-to-wear; Mrs. J. H. Reed, art goods; D. E. Minkgue, gloves; Miss G. O'Neil, jewelry; M. Marshall, floor coverings; G. Rubenstein's furnishings; J. E. Davies, silks, dress goods; A. R. Morsbach, leather and toilet goods, silverware; G. M. Price, leather goods; W. Diack, notions, stationery; L. J. Cohen, wash goods; Miss M. Murray, suits; Miss L. McKibban, junior's wear; Miss M. E. Wojinaka, ribbons; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss E. McCue, infants' wear; E. Mocklar, underwear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Mr. Berkowitz, hose of hosiery; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Elder-Peter Cloak & Suit Co.; M. Seaman, coats, suits, dresses, waists; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; W. E. Orr, linens, handkerchiefs; L. Green, underwear, hosiery; 43 Leonard, Room 806.

PITTSBURGH—The Silk Store; G. A. Palmer, silks, velvets; Imperial.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Camera Co.; C. Segal, novelties, stationery, novelty picture frames; 1,182 B'way, Room 17.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss K. Sullivan, special lots women's cotton and silk dresses; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; R. K. McQuiston, shirts, furnishings, &c.; 43 Leonard (P. W. Sinsen).

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; Miss R. Strasse, large quantity sweaters; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—J. Shapira & Son; M. Shapira, clothing, shoes, furnishings; 131 W. 32d (Swede & Teitlebaum).

POCATELLO, Idaho—Golden Rule Merc. Co.; J. Hood, L. Hood, ready-to-wear; 100 W. 32d (C. Landsman).

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; Mrs. Mercer, ready-to-wear, basement; L. Hirsch, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; R. Ree, millinery, children's hats; 212 5th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Fleischner, Mayer & Co.; S. Hirsch, dress goods, silks; 74 Worth.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; W. F. Birk, underwear, hosiery; 448 4th Av (J. S. Farian).

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—Marting Bros Co.; P. P. Davidson, coats, suits, furs, shawls; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Rosendale Co.; S. Rosendale, millinery; Flanders.

PUEBLO, Col.—Crews-Beggs D. G. Co.; W. D. Young, ready-to-wear; 240 Madison Av.

QUANAH, Texas—Perkins-Watkins Co.; C. T. Watkins, General mdse.; Pennsylvania.

RAYNE, La.—Mervine Kahn Co.; L. B. Kahn, ready-to-wear, millinery; Pennsylvania.

READING, Pa.—Moyer's Home Store; M. Moyer, ready-to-wear; 117 W. 32d (Hoffmar, Hartbiay).

READING, Pa.—J. Shapira & Son; J. Shapira, clothing, shoes, furnishings; 131 W. 32d (Swede & Teitlebaum).

RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; E. B. Bydar, cotton piece goods; 43 Leonard (F. J. Schlenker).

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller-Rhoads, Inc.; R. B. Underwood, men's furnishings; 452 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).

SACRAMENTO—Hale Bros., Inc.; Mrs. O. W. Noack, millinery; 50 Union Sq. (J. T. Ennis).

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Hale Bros.; Miss A. Doyle, waists, women's, children's middies; 50 Union Sq. (J. T. Ennis).

SACRAMENTO—Wasserman-Gattmann Co.; S. Foley, silks, woolens; 362 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—A. B. Frank Co.; M. Adelman, men's furnishings; 43 Leonard St.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Frost's; W. L. Frost, women's and misses' wear, millinery; 38 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Liberty Outfitting Co.; A. J. Lowe, coats, suits, dresses; Miss J. Day, millinery; Pennsylvania.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Hilson's; A. J. Lowe, coats, suits, dresses; Miss J. Day, millinery, dresses; Pennsylvania.

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss Goeseman, sport wear, skirts; Miss H. Kirk, blouses, petticoats, children's, 6 to 16 years wear, underwear and sweaters; Miss E. Bacon, coats; Miss L. Terrill, women's, children's hosiery, knit underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; J. B. Zion, women's waists; 50 Union Square (J. T. Ennis).

SAN FRANCISCO—Lazare Klein Company; L. Klein, A. A. Brandt, dry goods; 72 Leonard (M. McGrath).

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Mrs. B. Fall, women's ready-to-wear; 452 4th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—Reich & Lievre; Miss C. J. Smith, waists, sweaters; 32 West 32d (Jay & Co.).

SAN FRANCISCO—L. Segall, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—Millinery & Supply Company; F. Bodziner, millinery (Wholesale); Pennsylvania.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; L. C. Bogue, coats, suits, furs; 23 East 26th (W. T. Knott).

SEATTLE, Wash.—Seattle D. G. Company; Miss Wiley, ready-to-wear; Mrs. Pease, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear, sweaters; 440 4th Av.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Wagner's Style Shop; Miss H. Koch, ready-to-wear; 18 West 34th (S. P. Waterstreet).

SHREVEPORT, La.—L. Grover & Sons; S. Grover, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Pelletier Company; J. North, china, house wares, toys; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).

SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Pelletier Company; Miss M. Grieve, coats, suits, furs; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).

SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Fishgall's, Inc.; H. Fishgall, coats, suits, furs; Mrs. A. McFarland, ready-to-wear; Miss M. D. Eastlake, representing; 16 West 32d (O. Abel).

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—George Wyman & Co.; E. W. Eldridge, mdse. manager; Mr. Cloper, coats, suits, dresses; Mr. Johnson, laces, hosiery, underwear, ribbons; 1,182 Broadway (H. L. Smith).

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Newman's; Miss A. Fresh, dresses; Pennsylvania.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Ellsworth Stores; W. Wright, ready-to-wear; 276 4th Av. (C. A. Cook).

SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Company; Miss Metcalfe, waists, dresses, petticoats; 440 4th Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Kest & Rountree Co.; A. Campbell, hosiery, underwear, furnishings; R. Faechen, silks, dress goods, ready-to-wear; 12 Leonard (W. L. Howell Co.).

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Neal & Hyde Co.; H. R. Hall, notions; 12 Leonard (W. L. Howell Co.).

ST. JOSEPH—Teotte, Campbell D. G. Co.; S. Walter, ready-to-wear, white goods; 56 Worth (White & Partee).

ST. JOSEPH—Richardson D. G. Co.; F. Castle, underwear; W. E. Andrisho, white goods; Mr. Wilkinson, shirtings; 12 Leonard (H. W. Fitzhugh).

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—John S. Brittain D. G. Co.; W. Beattie, dry goods, domestic prints; 320 B'way (R. H. Hart).

ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix Dry G. Co.; J. Daly, overalls, pants materials; J. P. Gorman, silks; G. H. Barlage, hosiery; 327 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Mandle Dress Co.; S. Mandle, Pall dresses, coats (Imperial).

ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Merc. Co.; E. Lewis, ladies' suits; 225 5th Av. (Room 625).

ST. PAUL—Hanna's, Inc.; Miss Hollen, infants' wear, muslin underwear; Miss I. Castle, juniors' coats, dresses, petticoats, blouses, sweaters, bathrobes; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shaffenbarger, coats, suits, furs, corsets; 225 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; Miss Berkheimer, millinery; 370 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

TACOMA, Wash.—Meyer Jacob Co.; Miss S. Kirsis, ladies' ready-to-wear; 308 5th Av., Room 1408.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—L. Herz; G. F. Barth, draperies, luggage; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root D. G. Co.; W. H. Griffith, rugs, draperies, furniture; 22 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

TOLEDO—Lasslo & Koch; Mrs. Roberts, men's furnishings, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

TOLEDO—W. L. Minor & Co.; G. H. Jaeger, jewelry, watches, silverware, leather goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

TOLEDO, Ohio—W. L. Minor Co.; C. C. Schlenker, dry goods, floor coverings; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

TORONTO—Livingston & Scott; W. H. Scott, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Serv.).

TOWANDA, Pa.—Mrs. B. Lowrue, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

TWIN FALLS, Idaho—W. H. Wright & Sons; C. H. Wright, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (Weil & Hartman).

URBANA, Ohio—Hill & Fuller; J. W. Hill, coats, suits; 1,270 B'way, Room 606.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—David Spencer, Ltd.; Mr. Davies, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Serv.).

WALLA WALLA, Wash.—A. M. Jansen Co.; A. M. Jansen, ready-to-wear; L. Jansen, assisting; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Serv.).

WARREN, Pa.—Smith, Metzger & Wright; W. W. Wright, coats, suits, furs; 32 W. 32d (Jay & Co.).

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; F. E. Mack, white goods, domestics; 370 7th Av., Room 1707.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Strasheim's; D. L. Frank, mdse. mgr., the coats, furs; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bros.; G. W. Cherr, furnishings, furs, shirts; 104 W. 32d St. (Weil & Hartman).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Capitol Apron Mfg. Co.; M. Plotnick, mgr., aprons; Grand.

WAUSAU, Wis.—Heinemann Bros.; Charles Heinemann, fancy goods, jewelry, leather goods, toys, housefurnishings; 115 W. 30th (Weil & Hartmann).

WEBSTER CITY, Iowa—S. Eichman, readyto wear; 1,170 B'way (Weisman & Miller).

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla.—Wax Model Shop; E. Wax, ready-to-wear; Pontchartrain, 58th St. and 5th Av.

WHEELING, W. Va.—George R. Taylor Co.; E. W. Kaltenbach, ready-to-wear; Miss B. Nicholl, dresses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

WHEELING, W. Va.—George E. Stifel Co.; Miss G. Malcner, knit underwear, hosiery; Miss MacDowell, lingerie, kimonos, house dresses; 129 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

WHEELING, W. Va.—J. Shapira & Son; S. Shapira, furnishings; 131 W. 32d (Swede & Teitlebaum).

WICHITA, Kan.—Wallenstein & Raffman; E. Raffman, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 35th (William M. Van Buren).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Blum Bros.; I. Blum, ready-to-wear; 308 5th Av. (A. Alexander).

WORCESTER, Mass.—C. T. Sherer Co.; W. L. Frank, piece goods; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—George L. Ferdyce Co.; Miss M. J. Miles, hosiery, underwear, corsets; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—George L. Ferdyce Co.; H. P. Burchfield, ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

AN IDEAL TRADE SCHOOL.

Converted Apartment House Is Home of Boston's New Venture.

A new trade school for girls recently has been opened in Boston. It is one of the most beautiful public school structures to be found anywhere. Originally built as a modern apartment house, it is an adaptation of the Louis XVI period. Though it would cost about $1,000,000 to reproduce the building today, it was obtained at a cost of $400,000, including the expense of slight alterations. The upper three floors were intended for one apartment each and the two lower ones for two duplex apartments. This arrangement has enabled the school to organize the different departments as distinctly as the colleges composing a university are organized—that is as to faculty and housing. The only difference is that in the school all the separate departments are under one roof.

The floors and stairway are of marble and there are solid mahogany doors, carved San Domingo mahogany paneling, a wrought iron balustrade and elevator shaft and beautiful stained and leaded windows. On the top floor there is a pipe organ electrically controlled. When all the departments meet, they gather on this floor, which is the most luxuriously fitted of all. The reception hall is marble tiled and has a beautiful stained glass skylight, as well as windows which have electric bulbs on the outer side, so that they may be set aglow any time.

Opening out from this hall there is a small alcove chapel, where the organ is built. At the entrance to the chapel are two classic pillars and over the organ a beautiful rose window. For all ordinary occasions each separate suite has its own assembly hall.

The school is ideally located, overlooking the Fenway and the park not only adds to the beauty of the school but will also serve as a playground for the girls. During bad weather the spacious cemented basement will serve as a recreation ground.

The beauty of the school will not detract in any way from its utility, in fact, the principal believes that the girls will more readily appreciate the need for careful, thorough work in these beautiful surroundings. The ideals of home are kept always before the students. They learn to become homemakers, to sew, clean, cook, wash and iron. Each suite has its own dining room and the students will prepare, cook and serve luncheons for themselves and the teachers. The proper care of woodwork, sinks, stoves, refrigerators and bathrooms will be taught and demonstrated in actual practice.

On the fifth floor there is to be the millinery and design department and on the fourth floor advanced dressmaking and tailoring. The third floor will be occupied by the preparatory girls. Here they will be allowed to try out the different trades to see for which they are best suited.

Machine operators will take one of the duplex suites and will learn how to make shirts, uniforms, aprons and house dresses. The other duplex suite is for the business and administrative offices and the library. There is plenty of room for each department to expand and develop, and it is hoped to add a department for simple office training.

The school can accommodate about 1,000 girls. It is in session all the year round. In the Winter there are evening as well as day classes. Most of the students are from non-English speaking countries or are born of foreign parents and one aim of the school is to implant in them American ideals of citizenship and home life.

SHOE WORKERS VOTE TO RESUME PICKETING

Brockton Police Meanwhile Prepare to Arrest All Strikers Who Appear at the Factories.

BROCKTON, Mass., July 16.—Picketing will be resumed by the striking shoe workers of this city tomorrow, it was announced tonight by strike leaders. A statement issued at the headquarters of the Brockton District Shoe Workers Organization, whose membership is made up largely of shoe workers who have left the ranks of the Boot and Shoe Workers Union, stated that at a meeting held late today more than 1,000 strikers voted unanimously to resume picketing operations, which were abandoned last week after numerous clashes with the police during which more than 100 pickets were arrested and a number of police officers were stoned.

The City Solicitor's ruling that the pickets were subject to arrest and that picketing was illegal because the strikers were violating a contract with the Shoe Manufacturers' Association precipitated the disorders of last week. The shoe workers on strike have demanded abrogation of the contract between the manufacturers and the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union which calls for submission of all disputes to the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration. They have also demanded an immediate increase in wages and arbitration of disputes by a local board.

Most of the factories affected by the strike are in operation.

The police tonight were preparing to carry out orders to arrest all pickets tomorrow. It was stated that extra details of police would be on duty at all factories affected.

$518,000 RAIL PAY INCREASE.

Jersey Central and P. & L. E. Grant Advance to 5,950 Employes.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Employes of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad Company have received increases in pay aggregating $518,000 a year, according to word received by the Railroad Labor Board today.

The increase granted by the Central Railroad of New Jersey amounted to $392,000 a year and was distributed to 4,000 shopcrafts employes through increases ranging from 2 to 3 cents an hour.

All the employes of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad Company, represented by the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employes, received increases ranging from 1 to 3 cents an hour. Approximately 1,950 employes were included in the wage increase, which amounted to $136,000.

Wholesale Only

The Leading Favorites

You'll find the Style Leaders here—
Choose now for *immediate delivery.*

JUNIORS' COATS
(Including models made especially for small women)
$13.75 to $49.75

MISSES' & LADIES' COATS
(Including wonderful Sport Styles)
$9.75 to $59.75
To-day make your selections.

COLUMBIA GARMENT CO. INC.
35-37 West 31st St.
New York

Wholesale Only
At Our Opening in Our New Home To-Day
with
MADEMOISELLE PETITE
WRAPS COATS
"Mademoiselle Petite" on Wraps and Coats is a guarantee of perfect fit, superb style, quality workmanship and unusual value, *of great importance to women of slight proportions.*
PRICES
$29.75 to $150.00
S. Karp
241 West 37th St.
New York City
formerly 104 West 27th St.

Wholesale Only
FIRST SHOWING of FALL DRESSES
REFLECTING
POWER of PRICE
COMBINED WITH
THE FOREMOST FASHIONS OF THE WORLD
EVERY WANTED FABRIC in DRESSES
from 16.75 to 45.00
SPECIAL OPENING OFFERING
SIX CHIFFON VELVET DRESSES 35.00 TO 49.50
INTERNATIONAL DRESSES
31 East 31st St., New York

Wholesale Only.
ANNOUNCEMENT
of especial interest
To Everybody Connected with the Manufacture or Sale of Woolen Garments
We are preparing a campaign to support the many manufacturers now producing LARVEX Mothproof Garments, and to stimulate business for dealers handling this clothing. To put punch, brevity and information into this campaign, we announce
$300.00 in Prizes
for the BEST SLOGAN *describing the*
LARVEX
Genuine Mothproofing Process
FIRST PRIZE $200.00
SECOND PRIZE $50.00
THIRD *and* FOURTH PRIZES $25.00 *each*
In the event of two or more persons selecting the best slogan, second best, etc., each will be awarded the full amount of the prize tried for.

RULES OF THE CONTEST
Write your slogan on one side of a sheet of paper. It may be from five to fifteen words in length. Send as many slogans as you please. Give your name, address, occupation, and the name and address of your employer—and mail to our contest editor. Contest closes August 15th. Address Slogan Editor, the Larvex Corporation, Fisk Building, 57th Street at Broadway, New York.

EASY TO WRITE
The advantages of LARVEX are obvious. The slogan should be easy to write. LARVEX sprayed into the wool before the fabric is made up into garments, renders woolens immune to moth damage. It is odorless, stainless, and non-injurious to clothing and wearer. The LARVEX Process is being widely used by a large and increasing list of manufacturers.

Send in your slogan NOW! You may win $200.00, and remember, there is a $50.00 and two $25.00 prizes
LARVEX
THE LARVEX CORPORATION, FISK BUILDING, 57th STREET at BROADWAY, NEW YORK

FASHION PAGEANT
One of the Many Special Features of the
NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR

EVERY evening during the sessions of the Fair, the Fashion Pageant, a gorgeous and artistic spectacle, sparkling with the pomp of beauty in a parade of style, will be given to entertain the thousands of retail buyers and merchants from all over this country and abroad.

The Pageant will be staged at the Lexington Theatre nightly at 8:30 o'clock, excepting Saturdays, under the capable direction of Arthur Voegtlin, far-famed as the wizard of the Hippodrome. There will be two Wednesday matinees.

This and many special features, such as the great Recreation Day at Long Beach, for buyers and sellers, the Window Display and "Big Idea" Merchandising contests and other interesting events, prove how alive this Fair is to exhibitor and visitor alike.

There will be thousands of buyers and merchants at every session of the Fair, getting acquainted with new lines and doing their Fall and Winter buying.

You must be represented—for your own good—you who make and sell

COATS	MISSES' WEAR
SKIRTS	KNIT GOODS
SUITS	DRESSES
WAISTS	BATHING GOODS

There are still a few of the new, improved booths to be had. You still have time. Act now!

The Purpose of the Fair

To establish new selling and buying contacts and to develop an educational influence by making more lines of merchandise better known to *Professional Buyers.*

To stimulate the initiative and vision of the manufacturer and to encourage the *buyer* in the selection and purchase of merchandise of more highly developed selling power with the broader view of stabilizing and increasing the consumption of goods by the consumer throughout the country and abroad.

SECOND Garment Division
National Merchandise Fair
By Permission of The National Merchandise Fair, Inc.
July 23—August 3, 1923
"Where Every Buy Is a Real Buy, and Where Every Real Buyer Buys"

Garment Division
Under the Auspices of
THE NATIONAL GARMENT RETAILERS' ASSOCIATION
165th Regiment Armory
(Old 69th Regiment)
Lexington Avenue and 25th Street,
New York City
For information communicate with
GARMENT DIVISION
358 Fifth Avenue
New York City
Telephone Fitzroy 4390.

The booths at the FAIR are of three types—open, semi-open and inclosed. Garment Division booths are of closed type only. Every day the selection becomes correspondingly limited. If you have certain display effects in mind, or if you are set on a certain strategic position, do not delay. Reserve the space you need TODAY.

Let Your Salesmen Frolic With the Buyers

Make your reservations now for the Long Beach Recreation Day, July 28

National Merchandise Fair
Under the Auspices of
THE NATIONAL RETAIL DRY GOODS ASSOCIATION
at
Grand Central Palace,
New York City
For information communicate with
NATIONAL MERCHANDISE FAIR
200 Fifth Avenue
New York City
Telephone Gramercy 3735.

For Professional Retail Buyers Only—Public Not Admitted

PRENDERGAST SEES POLITICS IN PROTEST

Resents the Yonkers Mayor's Charge That New Gas Rates Were Secretly Approved.

PEOPLE MISLED, HE SAYS

Does Not Understand Reference to "Defeating Legislature's Intent."

"You are working for political effect," was the reply received yesterday by Mayor Walter M. Taussig of Yonkers from William A. Prendergast, Chairman of the Public Service Commission. The reply was to a telegram sent to the commission last week protesting against the establishment of a new gas rate schedule by the Westchester Lighting Company with the permission of the commission.

Mayor Taussig in his telegram charged that the new gas rates virtually nullified the law passed by the last Legislature prohibiting gas companies from collecting a "sixty-cent service charge." Mayor Taussig also charged that the rates had been raised without the company filing a formal petition with the commission.

"Your telegram," read Prendergast's reply, "was undoubtedly intended for political effect and newspaper use, but it is possible to carry this policy a little bit too far.

"The amended schedule was approved by this commission as of June 13, 1923, and of this your Corporation Counsel was also advised under date of June 20. I wish to resent the statement that the new schedule was approved secretly. All such matters are acted upon at the meetings of the commission, and other similar schedules were approved at the same time.

"The amendment to the original schedule, upon which the commission insisted, abolished rates involving no increases, that is, no increase over a rate that would represent the original service charge and commodity combined. What you mean by 'defeating the Legislature's intent' it is quite impossible to understand. I apprehend with regret that your telegram (and other correspondence) is undoubtedly intended for political effect.

"The trouble is that the people of Westchester County particularly and some other localities in the State have been led to believe by office holders and politicians that if the service charge would be abolished the rate they would have to pay would be reduced to the extent of the service charge. But this is far from the truth, and you and others know that it is not the truth.

"If you desire a hearing on the question of these new rates or a general review of the rates charged, all you have to do is to make formal application for it and a hearing date will be fixed at the very earliest convenience of the commission."

MISSING PERSONS.

The following persons were reported to the police as missing yesterday:

JOSEPH FISHMAN, 16, 117 Essex Street; 10 A. M. July 15; height 5 feet, weight 125 pounds; blue eyes, brown hair, dark complexion; black and white striped suit, white shirt, blue tie, brown shoes and stockings, straw hat.

MARGARET HIGGINS, 60, 1,078 East Fourth Street, Brooklyn; 10 A. M., July 15; height 5 feet 3 inches, weight 130 pounds; blue eyes, gray hair, fair complexion; white waist, black skirt, black laced shoes, black stockings and hat.

NATTIE KAPLAN, 12, 378 Howard Avenue, Brooklyn; noon July 15; height 4 feet, weight 75 pounds; black eyes and hair, medium complexion; tan dress, black shoes and stockings.

DOMINICK LARICKINDI, 31, 624 Paynter Avenue, Long Island City; height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 130 pounds; gray eyes, dark hair, dark complexion; blue suit, white shirt, black blue tie, brown laced shoes, black stockings, dark gray soft hat.

AUGUST SCHREIBER, 15 years old, 305A Grand Concourse, Brooklyn; 3:30 P. M. July 16; height 5 feet 7 inches, weight 160 pounds; blue eyes, brown hair, light complexion; black waist and suit, black pumps, black stockings, black hat.

CYRIL DURURFER, 33 years old, 724 Fifty-seventh Street, Brooklyn; 5 P. M., July 13; height 5 feet 9 inches, weight 150 pounds; gray eyes, blond hair and mustache, light complexion; black suit with stripe, tan shirt, black tie, brown low shoes, black stockings and straw hat.

ANNA McCARTHY, 14 years old, 115 Jewell Street, Brooklyn; 1 A. M., July 15; height 5 feet 1 inches, weight 98 pounds; brown eyes, brown bobbed hair, fair complexion; blue dress, light shoes, gray stockings, white hat.

MARIE MITCHEL, 14 years old, 950 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn; 7 A. M., July 15; height 5 feet, 7 inches, weight 100 pounds; gray eyes, brown hair, fair complexion; green and white checkered dress, black low shoes with red heels, champagne colored stockings, black hat.

GEORGE ROBINSON, negro, 34 years old, 241 West 126th Street; 6:30 P. M., July 15; height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 150 pounds; brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion; blue suit, white shirt, cream colored tie, tan laced shoes, black stockings, gray cap.

HANS SILIGER, 14 years old, 2,573 Baltic Street, Brooklyn; 7 A. M., July 14; height 5 feet 3 inches, weight 125 pounds; gray eyes, light brown hair, fair complexion; gray suit, brown shoes, tan shirt, black stockings, blue cap.

MARY SLADON, 22 years old, 1,040 Kelly Street, Bronx; 11:30 A. M. July 13; height 5 feet, weight 120 pounds; blue eyes, blond hair, light complexion; blue sweater, white waist and skirt, blue shoes, black stockings, blue hat.

VIOLA HAMMOND, 18 years old, South Twenty-ninth Street, Flushing, 7 P. M. July 15; height 5 feet 3 inches, weight 125 pounds; brown eyes and hair, medium complexion; red jersey dress, brown coat, black shoes, gray stockings, brown straw hat.

AGNES MAAKA, 17, 1,327 Intervale Avenue; 11 A. M. June 30; height 5 feet 5 inches, weight 180 pounds; gray eyes, dark brown hair, red complexion; gray skirt and coat, brown ties and stockings and gray lace hat.

ELIZABETH TAMBURINO, 15, 1,182 Tiffany Street, the Bronx; 5:30 P. M. July 14; height 5 feet, weight 135 pounds; brown eyes and hair, light complexion; brown sandals and stockings, red hat with flowers.

Missing Persons Located.

JOSEPH BELFIONE, 8,851 Bay Thirty-first Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 7.

JOHN E. RASKOWITCH, 520 Fifth Street; returned home July 8.

ARTHUR SCHWENK, 147 Ainslie Street; Brooklyn; returned home July 7.

TERESA SOMA, 2,814 West Fourteenth Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 8.

GAETANO RUSSO, 1,563 Seventh Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 8.

JOHN VERZOLINI, 26 Mulberry Street; returned home July 10.

ANDREW YODOCK, 224 Bay Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 8.

MARGARET McGOWAN, 219 Chrystie Street; located July 9.

MARY SEID, 386 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 7.

ALFRED WASSRONAURO, 223 Franklin Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 13.

CHARLES ANDREWSON, 743 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 10.

ANTONIO DAMBROSIA, 215 East Twelfth Street; returned home July 11.

SOLOMON COHEN, 53 Ludlow Street; returned home July 10.

MANI FENKERSTEIN, 930 East 169th Street, the Bronx; located July 11.

MARGARET HEALY, 1,401 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn; returned home July 12.

SIMON FRANK, 156 East Forty-ninth Street; returned home July 11.

JOHN JOHN, 115 Ninth Avenue; returned home July 11.

ROMEL GARBELLI, 182 Van Dyke Street, Brooklyn; returned home July 11.

FRANK RATANO, 2,236 Carmine Street; returned home July 12.

MARTIN MARLIN, 134 Avenue C; returned home July 12.

MARIE VODOLO, 2,028 Grand Concourse, the Bronx; returned home July 13.

FRANK HILLS, 1,218 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx; returned home July 13.

SIGMUND GREENMANN, 1,327 Wilkins Avenue, the Bronx; returned home July 13.

JAMES WITHERSPOON, 856 Lincoln Avenue, Brooklyn; returned home July 13.

AUTO BUMPER TRUST SEEN BY GOVERNMENT

Suit Filed to Restrain American Chain Company From Continuing Formation of Monopoly.

A suit to restrain the American Chain Company from "continuing methods threatening to result in a monopoly of the entire trade in automobile bumpers in the United States" was instituted yesterday in the Federal Court by Special United States Attorney Generals David A. L'Esperance and R. W. Joyce. The action came after an investigation of several months.

It is charged that the defendant has obtained control of patents on spring bar bumpers, enabling it to control at least 60 per cent. of the trade, and that it now is engaged in litigation which, if successful, will place within its control the entire trade, amounting to more than $20,000,000 a year.

The Government asks for an order restraining the defendant from entering into agreements with manufacturers to maintain uniform prices, minimum gross sale prices, and uniform trade discounts and cash discounts along with the fixed resale prices. A summary of other points in the complaint reads:

"The action is also to prevent the American Chain Company from entering into agreements with manufacturers, fixing a minimum profit that shall be made by itself and said manufacturers, which at present, under the terms of their agreement, shall not be less than 10 per cent. more than the cost of producing and marketing the bumpers."

The complaint declares that the defendant began the alleged conspiracy in restraint of trade and interstate commerce prior to Jan. 1, 1920; that its principal office is in this city, and that its co-conspirators are the Genco Manufacturing Company, Milwaukee; L. P. Holliday Company, Decatur, Ill.; Bijur Products Company, Waukegan, Ill.; Allith-Prouty Company, Danville, Ill., Wolverine Bumper and Specialty Company, Grand Rapids; New Era Spring and Specialty Company, Grand Rapids; American Metal Parts Manufacturing Company, Milwaukee; Bellevue Manufacturing Company, Bellevue, Ohio; C. G. Spring Company, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the Bilt-Right Products Company of Danville, Ohio.

Realty Notes.

Byrne & Bowman were the brokers in the sale of the Wyoming Apartments at 853 Seventh Avenue, northeast corner of Fifty-fifth Street, valued at $1,750,000.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned on first mortgage to the Grolier Building Corporation $215,000 on premises at northeast corner of 173d Street and Grand Boulevard and Concourse. The dimensions of the property are 146.93 by 147.12 feet. The mortgage is a building and permanent loan for five years.

Hamilton, Iselin & Co., in conjunction with H. C. Kopp & Co., were the brokers in the sale of the six-story business building at 361 Fifth Avenue for the Helvetia Realty Company to the Union Estates.

William A. White & Sons have arranged for the Dear Corporation, Max Dear President, a mortgage loan of $210,000 at 5½ per cent. for five years on their seven-story store and apartment house buildings on the north side of 117th Street extending from St. Nicholas Avenue to Seventh Avenue. This property has a frontage of 100 feet on Seventh Avenue, 90 feet on 117th Street and 118 feet on St. Nicholas Avenue, and brings in a rental of $67,500 a year.

Last Saturday Joseph P. Day held a successful sale of vacant lots located on the Boston Post Road at the city line, known as the Provost estate.

The east corner of Boston Post Road and McOwen Avenue brought $2,000 and the west corner of Boston Post Road and Ropes Avenue was sold for the same amount. The plot at the east corner of Boston Post Road and Ropes Avenue brought $1,950, while the adjoining plots on the east sold for from $1,000 to $1,300 each.

The New York Title and Mortgage Company is offering to investors at 5½ per cent. participations in a new loan of $700,000 on the property at 153-159 Madison Avenue, corner of Thirty-second Street. This property is said to have been recently sold for $1,287,000, due to its location in the centre of the midtown mercantile district.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The six-story apartment at 480 St. Paul's Place, corner of Washington Avenue, on a plot 41 by 100 feet, was sold by Grohman Brothers for Philip Garotsky. The property rents for $14,600 and was held at $95,000. A resale is pending.

J. Lemle & Sons sold for Edward Beresheim the four-story and basement double flat at 105 Willis Avenue, adjoining the southwest corner of 133d Street, on a lot 22 by 74 feet.

Moskowitz & Pen were the brokers who effected the sale for the Lemstone Realty Company, Inc., of 201 Brown Place, a six-story modern building on a plot 50 by 100 feet, to Jay S. Bogen, Inc.

The same brokers sold for Morris Weiss to the Lemstone Realty Company, Inc., premises at 1,469 Webster Avenue, being a six-story new-law building, having a frontage of 100 feet with a depth running through to Clay Avenue.

Walter E. Brown sold for Benjamin and Annie Moses the property situated at 3,462 Third Avenue, consisting of a three-story frame store and dwelling on lot 25 by 110, to a client for investment.

William F. Kurz and George Goldblatt sold for William Bogen 521 East 135th Street, a five-story apartment house, 40 by 100, four families on a floor. The property was held at $55,000.

Sales at the City Line.

George Howe sold for the Riverdale City Line Realty Company a plot 100 by 100, on the east side of Liebig Avenue, to Frank Di Saiva, who makes the purchase to extend his present holdings on Tyndall Avenue to the corner. He also sold for the Emdutten Building Corporation to a client a seven-room dwelling at 57 Devoe Avenue, Yonkers; also for the same corporation 53 Devoe Avenue, a seven-room stucco residence, to George P. Foley of Yonkers, also for Ruth C. Bingham a plot on the west side of Spencer Avenue, near 261st Street to Albert D. Bicinigh, who will improve premises with a private residence.

To Build on Lynbrook Site.

Light & Abrahams, in conjunction with Thomas F. O'Connor, Inc., have just closed negotiations with Armin H. Mittlemann and Gustave Kehr for a long-term lease of sixty-three years on the northwest corner of Merrick Road and Hempstead Avenue, Lynbrook, one of the most prominent corners of the Five Corners of Lynbrook.

Mr. Mittlemann proposes to erect at once eleven modern and attractive stores. This is one of the largest leases for any property in this locality and marks the beginning of a new era for development of the kind. The gross rental for the term of the lease will be in the neighborhood of $300,000.

Sales in Greenwich Village.

Joseph P. Day sold for the American Distributing Company the six-story warehouse building at the southwest corner of Washington and Bethune Streets, measuring 60 by 85 feet. The purchaser is a prominent manufacturing concern which will use the structure for storage purposes. The same broker sold for Max Fehr 39 Jane Street, a five-story double cold-water flat 28.6 by 87.6, held at $40,000. James Aurbach was associate broker. Mr. Day also sold the four-story building 25 by 87.6 at 37 Jane Street adjoining, held at $30,000 for Mrs. Martha Galnes.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BLACK & WHITE CAB CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, July 17, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 142 Wooster St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of taxicabs, parts for various makes and description, Willys-Knight and Ford automobile parts, tools, office furniture, adding machine, typewriter, steel lockers, etc. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the trade name of Black & White as used in connection therewith.

KENNETH M. SPENCE, Receiver, 60 Wall Street, N. Y. C.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Solicitors for Receiver, 49 Chambers Street, N. Y. C.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Westwood Court and Cliffswood Court on Washington Heights Change Ownership.

WERE HELD AT $600,000

Lexington Ave. Corner Bought as Site for Big Apartment—Builders Add to Site.

The Capricon Realty Company sold 427 to 441 Fort Washington Avenue, two six-story elevator apartments known as the Westwood Court and the Cliffswood Court, through S. & J. H. Albert as brokers.

The block front is located on the westerly side of Fort Washington Avenue, between 179th and 180th Streets. The property is laid out for seventy families of fours, fives, sixes, eights and nines.

The buildings were erected by the William Picken Building Company. The size of the plot is 200 feet on the avenue by 115 feet on the streets. The property was held at $600,000.

Joseph Keen brought through Francis B. Robert the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street, covered by four five-story apartment houses, 100 feet on Lexington Avenue by 103 feet on Ninety-sixth Street. Mr. Keen contemplates offering the property for resale or erecting a new fourteen-story apartment house in the near future.

The seller was the Armory Realty Company, George H. Creasy, President. This is the second purchase by Mr. Keen in the immediate neighborhood, he having recently acquired the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street.

Builders Add to Site.

Jerome C. and Mortimer G. Mayer bought through Mark Rafalsky & Co. the four-story garage property at 15 East Fifty-eighth Street, 50 by 100.5, adjoining the Seydenham Building at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue, valued at $1,000,000, which the Mayers purchased a couple of months ago through the same brokers.

With this purchase the buyers own a site fronting 100.5 feet on Madison Avenue and 145 feet on Fifty-eighth Street, which they will improve with a fourteen-story apartment hotel planned to be completed by Oct. 1, 1924. The proposed building, which will be of the highest type of construction, will contain suites of one, two and three rooms with a bath for each chamber. On the Madison Avenue side there will be stores and on the Fifty-eighth Street end a restaurant will be installed. Demolition of the present buildings on the site will be started next October.

DRIVE PLOT ASSEMBLED.

Site Valued at $400,000 Sold on Riverside Drive.

The heirs of the late Adolph Bernheim sold through Joseph P. Day the plot on the east side of Riverside Drive between 130th and 122d Streets, measuring 111 feet on Riverside Drive with a depth of 200 feet through to Claremont Avenue by irregular; also the plot 25 by 200 adjoining on the north for Vincent Camorito; also the plot adjoining on the south owned by the Missionary Society of St. Paul the Apostle, having a frontage of 50 feet on Claremont Avenue and a depth of 100 feet. Hollings C. Renton was the associate broker in the last transaction. The entire plottage involves 136 feet on the Drive by 200 feet deep and a similar frontage on Claremont Avenue. The property was held at $400,000.

Theatre Site Sold.

The six three-story houses at 302-312 West Forty-fifth Street have been sold by the Berkley Builders, Inc., through James Ryan as broker to interests said to represent Martin Beck, the theatrical man. The site measures 120 by 100 and adjourns the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue. The houses form part of a row purchased last year by Nathan Wilson, and all of which were subsequently resold by him.

Operator Buys Dwelling.

Joseph A. Rauschkolb and Arthur Friedenheit have sold for Mrs. Agnes Neustadt, 334 West Fifty-eighth Street, off Columbus Circle, size 20 by 100, a four-story house with two-story butler's pantry and bathroom extension. This property was free and clear and was purchased for all cash and held at $45,000, with possession Oct. 1. Joseph G. Abramson, the operator, is the purchaser.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC SALE.

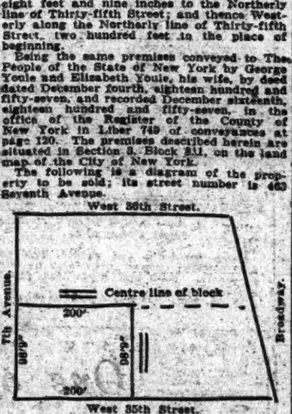
Pursuant to Chapter 471 of the Laws of 1922 of the State of New York, the undersigned, constituting a commission created by and under said Chapter, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the office of The Adjutant General of the State of New York, No. 463 Seventh Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of July, 1923, at eleven (11) o'clock in the morning (daylight saving time) on that day or as soon thereafter as practicable, all the right, title and interest of the State of New York in and to the land and buildings authorized by said Chapter to be sold, as follows:

All those eight certain lots, pieces or parcels of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the Northerly line of Thirty-fifth Street with the Easterly line of Seventh Avenue, running thence Northerly along the Easterly line of Seventh Avenue, ninety-eight feet nine inches to the centre of the block; thence Easterly along the centre of the block and parallel with Thirty-fifth Street, two hundred feet; thence Southerly and parallel with Seventh Avenue, ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the Northerly line of Thirty-fifth Street; and thence Westerly along the Northerly line of Thirty-fifth Street, two hundred feet in the place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed to The People of the State of New York by George Youle and Elizabeth Youle, his wife, by deed dated December fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, and recorded December sixteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, in the office of the Register of the County of New York in Liber 749 of conveyances at page 289. The premises described herein are situated in Section 3, Block 811, on the land map of the City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 463 Seventh Avenue.



TERMS OF SALE.

The premises described in the above notice of sale will be sold under the direction of the commission created by the above mentioned Act of the Legislature of the State of New York upon the following terms:

I. Ten per centum (10%) of the purchase price of said premises will be required to be paid in cash or by certified check to said commission at the time and place of sale; for which the commission's receipt will be given.

II. The balance of said purchase price will be required to be paid, in cash or by certified check, to the said commission at the office of the Adjutant General of the State of New York, No. 463 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 19th day of October, 1923, at which time a proper conveyance of said premises will be ready for delivery; such conveyance shall be in the usual form of a quit claim deed.

III. At the time of such sale, a contract is to be executed by the commission and the purchaser at such sale embodying the conditions set forth in this notice, these terms of sale and the provisions of the act authorizing the sale.

IV. Such contract of sale is to be accompanied by a corporate surety bond or undertaking on the part of the purchaser in the sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000.00) with sufficient sureties, conditioned on the faithful performance of such contract. Both contract and bond shall be approved by the commission and filed in the office of the Comptroller of the State of New York, at Albany, N. Y.

V. The commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

VI. In case the purchaser shall fail to comply with any of the conditions set forth in this notice, these terms of sale and the provisions of the act authorizing this sale, the premises so struck off to him, will again be put up for sale under direction of said commission, under the same terms of sale, and such purchaser will be held liable for any deficiency that may exist between the sum for which said premises were struck off upon this sale and that for which they may be sold on the resale; and also for the costs and expenses occurring on such resale.

Dated: May 28, 1923.

The Office of The Adjutant General of the State of New York, 463 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ALFRED E. SMITH,
Governor of the State of New York.
JAMES M. FLEMING,
Comptroller of the State of New York.
EDWARD J. WESCOTT,
Acting, The Adjutant General of the State of New York.

The Commission created by and under the provisions of Chapter 471—Laws 1922.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRED SCHNEIDER, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, August 1, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at Westchester Av. and Bronx River, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of 25 five-ton Pierce-Arrow trucks, lathes, electric drills, extra parts, &c., pertaining to auto trucks; 1 stiff leg derrick with clam shell bucket, 3 drum hoister and kicking drum and upright boiler and all necessary cables and tools for same; 2 No. 5 Champion stone crushers; 1 No. 4 Champion stone crusher with necessary bins, electric motors, bolting, screenings, elevators, &c.; 1 60-horse power portable steam boiler; 5 30-horse power upright boilers; 2 double drum hoisters, 2 guy derricks complete with swinging gears, guys, &c.; 2 stiff leg derricks complete; 1 triple drum hoister, with kicking drum, stiff leg derrick with clam shell attachment and necessary tools to operate same; 1 compressor with 60 horse motor, 4 electric drills, steel hose pipe, &c., to operate same; 2 gasoline compressors, drills and parts; 1 steam shovel, Bucyrus model, 63 ton No. 524; 1 steam shovel, Bucyrus model, 18 B; 1 steam shovel 30 B.; furniture, 1 Hudson Super Six enclosed wagon, 1 Fearless, 1 Hahn loader, 1 gasoline concrete mixer, No. 107 S., No. 5288 Koehring Dandie, 1 steam concrete mixer, No. 14; No. 1947 Koehring paver, 1 steam concrete mixer, No. 214 E. K., No. 5267 Dandie paver.

JOHN J. SUMMERS,
Trustee
Peter B. Olney Jr.,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
68 William St., N. Y. City
Kadel, Van Kirk & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Receiver
2904 Third Ave., New York
Inspection July 30th and 31st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY S. LOWENTHAL and BERT LOWENTHAL, individually and as copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of S. LOWENTHAL & SONS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, July 17th, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 189 Front St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leaf tobacco, Connecticut tobacco, wrappers and binders in bales, labels, bands, cigar boxes, furniture, fixtures, etc.

BENJAMIN P. DE WITT, Receiver.
ROSENBERG & BALL, Attorneys for Receiver, 74 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SCHACHTER & DEBB, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, July 23rd, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 60 Broadway, immediately thereafter at 63 Chambers St., Borough of Manhattan, and immediately thereafter at 413 East 149th St., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's suits, woolens, piece goods, linings, trimmings used in a men's tailoring business, furniture, safe, high class fixtures, etc.

JOSEPH T. STEARNS, Receiver.
BERNARD BERNBAUM, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.
Inspection July 20th and 21st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH GOLDBERG, doing business as U. S. EAGLE LEATHER GOODS CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, July 17, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 241 East 12th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of paper, machinery, fixtures, etc.

M. MICHAEL EDELSTEIN,
Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 43 Broadway, New York.

SUMMONS.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—MAUCH SACHS, Plaintiff, against SOLOMON SREBERNY, "BENJAMIN" SCHIMIN and "MORRIS" KAPLAN, first names "BENJAMIN" and "MORRIS" being fictitious, real first names unknown to plaintiff, copartners, trading under the firm name and style of VERLAG "CENTRAL" GESELLSCHAFT M. B. H., Defendants.—Summons.

TO THE ABOVE-NAMED DEFENDANTS:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance on the Plaintiff's Attorney within ten (10) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. In case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, April 25th, 1923.

HERMAN S. FRIED,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, 320 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To SOLOMON SREBERNY, "BENJAMIN" SCHIMIN and "MORRIS" KAPLAN, first names "BENJAMIN" and "MORRIS" being fictitious, real first names unknown to plaintiff, copartners, trading under the firm name and style of VERLAG "CENTRAL" GESELLSCHAFT M. B. H., Defendants:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Honorable Alexander Finelite, a Justice of The City Court of the City of New York, dated the 9th day of June, 1923, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City Court of the City of New York, at New York, New York.

HERMAN S. FRIED,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, 320 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TENEMENT HOUSE BUYING.

Trading Indicates Demand for Multi-family Houses.

Otto Ostwald, represented by Louis W. Osterwes, resold the five-story brick tenement house 306 East Ninety-fourth Street, on a lot 25 by 100 by 8½ feet.

J. Lemle & Sons sold Henry Hansen the five-story twenty-family tenement at 409 East Fifty-fourth Street on a lot 25 by 100, near First Avenue, held at $20,000; a re-sale is pending. The same brokers sold Leopold Losh the four-story single flat at 225 East Eighty-fourth Street on a lot 20.4 by 102.2; the purchaser is the Hudson F. Rose Company; sold for A. Mittelman the four-story brownstone double flat at 313 East Eighty-fourth Street, on a lot 25 by 100, near Second Avenue; sold for Annie Montague the five-story double flat at 227 East Ninety-fifth Street on a lot 25 by 100, between Second and Third Avenues; the purchaser is an investor. This is the eighth sale in this block by the same brokers since January.

Sherman & Kirschner sold for Louis Weinstein to builders the five-story tenement house with stores on a lot 44 by 100 and designated as 55-57 East 100th Street. This property was recently destroyed by fire. The building will be improved and renovated into a new fireproof building.

Charles A. Rosenthal has sold for Therese Holding Corporation the building 338-340 East Fifty-first Street, a six and one-half story walk-up building, 37.6 by 100, held at $72,000, to Fannie Wagner.

The same broker has also sold for Herman Krooss the five-story apartment house at 441 East 140th Street to Benjamin Stone, plot 37.6 by 100, held at $41,000; also the building 150 East 101st Street, a five and one-half story triple flat, 25 by 100, held at $21,000, to I. Bill from Louis Jacobs; also the three-story buildings with eight stores, situated on the southeast corner of Thirty-sixth Street and Third Avenue, taking in 202-204 East Thirty-sixth Street, on plot 50 by 100, for Harris Sussman to A. Katz. A re-sale is now pending.

John A. Schoen re-sold for James V. Shanley to a client the seven-story apartment house, 226 Second Avenue.

$600,000 WEST SIDE DEAL.

F. L. Pakas Buys Ten-Story Office Building, Held at $600,000.

The ten-story office building at 3, 5 and 7 West Twenty-ninth Street, on a plot 75 by 100 feet, adjoining the Marble Collegiate Church at the corner of Fifth Avenue was sold by the Three West Twenty-ninth Street Corporation to F. L. Pakas.

The building has an annual rent roll of $90,000 and was held at $600,000. It is occupied chiefly by merchants in the textile trade. Leopold and Herbert Weil were the brokers.

Times Square Deal Completed.

H. D. Baker, A. Robinson and B. Edward Crosby, as brokers, announce the closing of all details of the deal for the site at 120-126 West Forty-fourth Street, 75 by 100, adjoining the Lambs Club, to a syndicate headed by A. J. Bimberg and Max Verschleiser, which plans the erection of a fifteen-story apartment house with stores, which will involve an investment of approximately $3,000,000.

$250,000 Brooklyn Project.

Shampan & Shampan, architects are preparing plans for a high-class apartment house to be erected on the southwest corner of Franklin Avenue and President Street, Brooklyn, upon a plot 125 feet by 132, for the Franklin Land Company, Inc., as owners, to cost $250,000.

REAL ESTATE.

Solve Your Oct. 1st Problem Now

Select your apartment now and save yourself the annoyance and trouble and waste of time of a last minute search for a suitable home.

Visit Jackson Heights today. Compare the new garden apartments with anything anywhere in New York City.

Jackson Heights

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes
5, 6 and 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths
Jackson Heights residents are now enjoying
Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, etc.
Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms Social and Business References Required

The Queensboro Corporation Manhattan Office 50 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7057
Jackson Heights Office, 25th St. & Polk Ave.
VISIT JACKSON HEIGHTS TO-DAY
Broadway B. R. T. Subway from any Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.
By Motor, 59th St. via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.
Apartments Open for Inspection Until 8 P.M.

APARTMENTS

219 W. 81st St. N. E. Cor. Broadway
4-5-6-7 ROOMS
Unsurpassed on West Side. Well Arranged, Spacious and Modern.
Possession Now and October 1st

112 E. 74th St. Just off Park Avenue
3 ROOM Doctor's Suite
8 ROOM Apartment
3 Baths
Southern Exposure
Possession Now and October 1st

JOSEPH MILNER COMPANY, Inc.
505 FIFTH AVE. Telephone Vanderbilt 3607 NEW YORK

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Cash Advanced On Rent Income

Why wait months to collect your rent income? I will pay spot cash for it. You then can reinvest this capital and make a double profit. Reasonable terms, no "red tape," prompt service. Phone Fitzroy 3916.

Jacob Rosenstock
Columbia Trust Building
N. W. Cor. 8th Ave. & 24th St., N. Y.

1st—2nd—3rd MORTGAGES
Our Policy:
To give the borrower the LARGEST reasonable loan.
To give the buyer a SAFE loan at a fair price.
To deal with both at the SMALLEST COST possible.
"Largest Loans—Quickest Decisions"
SAFE DEED CO
KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING
152 West 42d St., Cor. B'way
4th Floor. Bryant 6232-6233

MORTGAGE LOANS.
SPECIAL FUND
$200,000 for Second Mortgages on well-located property in Greater New York.
S. A. ISRAEL
49 Nassau St. Cort. 2673.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION
Regardless of Price
SAT., JULY 21
Established 1866.
2:30 P. M. ON THE PREMISES, RAIN OR SHINE, UNDER TENT, BY ORDER OF
J. Bryon Creamer, Esq.
210 BUNGALOW AND HOUSE LOTS
Many With Water Fronts
For Summer or All Year Homes
BAY SHORE
GREAT SOUTH BAY'S PROGRESSIVE CENTRE, L. I.
The lots front on Saxon Av. and adjoining streets between South Country Road (Montauk Road) and the Bay, with frontages on Orowoc Creek, in a choice residential section. SAILING, BOATING, BATHING, FISHING. Ferries to Ocean.
Bay Shore has fine stores (including chain stores), churches, schools, banks, theatres, low commutation rates, &c. If desired, all lots may be paid for in
MONTHLY INSTALMENTS
Write, call or phone for Map with Photos.
Jere Johnson Jr., Co., Auctioneers, 195 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 1824. Joseph M. May, Agent, 189 Montague St.

BUSINESS ESSENTIALLY SOUND
Federal Reserve report showing decrease of $96,000,000 in rediscounts indicates essential soundness of the country's business. See The Annalist. On news stands. 10 cents.—Advt.

REAL ESTATE.

125th STREET
Bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Ave.
Gets traffic to and from Broadway Subway, Hudson River, Jersey Ferry, Coney Island and Rockaway Boats.
10 Stores Ready August 1st
DESIRABLE FOR
Automobile Show Rooms Wearing Apparel
Restaurant Shoes Jewelry Radio
ONE FLOOR 125x55 for
Billiards Dance Hall Restaurant
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Telephone Morningside 4864.

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162 West 54th St.
Cor. 7th Ave.
3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms
$1,900 to $2,900

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Near Riverside Drive
3 Rooms, Bath, $2,200 & $2,400

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Corner Riverside Drive
6 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths
$2,700 to $3,600

600 West 115 St.
Cor. Broadway.
4 Rooms & Bath
$1,600

270 Convent Ave.
Corner 141st St.
3, 4 & 5 Rooms & Bath
$1,200, $1,400 and $1,600

Manchester
255 West 108th St.
Cor. Broadway
6, 7 & 8 Rooms & 2 Baths
$2,000 to $3,000

Netherland
340 West 86th St.
Near Riverside Drive
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$1,350 and $1,500
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DETAILED INFORMATION AS TO FLOOR EXPOSURE, WHEN POSSESSION MAY BE HAD, ETC., MAILED UPON REQUEST.
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On one of the busiest shopping streets of Paterson, N. J., two large, light, unusually attractive, newly built stores; 25 feet deep each; latest type display windows; suitable for any business, especially apparel; 50-ft. basements included; heat furnished; attractive terms. Apply to
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160 Riverside Drive
At Cor. 88th Street
Unobstructed View
Occupancy About August 1st
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
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ROOMS—1 TO 3 BATHS
The most modern apartment on the West Side
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Overlooking Central Park Plaza
Bachelor Apartments to Let.
1, 2, 3 Rooms and Bath.
Or 4 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Possession at Once. Moderate Rent.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 B'way

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Exceptionally Attractive Apartments,
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Two and six rooms and bath; immediate possession. Also apartments, 3 to 8 rooms, for Oct. 1. Reasonable rents.

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West End Avenue at 74th Street
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The Only Strictly
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No transient or seasonal guests
Unfurnished suites only
One or more rooms with superior service
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Overlooking Central Park
40 to 48 West 89th Street
Between 5th and 6th Avenues
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS
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Protected light to the South.
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OWNER of building, conservatively worth $40,000, having lease on land for 50 years, in neighborhood of 50th St. and 5th Av., desires first-class mortgage of $20,000; property earning excellent rent and has secure future; responsible name on bond; security is beyond question; propositions desired. Address 1117, 522 5th Av.

WE HAVE excellent applications for second mortgages; brokers protected. Phone George Lazo Co., Endicott 3110.

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19TH ST., 25-27 WEST—Two 4-story dwellings, 50x92, together or separately; possession; easy terms; excellent for alteration; can be bought for less than assessed valuation. H. L. Sachs & Co., 38 West 21st.

508, WEST (5th and 6th Avs.)—Fine American basement house, 5 apartments, all rented; $37,000. Prescott, 209 West 37th. 1253 Circle.

608, EAST—Gorgeously furnished private mansion, immediate sale. Prescott, 209 West 57th. 1253 Circle.

68TH, 19 WEST—Remodeled into apartments, nine baths; rentals, $6,000, guaranteed; price $35,000; $10,000 easy payments; $40,000 mortgage, 5½ per cent, 21 years. Address "Owner."

708, WEST—Four-story and basement, 20 ft. front, 15 large rooms, 3 baths; can be bought with only $3,000 cash; unusual bargain. Chas. F. Noby & Co., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

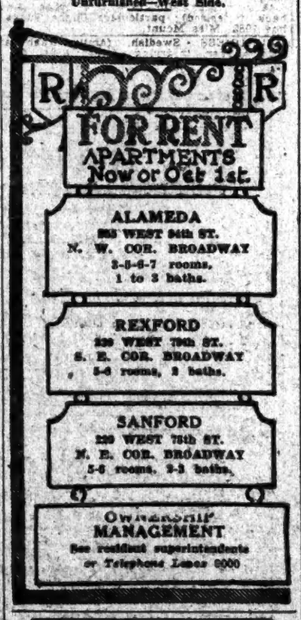
708, EAST—Handsome private dwelling, 4 stories, English basement, 4 baths; $48,000. Prescott, 209 West 57th., 1253 Circle.

708 (near Madison)—Five-story house, 19x45 x100; 8 baths; redecorated throughout; south yard; $57,000. Apply 660 Madison Av.

16TH, 25 WEST—Palatial mansion, near overlooking Museum entrance; unexcelled for club, school, doctor, private residence or apartments; price $75,000; one-half actual value. Also 316 West 88th; seven splendid apartments, grand view of river and Jersey Heights; price $30,000. Open all day. Phone Plaza 2914.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.



Strathmore
404 Riverside Drive
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Attractively situated behind grass and trees in the most beautiful part of the Drive, this house has unusual view and light. Perfect floor plan, with rooms of unusual size and finish. Plenty of large closets. Apartments 10 and 11 rooms and 3 baths. $4,500 to $6,500.
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Parlor Floor
3 Rooms and Bath
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3 Rooms and 2 Baths
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EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
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OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS.
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WADSWORTH 4100.

58th, 200 WEST
Now vacant, from Oct. 1, unfurnished apartments, from 6 to 8 rooms, 3 baths; also furnished for immediate possession, one four-room apartment. Inquire Supt.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

78TH, 210 WEST—Three-story and basement; price on application. Jos. A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0254.

80TH, WEST—12 rooms, 3 baths; $25,000; cash $5,000. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

96TH ST. (near Central Park)—Four story and basement; perfect condition; electricity; parquet floors, French doors, white enameled woodwork; price $33,000, $5,000 cash. Chas. K. Glisby & Co., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

98D ST., 170 EAST—Three-story and basement, 20-foot house, $2,000. Rowantree, 151 5th Av. Ashland 7468.

98TH ST. (WEST OF 1ST AV.)—50X100, SUITABLE FOR GARAGE OR STORAGE. 156 EAST 49TH. OLIVER.

121ST ST., 220 WEST—Eleven-room dwelling, fine condition; $3,000 cash; possession this month; 5-year first mortgage. J. L. Van Sant, owner, 170 Nassau.

126TH ST., 18 WEST—Three-story and basement house, all improvements, in good condition; $10,000 for quick action; terms. Rowantree Schley, 151 5th Av.

127TH (near Lenox Av.—Six-story elevator, four apartments on each floor, fives and sixes; subject to one mortgage only; rent $21,000, price $110,000; big change for investor. Charles M. De Ross Co., 110 West 34th.

CORNELIA ST., 26—Four-story front and rear brick tenements, 25x92; Italian tenants; asking $17,000; exceptional chance; terms. Van Sant, owner, 119 Nassau.

GREENWICH VILLAGE HOUSES.
Good investment; make alteration; $9,500 up; terms. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St.

NICHOLAS AV.—House, between 146th and 147th Sts., 22.6x90. Bailey, 3,167 7th Av. Phone Harlem 2387. Morningside 5190.

WEST END AV., 699, and 11 East 92d St., two five-story dwellings; must be sold; bargain. M. Rosenthal, owner, 50 East 42d St.

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A REAL BARGAIN ON MADISON AV., $10,000 BELOW MARKET VALUE; 20x85; RIPE FOR ALTERATION; BROKERS FULLY PROTECTED. SEE MR. PORTER, ROOM 730, 41 EAST 42D ST. MURRAY HILL 0427.

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Four story, two flats on a floor, no improvements; price $18,000; rental $3,144; cash $4,000; other cold water bargains, east and west of 3d Av. E. Torres, 1,634 Lexington Av., corner 103d (subway station).

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NEW BRICK COLONIAL HOUSE.
6 Rooms, Bath, Garage.
42 Adrian Av.
Near Broadway and 225th St.

FOR SALE—Many desirable properties on upper west side. Harris Parr, 163 West 72d St.

TWO family brick house, 12 rooms; 2-car garage; 9 years old, tax exempt; bargain $18,500. Bryant 0719.

EXECUTORS' SALE (232 Division St.)—Front and rear house; make offer; $4,000-$5,000 cash. Lisicki, 15 Murray St.

Manhattan For Rent.

56TH ST., off Park Ave.—11-room house, 3 years straight lease; immediate possession; newly decorated. Circle 1917.

76TH, 25 WEST—Perfect palace (see "For Sale"); also 316 West 88th (see "For Sale"); both open all day. Phone Plaza 2914.

LEASE—Midtown, large house, straight long term; gross rental $375 monthly. J. & E. Realty Corporation, 1,819 Broadway.

TWENTY-YEAR LEASE.
Very desirable store and basement, 16x65; just renovated; white tiled front; also four floors of five apartments; near 145th St. and 7th Av., Greenwich Village section. P. de Montravel, 258 Broadway.

Bronx For Sale.

ATTRACTIVE corner, 40 by 100, brick and stucco; one-family modern dwelling, two baths; double garage; near Concourse; price $25,000; terms. Phone Fordham 5076. Josephsohn.

Brooklyn For Sale.

BENSONHURST BARGAIN.
Nine beautiful rooms, garage, two baths, all modern improvements; lot 26x100; suitable for professional man; this is good; price $18,000; cash $6,000. Sterling Realty Co., 1,304 76th St., Brooklyn. Bensonhurst 5060.

Queens County For Sale.

WHY PAY RENT
to the landlord when you can live, rent free, in Astoria Gardens?
SAVE FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.
Buy now. Price, $14,500 until August 1. Worth $16,000 at present cost of construction.
Two-family brick, 11 rooms, 2 tile baths, double floors, 12-inch walls, driveway 3 blocks to Ditmars Avenue subway station. Apply at builder's office only.
894 7TH AVENUE, ASTORIA.

LARGE, comfortable 2-family house, 11 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity and 2-car garage; plot 50x100 feet, on corner; 2 blocks from L; one hour; situated at College Point; price $18,000.
ARTHUR J. DILLON,
331 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 7600

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STUYVESANT PLACE, 22, ST. GEORGE—5 minutes from ferry, 12 rooms, 3 baths; all improvements; $2,000. Endicott 2013.

Staten Island For Sale.

BEECHHURST—Will make special price to close estate; house, six rooms and bath, all improvements; large corner plot, near water and station. Jahoda, 1,328 Broadway. Pitcairn 8302.

HELLE HARBOR.
An ideal modern home offered at an extremely low price for immediate sale; terms arranged.
Beautiful Colonial brick house, built by day's labor about one year ago, never occupied; one block from the ocean; plot 120x100; contains 10 large, airy rooms and 3 baths; of special and artistic plan; oak floors; all distinctive and extremely attractive fixtures made especially for this house; spacious sun porch, cozy sleeping porch, billiard room; garage; ready for immediate occupancy; to be purchased below cost of reproduction; inspection by appointment only.
CHAS. B. VAN VALEN, INC.,
Sole Agent.
110 William St., New York. Beekman 8000.

FREEPORT—Bungalows, four rooms and bath, $3,000; others, four to eight rooms, $4,000 to $12,000. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, N. Y.

GREAT BARGAIN ON SOUTH SHORE—50-ACRE FARM.
One of the most charming old-fashioned farm houses on the South Shore; southern exposure; 30 acres of land; house consists of 7 rooms and bath, heat, all improvements; garage, barn, chicken house, outbuildings; very convenient for commuting; sacrifice, with $5,000 cash; price $15,000.
GEORGE E. WHEELER,
15 Railroad Av., Opposite Depot. Open Daily and Sunday.
PHONE 438 FREEPORT.

HOLLIS, L. I.—Attractive and ideal prewar-built; eleven-room house, with three rooms in attic; plot 65x200; Japanese garden in front; garage, garden house, trees. Advantageously located north side; at Millside Av. near 190th Street; photos can be seen at Dr. Remcher's office, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn. Phone Main 3473 or Hollis 6294.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE.
Our listings of superior homes are very complete. Let us know your requirements.
L. I. T. McKNIGHT, 23 EAST 39D ST.
Madison Square 3549. Great Neck 322.

HEMPSTEAD—$14,000, large house, parlor, living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 4½ baths; steam, gas, electricity, concrete cellar, porches; select neighborhood; concrete street; cash $1,500. O'Connor, Inc., 47 Atlantic Av.

MALVERNE, Long Island—Attractive new home near station; lot 40x100, with southern exposure; 5 large rooms, tile bathroom, open fireplace in living room, large front porch, $1,500 secures possession; balance of $6,500 on long term mortgage. W 287 Times.

PERFECT LITTLE HOME.
One of the most attractive little homes we ever listed, built and occupied by the owner; Colonial type, center hall; tiled bath and kitchen; finest fixtures, decorations; six rooms; sun parlor, fireplace; garage; dainty in all appointments; corner plot, 60x100; beautiful garden; complete in every detail; only $13,500. F. W. Knut & Co., 304 Fulton St., Jamaica. Phone 6079 Jamaica.

NEW six-room house in a restricted community, on plot 40x130; hardwood floors, tile bath, sun parlor; steam heat; selling at cost to advertise; only 35 minutes from Broadway; 500 feet from electric station; Long Island Railroad. Phone Pitarvy 2259. M. J. CONNICK, 7 West 34th St., Room 1120, New York City.

MODERN house, 9 rooms, bath, parquet floors, electric light, steam heat; A1 condition; plot 40x115 feet; in Flushing, L. I. Address 14 East 85th St. Telephone 1804 Rhinelander.

SIX-ROOM BUNGALOWS, one on Stony Brook Harbor, the other at Lake Ronkonkoma, 9 acres, each with garage; $9,500; attractive terms. O. E. Ackerly & Son, Yonkers, N. Y.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out. Illustrated catalog free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150 North Nassau St., N. Y. C.

HOUSE for sale—7 rooms, 50th corner, 106 East 105th St.; Whitestone; price $6,500; cash required $1,000. Columbus 3264.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

A BARGAIN AT BROADWAY-FLUSHING—New centre hall, Colonial, 7 rooms, decorations, tiled bath and tiled kitchen; enclosed heated living room porch; easy plot, 40x100; 6 minutes from station; tax exemption; price $12,500; $2,500 down, balance like rent. F. H. Reeve, Inc., Broadway-Flushing, at railroad station. Flushing 3625.

Long Island For Rent.

BAYSIDE—Brand-new house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, large living room, open fireplace, enclosed sun parlor; garage; will lease to desirable party. Frank Miller, Fairview Av. Phone Bayside 1153.

Westchester County For Sale.

BRONXVILLE: Owner moving to Europe and will sell his beautiful new home for $50,000; cost $62,000 three years ago; extremely anxious to make quick sale; house in perfect condition; English type, stucco; not nearly one acre, beautifully shrubbed; 2-car garage; large attractive living room, sun porch, 4 large master bedrooms with baths; 2 exceptionally fine maids' rooms; terms can be arranged; immediate possession. COOLEY REALTY CO., 30 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone Hillcrest 4200.

BRONXVILLE.
7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
An ideal home overlooking the parkway and higher than the Gramatan; prewar construction; excellent condition; completely equipped; immediate occupancy; cash of special interest.
BURKE STONE, INC., BRONXVILLE 1460.

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Attractive stucco and brick cottage on 100-foot plot; 8 rooms, 3 baths, sun porch, hot water heat; garage; offered at special reduced price if sold prior to Aug. 1. Apply Prince & Ripley, East Parkway, Scarsdale. Tel. Scarsdale 364, or Murray Hill 0556.

GREENACRES (River Road, Hartsdale)—Beautiful half brick home; 8 rooms, 3 baths; garage. Keller, owner, 'phone 6290 Fordham.

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at Dobbs Ferry-on-Hudson; that is what a man who knows building said of these homes; they are small, just six nice rooms and tiled bath; but every stick of material is good; they have cut stone foundations, oak floors throughout, copper leaders and gutters, hardwood trim, extra heavy birch doors; there are three of them for sale at $13,500. Let us show them to you today. Prince & Ripley, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. Tel. Dobbs Ferry 24, or Murray Hill 0556.

CHAUNCEY B. GRIFFEN,
18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 6236.
All the better Westchester properties.
WHITE PLAINS, Tel. White Plains 2456.
PELHAM, Tel. Pelham 1160.
PLEASANTVILLE, Tel. Pleasantville 501.
LARCHMONT, Tel. Larchmont 500.
RYE, Tel. Rye 1056.
Local offices open daily and Sunday.

REMARKABLE value, near Bailey Park Country Club, Mount Vernon, Chester Hill Section; choice stucco and shingle house; 7 rooms, 3 baths; all modern appointments; garage. Owner asking $20,500. Want immediate offer. W. Rose, 25 West 42d Street, New York. Tel. Murray Hill 0780.

VERY beautiful, 7-room modern house, every convenience, fireplace, garage, 3 blocks from station, corner, opposite Bailey Park Country Club. Phone Hillcrest 2925, or address Mrs. F. G. Disbrow, 3 South 2d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand-new; 20 minutes to hour out. Illustrated catalog free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150 North Nassau St., New York.

STATE requirements and will send list of suburban properties and farms. Burke Stone, Inc., 41 East 42d. Vanderbilt 8918.

$1,000 DOWN buys 6-room house, oak floors, fireplace, breakfast nook; 35 minutes New York. Box 183 Tuckahoe.

New York State For Sale.

EXCURSION.
Personally Conducted Trip Into the Heart of the CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
$1.77 ROUND TRIP.
SUNDAY, JULY 22D.
VACATION GAME SITES, in restricted colony, 1,200 feet above sea level. Lots $29 each, 20x100; easy terms, or 10 per cent. discount for cash. Full Warranty Deed furnished. No assessments to pay. $500 cash and $20 per month will buy bungalow on lots. Immediate possession. Mountain spring water, piped and roads built to sites. Milk, fresh vegetables, delivered direct from the farmeries. Meats, groceries, ice delivered. Crisp, bracing mountain air. Wonderful mountain views. Fishing, hunting, swimming. Dancing, tennis, croquet. Restaurant on property. Live taxi or bungalow. Bungalows may have lavatory, toilet, bath and sink. Your own terms of payment. "SEEING IS BELIEVING." For full information write or phone WURTEBORO HILLS, Room 1005, 47 West 34th Street. Dept. H. Tel. Fitzroy 6596.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out. Illustrated catalog free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150 North Nassau St., N. Y. C.

COUNTRY homes, $5,000 to $25,000; all improvements; small houses with plots, larger houses, acreage; beautiful, high, healthy Rockland County; one hour; express trains; state your wants. Kahlbaum, Nanuet, N. Y.

New York State For Rent.

ATTRACTIVE, commuter's home; 7 rooms, garage, beautiful grounds. Oratamin, Blauvelt, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

NUTLEY, New Jersey—House, 6 rooms and bath, all conveniences; best location; price $7,500; terms. Phone Pennsylvania 1630 or Nutley 0014.

CRANFORD, NEW HOUSE, $6,500.
Easy terms; fully improved street; large plot; steam heat, hardwood floor, tiled bath; near station, school.
Jacobsen, 304 Lincoln Av., Cranford.

RAMSEY—Four minutes' walk from station; new 8-room house, 4 sleeping rooms and sun parlor; all improvements; shade and sidewalks; restricted residential section. J. J. D., Box 123, Ramsey.

RAMSEY—Cottage, all improvements; 2 acres; $6,000. Hover, 312 B'way, New York. Sole Agent.

ACTUAL COST TO CONSTRUCT.
Beautiful six-room and bath home, on plot 50x200; $1,000 down, balance monthly; this home is a real bargain, situated at Brooklake Park, beauty spot of Madison, N. J. National House and Farm Assn., 120 Liberty St., New York. 124 Branford Place, Newark.

ARTISTIC semi-bungalow, with large, shaded plot; excellent location, convenient express commuting depot and schools; six rooms and bath, steam heat and all improvements; $9,500. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

HOMES, NEW JERSEY.
ELABORATE, PRETENTIOUS, MODEST HOMES, ESTATES, PLOTS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES.
HOME-SEEKERS SERVICE COMPANY,
154 Nassau St. Beekman 4626.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out. Illustrated catalog free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150 North Nassau St., N. Y. C.

AT MOUNTAIN STATION (South Orange)—Fine colonial house, 8 rooms and 2 baths, garage; price $21,500. rent $150. O. T. Thompson, 257 4th Av., N. Y. Telephone Gramercy 3163.

New Jersey For Rent.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. White Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut—New England For Sale.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000; owners' low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out. Illustrated catalog free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150 North Nassau St., N. Y. C.

AT WESTPORT.
A most unusual water farm, two rivers run through it; 35 acres and a good old New England farmhouse standing in a group of majestic hemlocks; $15,000. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St.

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STAMFORD, Conn.—4, 5, 6 rooms, bath; 9 rooms, 3 baths, unfurnished; 26-acre estate; surrounded by numerous shade trees; sleeping porches; modern improvements; garage; highest elevation; 50-minute ride to Grand Central. Schleicher & Sons Piano Factory and Warerooms, 37 West 24th St., N. Y. Chelsea 4215, or 179 Lawn Av., Stamford, Conn.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

ROCKAWAY PARK or Belle Harbor—6 or 10 room house; send full particulars. L. R., 115 Times.

WANTED to rent; two-family house with garage; South Brooklyn section preferred. Address all particulars this office. T. Mi, P 351 Times.

PRIVATE house, between 72d and 86th Sts.; modern improvement; about $6,000 in cash. Martin J. Kennedy, Yorkville Bank Building, 85th and Third Ave. Lenox 3223.

HAVE $2,000 to $250,000 to purchase Manhattan properties to sell or to lease; send full particulars by mail only. Parton Realty Corporation, 221 6th Av.

CLIENTS waiting, 2-family houses, East Bronx, Fabbricatore, broker, 23 Union Square.

SMALL private home; possession by Oct. 1; reasonable rent; buy or lease; city. A 24 Times.

SUMMER HOMES

Staten Island For Rent.

SEASHORE bungalows, furnished, three, six rooms; season rents reduced; 45 minutes from ferry; open 9 a. m. Sun. Times Dunes.

SUMMER HOMES.

Long Island For Rent.

OYSTER BAY—Attractive house to rent, from four to six weeks; 6 rooms, 2 baths; beautiful view, bathing privileges; half mile from station; large grounds; vegetables; private keep by owner; servants if desired; very reasonable. Phone Oyster Bay 374; write Box 211.

OCEAN BATHING.
Cottagettis and log cabin camps, studios, porches; comfy furnished; $14 weekly up; leading tennis two weeks up; spend ideal vacation any length; ocean bathing, lake, boating, fishing, tennis, dancing; refined; references. Hills Colony, Southampton, L. I.

OCEAN FRONT
LOTS, COTTAGES, RESTRICTED SECTION, WESTHAMPTON, L. I.
MODERATE PRICES. SUITABLE TERMS.
JAMES BROWNSHIELD, 306 B'way, N. Y.

Westchester County For Rent.

NEW ROCHELLE—New England Colonial stucco on hollow tile house; all modern improvements; 12 rooms, 3 baths; 1-car garage; beautifully located in Wykagyl Park, near country club and car line. See Owner, 45 Avon Road. New Rochelle 5906.

RYE—For rent or sale; unusually beautiful furnished home. Phone Rye 3007. Forest and Elmewood Ave.

VALHALLA—Four room furnished bungalow; bath; Mountain House. Phone White Plains 1165.

FURNISHED LARCHMONT
Attractive home; four master's; two maid's; two baths; spacious screened porch; half acre; reasonable rent; balance of season. Owner, 290 Weaver street; telephone 653 Larchmont, N. Y.

New York State For Rent.

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
Large farms, furnished modern bungalows; 3, 4 and 5 rooms; open fireplaces; every convenience; high elevation; $150-$350 balance of season. Madison Square 8478.

New Jersey For Rent.

ATLANTIC CITY—Cottages, apartments, furnished, all sections; city; reasonable rent. Summer season. Miss M. Henry, 2621 Pacific Ave.

DEAL BEACH, N. J.—Few more choice apartments two blocks from beach; ocean view; modern building; commuting; reduced rates. Telephone 1140. Mrs. Guarin, 88 Poplar Av.

LAKE HOPATCONG—Bungalow, 4 rooms, electric light; wonderful view; garage, dock privileges; rent $250; 9 rooms, unfurnished, $100. W. Alanson Alexander, 505 5th Av.

SEASHORE, newly furnished apartments, 212 2d Av., Asbury Park, N. J., one block from board walk; 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath; Summer rentals $200 and $250 per month, including use of gas and electric light; Winter rentals $75 to $95 per month; steam heat, healthy place to live all year around. Apply Janitor on premises.

Connecticut—New England For Rent.

NORWTON HEIGHTS, CONN.—Handsomely furnished seven-room house, sleeping porch, sun parlor; large garage; two acres flower and vegetable gardens, fruit; old shade trees; immediate possession; $200 month; concession balance season. Box 221. Telephone Darien 415.

SUMMER HOMES WANTED.

LONG BEACH proper, furnished house, from Aug. 1. Phone Riverside 6718.

LOTS AND LAND.

Manhattan.

BUILDING plot, near 187th St. subway station, 100x100; $20,000 cash. Butts & Molloy, Inc., 51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD and Concourse—Burnside-Fordham Road section; elegant building plot, plans filed March, 1923; price reasonable; terms arranged. David Kraus, 95 Liberty St.

LOTS AND LAND.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 SQ. FT. SURFACE.
Immediate occupancy or will build to suit.
ROMAN-GALLAMAN COMPANY,
BRIDGE PLAZA. LONG ISLAND CITY.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
FACTORY LOFTS and BUILDING SITES.
CLAY, 9 Montague (Montague Station), Long Island City.

Other Sections For Sale.

POUGHKEEPSIE—$1,000 feet, modern one-story brick factory; excellent light; labor plentiful; sale, lease; bargain. F. 103 Times.

FACTORY TO LET
in Hackensack; plenty of help; 8,000 ft. fully equipped suitable for men's pants, ladies' and men's coats, children's clothing; long lease; rent very reasonable. Faulkner, 1,175 Broadway.

LOFTS AND FLOORS

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

2D AV., 2,074 (near 107th St.)—Large loft, suitable any business. Inquire Store, on premises. Telephone Bryant 6455.

9TH AV., 364 (corner 29th St.)—Two light floors, suitable for offices or studios; immediate possession; reasonable rental. Goldenstein, Plaza 2400, Bryant 2405.

28TH, 138 EAST—Store, loft, any size, to let; will improve. Loria.

54TH, 234 WEST—New building, 2,500 sq. ft. daylight loft; electric elevator; suitable light manufacturing; office, showroom.

44TH ST. (adjoining cor. Broadway)—First floor, plain, for business. Apply Jones & Erasmus, 1,261 Broadway, Columbus 8240.

BROADWAY, 1128 (corner 25th)
Sacrifice office, half present lease; corner suite; exceptionally cool, light. Baumeister & Rasmeister, 11 E. 48th. Vanderbilt 10620.

BROADWAY, 799, at 11th st. (St. Denis)—Offices and showrooms, $50 up; A1 service; unequaled transit facilities.

BROADWAY, 1540 (State Theatre Building)—Entire office, three rooms, substage; reasonable. Rosenthal.

CHURCH ST., 30—Outside office, furnished or unfurnished; also desk room. Apply Room 508.

FISK BUILDING (57th and Broadway)—Splendid daylight offices, beautifully furnished, private; also furnished suites; main office; strictly high class; moderate rental; complete service. See 1 E. Raditz, 300 Fisk Building.

GRAND CENTRAL DISTRICT—Office space to be had in exclusive building; splendid location. Telephone Ollivette 3264.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE—3 rooms, mahogany furnished suite; desirable building. Vanderbilt 0384.

MADISON SQUARE—Very desirable office, approximately 900 sq. ft., high-class building; moderate rent; ready for immediate occupancy. Phone Gramercy 4211.

MADISON AV. (Grand Central)—17th floor, 960 feet; attractive price. Plaza 5052.

MARBRIDGE BUILDING, Room 830—Office for rent, furnished or unfurnished. Fitzroy 5701.

PARK ROW, 38—Daylight office in lawyer's suite; reasonable. Eisenstat. Cortlandt 6351.

PRIVATE OFFICE, furnished, $30 to $35; Desk room, $10 and $20 monthly; Mail and telephone privilege, $5. Equivalent service. Inquire.

QUANE CO., 206 Broadway, Worth 0248.

RECTOR ST., 2—Light room in three-room office suite; service; reasonable. Felahon Service, Room 802. Whitehall 2647.

57 SEVENTH AV., NEW BUILDING.
NEAR 56TH ST. EXPRESS STATION.
Second floor, store or offices, 24x90 with large skylight, modern fittings; also several small offices; rents reasonable.
DUROSE, 67 7TH AV. WATKINS 8000.

TO sublease, either whole or in part for nearly three years, term; half of eighth floor in high-class Banks Building, 58 West 40th St., facing Bryant Park; about 2,500 square feet; all linoleum covered; partitioned into six offices and display rooms; mahogany and white; permanent-north light; ten front windows; walls covered and windows draped with tan burlap by interior decorator; continuous elevator service; fixtures and considerable furniture and rugs for sale. Call and see this choice space or phone Longacre 4045. Ask for Mr. Terry.

OFFICES,
New Santa,
220 West 58th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

810 bargain in offices; 450 square feet or adaptable space in Marbridge Building, 34th St. and Broadway; suite 447, long sub-lease, permanency offered; telephone installed. Call Fitz Ray 3118.

FURNISHED.
Near Curb Exchange; three-room suite and one single office, fully furnished; also seven-room suite with telephones. Telephone Bowling Green 0062.

FOR RENT—Large outside office in lawyers' suite, furnished or unfurnished; use of outer office; located midtown New York; rental unusually reasonable. Telephone Murray Hill 3524.

LARGE, light corner rooms for real estate, accountant, insurance broker; service optional. 305 Broadway, Room 1110. Worth 3518.

STUDIO—Exceptional opportunity; 46th St. and 6th Av.; good light; suitable for any business; rent $85 monthly. Mr. Kay, care of Hudson Bay Fur Co., 662 6th Av.

COMPLETELY FURNISHED private front office; splendid light, good advertising; low rent; might divide. DILJON, 101 West 42d.

OFFICE space for public stenographer; modern building, Broadway 31st St., exchange for services. Write Schuessler Advertising, 1270 Broadway, for business.

LIGHT furnished office in suite to rent reasonably responsible party only. Room 501, 110 West 40th. Pennsylvania 2500.

FULLY equipped office for sale and sublease; terms reasonable. Room 1004, 110 West 40th St. Pennsylvania 2500.

PRIVATE OFFICE, furnished, complete equipment, full service. Brokaw Building, Room 1001.

JUST off Fifth Av., furnished offices, large and small, to sublet for executive purposes only. 12th floor, 10 West 46th St.

EXQUISITE three-room office in new building to sublet. Call after 12 o'clock, 400 5th Park Row.

FINELY furnished offices; telephones installed; 424 St., Broadway; at unfurnished prices, Biltmore Realty Corp., Times Bldg.

EXCEPTIONALLY light showrooms, offices, 15x80; 7th Av. and 14th; skylights, six windows. Durose, 67 7th Av. Watkins 5000.

DESIRABLE thousand feet, Architects Building; sublease. Inquire Room 801, 101 Park Av.

TO SUBLET OFFICE (ABOUT 15x17) with fixtures, suitable for showroom; very light. Room 601, 174 Madison Av.

OFFICES, large, small; also skylight studio room. Apply Supt., 118 East 28th St.

OFFICE, light, 850 sq. feet. Call Room 1102, 220 5th Av.

FOR RENT furnished part of office, private, downtown. C 353 Times Downtown.

OFFICES, desk room and mailing space. Room 508, 149 West 46th St.

PH

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

307TH (9,534 Broadway, "Grdway")—One, two, three rooms, baths; service. Riverside 4703.

307TH, 329 WEST—Attractively furnished 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; high class; Ford.

309TH, 311 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE, $60.

306TH, 302 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements. Inquire Supt. 204.

308TH, 308 WEST—Front housekeeping suite, electricity, shower, elevator; couple, 2-3 girls. Apt. 63; call evenings.

296TH, 328 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED 1, 2, 3 ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATHS; KITCHENETTE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; SUMMER RATES.

164TH ST. (218 Manhattan Av.)—3, 4, 5 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator, $50 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Open evenings, all day Sunday. Academy 1647.

232 TO 240TH, 107 WEST.
SUMMER RATES.
Large, high-class (two and three room apartments, $40 up; references essential. Academy 1611. Supt. on premises.

116TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
High-class furnished apartments of 1, 2 and 3 rooms with kitchenette and bath, from $50 to $100; references essential. Academy 0613. Supt. on premises.

111TH, 528 WEST—Four beautiful rooms; rent or sell, new. Apartment 54.

112TH—Beautiful 5-room elevator apartment; piano; sacrifice Summer, $115. Endicott 6340.

113TH ST., 501 WEST—2-4-5 room housekeeping apartments; unusually artistic; modern fireproof elevator building.

113TH, 506 WEST—Attractive, complete, 4 room, elevator, housekeeping apartment; Broadway subway.

116TH, 546 WEST (near Broadway)—Two rooms, bath, finely furnished; maid service.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST—Overlooking Columbia, three room apartments; kitchenette; bath. Andreassen.

122D, 324 WEST—Exquisite, cool, airy four-room apartment; complete for housekeeping; shower bath; near Columbia; $75. Owner.

125TH (125th—Broadway subway)—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; elevator; $65. Morning-side 3074.

126TH, 613 WEST (Apt. 6)—Attractive 4-room apartment, well furnished; piano.

127TH, 603 WEST—Going abroad, must sublet at once my beautiful front apt. 4 cool rooms, completely furnished, immaculately clean; special price to October; high class tenants only. Audubon 9467.

130TH, WEST—4 elegantly furnished outside rooms; elevator; reasonable. Billings 0474.

138TH (Broadway)—4 rooms, elevator, piano, victrola, magnificently furnished, $100. Endicott 1278.

140TH, 620 WEST—Apartments, two rooms, kitchen and bath; permanent. Wadsworth 4600.

171ST (112 Haven Av.)—Completely furnished attractive modern 4-room front apartment; sacrifice, $70 monthly. Apply Superintendent.

214TH ST., 600 WEST—Our home for Summer, reasonable; 4 cool, outside, nicely furnished rooms and bath; piano and Victrola. Superintendent will show it, or phone offices, Bryant 8162. Cooper.

147TH, 549 WEST—Cool private house, eight rooms; $75 month; to Sept. 15; piano. Apply evenings. Carpenter.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (64th)—7 rooms, 3 baths; charming, cool; 3 master bedrooms; decoration; Columbus 8500. Apt. 4C. Bruno.

CLARENMONT Av. (125th)—4-room suite, $75; piano, Victrola; permanently. Cathedral 8698.

CLARENMONT, 165 (near Riverside)—5 rooms, handsomely furnished, cool; elevator. Godchaux.

HOTEL JUDSON (facing Washington Square Park)—Will rent up to Oct. 1 at SPECIAL SUMMER RATES with full hotel service, suites of 2 rooms and bath, $75 per month for two people (without meals); suite of 3 rooms and bath, $100 per month for two people, including breakfast. Call or phone Spring 3360.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452 (116th)—3 large furnished room apartment; reasonable offer accepted; references; leaving immediately. Apartment 42.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 483—Beautifully furnished apartment, large combination living, dining room, large kitchen, bedroom and bath; rent $125 per month. 9197 Cathedral.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 332—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATH COMPLETE SEPARATE KITCHEN; SUMMER RATES; WEEKLY.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528—4 breezy, outside rooms; apartment overlooking Riverside; piano; $35.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 853—5 large, beautifully furnished rooms, all overlooking Hudson; sublet to Oct. 15. Apt. 4C.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 102 (corner Washington Square)—7 rooms, bath; elevator. Telephone Spring 5315. Pratt.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SOUTH, 62.
Three large, airy rooms, bath, furniture, for Summer. Apply Superintendent.

WEST END Av., 643 (92d St.)—Sacrifice 5 rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished, for unfurnished rental; $175; 2 months or longer. Riverside 3300. Weber.

APARTMENTS OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS
AT VERY MODERATE RENTAL.
Two rooms, bath and kitchenette, three rooms, bath and kitchenette, comfortably furnished; telephone and elevator service; maid service if desired; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential; rent $80 to $140.
THE WILSONIA
225 WEST 60TH ST.

SEVERAL desirable two rooms and bath apartments to sublet for $75 to $100 per month.
HOTEL EARLE, WASHINGTON SQUARE.

NICELY FURNISHED, newly decorated, three-room housekeeping apartment; modern; private. Schuyler 0290.

MOST exceptional opportunities being offered. Houghton Company, 133 West 72d. Endicott 0280.

EXCLUSIVE furnished apartments. Apartment Renting Co., 176 West 72d. Endicott 1278.

GENTLEMAN wishes to share gorgeous apartment with responsible gentleman; references. Endicott 0278.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments; all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 503 5th Av. Vanderbilt 0420.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST.
SUMMER BARGAINS. CONSULT
Mrs. Dingleman, 138 W. 72d. Endicott 0836.

Furnished—Bronx.

ANDREWS Av., 1,521 (West 179th)—University Heights, beautiful 5-room apartment; improvements.

BUSINESS woman would share 3-room apartment with refined woman. Apt. 21, 2,000 Davidson Av. Jerome Av. subway line.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

FOUR ROOMS, elevator apartment; piano; Turkish rugs; linen, silver and china; 2 blocks from either Brooklyn subways and near entrance to Prospect Park. Call Madison Square 5450 for appointment.

Furnished—Long Island.

FAR ROCKAWAY Apartments, furnished, near station; telephone. 1722 New Haven Av.

FOREST HILLS, 15 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; large living and dining room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, electric, laundry; southern exposure; $135 month. Phone 6462 Boulevard.

EDGEMERE, L. I.—Apartment, private cottage; ocean front; light housekeeping, adults. Telephone Canal 2811.

Furnished—Westchester County.

MOUNT VERNON—3 rooms, furnished; July 15 to Sept. 15; $225. Telephone Millcrest 4341-J.

PELHAM—For August; charming 2 rooms, bath, porch. Phone 2147M. Pelham. morn-ings.

Furnished—New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE, 165 Park Av.—Four attractive rooms for refined couple; near trains; garage. Apply Apartment 106.

Unfurnished—East Side.

6TH Av., 25.
VERY DESIRABLE 3 & 4 ROOM SUITES.
Some with open fireplace.
Apply to Manager, on premises.

9TH St., 10 EAST—Beautiful unfurnished apartment to let or rent; strictly modern; six rooms, two fireplaces; concession to Oct. 1 can be leased thereafter. Apply Stokes, 12 East 9th. Telephone Stuyvesant 6706.

9TH ST., 125 AND 127 EAST—Handsome, large apartment, 6 rooms and baths; all improvements; rent reasonable; rent apply on Superintendent on premises.

9TH, 35 East (6th floor)—South and east exposure; six exceptionally large rooms, bath; lease; $2,400 yearly; newly decorated; immediate or Oct. 1. Apply Supt.

20TH, 35 EAST—Eighth floor, attractive 7-room apt.; 2 baths; immediate possession. Supt. at 1200 Murray Hill.

20TH, 158 EAST—Four rooms, very desirable; immediate possession. Apply Supt.

24TH ST., 132-134 EAST.
LARGE ROOMS AND SMALL KITCHEN.
High-class apartment, best residential section in the city, $2,400 to $3,600; immediate or fall possession; also 2 rooms and 3 baths, $1,200. Inquire Superintendent.

27TH, 139 EAST—One room, bath, elevator; $1,200-$1,600. Murray Hill 2600.

28TH ST., 53-9 and 3 rooms, bath, elevator; reasonable rent.

29TH, 319 EAST (near Vanderbilt station)—2 rooms and bath, all improvements, $110.

30TH ST., 114-7 rooms, 2 baths, redecorated, all improvements. Apply Supt.

Unfurnished—West Side.

82D ST., 17-9, 3 and 4 rooms, high class; reasonable rents; Summer concession. Apply after 2 P. M.

83D, 116 EAST (near Park Av.)—New building, 2 rooms and kitchenette; every modern improvement; $80 to $85. Apply on premises.

91ST, 121 EAST.
PARK AND LEXINGTON AVS.
$2,200 year for 7 outside, sunny rooms; only two families to a floor; elevator; immediate possession; long lease; ready for inspection.

163D ST., 535 EAST—3-6-7 rooms, $50-$125; elevator. Whitehall 1247 or Intervale 3262.

LEXINGTON Av. (64th St.)—1 and 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable rent. Apply 646, 10 to 1.

MADISON Av., 987 (Corner 77th St.)—7 attractive, light rooms in fireproof building. Apply on premises or owners, Trinity Exchange Realty Corporation, 15 Moore St. Bowling Green 6004.

MADISON Av., 1,013 (78th)—Large, beautiful dressing room, kitchenette, bath, suitable professional or private use; reduced rental.

MADISON Av., S. W. Cor. 128th (Tuxedo Court)—4, 7 rooms, elevator, $65 and $100.

PARK Av., 947 (81st)—Seven rooms; fireplaces; cool, quiet, exclusive residential; $85. Janitress, 945 or McLaughlin, Whitehall 8290.

PARK Av., 815 (AT 75TH ST.)—One apartment of seven rooms, three baths; newly decorated. Agent on premises.

APARTMENTS—Prices on application. Joseph A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0252.

Unfurnished—West Side.

9TH ST., 44 WEST—Seven rooms and bath, elevator; lease; reference. Washington Sq. section.

11TH ST., 215 WEST.
Four, five, six large, light rooms, first floor, electricity, telephone, all improvements; immediate possession; reasonable; security. Inquire Supt.

11TH, 58 WEST—Handsome 5-room front apartment, bath, steam; choice locality; reasonable.

12TH, 200 WEST—Six rooms, bath, steam; near subway; $75-$85 monthly.

21ST ST., 218 WEST—6 rooms, elevator; completely renovated. See superintendent, 57th, 62 WEST—Large two room, kitchenette; all improvements; suitable for business or residence; $65; will furnish for desirable tenant.

44TH, 234 WEST (opposite Shubert Theatre)—3 sunny rooms, large kitchen, bath, electricity; $75 monthly. Apply elevator boy.

49TH, 22 WEST—Beautiful apartment, two rooms; bath, kitchenette, modern, open fire, steam heat, elevator, 11-2.

49TH ST., 17 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable rent; well kept house.

50TH ST., 42 WEST—Ideal 2-room apartment at a greatly reduced rental; $85. Phone Longacre 4205.

52D ST., 43 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms; decorate to suit; doctors, bachelors, &c.; couples $85 to $125. Clifford Van Schurman, 50 East 42d.

54TH, 30 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; apply at premises. Telephone 3497 Circle or 9710 Murray Hill.

55TH ST., 120 WEST.
A new fireproof apartment house adjacent to the theatre and shopping districts.
Unusually Large, Light Rooms of
3 AND 4 ROOMS AND BATH,
WITH REAL KITCHENS.
Extra maids' lavatory in 4-room apartment.
RENT VERY REASONABLE.
Just completed—Immediate possession.
Leases now being arranged.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building. Bryant 4000.

55TH ST., 158 WEST.
Seven very large, light rooms, two master's baths, on seventh floor; servants' lavatory; immediate possession.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.
Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

60TH ST., 19 WEST—Hotel Congress; doctor's office; very desirable.

70TH ST., WEST END Av. (northwest corner)—Choice elevator apartment; 6 rooms and bath; $125 monthly; 2-year lease; immediate possession.

70TH, 206 WEST—Sacrifice, magnificent parlor floor bath, kitchenette; suitable doctor, dentist.

71ST, 167 WEST.
Two rooms and bath; new elevator building; references required; $75 up.

72D, 229 WEST—Two rooms and kitchenette, $2,000; vacant; 1 room, $900; vacant.

73TH ST., 10 TO 236TH ST., APARTMENTS.
LET US KNOW YOUR REQUIREMENTS.
WE SECURE APARTMENTS; NO CHARGE.
GREATER N. Y. APT. EXCHANGE,
ENDICOTT 2128, 5339, 2,025 BROADWAY.

75TH, 57 WEST—La Rochelle duplex apartment, eight rooms, two baths; spacious, select; moderate rental. Superintendent, premises.

75TH, ST., 245 WEST—1-3 rooms and 1 bath; $840 to $1,680; 4 rooms and 2 baths, $2,600. Apply to superintendent on premises.

75TH, 37 WEST—La Rochelle, spacious, 7 rooms, overlooking Hudson; select, moderate rental. Superintendent, premises.

75TH—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; bargain; $80. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

77TH ST., 22 WEST—3 rooms, $1,800 to $2,100. Apply to superintendent on premises.

70TH, 135 WEST.
3 or 4 unusually beautiful rooms, exclusive apartment, real kitchen. Apply Supt.

83D, 25 WEST—Elegant apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; reasonable. Inquire premises.

86TH ST., 3 WEST.
Unusual house; 3-room apartment, kitchen and bath, or 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; unfurnished, furnished. Apply Superintendent.

89TH ST., 72 WEST.
Seven rooms and bath; very reasonable rent. Aug. 1 possession.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

92D ST., 4-8-12 WEST.
Seven large rooms, modern elevator apartment; immediate and Fall possession; $1,800-$2,000.

93D, 816 WEST (Near Riverside Drive)—7-room elevator apartment. Inquire premises.

93D, 4 WEST (At Central Park)—Eight sunny, unusually large, light rooms; elevator building; $175.

100TH, 40 WEST—2-4 large rooms, entire floors, bath, kitchenette; $100.

91ST, 20 WEST (Park)—Elegant 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; beautifully decorated; $75.

92D ST., 3 WEST (near Central Park West)—Six rooms, elevator building; rent very reasonable.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

95TH, 206 WEST—5 and 7 light rooms, up-to-date elevator apartment house.

100TH ST., 314 WEST (between Riverside Drive and West End Av.)—Four exceptionally attractive rooms, $1,700. Sharp & Co., 2,489 Broadway.

101ST, 211 WEST—Four large rooms; elevator; newly decorated; adjoining Broadway; reasonable.

102D, 186 WEST—2 and 4 rooms, bath; all improvements. Janitor.

104TH—2,761 BROADWAY.
Six nice rooms, elevator building, at subway express station, $105.

106TH, 65 WEST (Central Park)—Modern 6-9 room single apartments; $85-$100.

107TH, 12 WEST (Park)—6 rooms; latest improvements; electricity; beautifully decorated; $65.

107TH ST., 308 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $45 up.

110TH, 501 WEST—Four very choice outside rooms, elevator apartment; $80. Supt.

113TH ST., 60 WEST—7, elegant, light rooms with two baths; in fireproof, elevator apartment; all improvements. Apply on premises or owner. Bowling Green 6094.

114TH, 614 WEST—3 rooms, latest improvements; near Riverside Drive; 3d floor, private house; rent $60 month.

122D ST., 510-12 WEST—6 light rooms on 4th floor in elevator apartment; all improvements. Apply on premises or owner. Bowling Green 6094.

122D, 513 WEST—Four-room elevator apartments; desirable; possession; $80 up. Supt.

127TH, 40-49 WEST—Six rooms, elevator, all improvements; $90 month.

136TH, 522-530 WEST—4, 6 and 8 rooms; elevator. Apply Supt.

141ST, 620 WEST (Adjoining Riverside Drive)—Just completed, an unusual high-grade elevator house, three, four, five rooms; some with private or telephone Vanderbilt 8661.

141ST ST.—Attractive 4-room apartment; private house; large sunny outside rooms; modern; rent, $70, including electricity; immediate possession. Audubon 3564.

144TH, 510 WEST—Choice 5 rooms, newly decorated; elevator apartment; $110; open for inspection. Superintendent.

149TH, 537 WEST (off Broadway)—4, 6 rooms, electricity, improvements; $35-$80.

161ST, 571 WEST—Three rooms, bath, back door apartment; private house. Wadsworth 6208.

162D ST., 606 WEST (Adjoining Drive)—Four and six rooms; unusually large, well planned; moderate rentals. Apply on premises or Realty Operation Co., 45 West 34th St. Tel. Fitzroy 2906.

163D ST., 600 WEST (Corner Broadway)—High-class elevator apartments; eight desirable light rooms and two baths, facing Broadway; $135; also four rooms, $82.50; three rooms, with kitchenette, $70.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

164TH, 801 WEST—Five rooms, every improvement; elevator apartment. Telephone Wadsworth 5454.

164TH, 610 WEST—New house, 3, 4, 5 rooms; immediate possession.

165TH, 600 WEST—Seven rooms, all improvements; elevator apartment. Telephone Wadsworth 5450.

169TH, 600 WEST—Six rooms, elevator apartment; one block from subway. Supt.

171ST ST., 651 WEST—New elevator apartment, between Broadway-Fort Washington; beautiful 3, 4 and 5 rooms; with large foyers; latest improvements.

177TH, 502 WEST—6-room apartments, all improvements, electricity, shower baths, &c.; rent $70-$75. Apply on premises or Robert Levers, 152 West 42d.

179TH ST., 508 WEST—6 rooms and bath, steam heat, electric light.

181ST (21-49 Bennett Av., just west of Broadway)—4-5 rooms and bath, elevator; all modern improvements; newly decorated; $65-$90; special concessions for Summer. Apply Supt., or phone Circle 2007.

181ST ST., 605 WEST (at St. Nicholas Av.)—4-room elevator apartment; $75.

181ST ST., 605 WEST (at St. Nicholas Av.)—7-room elevator apartment; $120.

191ST, 601 WEST—3, 4 and 5 rooms, corner, elevator apartments; $60 to $85.

BROADWAY, 2,612 (99th St.)—The Marion, 6 rooms, 2 baths, $1,200.
BYRNE & BOWMAN.
20 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 2371.

BROADWAY, 3,500 (corner 143d)—6 all light rooms, corner, elevator apartment; $140; 7 rooms, $175; possession. Audubon 2970.

BROADWAY, 3,147 (124th St.)—5 rooms, front; all improvements; newly decorated; $60.

BROADWAY, 3,810 (150th St.)—Beautiful 7-room corner apartment; elevator; reasonable.

BROADWAY, 2,626 (99th)—8-room apartment, all light, elevator; rent $183.33 month.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 424—3 rooms and bath, light; sunny; reduced to $1,800. Frederick Zittell & Sons, 2,211 Broadway. Endicott 3200.

CLAREMONT Av., 170—(near 124th St.)—Four rooms and bath, $1,200, Aug. 1; three room and bath, $1,100; vacant.

CONVENT Av., 470—Apartments, 3-4-5 rooms, improvements. Apply Supt.

FORT WASHINGTON Av., 454 (Nathan Hale)—4-5-6-7-9 rooms, 3 baths; choice apartments from October; some immediate (sublet). Whitehall 1247. Wadsworth 9220.

NORTHERN Av., 106—Five rooms overlooking Hudson; sublet; sacrifice. Lenox 6263.

PINEHURST Av., 48.
Five rooms and bath; very reasonable rent. Immediate possession.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 158th St.)—New elevator apartment, overlooking Hudson, adjoining playgrounds and garage; 4-5-6 rooms, 2 baths. Inquire premises or Norman Denzer, 3,607 Broadway at 156th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (156th to 157th St.)
THE RIVIERA.
9 and 10-elegant large rooms; spacious closets; reasonable rents. Manager on premises. Tel. Billings 2900.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706—4-5-6-7 rooms, fireproof; choice apartment, to lease from October; some immediate (sublet). Whitehall 7247. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—4 rooms; very desirable; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (northeast corner 143d St.)—Four or six light rooms; reasonable rentals.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 383 (cor. 135th)—Seven nice rooms, elevator, front facing river; immediate possession; reasonable. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362—High-class front elevator apartment; 11 rooms, foyer, two baths; possession; $4,200. Apply Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452:
2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Riverside Drive, 410—5 rooms and bath; $100; 6 and 7 rooms, $135.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 315 (104th)—Studio, 4 rooms; exclusive yard use; owner's home.

RIVERDALE—7 rooms, corner two-family house, $100. Phone Kingsbridge 3174.

THE LUXONIA, 305 WEST 72D ST.
Near Riverside Drive.
Beautiful, light
SIX ROOMS, TWO BATHS.
Immediate possession. Moderate Rentals.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building. Bryant 4000.
WEST END AVENUE.
High-class Elevator Apartments.
411 AND 440 WEST END AV.
4-7-8-9 AND 10 ROOMS,
2 and 3 Baths. Rents $2,100 to $4,500
Some for Immediate Occupancy.
Apply Superintendent on premises.

WEST END AV., 929—Eight rooms, two baths; rental $2,200 to $2,600.

APARTMENTS.
LET US KNOW YOUR REQUIREMENTS.
Selected List on Request.
S. LAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

APARTMENTS—Prices on application. Joseph A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0252.

FREE RENT until Oct. 1; elevator apartments; 4-5-6 rooms; all improvements. Apply Superintendent, 408-14 West 159th.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 60th St.—Storage $4 per month vanload; packing, moving; moderate rates. 1,702 Riverside.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

164TH ST., 427 EAST—Four-room apartment; steam, hot water, second floor walk-up; rent $45.

164TH ST. (West Bronx)—3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms and bath; various buildings; part in new elevator apartment; very reasonable; special concessions; all outside apartments. Apply superintendent, 1,123 Woodycrest Av.

196TH, 209 EAST (corner Grand Concourse)—Modern 2-room apartment; $45. Cockburn.

GRAND CONCOURSE AND BOULEVARD, 1,423 (170th St.)—Three, four, five room apartments. See agent on premises.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,028 (short distance Burnside Av. subway station)—4-5 rooms.

ST. NICHOLAS TERRACE, 25—Three and four rooms; all modern improvements; all night telephone and elevator service.

STEUBEN Av., 3,326 (2½ blocks east of Jerome Av. subway)—Two beautiful six or ten room apartment in new two-family brick house, with garage, two baths, three toilets, also needle and shower baths, parquet floors, panel walls, tile kitchen; one minute to Mosholu Parkway station on Jerome Av. subway; if you are looking for something wonderful come and see this apartment; possession. Phone Olinville 2894 for further information.

VYSE Av., 1,786 (near 174th St. subway station)—Three large, light rooms, high-class apartment house; all improvements.

SIX large, sunny rooms and bath, every convenience; nine minutes to city. Apply Castle Hill Realty Corp., 1,232 Castle Hill Av. Phone Underhill 0063. One block from Castle Hill Av. station.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

EASTERN PARKWAY, 481-489-497—New high-class apartment; near Nostrand Av. subway; 5 rooms, $115; 4 rooms, $85 month. On premises, or James A. Farrell, 826 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

Unfurnished—Queens.

GRAND Av., 396—Two 6-room corner apartments; new building; all improvements; $65 to $100; near subway station. Phone Astoria 2778.

IF YOU are looking for the most artistic and ideally arranged elevator apartment in New York City you will want to see this beautiful home; five splendid rooms and bath, planned by a great home designer to provide the maximum of living comfort and housekeeping ease; apartment includes charming sun room with casement windows, overlooking beautiful landscaped gardens, with living rooms facing on wide parked street; model kitchens, completely equipped, perfectly appointed bathrooms; $150 monthly. Queensboro Corporation Resale and Rental Department, Jackson Heights. Phone 2300 Havemeyer.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

ASTORIA—Four and six room apartments; up-to-date new buildings; modern accommodations; located 5 minutes from Grand Central. Phone Astoria 2260.

BRONXVILLE—Five rooms, rear porch, overlooking Parkway; heated; near station; $80. 50 Parkway Road. Phone 2136J. Available now.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
APARTMENTS on Tennis Place.
Phone Fitzroy 0821 or Boulevard 6345.

PALMER Av., 12 (Bronxville, N. Y.)—Three and four rooms, all improvements. Telephone 1490.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

PLAINFIELD—Four rooms, large sleeping porch, fine bath, private garden, two-family house; landscaped grounds; all improvement; $60; heat extra. Y 2416 Times Annex.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

SIX rooms, all outside; fireplace in living room; short walk to Ludlow station, N. Y. Central, South Yonkers; rent $60. D. D. Bradish, 9 Franklin Av. Phone 967 Yonkers.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

THREE adults want nicely furnished apartment below 116th; around $125. Endicott 6200.

CLIENTS waiting for large and small apartments. Apartment Renting Co. Endicott 1278.

Unfurnished.

THREE or four front rooms; airy, sunny, quiet; all improvements; strictly clean district, overlooking park if possible; about $60; permanent. Y 376 Times.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE

AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 247 West 66th—Stores furniture, also moving, at lowest rates in city. Telephone Endicott 8167.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Most Sides.

125TH, 11 EAST—Large, cool room in studio apt.; running water, fireplace, bath, phone; housekeeping; $8. Vermont.

27TH AND MADISON Av. (Hotel Madison)—Beautiful outside rooms, baths, $14-$18 weekly; use of bath, $10.50-$12; block to Broadway and subway. Summer rates. Madison Square 1784.

27TH ST., 142 EAST—Attractive large front room; elevator, electricity; reasonable. (Apt. 20).

29TH ST., 29 EAST—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $12 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON, $15 FOR TWO; LARGE OUTSIDE DOUBLE ROOMS, TWIN BEDS, $16 FOR TWO. ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH $21 UP. MARTHA WASHINGTON HOTEL FOR WOMEN ONLY.

30TH ST., Lexington Av. (Hotel Rutledge)—Women exclusively; newly decorated room, private bath, from $13 weekly; also room, use of bath, $12 weekly; restaurant conveniences; big reduction for two persons.

32D, 11 EAST (Hotel Stratford)—A floor for women only; single rooms, running water, telephone; complete hotel service; $2 a day; $12 weekly.

33D 139 EAST—Single room adjoining bath; clean, cool; gentleman. Voris.

34TH, 46 EAST—Beautiful double room, private bath; refined; every convenience; housekeeping if desired; reasonable. Ashland 2227.

34TH, 126 EAST—Large, handsomely furnished living room, bedroom, bath, en suite or separately; elevator; conveniences; references. Poole.

36TH ST., 34 EAST—Attractive, double room, suitable 2 or 3; reasonable.

36TH ST., 14 EAST—Attractive double room with bath; 1 flight; reasonable.

39TH, 29 EAST—DESIRABLE ROOMS, REASONABLE; ELEVATOR; REFERENCES.

54TH, 66 EAST—Parlor floor; also large rooms; furnished or unfurnished; reference.

55TH, 15 EAST—Large, light, front room with kitchen; reasonable; desirable.

55TH, 56 EAST—Large room, with running water, electric; rooms, private bath.

57TH ST., 19 EAST—Desirable double rooms, also single, business people; homelike.

57TH, 16 EAST—Bedroom and sitting room; one or two gentlemen or business woman; $75; private entrance. Hade.

57TH, 176 EAST—Cozy 5-room suite; electricity; suitable 2. Lenox 8229.

93D ST. AT MADISON Av. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, homelike, room with bath, $15 up; without, $12 up; suites consisting of bedroom, sitting room and bath, at rates in proportion; exceptional service; convenient to all transportation; close to park.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR MEN.

The rates for the newest of the Allerton group, a 17-story fireproof building, just completed, containing compartments, club conveniences, are from $9.50 to $18.50 per week for permanent residents only. 45 East 55th St.; 143 East 39th St.

IRVING PLACE, 56—Centrally located, lovely, cool, large, small rooms; Summer rates.

MADISON Av., 202 (35th)—Room, bath, kitchenette; elegant; conveniences; privacy; single, double.

MITCHELL PLACE, 14 (East 49th)—Back parlor to let, twin beds, running water, electricity, bath; also sitting room, suitable for couple or 2 gentlemen; private. Schad, basement bath.

PARK Av., 36—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; all conveniences; suitable one, two; $8 and $12 weekly.

West Side.

4TH TO 236TH ST., ROOMS TO MEET YOUR NEEDS—SERVICE FREE.
Rooms inspected. Endicott 126 of 5639.
GREATER N. Y. ROOM EXC., 2,025 B'WAY.

9TH, 41 WEST.
MODERN, DIGNIFIED; $40.

20TH, 349 WEST—Newly furnished room, water, electricity; adjoining bath; $9; references.

31ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER FOR ONE, $14 UP; FOR 2, $17.50 UP; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 PER WEEK UP.

42D ST. AND 7TH Av. (AT TIMES SQ.) HOTEL HERMITAGE—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $14 PER WEEK UP; WITH SHOWER BATH, $20; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $22.50.

43D ST. (JUST WEST OF BROADWAY). HOTEL CLAMAN.
A distinctive residence for men.
1,000 outside cool rooms with bath.
New fifteen-story exceptionally located fireproof hotel, having every convenience; most attractive rates in town; $12-$18 weekly.

46TH ST., 152-4 WEST, EAST OF B'WAY. PALACE HOTEL.
Choice one and two room suites with bath; attractive weekly rates.

47TH ST., 108 WEST (RALEIGH HALL). A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractive furnished rooms, with, without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel service. Y 1,000 RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

50TH, 8 WEST—Elegant room, with bath, $10 per week; single for refined party. Apply Albert H. Stout, 51 West 50th.

52D, 206 WEST (Broadway)—Large front room; suitable couple. Carney, Circle 8677.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $17.50 PER WEEK UP; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 UP.

54TH, 53 WEST.
Attractive, comfortable room, neat bath; electricity; telephone; references.

56TH ST., 109-121 WEST—A FEW ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER ON BACHELOR FLOOR; SHOWERS AND BATH; HOTEL SERVICE; $14 PER WEEK.

57TH ST., 118 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—ROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $24 PER WEEK.

58TH, 128 WEST—Beautiful large room, running water, bath, twin beds. Johnson.

59TH & 5TH Av. (HOTEL NETHERLAND) ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, $17.50; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $23 PER WEEK.

63RD (northwest Broadway)—Hotel Sidney, new, fireproof, newly furnished; excellent accommodations for transients; single room, $10 per week; double room for two, $15 up.

67TH, 14 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $10 UP.

67TH, 70 WEST—Newly furnished rooms; twin beds, private baths; also parlor.

68TH, 66 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, $10 UP; SINGLE, $5.

70TH, 39 WEST — DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP; SINGLE, $7.

70TH, 251 WEST—Owner's residence, cool room, twin beds, large windows, lavatory.

70TH, 16 WEST—Attractive cool single, double rooms; twin beds; private baths.

70TH, 38 WEST—Newly furnished front basement with privilege of private bath.

70TH (2025 Broadway)—Newly furnished room, adjoining bath, shower. Apt. 2F.

71ST, 342 WEST (Apt. 2W)—Exceptionally well furnished double room, adjoining bath; also attractive smaller rooms; Summer rates.

71ST, 36 WEST—DOUBLE, SINGLE; WITH, WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH. KITCHENETTE; $10-$20.

71ST, 37 WEST—Beautiful large, cool rooms, bath; twin beds; cleanliness reasonable.

71ST, 70 WEST—Cool; second floor, private house; kitchen; moderate terms; telephone.

71ST, 342 WEST—French family; small room; unusually cool; $8; gentleman. 1E.

71ST, 110 WEST—Large, light, neatly furnished room; private bath; refined home.

72D, 18 AND 20 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, LARGE, DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, WITH, OR WITHOUT PRIVATE TILED BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

72D, 163 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

72D ST., 333 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; opposite drive.

73D, 140 WEST—Exceptionally attractive large well furnished room, bath adjacent; references.

73D, 140 WEST — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE; REASONABLE; ALSO SINGLE.

74TH, 159 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, REDUCED RATES.

74TH, 225 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms; private baths; apartments.

74TH, 3 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP.

74TH, 47 WEST—HAN

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Continued From Preceding Page.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, expert, wants city position; know all roads in New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Massachusetts; especially careful and conscientious worker; have eight years' experience and driving experience on Minerva, Locomobile, Pierce, Packard, McFarlan, with very best references; Danish; married; 32 years old; salary $40. Write, 334 West 56th St. Telephone Riverside 6905, Ext. 34.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—Young married man of refinement, possessing 11 years' experience on high-grade cars, desires good private position; expert driver and a man who understands an automobile thoroughly; 4 years in last position driving Locomobile; best references. Williams, Phone Bingham 2481.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 13 years' experience driving private families; Pierce, Packard, Cadillac; any car; desires position; city, country, touring; neat, careful, willing; city private references. Brandt, Schuyler 2565, Extension 16.

CHECKER-CASHIER, food dinner only; 6 to 9. A 29 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, 23, especially trained in the design and operation of chemical machinery, desires position with bright future. K 579 Times.

COLLEGE student, 23, desires position, part or whole time. D 498 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, young man, 22, long experience in sales and mail order work; desires position of responsibility with going concern; can handle complaints, adjustments, &c.; best references. A 31 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, Italian, English, experienced, desires position; good references. C 823 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, Protestant, refined; best references, wishes position as housekeeper, home makers, for several children or elderly couple; executive ability for managing estate; landscaping, fruit growing; preferably Westchester County. E 2029 Times Annex.

COUPLE, chauffeur, 10 years' experience; wife, cook; country. Hanks, 2,042 5th Av.

DESIGNER of automobile bodies would like employment in coach-building firm; write or telephone after 6 P. M. Legrand, Bryant 2979, 54 West 46th St.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, junior, some experience, desires position; moderate salary. D 500 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical and electrical designer; resourceful; highest references. C 840 Times Downtown.

DRUGGIST, junior, experienced, desires position. Miss S., 771 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

DRY cleaner seeks steady position, seven years' experience; also handy at spotting and wet cleaning; applicant now living in Montreal. E 2020 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE of the highest type is open for a new, permanent connection; Oct. 1; thoroughly experienced by direct and mail order; American, Christian, 33, college graduate, keen and accurate judgment and capable of assuming full responsibility. D 488 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 37, clean cut, college educated; bookkeeper, office manager; eight years' experience automotive industry; thoroughly conversant wholesale, retail stock, shipping, orders, details, &c.; thoroughly reliable man; references or bond; inside executive capacity only. K 575 Times.

EXECUTIVE—DEPARTMENT HEAD, well educated, thoroughly trained, desires immediate connection high-class firm; high-credentialed; age 29. E 732 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, $6, married; experienced; accounting, correspondence, credits; speaks several languages; at present employed; salary $45. F 543 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 25, half time, seven years' advertising, sales promotion. R. 418, 1,400 Broadway.

EXPORT EXECUTIVE (Spanish-American) wishes position; fifteen years' practical experience; acquainted with correspondence, cables, invoicing, insurance, documents, claims, &c.; now general manager of large firm, but desiring immediate change; willing to start with moderate salary. Address M. F. Navarro, 112 Hoyt St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

GARDENER, Superintendent, wants position on private estate, where high efficiency and great experience is appreciated; 3, 6 and 12 years with former employers; married, Gardener, 27 Westchester Av., White Plains.

HOUSEKEEPER—Competent, cultured Japanese; assume entire charge; highest references; moderate wages; fullest particulars requested. D 501 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working; boy 5; capable manager, good cook; city, country; references Mrs. Green, 356 West 57th St. 2 West.

MAN, 35 years old, 5 years' experience in dry goods store, to take charge of any department, city or country. C 1264 Times Bronx.

MANAGER or assistant of ladies' shoes and thorough shoe man; a young executive of forceful but tactful personality; can handle force; age 25; single; location no object; best houses; immediate connection. A 610 Times.

MANAGER, capable taking charge high-grade ladies' shoe shop. A 506 Times.

MECHANIC-CHAUFFEUR, familiar with all cars; thoroughly reliable; 20 years' experience; now employed; best references. A 28 Times.

NAVAL OFFICER, Annapolis graduate, age 28, recently resigned from navy, desires position where he can prove his worth; is capable, active and ambitious, able to assume responsibility; can relieve an older official of details, and has excellent credentials as to previous ability, standing and character. A 26 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant and credit man, with broad experience and college education, wants opportunity to develop with small concern. Box 384, Steuben'ville, 15 East 40th.

PATENT ATTORNEY, mechanical engineer, experienced. Benjamins, 72 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, AUTOMOTIVE, MARRIED, 36, 18 YEARS' AUTOMOBILE EXPERIENCE, CALLING ON DEALERS, GARAGES, JOBBERS, LONG ISLAND, MANHATTAN; BOOK ANY NEW PLACE MERITORIOUS ARTICLES FOR RESPONSIBLE CONCERNS. D 496 TIMES.

SALESMAN, 26, several years' selling experience staple, specialty lines, desires reliable connection; salary and commission. D 417 Times.

SALESMAN, 28, desires connection city or traveling; college graduate; energetic, ambitious; salary or commission. C 836 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, ladies' neckwear, with following New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, is open for reliable line; salary or commission. C 581 Times.

SALESMAN, 25 years old, well educated and neat; 5 years' successful sales experience. C. T., 12 Union Square.

SALESMAN OR TRAFFIC MANAGER, employed present, desires change; must be first-class proposition. A 30 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, desires connection with future; best references. K 578 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires to represent reliable firm in city. D 493 Times.

SALESMAN (36), experienced, open for connection with reliable concern. K 589 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, domestic and export, 14 years' experience; take full charge of shipping department. 163 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SHIPPING—Col. Amer., rapid marker (brush), hand letterer. Ball, 244 West 151st.

STENOGRAPHER, nine years' experience; publishing, traffic, sales; desires location leading to sales force. 164 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STEWARD, age 31, desires position hotel, club or institution; now steward of bank restaurant. Clarkin, 128 West 96th.

SUPERINTENDENT-ENGINEER, 20 years' experience in management of best office and loft buildings; best references as to ability and character. J 652 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, construction, experienced, lofts, apartments, hotels, theatres; best reference. G 14 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, college student, 8 P. M.-midnight. J. M., care Zimmerman, 266 Hunts Point Av.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position offering opportunity to delve and earn time; possesses thorough education and experience; highly recommended; moderate salary. K 580 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position in office, typing, dictaphone work; willing; reasonable. Price, 110 Lenox Av. University 5116.

YOUNG MAN, 22, highly educated; intelligent, experienced, sales or inside work; can travel. Apt. 62, 616 West 146d.

YOUNG MAN, 22, four years detailer, tracer, draftsman, two years machinist; moderate wage. 187 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN, 24, neat, energetic, college education, wishes position with reputable insurance concern. K 586 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires clerical position; good handwriting, salary to start, $25; A-1 references. A 30 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, office experience, speaking Spanish, English, desires position with opportunity. D 491 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, studies at night, ambitious, willing worker, will accept anything with chance. D 478 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, clerical experience, knowledge typewriting, wishes position with opportunity to advance. A 19 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, wishes position as office worker; knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting. K 570 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate; neat, good address, wishes position with advancement. E 1194 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, excellent capabilities; bookkeeping; knowledge office work. C 838 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ambitious, seeks opportunity with progressive concern. A 27 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college education, desires connection with growing concern. K 585 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position selling [illegible] Box 247 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 27, well educated, executive experience, desires position offering opportunity, preferably selling; moderate salary to start; hours of secondary importance. K 574 Times.

YOUNG MAN, aged 30, married; six years assistant chief clerk, storekeeper, railroad; five years collections adjustments; desires connection reputable concern as salesman; highly recommended. William Smith, 3056 Carpenter Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 30, married, in business for himself, wants position as runner or messenger with bank or broker; hours 9 A. M. to 3:30 P. M. Marcus Donnenfeld, 304 West Side Av., Jersey City, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, 27, good knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting, Spanish and correspondence, desires connection in executive capacity; local, Cuba or South America; good references. D 495 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, five years' experience, salesman; also assistant manager large wholesale firm obtaining thorough office training; capable executive's assistant. B 796 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, Christian, touch typist, executive ability, filing, mailing, clerical experience, capable, ambitious. B 1150 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school graduate, desires position clerical capacity; neat appearance; salary $20; references. A 497 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, looking toward future; good education; executive; wide business and selling experience. J 642 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, Christian, honest, hard worker, would like position with first-class house as assistant shipping or stock clerk. K 561 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college senior, free after 9:30 A. M. daily, desires employment. B 1157 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 24, five years' stock shipping, selling, one concern, seeks position any capacity. J 645 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good education, desires employment evenings. E 732 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position with reliable firm; neat, willing and energetic; good references. K 577 Times.

FRENCHMAN, 25 years old; very well educated, neat appearance, desires position as secretary or companion in family in first-class home; speaks English, Spanish. Address W. Whitby, 130 East 85d. Butterfield 3838.

HEAD of successful business is selling out his interest for financial reasons; desires profitable connection in executive or managerial capacity; 33 years old; college graduate. D 502 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, fine personality, excellent manners, knowledge economics, French, Italian, desires position private secretary with man of affairs; excellent references. K 567 Times.

COLLEGE graduate, willing to start at bottom, with view to good future rather than immediate position; 24 years of age; work outside New York City preferable. Y 2546 Times Annex.

AMERICAN, speaks French, going to Europe October, desires small business connection for reliable firm. Write A., Room 404, A. P. Trust Co. Bldg., Asbury Park, N. J.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 23, some experience, wishes to learn business. K 564 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE

Call Circle 2735 for competent cooks, butlers, general housemen, laundrymen, chauffeurs, couples, &c. Wasso, 915 6th Av., between 51st and 52d Sts.

JAPANESE EMPIOYMENT BUREAU.

Cooks, butlers, housemen; references. 100 West 46th. Bryant 7787.

JAPANESE; high-grade agency; efficient help supplied. 881 6th Av. Circle 2586.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADVERTISING and publicity assistant wanted by non-theatrical motion picture company; state qualifications fully and lowest salary to start. W 407 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYERS.

R. H. MACY & CO., INC., HAVE VACANCIES FOR ASSISTANT BUYERS IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

GIRLS' DRESSES,
MISSES' SUITS,
WAISTS,
BRASSIERS,
MISSES' APRONS.

APPLY TO THE EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, BY LETTER ONLY, STATING AGE, QUALIFICATIONS IN FULL DETAIL AND SALARY EXPECTED.

ASSISTANT to sales manager, preferably one with advertising experience and knowledge of stenography. Apply M. Martin & Co., 102 Madison Av.

BILL-CLERK by large wholesale clothing concern; must be experienced. Elliott & Fisher operator; state age, experience and salary expected. Box H. R., 12 Union Square.

BILL CLERK, Elliott Fisher, for dress house; must have at least 2 years' experience; state salary and references. Gimbel Brothers, 10th Floor, Madison Av.

BILLING CLERK THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, MUST BE GOOD AT FIGURES, FOR LARGE MILLINERY MANUFACTURING CONCERN; GOOD PERMANENT POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY. LESH BROS., 500 7TH AV.

BILLING CLERK, Elliott-Fisher; $30; experienced only, with knowledge of bookkeeping; references required. Time Cap Corp., 50 West 17th.

BILLING CLERK, experienced, wanted to operate Burroughs, Moon-Hopkins machine. Alexander, Worcester & Sons, Inc., 22 Eldridge St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced on double entry books, trial balances; state age, salary and experience; Brooklyn concern. 167 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must take entire charge of office; double entry bookkeeping, trial balances; must furnish first class references. Apply Frankl Galleries, 4 East 48th, 9 to 10 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, entry and bill clerk, typist preferred, by reliable house; give experience, references, age, religion, and salary expected. D 431 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, dependable, take full charge office; state age, religion; $30-$36. C 845 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; full charge; clothing experience preferred; closed Saturday. Apply Snappy Students' Clothing Co., 625 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough knowledge controlling accounts; clothing experience preferred; state salary and experience. W 405 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant by a large mercantile house; must come well recommended; good opportunity; state experience and salary expected. J 649 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for accountant's office; salary $15 to $18. Mr. Meltzer, 276 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced; bring credentials. Murray Sisks Co., 127 9th Av.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced; knowledge typewriting preferred. 1006 Times Bldg., 9 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; knowledge stenography; complete charge. K 580 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist wanted; reference required. W 396 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in ready to wear line H. & J. Lalbowitz, 142 West 36th St.

BUYER

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

R. H. MACY & CO., INC., HAVE A VACANCY FOR A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT BUYER IN THEIR CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT. APPLY TO THE EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, BY LETTER ONLY, STATING AGE, QUALIFICATIONS IN FULL DETAIL AND SALARY EXPECTED.

CLERKS, GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN,

UNDER 26 YEARS OF AGE,

FOR CLERICAL WORK

IN AN ACCOUNTING OFFICE;

SALARY TO START,

$18 AND $18 PER WEEK.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT.

ALL HIGHER POSITIONS

ARE FILLED THROUGH PROMOTION.

APPLY

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY,

ROOM 903,

50 CHURCH ST.,

NEW YORK CITY.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

CLERK for large Bronx factory; good permanent position for young lady thoroughly experienced with all sorts of office routine; applicant must be an experienced typist; Bronx or Harlem resident preferred; state age, education, experience, salary. C. B., 243 Times Harlem.

COMPTOMETER Operator—Large wholesale cotton converting house has permanent position open; excellent opportunity; state experience, salary desired. Box 110, Madison Square P. O.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR; experienced, steady employment, good wages, with large manufacturing concern; write, giving experience, references and wages expected. Box 740, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

COOK, must assist housework; small convenient house, Long Island; thirty minutes Penn. Station; permanent; references required. Apply Apt. 1A, 585 Park Av., Thursday, between 1-4.

COOK and chambermaid wanted for country, with references. Apply 717 West End Av., Apt. 1 West, from 10-1.

COOK—High-class tea room; part or full time. 130 East 57th St.

CORSETIERE,
experienced; accustomed
to highest class clientele.
JAY THORPE, INC.,
24 WEST 57TH ST.

DETECTIVES

EXPERIENCED IN SELLING DRESSES; STATE PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS AND SALARY EXPECTED. APPLY W 409 TIMES.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, STEADY POSITION WITH OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE; GOOD PLACE FOR ONE THAT QUALIFIES; SALARY $25. L. L. STRAUSS, 422 WEST 42D.

DICTAPHONE operator, experienced. S. Karpen Bros., Jackson and Steinway Avs., Long Island City.

ELLIOT-FISHER BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR.

Thoroughly experienced and capable operator for large Jersey City firm; state full particulars, experience and salary expected. Box 245, 206 Fitzgerald Building, N. Y.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS on plain machine for Summer months; hours 9 to 4; Saturdays 9 o'clock; salary $25 per week. Address P. O. Box 150, Trinity Station, New York City, stating age and experience.

ELLIOTT-FISHER bookkeeping operator, experienced, permanent position; Christian concern; references. Apply Frasse & Co., 417 Canal St.

FASHION artist, high-class, for exclusive Australian store; fare advanced; salary $100 to $150; cost of living in Australia 60 per cent. New York; samples, specimens or reproductions to Farmer & Co., 366 5th Av., New York.

FILE CLERK, EXPERIENCED.
Apply 24, Kaiser & Bros., Jackson and Steinway Avs., Long Island City.

FILING CLERK, young lady, with some practical experience in wholesale dry goods house; state age and salary. W 392 Times.

FUR SALESMAN.

Bright, neat, young woman for fur department of large specialty shop. Hecht Bros., 33-37 WEST 14TH.

GIRLS
And Young Women,
Previous Business
Experience Is Not
Necessary, to Learn
Telephone Operating.
STARTING AT $85 PER MONTH,
AN INCREASE IS GIVEN AT
END OF FIRST MONTH;
AND WAGES ARE INCREASED
FREQUENTLY THEREAFTER.
An Opportunity
Advancement in Position
is Assured.
Higher Salary to Start
is Paid Experienced
Operators.
NIGHT OPERATORS ARE
REQUIRED ALSO AT $15.50
PER WEEK WITH FURTHER
INCREASES IN SALARY AT
FREQUENT INTERVALS.
Apply
1,128 Broadway, Cor. 27th St.,
55 West Houston Street,
New York,
370 East 150th Street,
Bronx,
81 Willoughby Street,
Brooklyn,
9 Hardenbrook Av. (163d St.),
Jamaica, N. Y.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL, young, colored, to make herself generally useful in department of large corporation; call Tuesday 8:30 A. M. 63 Vesey St., 2d floor.

GIRL, neat, intelligent, for stenography, light bookkeeping. Monitor switchboard. Apply in person, 4th floor, 351 5th Av.

GIRLS, 18 years or over to assist with clerical work, Moparch Dress, 500 7th Av.

HOSTESS wanted for health farm; must be energetic and good organizer; must have experience. Inquire 1,130 Madison Av. Lenox 7405.

HOUSEWORK—Home given reliable woman, country, in exchange for light household duties. Mrs. R. B. Kirtland, Wilton, Conn.

KEY PUNCH operator, experienced on Hollerith machine; apply at once. National Aniline & Chemical Co., 40 Rector St.

LAMP SHADE and curtain maker, experienced. 447 Park Av.

MODELS, SIZE 18,
for high class dress house; best pay, steady position, pleasant surroundings; only very distinguished looking girls with perfect figures will be considered.
MME. BLIZE, INC.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, 16.

SMART, ATTRACTIVE; LONG SEASON.
CHAS. KONDAZIAN, 112 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 38,

tall, attractive, for dresses; steady position; salary no object.

Nat Goldston,
169 Madison Av.

MODEL,

SIZE 16, EXPERIENCED ON LADIES' COATS; MUST BE TALL AND ATTRACTIVE.

BRAMSON BROS.,
46 WEST 20TH ST.

MODELS, 16.

SMART, ATTRACTIVE; LONG SEASON.
CHAS. KONDAZIAN, 112 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16, COATS ONLY; TALL AND ATTRACTIVE; STEADY POSITION AND GOOD SALARY. HURTES & FREIMER, 158 WEST 37TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADIES TRY ON DRESSES; HIGHEST SALARY.
HYMAN & GOLDSTON,
240 WEST 36TH.

MODEL, SIZE 16,
ATTRACTIVE AND EXPERIENCED FOR DRESSES; STEADY POSITION. F. S. L. MOND, CO., 26TH.

MODELS; TALL, ATTRACTIVE; SIZE 18; ALSO HIGH-CLASS MISS HOUSE. FRIEDMAN DRESS CO., 229 WEST 36TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
for dresses; long season. Siegel-Levy Co., 205 West 36th.

MODEL for dresses, size 16, good height; good salary, permanent. First floor, 24 West 20th St.

MODELS—Permanent; attractive, size 16, coats; high salary. 24 West 20th. 10th floor.

MODELS, size 16, for high-grade coats; steady work; good salary. Apply Hyman & Rhinder, 24 West 20th.

MODELS, SIZE 16, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON COATS AND SUITS. SHIPMAN, WALLACH & CO., 12 W. 32D.

MODEL, SIZE 16, FOR HIGH-CLASS COATS AND WRAPS. EBELTMAN NOLAN & RICH, 206 7TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
experienced, coats and suits. Maynes & Dreyfus, 1 East 20d.

MODELS, size 16, experienced coats and suits. Mannie-Eagle, Inc., 213 West 35th St.

MODELS, stylish, experienced, size 16, for dresses; good salary. Apply Knox Sell, Imperial Hotel, 32d St. and Broadway.

MODELS, size 14, coat and suit house; call at 24 E. 21st. Jonas Co., 29 West 20th.

MODEL, size 16, coats and suits. J. Goldstein, 36 West 20th St.

MODEL, size 16. Apply Rubin Dress Co., 31 East 32d St.

MODELS, size 16, for high-class dress house. Lee Israel Co., 48 West 20th.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MODELS,
SIZE 16.

TALL, SLENDER, ATTRACTIVE,
YOUNG LADIES,
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED.
CALL ALL WEEK.
R. A. DAY CO.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO SHOW DRESSES; STEADY POSITION; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY.

SALARY $40-$50.
INTERNATIONAL DRESS,
51 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
ON DRESSES.

GOOD SALARY OFFERED TO ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES.

ASH & STATTIG,
105 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

Good looking, stylish young ladies; tall; steady position; apply all week.

JOSECK, 500 7TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16

TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES
COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES
MILLAR MANDEL & CO.
213 W. 35TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,

FOR LARGE DRESS HOUSE;
ABSOLUTELY STEADY POSITION.

DUVALL DRESS CO., INC.,
242 WEST 36TH ST., 2D FLOOR.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE, FOR SHOWROOM;
STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY.

SCHULMAN & DESSAU,
34 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16 AND 18,

ATTRACTIVE, FOR HIGH CLASS DRESS HOUSE; GOOD POSITION.

MURRAY BERGER, 500 7TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

FOR COAT HOUSE; TALL AND ATTRACTIVE; GOOD POSITIONS

HAMMER, FRIEDMAN & REISS,
142 WEST 36TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

Fifth Av. experience preferred; good salary; long season. See Miss Speaker.

H. MILGRIM & BRO.,
74TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

MODELS,

attractive, for coats and dresses; sizes 16 and 42½; in large, beautiful showroom; good salary, long season. Charlop Bros. & Co., 499 7th Av.

MODELS, size 16, for coats and suits. Karl Light, 142 West 36th.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS, thoroughly experienced. 126 Broadway, Room 1001, Equitable Building.

NURSE, experienced, two children, 4 and 6 years; references required; at Adirondack Mountains for Summer. Apply 8th floor, 141 5th Av. Telephone Ashland 2250.

NURSE, experienced, white, for care of infant; next two months in country; must have best references. Apply Tuesday morning, 9-11. Jacobson, 580 West End Av.

NURSE, graduate, for night duty in small maternity hospital; operating room experience. Dr. Yasuna's Hospital, Lexington Av. (101st).

NURSE, graduate, for general duty. Apply St. Bartholomew Hospital, 217 East 42d St.

NURSE, graduate, permanent position; night duty; city references. 45 West 86th.

NURSE for child 2 years old; experienced; seashore for Summer. 137 West 119th.

OFFICE GIRL, typist, filing, experienced. Wertheimer, Piehn & Levy, 255 5th Av.

PACKER, experienced, flower and feather; willing worker; good, steady pay. M. Braschi, 65 East 8th St., near Broadway.

SALESLADY, experienced, for dress store; expert only; $40 weekly, if qualified. Apply all day, 624 9th Av., between 44th and 45th Sts. Tel. Longacre 3615.

SALESLADY for dresses; must be thoroughly experienced; salary and commission. 2,173 Broadway, between 31st and 32d Sts.

SALESLADIES, EXPERIENCED, GOOD APPEARANCE. FAIN KNITTING MILLS, 500 57TH AV.

SALESLADIES wanted, exp., for dress shop. Packard, 2,758 Broadway. Academy 3621.

SALESWOMEN.

FURS.

APPLICANTS WHO HAVE A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE FUR BUSINESS WILL BE GIVEN PREFERENCE. THESE POSITIONS ARE PERMANENT TO THOSE SALESWOMEN WHO ARE CAPABLE AND AGGRESSIVE.

ALSO

JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE,
CANDY.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
5TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

SALESWOMAN,

telephone work exclusively, high grade, experienced in making appointments for salesmen for old New York publishing house; salary and commission; give particulars of past experience. T. H., 120 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — EXCELLENT POSITION; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER on editorial staff of well-known magazine, to qualify for proofreading; publishing experience preferred. T 334 Times.

SECRETARY, temporary; good stenographer and typist; preferably knowing French and German. Apply Ashford Dean, Metropolitan Museum of Art, Armor Dept.

STENOGRAPHER, with Wall Street experience, by N. Y. Stock Exchange house; salary $25 to start. S 636 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady; little bookkeeping; moderate wages. George Bender, 120 Center St.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, manufacturing experience necessary. A. Kaiser Co., 7 West 21st.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced on telephone switchboard preferred; permanent. Apply Witt-Gross Co., 60 West 39th.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, young lady, in office of large heating contractor. Apply Raisler Heating Co., 129 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced with dress house; charge of office. A. Marks, 32 West 20th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; permanent position in publishing house; state salary. Address General P. O., Box 629.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, general office work; state references and salary. Box 45, 620 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER and switchboard operator, experienced only. Strauss Co., 618 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; start $25. Phone 7101 Stagg.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED. CALL HENRY ROSENZWEIG, 823 7TH AV.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, experience with coda work desirable. S 636 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for office of coat house. Apply 9 to 10 West 36th.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

STENOGRAPHERS.

PERMANENT POSITION
IN LARGE CONCERN,
NEAR GRAND CENTRAL.

30 EAST 42D ST.,
ROOM 704.

STENOGRAPHER.

ARNOLD CONSTABLE & CO.,
5TH AV. AND 40TH ST.

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER. APPLY PERSONNEL OFFICE, 4TH FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.

Intelligent, refined young lady about 20 to make herself generally helpful in the office of a large, high-class, uptown trimmed hat house. Phone Fitzroy 2368 or address with your phone number. W 380 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—We have a very desirable permanent opening for experienced young lady; small downtown office; hours 8 to 4:30; splendid future; salary $25; state age, religion, experience and when available. J 651 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, with knowledge of bookkeeping; one with experience in cloak and suit line preferred. Apply between 1 and 2 P. M., Globe Coat House, 31 West 31st.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced one with drug and medical terms preferred; must be neat typist and steady worker; Gentile concern. Hoffmann La Roche Chemical Works, 10 Cliff St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY,

good correspondent, by auto specialty manufacturing firm; good salary and advancement chances for competent party; state experience, age, compensation desired. W 419 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent in both Spanish and English, wanted by large foreign trade house; unusual opportunity for right girl; state age, nationality, religion, education, experience, salary desired. S 629 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, WHOLESALE HOUSE, YOUNG LADY, BRIGHT, ACCURATE, EXPERIENCED; GIVE PARTICULARS AND SALARY. ADDRESS T. R., 641 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, one having law or real estate and insurance experience preferred; good chance for advancement to right party; state age, religion, salary and references. W 406 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate; several years' experience; good salary. Consolidated Brokers, Inc., 185 Reade St.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate; 3-4 years' experience; permanent if satisfactory; $25 start; state religion. C 842 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Company with offices near Grand Central, needs efficient stenographers and typists; write, giving full details and salary desired. D 497 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Tuesday morning 9 to 10, Room 550, Affiliated Clothiers, 200 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, law office, downtown; state experience and salary expected; can also use bright beginner. C 844 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist in contractor's office; temporary work, if satisfactory, permanent; state salary and experience. W 397 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, by large publishing house; salary $70 monthly and bonus. Call Mr. Davis, Tuesday morning. Longacre 2087.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper experienced in ladies' wearing apparel line; opportunity for advancement. Harry Bentner, Inc., 205 West 36th St.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, good English education. Call or write, Mediator Publishing Co., 799 Broadway, Room 306.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; permanent position; good opportunity. Room 1715, Woolworth Building.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter and office assistant, experienced. Call 253 Washington St., city.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge of bookkeeping. Wertheimer, Piehn & Levy, 255 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, FOR LARGE CONCERN; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. W 306 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER — Assistant bookkeeper, alert, accurate at figures, experienced. Apply Leonard Miller, 15 Whitehall St.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, for six weeks; $30 per week. S 630 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD operator, must be experienced; preferably one with knowledge of filing and some shorthand; call early. Brooks, 143 West 40th.

TEACHER, primary, out of town; September; state salary. A 506 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT, TO GIVE AND TAKE MESSAGES ON BUSY BOARD; PREFER ONE WHO CAN USE STENOGRAPHIC NOTES AND WITH GENERAL OFFICE EXPERIENCE, INCLUDING TYPING. APPLY LIGHT & SCHLESINGER, 18 WASHINGTON PLACE.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Tactful, refined young lady for busy filing board in professional office; must be quick and resourceful, with accurate memory; some clerical duties; permanent position. W 404 Times.

TELEPHONE operator, steady, good pay. hospital; 116 East 59th St.

TRACER, at least 2 years' experience, hours 8 to 5:30, 8 to 12:15 Saturday; drafting department large factory. Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 36 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, knowledge of Elliott-Fisher preferred; state experience and salary desired; references. Widder Bros., 381 4th Av.

TYPIST with knowledge of bookkeeping, no beginners, $20 weekly to start. WAGNER, (ground floor), 380 Canal St.

WOMEN (stout) do you know that you can procure a position which requires no experience, paying good wages; we want several refined, attractive women to help in the sale of our stout garments; measurements, bust 45, waist 34, hips 47, height 5 ft. 9 in. Apply all week. Blogg & Littauer, 151 West 26th.

YOUNG LADY to represent wholesale pearl and jewelry house with attractive number on instalment selling campaign; large earnings from liberal commission; opportunity of advancement as office manager. Reliable Pearl and Jewelry Co., 132 Nassau St.

YOUNG LADY with knowledge of keyboard to work in a bank; experience unnecessary. Apply in own handwriting. P. O. Box 3, Times Square Station.

YOUNG LADY, office assistant; conscientious, willing worker. Apply Tuesday, 753 Broadway, Room 1206.

YOUNG LADY wanted; stenographer and take charge of switchboard. W 393 Times.

PART TIME SALESWOMEN.

WE REQUIRE SALESWOMEN, WITH OR WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, FOR TWO OR THREE DAYS EACH WEEK. THIS PART TIME ARRANGEMENT SHOULD APPEAL ESPECIALLY TO WOMEN WHOSE HOME DUTIES WILL NOT PERMIT THEM TO WORK FULL TIME.

APPLY EMERGENCY EMPLOYEES' DEPT.,
ROOM 550,
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Hudson Terminal Building,
30 Church Street,
N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER—Fairly experienced in Dress manufacturing; Midtown; $25-$30.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Uptown manufacturing; $28.
CASHIER—Must have retail experience for exclusive 5th Avenue shoe house; A-1 personality; $25-$30.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST — Must have 2 years' experience and be able to take off trial balance; Downtown Chemical; $23.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, TYPIST & FILE CLERK—Downtown manufacturing; $18.
COMPTOMETER OPERATORS — Unusual openings; $18-$30.
CLERK—Grand Central section; experienced filing; relieve switchboard; $22.
FILE CLERKS (2)—Convenient located—Bronx; experienced decimal system; $1,200-$1,500 year.
CLERK—Downtown; Fire Insurance experience a necessity; rapid advancement; $80 month.
CLERK—Uptown silk house; filing and general office work; good penman; $14-$17.

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST
30 Church Street 7th floor.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,

50 CHURCH STREET,
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING.

SECY.-STENO.—Handle own correspondence $35
LEGAL STENO.—Uptown ..... $140 mo.
BKKPR., STENO.—Bklyn, adv. assured $30
STENO.—Uptown, pub. concern $30
RECEPTION CLERK — Knowledge Steno. $25
CLERK—Ass't cashier, midtown $22
TYPIST—Downtown Mfg. $24
STOCK CLERK—Downtown Mfg. $20
TYPIST—Gen'l office Ass't

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

THURSDAY, NOON—Schools, Stenographic Schools, Typewriters, Accountants.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate. With cuts, 10:00 o'clock; matrices or drawings.

FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

FRIDAY, 7 P. M.—Advertisements for Memorial Sunday.

SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Display classified advertisements. (Business Opportunities 10 A. M. Saturday.)

Daily Edition

If received after 5 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified announcements in daily editions are subject to omission. Final closing time 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line.
(Minimum space two lines.) Agate Lines
Situations Wanted..... 40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted..... 40c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 40c
Help Wanted..... 60c
Real Estate, &c..... 60c
Lost and Found..... 60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 60c
Country Board..... 60c
Mortgage Loans..... 60c
For Sale..... 60c
Automobile Exchange..... 60c
Agents Wanted..... 60c
Employment Agencies..... 70c
Per Word
Business Opportunities (Caps 20c)..... 12c
Buyers Want—Offerings to Buyers..... 12c
Book Exchange (Sunday)..... 12c
Lost and Found, Births, Marriages and Deaths counted as 6 words.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

ADVERTISING Salesman—College man preference; good commission. See Mr. Roche, sales manager, 15th floor, 185 Madison Av.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN—Ford pleasure and commercial cars; 8 live wires; full co-operation; live leads; automobile experience unnecessary, we want stickers; commission. Payne Motor Co., 119-13 Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill, L. I.

BAKERY GROCERY SALESMEN

We want two experienced salesmen now calling on the retail trade with full line; salary to start $40 per week, plus commission; write in confidence, stating experience, nationality, height, reference, also whether you can drive Ford. Vice President, P. O. Box 38, Station W, Brooklyn.

HABERDASHERY Salesman, thoroughly experienced, good appearance and good references necessary. Apply Joseph Hilton, 1A East 42d St.

LADIES' NECKWEAR; FINE MERCHANDISE FOR MIDDLE AND NORTHWEST IN CONJUNCTION WITH KINDRED LINE; COMMISSION. BOX 378, REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH.

PAINT BRUSH salesmen wanted, covering New York and Jersey States; salary and commission. Guaranteed Brush Manufacturer, 642 Bowery, New York.

PRINTING SALESMAN — One wishing to connect with printing brokers; full co-operation; commission; state religion. D 819 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN, Manhattan and Bronx property; leads furnished; if capable; experience essential; commission basis. Call 9 to 10 A. M., Harry Sherman, 156 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN MANHATTAN. Give details; commission. W 399 Times.

SILK SALESMAN FOR SOUTHERN TERRITORY—Rearrangement of territories by silk manufacturer has made room in organization for a trained, experienced salesman who can qualify with a high-grade personnel; send with application record of results and references; thorough silk salesman only wanted; salary or commission arrangement. W 394 Times.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN, high grade, to sell a well-known electric appliance for the home; strong personality, willingness to work and more than average ability required to qualify; large field; attractive commission; apply, stating age and qualifications. W 917 Times Downtown.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN.

We have a real live wire bunch of men that are making from $75 to $250 weekly in commission selling electrical appliances; Christian firm; call at once. 15 Park Row, Airway Branch, Room 216.

SALES ENGINEERS—Manufacturers of a well-known, well-advertised building specialty (imperial woodworking line) have opening for a high-grade representative who has called on architects, builders and building managers; to the man with a selling record we can offer an attractive proposition, salary and commission; please give full particulars. 2439 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER.

We have an excellent opening for a young man, age 25 to 35, with proved executive sales ability; we will expect the man whom we select to prove his qualifications by getting out into the field and making good on selling our product for a period of three to six months; to the man who proves up to our satisfaction there is a fine place in our organization as sales manager to develop a sales force throughout the U. S. A.; we now employ a sales force of ten men, which is to be doubled; we manufacture a unique competitive device, being successfully used by leading wholesale and retail bakers and food markets; give all your qualifications, past experience, age, reference, &c., in your first letter; interview will not be granted to those whose applications are interesting; do not apply in person, or by phone. Doughnut Machine Corporation, 1,179 Broadway, New York City.

SALES MANAGER for drug specialty, one familiar with demonstrations and acquainted with wholesale and retail drug trade; excellent opportunity. W 389 Times.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE.

Prominent New York Corporation, engaged in national distribution of educational work, desires the services of a high grade man calling on old clientele and prospective customers; drawing account and commission; give particulars of past employment in confidence. B. A. 135 Times.

SALESMEN.

Unfermented wine grape juice is today's best seller; every one wants it; any one can sell it; a good juice reorders fast; make sure of the name behind it and you will make money; $100 to $200 week here. Card & Company were wine makers a quarter century. An old and honorable name, a million dollars' worth of vineyards and an absolute guarantee of satisfaction or money back is behind you. Leads are furnished; large commissions cashed daily; customers followed up by mail and full credit on re-orders with complete protection and exclusive territories are given. Write

HENRY CARD & COMPANY,
Knickerbocker Building.

SALESMEN

for the following departments

RADIO
FISHING TACKLE
WHITE GOODS
BLANKETS
& BED SPREADS

Apply Employment Office,
5TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND B'WAY.

SALESMEN—Manufacturer making metallic office cabinets and investment desirous of securing with good following among dress trimmings and department stores in New York and Newark; also resident Philadelphia man calling on jobbers, manufacturers and department stores in Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington; commission basis. Levy & Anspach, 100 5th Av., N. Y.

SALESMAN

between 25 and 35 years to sell food products to delicatessen and grocery trade in New York; must be experienced in this work; opportunity for man with ability; applicant must give exact height, weight and full details regarding education and experience; also state salary. Y 1203 Times Bronx.

SALESMEN MARRIED, SHLJ, LIFE INSURANCE AND COLLEGE PREMIUMS; HARRY ANN COMMISSION PAID; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG MEN; KNOWLEDGE OF KIDDIES ESSENTIAL. CALL FORENOON ROOM 508, 124 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN, experienced in butter and egg selling; bakery, delicatessen, grocery and lunch room trade; salary and commission; must qualify for bond. Call Walker 2077, Mr. Myers.

SALESMEN Wanted—Automobile stock for permanent responsible work; exceptional commission basis. Call 11 to 1, 365 Broadway, Room 607.

SALESMAN wanted to sell aroma lamps to large and specials trade; commission basis. Y 3468 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, acquainted with cutting up trade to sell hooked armaments on commission basis. Phone Greenpoint 9000.

SALESMEN to sell on commission a limited switch; every store a prospect. Call 44 ——— St., Room 502.

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MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN—

HOLLYWOOD
HOLLYWOOD
HOLLYWOOD

Not the California moving picture centre, but the "ATLANTIC CITY OF THE SOUTH" now being built in FLORIDA. MILLIONS ARE BEING SPENT IN DEVELOPING THE PROPERTY.

TO MEN, regardless of their previous selling experience or lack of it, who can convince us that they have the necessary ability, desire to work and stick-to-itiveness we have an opportunity not often met with; you can WORK IN THE NORTH IN THE SUMMER AND IN FLORIDA IN THE WINTER if you wish. Join our force now and get in line for future advancement. Remember, experience in our line is unnecessary. We have a definite plan and will teach you how to sell our property and earn a good income in commissions. Talk it over with Mr. Evans.

HOLLYWOOD LAND & WATER CO., SUITE 611, STRAUS BLDG., 8 EAST 40TH ST.

SALESMEN.

To a man who is interested in making his life's work in one of the highest grade businesses in the world, this is an OPPORTUNITY EXTRAORDINARY.

Our company is one of the largest mortgage companies in America. The bonds we are offering are legal for Savings Banks. Insurance Companies, &c.

Our unusual selling plan enables big immediate earnings in commissions and an unlimited future.

This is an opportunity of a lifetime for the Right Man, whether experienced in selling or not.

Ask for Mr. Graham, 8th floor, 10 East 44th St.

SALESMEN.

A Western manufacturer of electrical appliances, nationally advertised through extensive advertising campaigns, operating through resale departments with central stations, department stores and large dealers, has openings for two department managers in New Jersey, experienced in selling electrical appliances to the consumer at retail and capable of directing sales force; men with automobiles preferred.

Salary and bonus. Call 9 to 12, Mr. Woolridge, Room 1007, Knickerbocker Building, Broadway and 42d St.

SALESMAN.

A real live hustler with experience in the electrical appliance field to act as wholesale salesman for the best-selling line of home labor saving devices on the market; you must know electrical dealers and department stores and be acquainted with New Jersey territory; liberal salary, commission and expenses if you cannot fill our requirements don't apply; if you do,

Apply to Mr. Woolridge, 1007, Knickerbocker Building, Broadway and 42d St.

SALESMEN

for dresses of the better kind, one acquainted with better class buyers and department store trade; only one who can show good record need answer; commission basis; strictly confidential. Box 372, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

SALESMEN.

An opportunity to expand with growing company; auto necessary to carry sample; commission, salary account expenses; we train you. Call 10 A. M., National Mayonnaise Machine Co., 218 Pacific St., Brooklyn, Borough Hall Station.

SALESMEN, full or part time; accident and health insurance, $5, $10 and $15 annually; also monthly policies with natural death benefits; best home office contract; liberal commissions.

NATIONAL ACCIDENT SOCIETY,
220 Broadway. Established 1885.

SALESMAN, real live hustler, acquainted with better class department store trade, Middle Atlantic line of novelties in Middle West territory formerly covered by member of firm; salary and traveling expenses; exceptional opportunity for exceptional man. Write, stating age, experience, other particulars, W 384 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell "wine grape" juice in five and ten gallon kegs; inexperienced men are making from $150 to $200 per week; write us and we will investigate this proposition before making other connections. 47 West 42d St., Room 203. Mitchell.

SALESMEN—N. Y. STATE CORPORATION OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES; COMPILED INFORMATION HAS OPENINGS FOR MEN WITH SALES RECORDS; EARNINGS RANGE FROM $50 TO $400 WEEKLY; LIBERAL SALARY AND COMMISSION; PERSONAL INTERVIEW. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 3D FLOOR.

SALESMEN wanted, first-class, familiar with the hardware trade, to sell ornamental lawn fence and kindred wire products; commission basis. Will drawing account be given to men in Middle West and South. Address M. L. Brown Fence and Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

SALESMEN, experienced, to call on men's furnishing and department store trade. New York City territory to represent a well known, advertised line of suspenders, belts and garters; in reply give full particulars and references; commission basis. W 150 Times.

SALESMAN to specialize in selling high grade electric portable drills and industrial appliances in large and profitable industrial section of New Jersey; attractive commission basis; executive sales support; give all particulars in reply, age, qualifications, &c. W 920 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, high grade, to sell a well known electric appliance for the home; strong personality, willingness to work and more than average ability required to qualify; large field; attractive commission; apply, stating age and qualifications. W 917 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Wanted—Largest automobile club of its kind has opening for additional salesmen for permanent membership work on leads; previous experience unnecessary; references essential. See Mr. Archibald, Hotel Ansonia.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling corrugated shipping boxes, to represent large well-established container manufacturers in New York and vicinity; drawing account; expenses; we train you. Call 10 A. M., National Mayonnaise Machine Co., 218 Pacific St., Brooklyn, Borough Hall Station.

SALESMEN—We want several high-grade salesmen, with established trade, to sell fast-moving specialty; no samples; allegiance to jobbers and large retailers; liberal commission; replies strictly confidential. S 831 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced handling builders' materials and specialties with Bronx builders; to help sell $5 lots suitable for flats; apartments; commission. Write Estate, care M. J. Sachs & Co., 58 West 21st St.

SALESMEN, LADIES' NECKWEAR, FINE MERCHANDISE FOR MIDDLE AND NORTHWEST TRADE AS KINDRED LINE; COMMISSION. BOX 378, REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH.

SALESMAN wanted experienced, to sell infants' and children's coats, silk and office coats; samples ready to sell. Apply Globe Coat House, 31 West 31st st.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell passementerie trimmings; must have a following; salary and commission. Expert, 32-34 Greene St.

SALESMEN (4), well acquainted with five or more trades to sell French and Italian olive oil and imported goods on commission basis. W 923 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, to take out a better line of boys' shirts and blouses to a strict ——— territory; state age and experience. ——— Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Mail balance should have $10,000 mortgage holds Fielding 4th; liberal commission. 23 West 45th. Suite 902.

SALESMEN, experienced, to carry in dry goods piece. Loretta Dress Store, 319 Grand St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced paper stock; salary and commission. King Paper Stock Co., 225 West 121st.

SALESMEN.

Position open for first-class salesman, accustomed to large earnings ($250 per week or more); sales and publicity work, securing co-operation on introductory sale official source records; in connection with an organization of a military character of over 1,000,000 members. Territory in New York and Pennsylvania. Commission basis. On outside territory we advance and guarantee hotel and railroad expenses. We train you by actual personal demonstration. You are cordially invited to call and inspect the proposition, 10-12, 3 to 5.

L. EDWARDS STEARNS, ROOM 2021, Hudson Terminal, 30 Church St.

SALESMEN, IN JERSEY CITY; AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE REAL MONEY IN A SERVICE TO CONSUMER; SELLING A PROPOSITION OF HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES THAT HAVE PROVEN AN IMMEDIATE SUCCESS TO SALESMEN ALL OVER THE COUNTRY; BACKED BY A MILLION DOLLAR CONCERN; ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS; COMMISSION BASIS. APPLY TODAY AND WEDNESDAY, MR. A. BOOKMAN, HOTEL CARTELL, 18 JOURNAL SQUARE, JERSEY CITY.

SALESMEN

to present a Business Letter Service to executives; good appearance and common-sense business intelligence absolutely essential; four men will each be given a protected territory with an opportunity to build up clientele (commission). Call BUSINESS BOUND TABLE, INC., ROOM 411, 50 EAST 42D ST. (corner Madison).

SALESMEN FAMILIAR WITH MANUFACTURING NEEDLEWORKS TRADE TO SELL THE NEW "AMERICAN" BALL-BEARING SAFETY POWER TABLE; SHOULD UNDERSTAND SEWING MACHINE EQUIPMENT; APPLY BY MAIL ONLY, STATING EXPERIENCE; AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN OF ABILITY; SALARY AND COMMISSION. SAFETY TABLE SALES CORP., 709 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN—Manufacturers of high-class paper specialties want three sales producers for permanent work in metropolitan market; tell us in confidence of your previous connections, products sold, age &c.; this is the exceptional opportunity that exceptional men are looking for; if you are one, let's have the full facts to secure prompt interview; liberal salary. A. J. Sachs, sales manager, Bush Terminal P. O., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN Wanted—High-grade real estate firm established 25 years, has 20 opening for two more men to sell Jamaica suburban property. They will be trained to sell by experienced, successful managers, who will assist them in breaking off their sales; large earnings on commission. Ask for Mr. Walker, 11 to 1, Tuesday. M. Morgenthau Jr. Co., 130 West 42d St., N. Y.

SALESMAN for wholesale butter and egg house; must be experienced; salary and commission. Write full particulars of first letter. Communications strictly confidential. Sales Department, Chris. Koster & Son, 856 Washington Street, N. Y. C.

SALESMEN—Need two men to sell established office specialty to business men; good client proposition; come highly recommended; commission. Call Tuesday morning, 26 Court street, suite 810, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN wanted, energetic young man, to call on retail trade with a non-alcoholic beverage; trade furnished; salary and commission. Bottling Department, 207 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, advertising, any manufacturer, selling to department stores with a prospect for cost DIRECT SALES PLAN; high-class man can earn big money on commission basis. Maple Service, 116 East 27th.

SALESMEN, experienced with following department and furniture trade, to sell saleable line of furniture and accessories; splendid opportunity for right man; samples now. Hunter & Co., 213 5th Av., city.

SALESMAN, experienced in electrical supplies; Brooklyn; give details in your reply; salary, commission. 161 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell bread filler on strictly commission basis; references required. Apply between 2 and 4, Tuesday afternoon, Model Silk Co., 200 4th Av.

SALESMAN-CHAUFFEUR to sell suit clothing; must know Bronx trade; adjacent territory; salary and commission; married man preferred. 441 East 165th.

SALESMAN to travel for well-established electrical manufacturing concern; New England territory; good opportunity; salary and commission. 1787 Lyle Annex.

SALESMAN—Large insurance house has executive opening; salary or commission. A 33 Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

If you have the stuff in you of which real salesmen are made I can show you a proposition that will enable any ordinary person of average intelligence and pleasing personality to earn more than a good living selling the only really waterproof golf rain jacket which folds into a bag 3½x4½ inches. The demand for this novel specialty is very great and rapidly increasing. Commission basis. If you are our kind of man, apply Mr. Jones, 52 Vanderbilt Av., suite 815, or phone Vanderbilt 6397.

HIGH-GRADE SALESMEN WANTED.

The Standard Register Company, one of the largest manufacturers of manifold registers and roll printing systems in the world, has several high-grade salesmen in Brooklyn and New York; experienced men preferred or those with clean records in the sale of cash registers, adding machines, computing scales, &c.; liberal commissions and drawing account; exclusive territory; confidential; interview personally

GEO. H. FLOWERS,
Room 713. 15 Park Row.

COMMISSIONS without selling. By simply arranging for free trials of our gas saver and carbon remover in autos you can earn $75 weekly. If you make sales you can earn as much as $15,000 a year. Only proposition of its kind ever offered. Call 8 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4, Phillips, 1,004 Broadway.

$75 TO $150—Men with slight knowledge of motors, who can reach car owners, can earn $75 weekly commission without making a single sale, installing automobile appliances; if they can also make sales, profits may reach $15,000 commission yearly; only proposition of its kind ever offered. S. F. Phillips, 1,004 Broadway.

MEN, clean cut, energetic, offered opportunity to sell income for Life contracts; established lead system, commission basis, drawing account upon qualification. Call W. H. Graves, Suite 2080, Woolworth Bldg.

MEN wanted, three, with influence to sell high-class premium service to clubs and fraternal organizations; commission basis; drawing account when proved satisfactory. W 918 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Hudson Terminal Building,
50 Church Street.
N. Y. C.

PRIVATE SECY—Experienced with elec. accessory mfr. as sec'y to head; $50-$60. X-1

ESTIMATOR—Plain and ornamental plastering; $50 wk. X-2

ARCH. DFTS.—Experienced frame houses; about $45 wk. X-3

MECH. TRACER—Able to handle ruling pen; $30-$35 wk. X-4

BOOKKEEPER—Late mfrs.; $2,000. JX-1

IMPORT CLERK—Customs house brokerage experience; salary open. JX-2

STENO.-SECYS. (2); $1,800. JX-3

STENOGRAPHER—Sales dept.; $1,600. JX-4

STATISTICAL-OFFICE MAN—Insurance, broker; $1,600. JX-5

JR. ACCOUNTANT—One yr. public accounting. JX-6

BOOKKEEPER—Age 30-45; $35. O-1

BOOKKEEPERS—Numerous openings for double entry and sales ldg. bkpg.; exper. and intelligence; $25. O-2

LADIES' COURTESY CLUB wants young man with exper. and stenographer, slight knowledge bkpg., as assistant to secretary; permanent; $100 mo. and maint. O-4

STENOGRAPHER—Film Co.; $25. O-5

STENOGRAPHER—Hardwood chance to become salesman; $25. O-6

MARINE INS. CLERK—Downtown S. S. Co.; $100-$120 mo. O-7

SALES DEPT. CLERK—High school grad.; some exper.; above the average intelligence and personality; $26. C-8

CABLE CLERK—Familiar with standard codes; $25. C-9

BILL CLERKS (2)—E. F. or Underwood; $25. C-10

BILL CLERK—Dry goods exper.; Underwood; $25. C-11

STATISTICAL CLERK—Ins. exper.; $100 mo. C-12

CLERKS—Several openings for young Americans with ability and exper. at figuring; $20-$25. C-13

TYPIST—Office of patent attorneys; $22. C-14

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST.
30 Church Street. 7th Floor.

THE PERSONNEL COMPANY,
9 Church St., between Cortlandt-Liberty.
BANKING—HEAD TRANSIT DEPT., $2,000-$3,000; TELLERS, Receiving, relief, $1,800-$2,000; JR. AUDITOR, $1800-$2,000; FOREIGN TELLERS' DEPT., $1,800; BOOKKEEPERS, $1,500-$1,800; MAIL TELLERS, $1,500; TYPISTS, $1,200; FOREIGN dept., $1,800; MANY JUNIOR BANK MEN, $1,000-$1,200; CABLE TYPISTS, $130.
STENOGRAPHIC—Secy.-Steno. (3), to financial executive, $180; bank, $125; Newark, electrical $150-$125; Long Island City, opportunity learn credit work, $110; steamship, downtown, $110.
BOOKKEEPING—Bank exper. (7), $1,800-$1,500-$1,650; young men, full set, $1,320.
TYPISTS — Openings starting $80-$130; CABLES-TYPING (3), coding, decoding, $130.
M. E. GRAD., no experience, $35.
CLERICAL, many openings for young men, H. S. education, learn various lines, $18-$25; BOYS, permanent only, $12.

UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
70 FULTON ST.

BANKS, Individual-Boston ledger, rack clerks, $1,500-$1,700. TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT, DRAFTSMEN, REINFORCED CONCRETE, STEEL, power, structural, reinforced concrete, $50-$75; architect, bldg., $60; civil eng., bridge design, elec. engr., industrial building, $60; REGISTER FREE.

MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
BOWLING GREEN 6310 79 WALL ST.
ADDING MACHINE RACK CLERKS (2), hours 9 A. M.-10 A. M.; $1,500. RECEIVING TELLER; checking; good chance; $1,500 (not to window position). $1,500. CABLE CLERKS (3), good typist and adder; $1,500. BOOKKEEPER, ledger, bank; $1,500. CLERK, foreign side bank; high-grade man; $1,800.

EARLY VOCATIONAL SERVICE
47 West 42d, Room 450
STENOGRAPHER (advertising) $28
STENOGRAPHER (fifth experience) ..... $22-$30
BOSTON LEDGER BOOKKEEPERS $25
BOOKKEEPERS $22
TYPISTS AND CLERKS (advertising) $22
ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS $20
PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.
No registration fee. 123 Liberty St.
Publicity Man: Young, Technical exp. $2,100
Stenos: Banking, Mdse., Fruit..$1,300-$1,560
Clerks: Typist, $1,200. Foreign Exch..$1,500
Bank Exper: $1,500. Traffic Clerk..$1,300
Asst. Supt. Country estate, Rooms....$1,560
Elliott-Fisher Biller: A1 position.....$1,500

MERTON PLACEMENT ASSOCIATION, Inc.
331 Madison Av., S. E. Cor. 43d St.
HENRY M. SMITH, President,
Director, Men's Placements.

EXECUTIVE TECHNICAL CLERICAL

DAWSON & SHELP
120 Broadway (1 Park Place).
CREDIT MAN, for Boston office; must know rubber tires; salary, $2,500-$3,000.
BOOKKEEPER, for wholesale food house; able take trial balance; salary, $30 week.

BRODY AGENCY,
220 Broadway (1 Park Place).
Bookkeepers (several), bank, insurance, brokerage, wholesg, $25-$35; stenographer, law, $20; stenographer, automobile, $20; Burroughs adding-statement machine, $22; junior clerks, $15. Free registration.

EMPLOYMENT MGR. SER., 47 WEST 42D.
CHEMIST (2), $4,500; ECON. (Hotel) $35 BOOK (comp.) open; Banks: book. $1,700; night teller, open; ass't. teller, $1,500; stat. op., $1,400; stenos, typists, juniors.

OWENS AGENCY,
149 FULTON ST.
NUMEROUS POSITIONS OPEN FOR STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS; GOOD SALARIES; COMPETENT PEOPLE ONLY.

REID COMMERCIAL, 200 BROADWAY.
Stenos., $20-$30; insurance (asst. examiner, account and remittance checkers, map work, reinsurance); 2 Boston ledger clerks $1,500; ledger clerk. Knowledge trial balance, $25.

BANKING AND COMMERCIAL,
120 LIBERTY ST.
CLERK, junior accountant..... $25
STENOGRAPHERS (2)..... $25-$30
BOOKKEEPERS, experienced..... $25-$35
TYPISTS..... $15-$20

FAY-WARD COMPANY,
8 Columbus Circle. Phone Col. 9041.
Stock clerk; good position with large company; earn big money on commission basis. Made Service, 116 East 27th.

SALESMEN, experienced with following department and furniture trade, to sell saleable line of furniture and accessories; splendid opportunity for right man; samples now. Hunter & Co., 213 5th Av., city.

SALESMAN, experienced in electrical supplies; Brooklyn; give details in your reply; salary, commission. 161 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

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SALESMAN—Large insurance house has executive opening; salary or commission. A 33 Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Employment Agencies.

QUALIFIED EXECUTIVES.

FACTORY MANAGER — Requires broad and thorough production and manufacturing experience; supervision of costs and improvement of methods and processes; salary up to $10,000.

TREASURER—Requires successful financial control experience; must have had thorough experience with good company; must be high-grade in every way; salary $6,000 up $10,000.

SALES MANAGER—Large and well known company prefer man with successful sales and sales executive experience; familiar with department store field; salary and commissions worth about $7,000.

ACCOUNTANT—Must be thoroughly capable executive accountant, wholesale and retail business, but do not insist on this type of experience; salary $5,000 to start.

PRODUCTION MANAGER — One of the best known manufacturers of auto accessories requires a man as factory superintendent and production manager; salary $6,000 to start with advancement when ability is demonstrated.

SALESMEN—Several high-grade sales positions handling various commodities and specialities; salary or drawing account against commission up to $10,000.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVES—Several positions, various types, with good companies; excellent opportunities for young men; salaries up to $3,000 to start.

ADVERTISING MAN — Nationally known clothing manufacturer needs man who can write high-grade copy; salary around $6,500 to $7,000 to right man.

Those and many other important executive positions are now open and are fully described in the current issues of the "Digest," which is published weekly and contains complete descriptions of executive positions available. The "Digest" is of interest only to executives now employed who are above the average in ability and character. It is confidential and the cost is slight. The Tower-Henderson Plan is not an employment agency.

TOWER-HENDERSON PLAN,
1,133 Broadway (at 26th St.) Chelsea 1146.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
50 CHURCH ST.,
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
MAIN FLOOR.

ACCOUNTANTS: Senior, semi-junior, several openings, good firms. Salary open.
DRAFTSMAN: Boiler layout, N. Y. $3,250 mo.
AGENT TO BUYER: Must have hardware exp., $200 mo.
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY: Fraternal organization $2,000
CORRESPONDENT: Savings bank experience $1,800
STOCK TRANSFER CLERKS. Exp. lunches and bonus $1,600
TELLER: Paying, rec. about $1,900
CABLE CLERK: Coding-decoding $1,650
B'KKEEPER: Savings bank $1,500
LEDGER CLERK-B'KKEEPER: Packing house exp. $30
STENOG.: Many openings ..... $27.50-$30
MESSENGER: 5 P. M.-12 M. $25
GEN'L CLERK: Exp. gen'l off. work $25
TYPISTS (4): Exp. only $22
BOARD RUNNER: Grid $20
CLERK: Uptown mfg. concern ..$100 mo.
LEDGER CLERK: Uptown pub co. $22
COMPTOMETER OPR.: Upt'n textile ..$24
STENOG. (beginners): Good openings ..$15
TYPISTS: Exp.; advancement ..$75 mo.
CLERKS: H. S. education, clerical experience various lines ..... $15-$17
MANY OTHER OPENINGS.

MANY GOOD POSITIONS.

Fidelity Bond Underwriter ..... $4,000 yr.
Stenographers ..... $1,560 yr.
Plate Glass Insurance Surveyor ..$1,500 yr.
Payroll Auditor (Insurance) ..... $1,600 yr.
Map Clerks, all kinds ..... $1,000 yr.
Insurance Clerks, all kinds ..... Various
Typists ..... $1,150 yr.
Compensation Underwriter ..... $2,600 yr.
Junior Liability Underwriter ..... $1,500 yr.
Insurance Brokerage Cashier ..... $1,800 yr.
Accountant Checker (Insurance) ..$1,500 yr.
Salesmen and Organizers (Insurance) ..... $1,800 yr.
Many More—Good Opportunities.

POSITION SECURING BUREAU.
206 B'way (Cor. Fulton St.) Room 312.
G. L. STONE. K. M. WEHINGER.
Formerly employment managers nationally known corporations.

HOTALING
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
9 CHURCH ST. ROOM 25 COR. CORT. 0309
SPECIAL OPENINGS
BOSTON Ledg. Bkpr. (7), $1,800-$1,650-$1,400, according to experience.
EXP'D MONEY Counter $1,500
ASST. Bkpr. Teller, East Rock Cl. ..$1,200
FOREIGN Exchange Clerk on bought and sold $1,500
BURROUGHS Exp. Mch. opers. $1,200
PART Adding Mch. Oper. $1,200
Many other openings, bank and commercial.
Broadway Employment Service, 9 Church St.
Specials: Ass't Examiner (insur.), $1,800. Bkpr., $50. Cable clerk, $25; statistical, $30. Asst. gen'l clerks, $25. Rack, $25. H. S. grads, $15. Boys, $12.
40 Others—All Kinds.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANTS ONLY.

Can You Afford to Rest All Summer?

While others are taking it easy, now is your chance to forge ahead.

A worthwhile suggestion: Let us send information how you can invest your time this Summer and receive a higher salary quicker than you could here to earn it by hard, endless, even though conscientious, service.

From the moment you begin your spare-time work in our accountancy training you find better and better fitted for bigger jobs. In two or three months you begin enjoying the benefits. Many have earned advancement long before their training was completed, and so can you.

We know the time is right because our placement bureau has placed more men the past month than any other month this year. This increase we believe to be an indication of the opportunities which Fall will bring.

Read the mail request below; PRINT your name and address; we will write you.

LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
112 West 42d St., New York.
Brooklyn office: 26 Court St. Triangle 8519.

Please write, telling me how I can receive the benefits of your accountancy training and placement bureau service this Summer.

Name .....

Address .....

BE A CREDIT MANAGER.

A NEW and lucrative profession has been created in the last five years from the need of business stabilization—CREDIT MANAGEMENT. The credit manager has rightly become the doctor of business. With the proper background and the needful equipment he can diagnose any complex case and recommend the remedy. The qualified men in this field earns from $4,000 to $10,000 yearly. Find out how a man can qualify for this dignified and permanent profession. Pay us. Department of Executive Training, LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY, 112 West 42d St. Telephone Bryant 8920. Brooklyn Office, 26 Court St. Triangle 8519.

THE RIGHT POSITION.

Many able men are wondering why they do not achieve full success; and look everywhere for the cause except into their own aptitude for the position they hold; they do not realize they are the "square peg in the round hole." The Morton Institute has removed its cause by analyzing the causes and indicating the right vocation for thousands of business men and women. It can assist you to find yours. Banks, industrial corporations selling organizations, advertising and endorse the Morton Analytic Method. Call in person for full particulars.

MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.
38 West 44th St. Phone Vanderbilt 2566.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Nationwide demand for graduates; failed twice; past experience unnecessary. We train you by mail and put you in touch with the right positions everywhere. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training Schools, Dept. 118, Washington, D. C.

YMCA COURSES help you EARN MORE. Auto Principles, Driving, Electricity, Repairing; Bricklaying; Tile Setting; Salesmanship; Cartooning; Play Writing. MCA, 600 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 1900.

LEARN $30-$125 A WEEK—Learn motion picture, commercial and portrait photography; 4 months' course; free booklet. 7 W. 30th St., N. Y. Established 1911. Phone Madison 2640. Or 608 State St. (opp. L. I. Ferry), Brooklyn.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—Exclusive territories open in right lines to handle new electric household device on commission basis; sells on sight; looks big money. Call 1 to 3 Wed. 18 West 34th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

ABBOTT-DETROIT Roadster $400
1919 CADILLAC Limousine, D. D. 57.. 585
1920 CADILLAC Touring H 50 1,400
1922 CADILLAC Touring 2,000
1919 PEERLESS Sedan 1,000
1920 PEERLESS Touring 1,000
1920 PEERLESS Sedan 1,300
1920 PEERLESS Town Car 1,000
1921 PEERLESS Coupe 1,400
1921 PEERLESS Sedan 1,600
1922 PEERLESS Sedan 2,000
1923 PEERLESS Sub. Coupe, 4 pass.. 2,000
1923 PEERLESS Touring 2,000

ALL PEERLESS cars rebuilt, repainted and sold with a new car guarantee.

YOUR CAR IN TRADE.

ATTRACTIVE TIME PAYMENTS.

PEERLESS MOTOR CARS,
Broadway & 62d St. Columbus 8762.

BUICK 1922 ROADSTER, $675.
Genuine Model 22-45, like new; fully guaranteed; six months' payments arranged; trades considered. 806 Southern Blvd. Intervale 6045.

BUICK—Big six runabout; exceptionally perfect mechanical condition throughout; cared for and driven by owner only; complete equipment; any demonstration; $900. C. X. Zaugg, 1931 81st St.

BUICK 1923 sedan; like new; fully guaranteed. International Warehouse, 128 W. 54th.

BUICK 1922 sport roadster, perfect condition; no dealers. Langdon, Col. 2478.

BUICK 1922 coupe; large type, seating four; under 5,000

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The atmospheric pressure remained comparatively high Tuesday night from the Gulf of Mexico eastward and northeastward into the Atlantic Ocean, and a second area of high pressure covered the Lake region, with its crest over Lake Superior.

At the time a trough of low pressure extended from the Far Northeast, southwestward to the Mississippi Valley, and thence westward to Arizona, and the pressure is also relatively low over the interior of the Pacific States. Since Sunday night showers and thunderstorms have occurred generally in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, the Ohio Valley and eastern lower Lake region, and also over the Arkansas Valley and portions of the Rocky Mountain region. In some cases the amounts exceeded one inch. The temperature has fallen in most of the areas where the rainfall has occurred, the change to cooler being pronounced in Northern Montana and adjacent Canadian territory. The highest temperature reported Monday was 104 degrees at Phoenix and Yuma, Ariz.

The outlook is for fair weather during the next forty-eight hours in the North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States, the lower Lake region and in the Ohio Valley, while showery weather will continue Tuesday in North Carolina and Tennessee, followed by fair weather in those States on Wednesday. In Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Florida and South Carolina unsettled showery weather will continue through Wednesday. Seasonable temperatures will prevail in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, while readings moderate for the season are indicated for the North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States, the lower Lake region and most of the Ohio Valley.

CONDENSED WIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	ster.	fall.	Weather.
Abilene	94	78	29.92		Cloudy
Albany	90	68	29.92		Clear
Atlanta	86	70	29.98		Cloudy
Atlantic City	80	72	29.88	.01	Cloudy
Baltimore	90	72	29.85	.54	Rain
Bismarck	86	66	29.94		Clear
Boston	78	68	29.90	.50	Pt. cl'dy
Buffalo	90	62	30.04		Clear
Charleston	90	76	30.00	.46	Rain
Chicago	92	66	30.00		Clear
Cincinnati	94	70	29.94		Clear
Cleveland	74	68	30.02		Clear
Denver	90	60	29.90		Clear
Detroit	84	62	30.00		Clear
Galveston	92	80	30.00		Clear
Helena	76	56	29.90	.10	Cloudy
Jacksonville	92	74	30.02		Pt. cl'dy
Kansas City	86	74	29.82	.08	Pt. cl'dy
Los Angeles	80	60	29.92		Clear
Milwaukee	76	60	30.10		Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	86	64	30.04		Cloudy
New Orleans	94	76	30.00		Clear
New York	83	70	29.88	.39	Pt. cl'dy
Oklahoma	92	72	29.84		Clear
Philadelphia	88	70	29.88		Cloudy
Pittsburgh	92	66	29.96		Clear
Portland, Me.	70	58	29.94		Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	70	60	29.94		Cloudy
Salt Lake City	92	68	29.74		Clear
San Antonio	98	74	29.86		Clear
San Diego	72	68	29.90		Pt. cl'dy
San Francisco	66	58	29.88		Clear
Seattle	72	58	29.90		Pt. cl'dy
St. Louis	92	76	29.90	1.48	Cloudy
Washington	88	74	29.86		Cloudy

New England—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday with moderate temperature.

Eastern New York and New Jersey—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; slightly cooler Tuesday.

Western Pennsylvania, Delaware, District of Columbia and Maryland—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate temperature.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

2 AM	71	12 M	77
4 AM	70	1 PM	80
6 AM	70	2 PM	81
8 AM	70	3 PM	81
10 AM	72	4 PM	82
12 M	74	5 PM	81
6 PM	81	7 PM	81
8 PM	81	9 PM	80
10 PM	78	11 PM	78

Average temperature yesterday, 76.
Average same date last year, 72.
Average same date for 46 years, 74.

Barometer 29.86 at 8 A. M., 29.86 at 8 P. M.
Humidity 92 at 8 A. M., 46 at 8 P. M.
Winds—At 8 A. M. west, velocity 6 miles; at 8 P. M. northeast, velocity 14 miles.
Weather—Cloudy at 8 A. M.; partly cloudy at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Forecast:

North Carolina—Thunder showers Tuesday; Wednesday probably fair.

South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Partly cloudy and somewhat unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday, with scattered thunder showers.

Tennessee—Thunder showers Tuesday; Wednesday probably fair; no change in temperature.

Kentucky—Fair Tuesday, preceded by thunder showers in south; Wednesday generally fair; no change in temperature.

Ohio—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat cooler Tuesday in extreme southwest.

Illinois, Indiana, Missouri and Kansas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; little change in temperature.

Lower and Upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair, with moderate temperature Tuesday and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday, except local thunder showers in northwest; Wednesday mostly cloudy, probably local thunder showers; cooler west.

Iowa—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy, probably local thunder showers extreme west; little change in temperature.

North Dakota—Local thunder showers, cooler Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy, probably showers, cooler south.

South Dakota—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, probably scattered thunder showers; somewhat cooler Wednesday.

Nebraska—Fair east, probably local thunder showers west Tuesday; Wednesday unsettled, probably local thunder showers; not much change in temperature.

Montana—Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; cooler east Tuesday.

Wyoming—Local thunder showers Tuesday and Wednesday; cooler north Wednesday.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
3:40—80 Beaver St.; Colonial Drug Co. ..... Not given
P. M.
3:10—3,229 3 Av.; Frank Da Chagies, Not given
3:58—417 E. 108 St.; Henry Hanbis. Trifling
4:40—12 Av. and 34 St. ..... Not given
5:20—13 Av. and 34 St. ..... Not given
5:35—703 E. 182 St., The Bronx ..... Not given
7:00—700 E. 12 St.; A. Katz ..... Slight
7:50—527 W. 119 St.; Harry Kahn ..... Slight
7:56—945 Grand St. ..... Not given
7:56—1,182 B'way; Tonys Shoe and Hat Cleaning ..... Not given
8:02—59 W. 8 St.; Olga Stephens ..... Slight
8:06—61 E. 65 St., auto; Alfred Osgood, Slight
9:16—1,220 West Farms Road, the Bronx; ..... Not given
9:20—Beach St. and City Island; auto bus, Supervision Plants and Structure, Not given
10:06—100 Convent Av.; not given. Not given
10:15—Chambers and West Sts.; auto, William M. Lavy ..... Slight
10:30—71 3 Av., Frank Propst; not given. Not given

Estates Appraised.

Kings.

FEIN, LENA (March 26, 1922). Estate, $2,500, to Henrietta Fein, mother, $1,693; Max Dorothea Fein, brother, $34; expenses, $773.

MENAHAN, PATRICK J. (June 24, 1922). Gross estate $158,839; net $148,453. Assets include Jacton property at 17, 19, 21 Menahan Street, $45,000; 23 Menahan Street, $4,500; 963 Hunterick Avenue, Queens, $6,000; banks, $5,344; mortgages, $56. Bonds: State of San Paulo, Brazil, $1,000; Republic of Chile, $1,000; Liberty, $1,625; City of New York, $2,125; stams, $2,125; Republic of Argentine, $1,002; Government of Argentine, $1,002; Czechoslovak Republic, $500; Schlesinger of Brooklyn, $100; New York, Westchester & Boston Railway, $2,775; Toledo, St. Louis & Western, $2,218; Kitchener, Brooks & Watts Pref., $1,000; United States of Brazil, $1,000; Kingdom of Belgium, $1,372; State of New York, $2,375; American Agricultural and Chemical Company, $2,000; Bethlehem Steel, $2,250; City of Rio Janeiro, $1,000; stock, $25; American Telegraph and Telephone, $4,037; 20 shares Bethlehem Steel, $2,200; shares Empire Security Corporation, $2,000; 48 shares Kitchener, Brooks & Watts Realty Trust, $2,160; 40 Standard Oil Co., $4,000; 20 Consolidated Gas Co., $2,000; 10 Atlantic Mutual Fire Insurance Co., $1,870; 10 Atlantic Trust, $2,000; 5 Chase Nat., $1,550. Life estate to Edward J. Menahan, brother, $15,415; Rev. J. A. Harnett, $1,100; Catherine McGinty, niece, $2,000; Anne Fuchs, niece, $1,000; Catherine Nicholas, niece, $7,627; Edward Patrick Smith, $2,000; St. Patrick's Cathedral, $1,000; Mary Menahan, niece, $3,478; Mary Menahan, sister, $10,000; children of Simon Dengler, $3,000; Mary, Servants of the Most Blessed Trinity, $10,000; John Joseph McGinty, grandnephew, $1,832; Edward J. McGinty, grandnephew, $1,832; George McGinty, grandnephew, $11,840; Mary Frances McGinty, grandniece, $1,832; James Farragher, $3,455; Archconfraternity of the Mission of St. Vincent de Paul, $36,948. Shares in shares not worth any cash, $3,100.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued these orders yesterday:

Pensioned.

To take effect 12 P. M., July 16: Patrolman—William I. MacDonald, 07th Precinct, on Police Surgeon's certificate, at $940 per annum. Appointed Oct. 28, 1918.

Transfers and Assignments.

PATROLMEN.

Harold E. Wilkins, from 27th Precinct to Motorcycle Squad No. 1; Lester Pettigrew, from 91st Precinct to Motorcycle Squad No. 2; Bernard Mayer, from 97th Precinct to 100th Precinct, assigned as attendant; from precincts indicated to Motorcycle Squad No. 1, Frank K. Johnston 40, Edwin V. Churchill 42; from precincts indicated to Motorcycle Squad No. 2, James F. Roach 74, Frank E. Ledwith 76.

Temporary Assignments.

PATROLMEN.

Joseph Shepherd, 111th Precinct to Headquarters Division, chauffeur, for 3 days, from 8 A. M., July 12; John Redmond, 126th Precinct, to duty in automobile repair shop, for 18 days, from 8 A. M., July 14, James Duffy, 57; Arthur Brosen, 45; Charles Walker, 85; John O'Connor, 108, for 16 days, from 8 A. M., July 16; John F. Pool, 12th Precinct to 2d Inspection District, to duty in plain clothes; Edward Kuper, 16th Precinct to Motorcycle Squad No. 1, to house duty; Charles H. Stoffers, 28th Precinct to Police School; Axel Swanson, Joseph F. Shaw and George Oettinger, 31st Precinct, assigned to duty inspecting vacant houses in uniform; John J. Flynn and Henry Wagner, 33d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; Frank L. Hogan, 37th Precinct to Boiler Squad, assigned to clerical duty; Emil J. Ekain, 38th Precinct to Division of Transportation, to duty in precinct numeral shop; Sylvester S. O'Connor and Cornelius H. Mahon, 42d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; Michael Wilson and James S. Kinooly, 61st Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; James F. Corbley and William M. Neumuller, 53d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; James J. Trainor, 53d Precinct to duty in office of the Fourth Deputy Commissioner; Philip J. A. Brennan and George G. Deegan, 57th Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; George Schuppel, 57th Precinct to Division of Transportation, assigned as horseshoer; William H. Stuhldreher, 70th Precinct to Headquarters Division, chauffeur; Daniel Murphy, 74th Precinct to Division of Transportation, to clerical duty in department garage; John McNally and Frederick Carman, 74th Precinct, assigned to duty inspecting vacant houses in uniform; William J. Nimis, 74th Precinct to Inspection District, assigned to clerical duty; Abraham Nelson, 76th Precinct to 15th Inspection District; Nicholas A. Grill, 93d Precinct to duty in office of Property Clerk, The Bronx; Ernest T. Enck, 94th Precinct to clerical duty in office of the Chief Clerk; George Morrison, 109th Precinct to 13th Inspection District, for duty in raided premises; Walter A. Caddell and Conrad F. Seeback, Traffic B to duty in office of the Police Commissioner; James M. Moran, Traffic Precinct C to Division of Transportation, to clerical duty in automobile repair shop; John J. Brennan, Traffic Precinct D to Division of Transportation to duty at Department Training Stable; Charles G. Orr, Headquarters Division, from Raided Premises Squad to Bureau of Equipment.

From precincts indicated to 1st Inspection District, to duty in front of alleged disorderly hotels:

Arthur J. Lavery, 26; Thomas J. Daly, 53; James L. Gleason, 29. From precincts indicated to 1st Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: Frank Hagan, 13; John Fleming, 50; Frederick Ryan, 69; Francis J. Wilson, 40; Charles P. Stone, 73. From commands indicated to 1st Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: John D. Mudrick, 13; Simon Dengler, 13; Joseph W. Buck, 15; Raymond R. Ames, 48; Henry Waldheim, 57; Robert McGuinness, 91; David H. Kleysted, 94; George Kluter, 94; Frederick Metzger, 105; William Carroll, 118; Charles Isaacson, H. D.; Dennis O'Connor, 5; Bruno A. Ludwig, 13; Joseph A. Cody, 31; George T. Mulrooney, 46; Michael J. Frawley, 87; John Hines, 93; Howard D. Sager, 94; Francis McDermott, 105; Samuel H. DeClue, 118; Thomas Moffett, H. D.; Charles Gilmore, H. D. From commands indicated to 2d Inspection District to duty in raided premises: Julian F. Rhodes, 1; George T. Daggett, 23; William J. Stransy, 23; James Horan, 27; Joseph Whitmore, 35; John Higgins, 42; John J. Torpey, 61; Michael Bowen, 31; Rudolph Cook, 105; Wilbur J. Trick, 116; Joseph C. Mannix, H. D.; Alexander Evans, H. D.; Charles Foss, H. D.; David Levy, H. D.; Adolph Voelker, 14; Arthur H. Galvin, 23; Henry Powell, 28; Michael Sheehy, 33; George Wagner, 38; Edward A. Reilly, 97; Dennis Sullivan, 99; John J. Sherman, 103; Edward Hall, 105; Eugene Enaney, 105; William Mayer, H. D.; Edward Smith, H. D.; James Steinbach, H. D.; Thomas McCue, H. D.

From precincts indicated to 3d Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes: Virnack White, 38; John A. Schneider, 101; Arthur Cruise, 40. From precincts indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in front of alleged disorderly hotels: Gustave A. Albrecht, 31; George P. Lang, 43; Lawrence Hurley, 40; Frank Shosmaker, 32; James Hurley, 25; James J. Gerard, 30.

From precincts indicated to 3d inspection district, to duty in raided premises: William F. Coulter, 26; Thomas E. Harding, 56; Martin Connolly, 29. From commands indicated to 3d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: Leo Stertz, 6; Andrew Browne, 15; James J. Mackinson, 20; Charles L. Finch, 31; John P. Morris, 33; Morris M. Levy, 30; Edwin T. Rabbett, 42; Edward Hoffman, 45; William C. McKenna, 45; William Kavanaugh, 47; Thomas Hickett, 50; William J. Wagner, 79; Sigmund Lipscher, 81; Gerald F. O'Connell, 102; Charles Clair, 111; Francis Murtha, 112; Oscar F. Mohr, 113; John G. Davis, H. D.; Bernard Goldman, H. D.; Christopher F. Campbell, H. D.; George Burgoyne, 14; John A. Gilmore, 26; Alvin Wood, 28; Charles Becker, 28; Charles J. Collins, 30; Joseph A. Healy, 40; William H. Lutz, 43; George W. Hoffman, 45; Kain Hershovits, 48; Samuel Rosenfeld, 47; Gustave Duerbeck, 49; Charles Herzog, 52; Joseph Kane, 53; Rodger Larkin, 109; John J. Keyes, 112; Frederick E. Burns, 113; John Mullaly, 113; Michael Regan, H. D.; Timothy J. Crimmins, H. D.; Daniel Shea, 47; Charles Lang, 47. From commands indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: Anthony Capone, 31; Frank Berger, 31; Frederick W. Wotrich, 40; John A. Longiran, 89; William Dan, Wittenberg, 96; Joseph McLaughlin, Traffic A; James J. McKenna, H. D.; Henry Eberhardt, H. D.; Michael Ryan, 32; Charles Backers, 32; Daniel Shea, 47; Charles Lang, 47; Leo T. Sexton, 104; Floyd Porter, Traffic A; Thomas H. McKay, H. D.; Benjamin Klein, H. D.

From precincts indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in automobile repair shop, for 18 days, from 8 A. M., July 14, James Duffy, 57; Arthur Brosen, 45; Charles Walker, 85; John O'Connor, 108. For 16 days, from 8 A. M., July 16, John F. Pool, 12th Precinct to 2d Inspection District, to duty in plain clothes; Edward Kuper, 16th Precinct to Motorcycle Squad No. 1, to house duty; Charles H. Stoffers, 28th Precinct to Police School; Axel Swanson, Joseph F. Shaw and George Oettinger, 31st Precinct, assigned to duty inspecting vacant houses in uniform; John J. Flynn and Henry Wagner, 33d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; Frank L. Hogan, 37th Precinct to Boiler Squad, assigned to clerical duty; Emil J. Ekain, 38th Precinct to Division of Transportation, to duty in precinct numeral shop; Sylvester S. O'Connor and Cornelius H. Mahon, 42d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; Michael Wilson and James S. Kinooly, 61st Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; James F. Corbley and William M. Neumuller, 53d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; James J. Trainor, 53d Precinct to duty in office of the Fourth Deputy Commissioner; Philip J. A. Brennan and George G. Deegan, 57th Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; George Schuppel, 57th Precinct to Division of Transportation, assigned as horseshoer; William H. Stuhldreher, 70th Precinct to Headquarters Division, chauffeur; Daniel Murphy, 74th Precinct to Division of Transportation, to clerical duty in department garage; John McNally and Frederick Carman, 74th Precinct, assigned to duty inspecting vacant houses in uniform; William J. Nimis, 74th Precinct to Inspection District, assigned to clerical duty; Abraham Nelson, 76th Precinct to 15th Inspection District; Nicholas A. Grill, 93d Precinct to duty in office of Property Clerk, The Bronx; Ernest T. Enck, 94th Precinct to clerical duty in office of the Chief Clerk; George Morrison, 109th Precinct to 13th Inspection District, for duty in raided premises; Walter A. Caddell and Conrad F. Seeback, Traffic B to duty in office of the Police Commissioner; James M. Moran, Traffic Precinct C to Division of Transportation, to clerical duty in automobile repair shop; John J. Brennan, Traffic Precinct D to Division of Transportation to duty at Department Training Stable; Charles G. Orr, Headquarters Division, from Raided Premises Squad to Bureau of Equipment.

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From precincts indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: James A. Gallagher, 18; Charles E. Queitzsch, 32; Dennis J. Rodgers, 40; Jeremiah J. Gorman, 97; John Mc Cann, 97; George H. MacGarry, 67; Albert E. Hazlitt, 94; Warren N. Williamson, 115; Thomas Gaine, 26; Eddie Brady, 37; James McNamara, 67; John P. Donnellan, 85; Charles W. Brown, Jr., 87; Thomas Shaughnessy, 93; Anthony Stiefvater, 102. From precincts indicated to 8th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: John D. Kilmartin, 3; Joseph W. Hines, 6; Joseph V

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	1:03	1:19	1:20	1:36	1:00	1:21	5:28	8:05
Low water	7:30	8:10	7:36	8:22	7:00	7:31		

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Belle	La Guaira	July 2
Mirafiores	Ghara	July 6
Baltic	Liverpool	July 7
Oreo	Hamburg	July 3
Panama	Cristobal	July 8
Hubert	Barbados	July 8
Santa Elisa	Valparaiso	June 27
Fort St. George	Bermuda	July 14
Algeria	Port Antonio	July 11

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Calabbe	Genoa	July 11
President Polk	Boston	July 16
United States	Christiania	July 4
Orinoco	Havana	July 14
Ponce	San Juan	July 13
Lacania	Barbados	July 6

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Olympic	Southampton	July 11
Pittsburgh	Bremen	July 6
Guiana	St. Thomas	July 2
Gothenburg	Gothenburg	July 7
Kronland	Hamburg	July 7

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Seydlitz	Bremen	July 7
Patria	Marseilles	July 5
Sizaola	Santa Marta	July 10
Conte Rosso	Naples	July 5
Silvia	St. Johns	July 14
Sannam	Trinidad	July 7
Bolivar	Savarilla	July 8
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	July 17
Astrea	La Guaira	July 11
Iroquois	Monte Christi	July 13

DUE FRIDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Geo. Washington	Bremen	July 11
Aquitania	Southampton	July 14
Lapland	Antwerp	July 11
Reliance	Hamburg	July 10

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Bothnia	Colon	July 7
Crisfield	Calcutta	May 5
Lewis Luckenbach	San Pedro	June 28
Bay	Antilla	July 10
Cornelia	San Juan	July 11
Lake Ellicott	Tampico	July 2
Creole	New Orleans	July 11
El Occidente	Galveston	July 10

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Charles E. Harwood	Tampico	July 2
Treginnell	Cardiff	June 30
Cheshire Castle	Port Natal	June 9
Djambi	Gibraltar	July 1
Mobile City	Cristobal	July 8

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Otterburn	Marseilles	June 19
Magnus	Messina	June 27

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Allegheny	London	June 27
Tanamo	Bluefields	July 7
Ville d'Ollboudi	Lisbon	July 2
H. M. Fagler	San Pedro	June 28

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Clan Matheson	Gibraltar	July 9
Corvus	Los Angeles	June 21
Krosfond	Puerto Cortez	July 7
Margaret Dollar	San Pedro	July 8
Orient	Rosario	June 22
Sunbeath	Algiers	June 30

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Servagaria, S'hampton		6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia must be specially addressed).
Taormina	Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	(Specially addressed.)
Hannover	Bremen	9:30 A.M.	11:00 M.	Germany (specially addressed correspondence only).
Penna	Para	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed).
Francis	Natal	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos and Barbados. (Other parts of Brazil specially addressed.)

SAIL TOMORROW.

Paris, Havre		7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia specially addressed.)
Zeeland	Antwerp	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
President Van Buren	London	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
Estonia, Libau		11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Northern Europe, Germany and Poland.
Port St. George	Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Francis	Natal	5:00 P.M.		Barbados, North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed). This mail for the Francis will go by rail to Norfolk, Va.).
Motapan	Santa Marta	6:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia.
General Artigas	Guayaquil	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien, Pt. de Paix, Gonaives, St. Marc. (Other parts Haiti, Canal Zone, Panama, Ecuador specially addressed.)

SAIL THURSDAY.

Mississippi	Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
Mount Clay	Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany. (Specially addressed.)
Ponce	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ports Rico, Virgin Islands, Macoris and San Domingo City.
Cameronia	Glasgow	No Mails.	12:00 M.	
Nickerie	Paramaribo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti (Curacao, Venezuela and Dutch Guiana specially addressed.)

SAIL FRIDAY.

Hyacinthus	Cape Town	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	South Africa (specially addressed).
Eastern Glen, Cape Town		8:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	South Africa (specially addressed).
Montart, Constantsa		9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turkey, Rumania (specially addressed).
Stavangerfjord, Bergen		9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Asturias, Port Said		11:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Egypt (specially addressed).
Commodore Rollins, Kingston		9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica (Cuba, specially addressed).
Drefton Hall, B. Aires		9 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentine, Uruguay and Paraguay (specially addressed).
Yaque, Barahona		9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Macoris, San Domingo City and Barahona.
H. C. Flood, Progreso		8:00 A.M.	11 A.M.	Yucatan, Campeche.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Brakiere, Sydney	July 17	12:00 M.
Clan MacKenzie, Auckland	July 18	12:00 M.
Eastern City, Brisbane	July 18	12:00 M.
Liberty, Havre	July 19	12:00 M.
Madras City, Liverpool	July 20	12:00 M.
Eastern Glen, Cape Town	July 20	12:00 M.
Travernia, Melbourne	July 20	12:00 M.
Commerce Trader, Seattle	July 21	12:00 M.
Alleghany, London	July 21	12:00 M.
Wallka, Cardiff	July 21	12:00 M.
Sussex, Sydney	July 21	12:00 M.
New Brooklyn, W. Africa	July 21	12:00 M.
McKeesport, Antwerp	July 23	12:00 M.
C. of St. Joseph, Marseilles	July 23	12:00 M.
Yokohama Maru, Kobe	July 25	12:00 M.
City of Sparta, Bombay	July 26	12:00 M.
Fort Adelaide, Sydney	July 28	12:00 M.
West Maximus, Lisau	July 28	12:00 M.
Westport, Copenhagen	July 28	12:00 M.

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Eastern Sword, Cardiff	July 25	12:00 M.
Idaho, Hull	July 25	12:00 M.
City of Lincoln, Kobe	July 26	12:00 M.
Marenga, Shanghai	July 26	12:00 M.
West Cawthorn, Naples	July 26	12:00 M.
Segundo, Cadiz	July 26	12:00 M.
Chepstow Castle, Cape Town	July 30	12:00 M.
West Mahomet, Colombo	July 30	12:00 M.
Collamar, Bordeaux	July 30	12:00 M.
Truro City, Cape Town	July 30	12:00 M.
Carenco, Naples	July 31	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

Olympic (White Star Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, Wednesday forenoon.

Rotsdam (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Friday forenoon.

Kronland (American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, Wednesday forenoon.

Pittsburgh (White Star Line), incoming from Bremen, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 61, North River, Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday forenoon.

Kungsholm (Swedish-American Line), incoming from Gothenburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Wednesday forenoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
City of Cambridge	Madras	July 11
Laertes	Batavia	July 13
Sydagast	Beira	July 13
Maasdam	Rotterdam	July 15
City of Norwich	Port Said	July 16
Bremen	Bremen	July 11
Sutfran	Havre	July 11
Tipperary County	Antwerp	July 11
Trillestick	Melbourne	July 13
Hyson	Penang	July 13
Florida	Cadiz	July 11
Cabo Espartel	Cadiz	July 14
Mauretania	Southampton	July 16

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
President Adams	Cherbourg	July 16
Honorius	Buenos Aires	July 15
Paris City	Hamburg	July 15
Monarch	Palmas	July 12
Costa Verde	Genoa	July 12
America	Genoa	July 11
Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	July 16

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Wray Castle	Hongkong	July 14
Heilig Olav	Copenhagen	July 12
Noordam	Antwerp	July 13
Ethelwolf	Rosario	July 10

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Stations, New York, at 8:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 5 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Hawaii, via Seattle	Lurline	July 19
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	July 19
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Seattle	Achilles	July 20
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Maui	July 20
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Jefferson	July 20
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Australia	July 21
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Pierce Calawali	July 21 July 25
Hawaii via San Pedro, Cal.	Ventura	July 26
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and later mail for New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands and Australia		
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Grant	Aug. 1

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West Bound

LEVIATHAN Aug. 7 Aug. 28 Sept. 18

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To Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg

PRES. ARTHUR ... July 21 Aug. 25
GEO. WASHINGTON Aug. 1 Sept. 1
AMERICA ... Aug. 4 Sept. 11
PRES. ROOSEVELT Aug. 11 Sept. 15
PRES. FILLMORE ... Aug. 14 Sept. 18
PRES. HARDING ... Aug. 21 Sept. 22

Sailings from Piers 3 and 4, Hoboken
To London via Plymouth and Cherbourg

PRES. VAN BUREN July 18 Aug. 22
*PRES. POLK ... July 25 Aug. 29
GEO. WASHINGTON Aug. 1 Sept. 5
PRES. GARFIELD ... Aug. 1 Sept. 5
PRES. ADAMS ... Aug. 8 Sept. 12
PRES. MONROE ... Aug. 15 Sept. 19

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*Southern Cross Aug. 18 Oct. 13
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VOLENDAM (new) ... July 27 Sept. 4 Oct. 2
AMSTERDAM ... Aug. 11 Sept. 15 Oct. 6
ZEELAND ... Aug. 18 Sept. 22 Oct. 20
NOORDAM ... Aug. 25 Sept. 29 Nov. 3

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PARIS ... Aug. 11, Sept. 12, Oct. 4

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Rochambeau ... Aug. 9, Sept. 15, Oct. 18
La Savoie ... Aug. 11 Sept. 5 Oct. 20
Roussillon ... Aug. 30
Chicago ... Sept. 6 Oct. 14 Nov. 17

New York—Vigo (Spain)—Bordeaux

LaTouraine ... Sept. 15 Oct. 20 Dec. 11
Roussillon ... Oct. 9 Nov. 16 Jan. 1

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Colombo ... July 31 Sept. 11
Amerigo ... Aug. 7 Sept. 18
GIULIO CESARE ... Aug. 18 Sept. 25

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Oceanic, Noordam ... July 21 Aug. 25 Oct. 6
Orbita, 10 A. M. ... Aug. 11 Sept. 15 Oct. 20
Orbita, 1 P. M. ... Aug. 15 Sept. 19 Oct. 27

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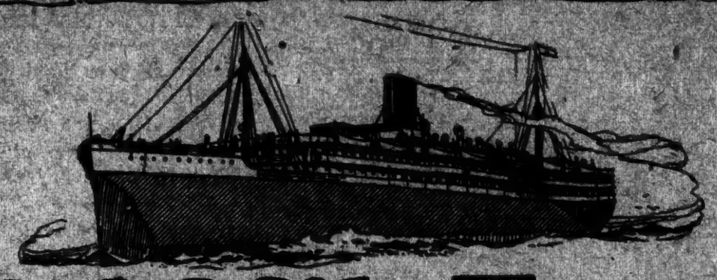

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AQUITANIA ... July 24 Aug. 21 Sept. 11
MAURETANIA ... Aug. 7 Aug. 28 Sept. 18

N. Y. to Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

TYRRHENIA (new) ... Aug. 2 Sept. 13 Oct. 11
LACONIA (new) ... Aug. 23 Sept. 20 Dec. 11

N. Y. to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool.

CARONIA ... July 24 Aug. 28 Sept. 25
FRANCONIA (new) ... Aug. 14 Sept. 11
CARMANIA ... Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Oct. 13

Boston to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool.

SCYTHIA (new) ... July 24 Aug. 23 Sept. 20
SAMARIA (new) ... Aug. 9 Sept. 7 Oct. 4

Boston to Halifax and Glasgow.

CALEDONIA (new) ... Sept. 12

N. Y. to Londonderry and Glasgow.

CAMERONIA (new) July 15 Aug. 16 Sept. 15
COLUMBIA ... Aug. 4 Sept. 5 Oct. 4
ASSYRIA ... Aug. 18 Sept. 22 ...
TUSCANIA (new) ... Sept. 8 Oct. 6 Nov. 10

N. Y. to Plymouth, Cherbourg and London.

SAXONIA ... Aug. 4 Sept. 15 Oct. 20
ALBANIA (new) ... Aug. 18 Sept. 29 ...

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Daily, including Sunday, for †Poughkeepsie, Kingston, Port Ewen, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Parlor cars. Music. Restaurant. Lv. West 129th St., 9:00 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:20 A. M. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

Daily, except Sunday, for †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †West Point and †Newburgh. Steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 6:30 A. M.; 42d St., 8:00 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:10 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:40 A. M.

Daily, including Sunday, for †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †Newburgh and †Poughkeepsie. Also †West Point week-days only. Str. De Witt Clinton leaves W. 42d St., 10:00 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:40 A. M.

Sundays Only—For †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †Newburgh and †Poughkeepsie. Str. Washington Irving leaves Desbrosses St., 9:30 A. M.; 42d St., 9:45 A. M. Str. De Witt Clinton leaves W. 42d St., 10:00 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:40 A. M.

Saturday afternoon—For †Indian Point, †Bear Mountain, †Newburgh and †West Point. Str. Robert Fulton leaves Desbrosses St., 1:30 P. M.; W. 42d St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:10 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:40 P. M.

†Return steamer to New York same day from points marked †. Daylight Saving Time.

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Iron Steamboat Co.

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Schedule for TUESDAY, JULY 17th

Lv. W. 129th St.	Pier 1, N. R.	Coney Island
10:00	10:15	2:30
10:30	10:45	3:00
11:15	11:30	3:45
12:00	12:15	4:30
12:45	1:00	5:15
1:15	1:30	5:45
2:00	2:15	6:30
2:45	3:00	7:15

Trips marked † do not stop at Pier 1, N. R.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. W. 129th St.	Pier 1, N. R.	Rockaway
9:00 A.M.	9:15 A.M.	2:10 P.M.
1:15 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	6:45 P.M.

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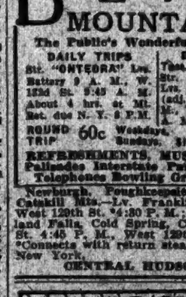

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Delightful For Western VACATION TRIPS

California via Colorado and the Rockies, optional trip to Hawaiian Islands. 8 to 9 weeks. Make your own itinerary. All details arranged by American Express Travel Dept.

Write for "Summer Vacation Suggestions"

New York: 65 Broadway, 51st Broadway; 200 Fifth Ave. 110 W. 32nd St.; Chicago: Adams & Dearborn Sts.; Boston, 74 Franklin St.; Newark, N. J., 875 Broad Street.

Clark's 44th Cruise, Jan. 15, $1,600 and up

ROUND THE WORLD

121 days, including hotels, driven guides, fees, etc., by specially chartered Cunard one class steamer

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A floating palace for the trip. Numerous Coast Trips to Panama, 18 days and up. Cuba, Mexico, Panama, Nassau, 16 days and up. Egypt and Palestine, 75 days, $600 up. Spain, 15 days, Italy, Greece, Switzerland, Holland, 15 days. Japan, China, Manila, Java, Singapore, Burma, India, Egypt, Cairo, Jerusalem, Athens, Naples, Rhine Trips, Chartres, New York.

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$600 up. Feb. 2, by specially chartered White Star S.S. BALTIC, 23,884 tons. 64 days, 12 Ports of Egypt and Palestine. Nile, Italy, Greece, etc.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

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Nova Scotia via BOSTON or HALIFAX

California via Panama SPECIAL RATES

Bermuda 5 DAYS, $60 UP. ASK ABOUT NAT

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. *Rate 15 cents per word.*

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, business experience, desires to purchase active interest in going concern; references; give full particulars. Z 2027 Times Annex.

COLLEGE graduate, accountant, will invest $500 and services legitimate business. C 830 Times Downtown.

WILL invest $5,000 and services in legitimate enterprise; details first letter. J 396 Times Downtown.

HAVE $5,000 to $6,000 to invest and would like to purchase active interest in manufacturing or jobbing business. K 885 Times.

$2,000 TO invest with services. A 29 Times.

YOUNG MAN with business ability has $500 and services to invest. A 436 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

AFTER thirty years' oil field experience have invented and thoroughly tested reamer that will clean out and increase oil flow in practically abandoned wells; desire start marketing, need $20,000. Profits are large. Won't you consult with us concerning same? Investment protected by real estate mortgage. McCloskey, 18 West 54th.

EXECUTIVE with $200,000 to share management large established retail business; unusual field for further growth; paid-in capital over $1,000,000; exceptional terms to right man. A 468 Times.

CLEANING and dyeing chain of 8 stores, located in New York City; stores established from 10 to 20 years; seller retiring; an exceptional opportunity offered. L Wohl, 943 6th Av., Long Island City.

JOBBER in South, annual business $200,000, desires $10,000 loan; ample security; principals only need answer. Y 2218 Times Annex.

SUCCESSFUL manufacturing plant in West Virginia needs capital for expansion; either through broker or individual. E 10 Times.

PATENT ATTORNEY, good opening; graduate in law or both law and science; man with money or experience preferred. P 618 Times Downtown.

ACTIVE man with $5,000 in established, profitable manufacturing business. A 497 Times.

DESIGNER, hats, dresses; ten years 5th Av. experience; business established 1919; partner with capital. Longacre 1285.

MAN wanted as manager, established service company; state qualifications; investment. E 494 Times.

PARTNER with $15,000 wanted to a 30-year established business; stands investigation. S 632 Times Downtown.

HAVE legitimate business opportunity for man with $1,500. J 636 Times Downtown.

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AUTOMOBILE loans made quickly and confidentially, lowest rates; representative calls. Longacre 6138.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2365.

UNLISTED securities accepted as collateral on loans. E 2009 Times Annex.

WILL advance money to established corporations. V 917 Times Downtown.

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STATE and county distributors for THE STANDARD SELF SEAL inner tube; puncture proof, leak proof, pinch proof; will increase your mileage on your shoes 50 per cent.; only tube on the market of its kind; if you are looking for something that is in big demand and big profits and you have from $1,000 up to invest, write or wire H. H. Allyn Rubber Corp., 1,674 Broadway, at 53d St., New York City.

I HAVE been a salesman 25 years and never saw faster money-maker, unusually large commissions; you can get overwriting on sales force; investment is patented merchandise; exclusive territorial rights from $125 to $5,000; big quick returns; get the facts. 1006 Knickerbocker Building.

SALES MANAGER, hosiery mills, sell direct to consumers, several good States available; small capital needed to open office; position good from $6,000 upward. For appointment, Lexington 5511.

BUSINESS MAN with downtown office city available for representation New York or Eastern territory; first class banking, business references. E 734 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, real business producer, open for meritorious proposition, New York or Boston. A 19 Times.

YOUNG real estate man desires connection with established agency; could invest few thousand. K 560 Times.

MAIL-Order News, 505 5th Av.; explains mail order business; 5c copy.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires to represent reliable firm in city. D 913 Times.

PRESSMACHER will share establishment with business party. Fritz, 62 West 56th.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Dry cleaning and dyeing works; a complete factory, garage and fleet of delivery cars; established 20 years; located one of the largest in the industry, equipped with most modern appliances, located in Long Island City; seller wishes to retire; wonderful opportunity is offered. L Wohl, 943 5th Av., Long Island City.

MANUFACTURER of smashing tools relining from business desires to sell patents, goodwill, patterns, jigs and fixtures, and all stock, raw, finished and in process; this is an opportunity for a manufacturer to continue a business that was started in 1915; for full particulars address Box A, Mount Vernon, Conn.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—Nearly city. Excellent reputation. Well established and attractive facilities for expansion into educational and other personnel fields. An excellent purchase for two personnel men. Reason for selling and at a sacrifice. T 2021 Times Annex.

GARAGE, Bronx, 20,000 feet; long lease; 6th, feet green rent; same owners four years; excellent profits; investors invited; cash $15,000. Dr Bistro, 250 West 57th.

GARAGE, Bronx, with popular small car agency; store business 1922, $150,000; lease with fine garage security only and sell stock at inventory. Francis J. Phillips, 37 West 42d.

GARAGE, 16,000 feet, filled, average $30 rent 25 cents per floor long term; many years to securely only. Salmon Real Estate, 149 West 46th.

FOR SALE.

FURNISHED HOUSE, 11 fine rooms, steam heat, electricity; rent $300; straight lease; full price $1,000; terms. Call 1 to 4, 304 West 70th St.

MILLINERY SHOP in heart of theatrical and hotel district; owner leaving country, will consider any reasonable offer. 114 West 47th.

RESTAURANTS and cafeterias, best business opportunities; good paying propositions; act quickly; reasonable terms. Bernecff, 50 East 42d St.

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FOR SALE—Millinery store; near Gimbels; wonderful opportunity. Barney's Millinery, 149 West 23d St.

UPHOLSTERY, art, lamp shop; best location Bronx; upholsterer will appreciate; sell reasonable. D 494 Times.

WELL-KNOWN seashore beauty parlor, always busy; sell reasonable. S. R., L. I. Times.

YARN and gift shop, downtown business section, $250. 161 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

GARAGE, west side; fifth to doors; steady income; owner retiring; $3,000; no agents. Phone Audubon 1670.

GARAGE, vicinity Grand Central, capacity 120; average $31; large transient business. Francis J. Phillips, 37 West 42d.

10,000 3-OUNCE cans White, nationally advertised metal polish, for sale at big reduction in cost. F. R., 129 Times.

PRINTING for sale. A. S. Kelly Press. Call between 3 and 7 P. M. 256 West 54th.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

ATTENTION, Business Man! We have clients with cash ready to go into established business or half partnership; quick action assured. Bernecff, 50 East 42d St.

BUYERS and sellers' headquarters for established and paying business propositions. W. Bloomman Sales Co., 500 5th Av.

DISMISSES RAIL SUIT.

Delaware & Hudson Valuation Sustained by Court.

A statutory court, consisting of Federal Judges Hough, Knox and Goddard, in an opinion filed yesterday, dismissed the equity suit instituted by the Delaware & Hudson Company and eight other railroad corporations to set aside the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission on March 28 last fixing tentative valuations of the property of the plaintiffs. The action of the court sustains the contention of the Government that the proceeding was premature.

It was also contended by the Government that the court had no jurisdiction over the matter and that it could not properly grant the relief sought.

In addition to the Delaware & Hudson Company the plaintiffs were the Rensselaer & Saratoga, Albany & Vermont, Albany & Susquehanna, Rutland & Whitehall, Northern Coal & Iron, Ticonderoga, Chateaugay & Lake Placid, and Saratoga & Schenectady lines.

42D STREET SPUR TO GO.

Condemnation Writ Uncontested by Third Avenue Elevated Line.

Application made by Corporation Counsel Nicholson in behalf of the city to appoint a Condemnation Commission in proceedings for removal of the elevated railroad spur in East Forty-second Street, running from Third Avenue to the Grand Central Station, was granted yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Bijur.

No opposition to the condemnation was made by the Third Avenue Railroad, but it asked that in the order to be signed in the case permission shall be given to it to enlarge the stairways to accommodate the 12,000 persons who use the Forty-second Street elevated station at Third Avenue daily.

RELIEF TOILERS FED 11,000,000 DAILY

Worker Here on Baltic Says Administration Sent 1,000,000 Tons of Food to Russia.

REPORTS DROP IN TYPHUS

Says This Year's Crops Should Be Sufficient to Care for Country's Needs.

J. H. Lange, who has been engaged for the last five years in handling the cargoes of food supplies sent overseas by the American Relief Administration, arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Baltic from Liverpool.

"My experience has been chiefly in port operations," said Mr. Lange. "For two years and nine months I was at Dansig. Later I went to the port of Novorossisck in Russia, when the heavy shipments were coming in from the south to be sent up the Volga River. Nearly a year ago, after twenty-three ships with some 120,000 tons of foodstuffs and seed grain had been unloaded there, I was transferred to Odessa and continued there until the last boat was unloaded and our warehouses cleared on May 15 of this year, after 114,000 tons of food had been received. All told, the American Relief Administration has shipped into Russia nearly 1,000,000 tons of food and seed grain. Getting it across in a hurry was only a small part of the job. It had to be kept moving in a steady stream from the ports to the districts, from the district warehouses to the villages, to the kitchens, to the ultimate recipients, and at one time there were close to 11,000,000 being fed daily.

"It was a matter of life and death that the food trains should be kept moving, that the kitchens should be kept supplied, and it required a vast amount of organization and tremendous individual effort on the part of the few Americans entrusted with the responsibility. At the height of the operation some 200 Americans were directing 126,000 Russians and keeping a check upon a $62,000,000 undertaking. Yes, and I haven't even mentioned the medical work, the fight against typhus and cholera that our doctors were carrying on at the same time, so successfully that the incidence of typhus is 83 per cent. less than it was a year ago and that the epidemic of cholera which was running high last Summer has been reduced to a negligible number of sporadic cases."

The food prospects of Russia, Mr. Lange said, were very bright, with larger areas planted than last year and the crops in good condition. Barring the unexpected, he said, the crops would be sufficient to feed all Russia and leave an exportable surplus. In short, the famine was definitely ended.

Another passenger on the Baltic was Major Gen. Henry T. Allen, U. S. A., retired, who commanded the American Army of Occupation on the Rhine and retired on April 6 and went to Europe in June to visit friends.

The Rev. John A. Hutton, pastor of Westminster Church, London, arrived on the Baltic to deliver a series of sermons in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The Baltic brought fifty British subjects as passengers in the first cabin of whom forty-eight were permitted to land as visitors under the exemption clause, and two, Arthur P. Lund, a cotton broker, going to live for a time in Boston, and Dennis Walsh, an Irishman, were detained on board and will go to Ellis Island for examination with the 235 Britons in the second cabin who have been held because of the quota regulations.

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ENGLISH FOULARD BOWS	.85	ANGORA SPORTS VEST	6.95
ITALIAN GRENADINE TIES	1.65	ANGORA SWEATER	11.15
FRENCH CUT TIES	.95	SILK PAJAMAS	9.65
IRISH LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS	1.08	FRENCH BATH ROBES	7.35
ENGLISH WOOL HOSE	.95	STRAW HATS	1.95
SCOTCH WOOL HOSE	2.65	CHAMOIS GLOVES	1.75
ENGLISH MADE CAPS	2.15	FLASKS	2.35

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The Best Of All Vacations
Seven Days Afloat On a Wonderful Boat
Detroit to Duluth and Return
Including meals, berth and side trips.. $74.75

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Break the long land journey West by a cool, luxurious voyage on the Great Lakes, from Detroit to Sarnia, Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur, Duluth.

What a fascination the Great Lakes hold for every traveler! What history and romance are associated with these vast inland waters! How glorious are the regions of Superior—this is Hiawatha's country—the land of the Algonquin, which Longfellow has made so familiar to us all.

And while you enjoy the shipboard good times, the dancing, concerts, promenades, your ship is sailing swiftly towards your port. Little time is lost on these fast steamers over all-rail travel. Quick and easy connections at terminals.

Three sailings weekly, "Hamonic" Mondays, "Huronic" Wednesdays, and "Noronic" Fridays, leaving Brush St. Dock, Detroit, at 10:30 P. M. E. T. for Sarnia, Soo, Port Arthur, Duluth. For tickets, reservations and full information apply J. J. Daly, Gen. Agent, 110 West 42nd St., New York, American Express Co., 65 Broadway, 17 W. 23rd St., 118 W. 39th St. Raymond & Whitcomb Company, 225 5th Ave. Thos. Cook & Son, 30 South 15th St., Or any ticket or tourist agent.

NORTHERN NAVIGATION COMPANY, Brush St. Dock, Detroit

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Tower Bros., 23 West 23rd Street.
Styles & Cash, 135 W. 14th St.; 47 W. 42th St.
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Edward Weck, 142 Fulton Street.
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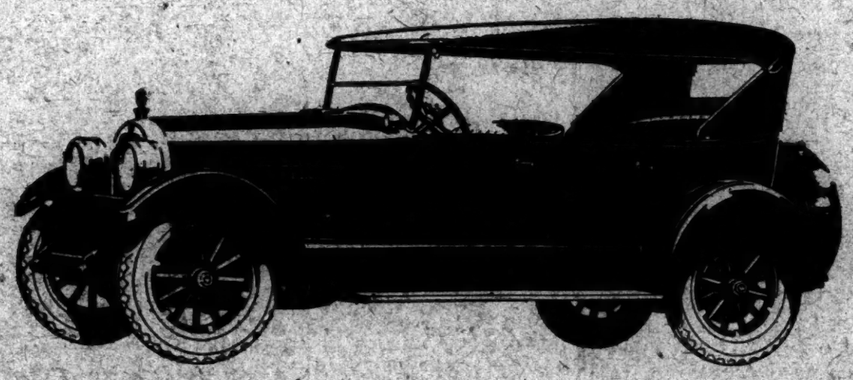

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That sweeping challenge was made with perfect sincerity and complete confidence.

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We have a suggestion to make. When you come bring your present car and let us appraise it. Whether or not you are intending to dispose of it, an appraisal by our experts will be illuminating and will give you an opportunity, perhaps, to make interesting comparisons.

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